

May 25, 2023

Currituck County
Development Services Department, Planning & Zoning
153 Courthouse Road, Suite 110
Currituck, NC 27929

Reference: Corolla Boat Club Phase 1 - Construction Drawing Approval - TRC Response

Dear Staff,

On behalf of Outer Banks Ventures, Inc., Bissell Professional Group is submitting the following response to address TRC comments received regarding an Application for Construction Drawing Approval for the proposed Corolla Boat Club Phase 1 subdivision located in Corolla. Responses below are provided in the order in which comments were received and references are made to the enclosed revised plans.

Planning

- 1. Updated PUD Overview and Summary of Uses is enclosed.
- 2. Updated Preliminary Plat is enclosed.
- 3. The Application Form and Cover Sheet of the plans have been updated with the (3) PIN numbers.
- 4. Noted.
- 5. Plan Sheet 2 has been updated to show property lines of the (3) existing parcels.
- 6. BFE labels have been revised to follow the FEMA boundary lines on Sheet 2. BFE lines and labels have also been added to Overview Sheet 3.
- 7. A turnaround is provided via the CBU parking area.
- 8. The connectivity index has been added as Note 5 under County Development Notes on the Cover Sheet.
- 9. The Open Space Easement across Lot 6 has been added and labeled on Sheet 3.
- 10. The fee-in-lieu condition has been added as Note 3 under County Development Notes on the Cover Sheet.
- 11. Noted
- 12. The townhome buildings and driveways have been removed from the plans. The utilities serving the future Townhomes remain, however, as it is necessary to install them with the initial roadway and utility improvements.
- 13. An Open Space Summary has been added as Note 2 under County Development Notes on the Cover Sheet.
- 14. A label referencing the County's Stormwater Easement has been added to Sheet 2.
- 15. The CBU box is typically chosen by the owner. As there are many to select from, details on the box itself are not provided. See Sheet 8 for details regarding parking and access to the CBU.
- 16. Lighting details are provided on Sheet 7
- 17. Details of the sign are still being worked out and an application for a sign permit will be submitted once complete.
- 18. Min. BPE & FFE have been added to Sheet 4.
- 19. Note 4 under County Development Notes on the Cover Sheet has been added indicating that these items will be identified on the final plat.

- 20. Labels specifying the use of TREE WELLS, as necessary, have been added to Sheet 7.
- 21. Stormwater Structure and Pipe data tables have been added to the Drainage Sheet 4. To avoid clutter, we ask not to duplicate these tables on Sheets 5, 6 & 8.
- 22. Spot elevations have been added throughout the grading and drainage plan on Sheet 4.
- 23. Townhomes are not final design and been removed from the plans. Drainage modifications will be addressed in the future, as necessary.
- 24. The pond edge in the vicinity of the existing outlet has been corrected. The proposed outlet control structure has been relocated to align with the pond edge and outlet. The existing 24" outlet pipe will be removed. The new structure will act as a single stage outlet weir with an armored connection to the existing outlet. An EPA SWMM Model of proposed conditions was prepared to serve as a design tool for the drainage system and to evaluate the function of the pond while accounting for off-site inflows. This model takes into account the Corolla Boat Club project at full build-out. An EPA SWMM Model report, presenting this work, has been added to this re-submission. Peak Flows and Velocities from this model were utilized to size / design conveyance elements and energy dissipators as needed.
- 25. The berm is intended to act as a wide weir during a 100 yr event.
- 26. Elevations on the weir detail have been corrected.
- 27. The existing 48" pipe has been added to the profile and proposed waterline revised to provide proper separation.
- 28. A surface skimmer is not being utilized. The Erosion Control note on Sheet 9 has been revised accordingly.
- 29. The existing pond will be excavated deeper to obtain necessary fill material for the project. Notes related to the existing bottom being maintained were an error and have been removed.
- 30. This is an existing shed that may remain until future development. Its approximate location has been added to the plans.
- 31. The approximate location of the pile of crushed concrete has been added to the plan. The owner plans to utilized this material for rip-rap stabilization as needed around the project site. A related note has been added to Sheet 5.
- 32. The owner shall install and maintain silt fence as shown and detailed on the plans approved by NCDEQ.
- 33. The owner shall stay within the limits of disturbance shown on the plans approved by NCDEQ. Disturbances outside of these limits share be restored to pre-construction conditions.

Currituck Soil and Water Engineering

1. Stormwater Structure and Pipe Tables have been added to Sheet 4

Southern Outer Banks Water

1. The watermain along Malia was intended to be C900 and the label revised accordingly.

Currituck County GIS

1. PIN numbers on the application form and Cover Sheet of the plans have been corrected.

McAdams Stormwater Review

- 1. Enclosed is an executed form SW-002.
- Shortly after passage of the County's current stormwater rules, the County Engineer agreed that
 the Currituck Sound represents an Adequate Outfall and therefore projects that front on and
 flow to Currituck Sound without flow crossing adjoining properties are considered to be
 Alternatively Compliant. No peak flow reduction is required.

- a. Project flows directly to an adequate outfall (Currituck Sound) and therefore meets the requirements for alternate compliance.
- Project flows directly to an adequate outfall (Currituck Sound) and therefore meets the requirements for alternate compliance.
- c. An EPA SWMM Model of proposed conditions was prepared to serve as a design tool for the drainage system and to evaluate the function of the pond while accounting for offsite inflows. This model takes into account the Corolla Boat Club project at full buildout. An EPA SWMM Model report, presenting this work, has been added to this resubmission.
- d. An EPA SWMM Model of proposed conditions was prepared to serve as a design tool for the drainage system and to evaluate the function of the pond while accounting for offsite inflows. This model takes into account the Corolla Boat Club project at full buildout. An EPA SWMM Model report, presenting this work, has been added to this resubmission. Peak Flows and Velocities from this model were analyzed to size / design energy dissipators as needed. These calculations are provided in Appendix I to the report. A rip-rap level spreader is specified around the outlet of the control structure.
- e. An EPA SWMM Model of proposed conditions was prepared to serve as a design tool for the drainage system and to evaluate the function of the pond while accounting for off-site inflows. This model takes into account the Corolla Boat Club project at full build-out. An EPA SWMM Model report, presenting this work, has been added to this resubmission. Peak Flows and Velocities from this model were analyzed to size / design energy dissipators as needed. These calculations are provided in Appendix I to the report. Dissipators are not needed at inlets to the pond.
- 3. Noted for future building construction.
- 4. Legends are provided on the cover sheet. BFE labels have been revised to follow the boundary of the FEMA Lines as shown on Sheets 2 & 3.
- 5. The pond is manmade and therefore exempt from riparian buffer. The buffer is not related to stormwater so it was not included in narrative.
- 6. Legends are provided on the cover sheet and include acronyms.
- 7. Development phase lines differ from construction phase lines and are, therefore, left off so as not to cause confusion.
- 8. All slopes are 3:1 or flatter. The slope along south side of Lot 1 is 3:1
- 9. RFPE elevations are used for building construction and are not typically provide on infrastructure construction drawings. FEMA base flood boundaries and elevations are shown on Sheets 2 and 3. To avoid clutter, we ask not to provide this information on all sheets. For reference, BFE across the Lots are generally AE (3) and Shaded X. Adding 2' of freeboard, the RFPE across the lots is 5' msl. The Minimum Building Pad Elevations (BPE) specified on Sheet 4 are set at 6.75' and well above the RFPE.
- 10. This an existing retaining wall on an adjoining property.
- 11. Peak Flows and Velocities from the EPA SWMM model were analyzed to size / design energy dissipators as needed. These calculations are provided in Appendix I to the report. Dissipators are not needed at inlets to the pond and a rip-rap level spreader is specified around the outlet of the control structure
- 12. The existing outlet pipe is to be removed.

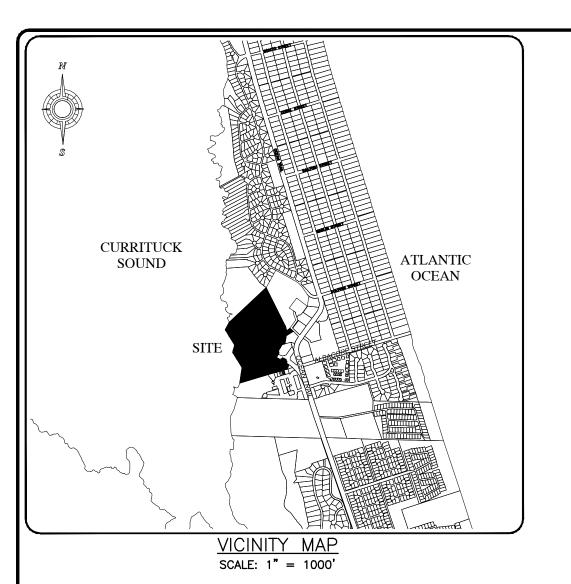
- 13. Given the large size of the existing pond, NCDEQ approved its use as a temporary sediment basin without baffles.
- 14. Townhomes are not final design and have been removed from plans. Drainage modifications will be addressed in the future, as necessary.
- 15. Townhomes are not final design and have been removed from plans. Conflict with the existing groundwater discharge pipe will be addressed in the future, if necessary.
- 16. The berm is intended to act as a wide weir during a 100 yr event.
- 17. Given that the berm is approximately 12 inches tall, geotechnical specifications seem unnecessary.
- 18. See #11 above regarding energy dissipators. Elevations on the outlet structure detail have been corrected.

We believe these responses and related plan revisions address all the comments. Enclosed are (2) full size copies of the revised plans, (1) 8.5 x 11 reduction of the revised plans, other referenced documents and (1) .pdf digital copy of all enclosed documents. We thank you for the consideration and look forward to finalizing the construction drawing approval for this project. If you have any questions or need any additional information please do not hesitate to call.

Sincerely yours,

Bissell Professional Group

David M. Klebitz, P.E



GENERAL NOTES: 1. PROJECT NAME: COROLLA BOAT CLUB - PHASE 1, MONTERAY SHORES PHASE 10

- 2. APPLICANT/DEVELOPER: OUTER BANKS VENTURES, INC. P.O. BOX 549 COROLLA, NC 27927
- DESCRIPTION: LOTS 1, 2 & 3 OUTER BANKS VENTURES EXEMPT DIVISION ADDRESS: MALIA DRIVE, COROLLA, NC PIN: 0116-000-010A-0000, 0116-000-010B-0000, 0116-000-010C-0000 RECORD DOCUMENT(S): DB:1161, PG:734; PC:R, SL:372 PROPERTY ZONING: SFO-PUD
- THE PROPERTY CONTAINS ZONES X, SHADED X, AE (3), AE (4), AE (5) AND AE (6) PER F.E.M.A. F.I.R.M. MAP NUMBER 3721803200 K, EFFECTIVE DATE DECEMBER 21, 2018. USE OF LAND WITHIN A FLOODWAY OR FLOOD PLAIN IS SUBSTANTIALLY RESTRICTED BY CHAPTER 7 OF THE CURRITUCK COUNTY UNIFIED DEVELOPMENT
- THIS PROPERTY CONTAINS ACOE "404' JURISDICTIONAL WETLANDS AS SHOWN AND CONFIRMED BY USACOE AND MAY REQUIRE U.S. CORP OF ENGINEERS APPROVAL PRIOR
- SECTION 7.6.5 OF THE CURRITUCK U.D.O. SUBSTANTIALLY RESTRICTS DEVELOPMENT WITHIN A 30' RIPARIAN BUFFER TO CERTAIN WETLANDS.
- EXISTING CONDITION INFORMATION BASED ON A COMBINATION OF THE FOLLOWING: 2022 AERIAL IMAGERY OBTAINED FROM NCONEMAP.COM FIELD TOPOGRAPHIC SURVEY DATA BY BISSELL PROFESSIONAL GROUP.
 - ELEVATIONS ARE REFERENCED TO NAVD 1988 VERTICAL DATUM. • WATER DEPTHS PER PLAN TITLED "WATER DEPTH SURVEY/CAMA FEASE" BY QUIBLE AND ASSOCIATES
- 8. ALL UTILITIES ARE TO BE UNDERGROUND.
- A 10' FASEMENT FOR LITHLITES AND DRAINAGE ALONG REAR AND SIDE PROPERTY LINES AND A 25' EASEMENT ALONG FRONT PROPERTY LINES SHALL BE ESTABLISHED FOR DRAINAGE, UTILITIES, PEDESTRIAN WALKS & STREET TREES. A NON-EXCLUSIVE DRAINAGE EASEMENT IS HEREBY DEDICATED ACROSS ALL OPEN SPACE AREAS FOR PURPOSES OF OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE OF STORMWATER MANAGEMENT SYSTEM.

DEVELOPMENT NOTES:

- THE FOLLOWING NOTES ARE PROVIDED FOR NCDEQ PERMITTING. 1. PHASE 1 PROPERTY AREA: 6.22 AC. PHASE 1 COASTAL WETLAND AREA: PHASE 1 SURFACE WATER & LAKE: TOTAL PHASE 1 PROJECT AREA: 10.42AC.
- 2. DEVELOPMENT SUMMARY TOTAL LOT AREA: R/W AREA: OPEN SPACE & FUTURE DEVELOPMENT AREA: 6.86 AC.

TOTAL AREA: 10.42 AC. # OF SINGLE FAMILY LOTS:

OF COMMERCIAL LOTS: PROPOSED RIGHT-OF-WAY WIDTH:

2.98 AC.

0.58 AC.

TOTAL COVERAGE: 108,893 SF (24.00%)

PROPOSED PAVED ROADWAY WIDTH: 25 FT. (W/ C&G), LINEAR FEET OF ROADWAY: 850 L.F.± 3. IMPERVIOUS COVERAGE DATA (BUA):

LOT COVERAGE: 54,502 SF 25,080 SF ROADWAY: PARKING: 3,311 SF 14,600 SF SIDEWALKS: ALLOWANCE FOR MISC. AMENITIES: 3,000 SF FUTURE ROADWAY COVERAGE: <u>8,400 SF</u>

4. TOTAL PROPOSED DISTURBED AREA: 12 ACRES

DEVELOPMENT NOTES CONT'D:

THE FOLLOWING NOTES ARE PROVIDED FOR CURRITUCK COUNTY ZONING AND ARE SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITH FINAL PLATTING OF THE SUBDIVISION. 1. SUMMARY OF "PART A" (AS DESIGNATED ON APPROVED PRELIMINARY PLAT) TOTAL LOT AREA: 2.98 AC.

TOTAL R/W AREA: 0.70 AC. OPEN SPACE AREA: 5.66 AC. FUTURE DEV. EASEMENT: 0.67 AC. TOTAL: 10.01 AC.

2. OPEN SPACE SUMMARY OPEN SPACE REQUIRED: 3.50 AC. OPEN SPACE EASEMENT LOT 6: 0.38 AC. OTHER OPEN SPACE: TOTAL PROVIDED: 6.04 AC.

- 3. RECREATION / PARKLAND FEE IN LIEU OF TO BE CALCULATED AND PAID PRIOR TO FINAL PLAT RECORDATION
- 4. PUBLIC AND PRIVATE USE AREAS WILL BE IDENTIFIED ON THE FINAL PLATS
- 5. CONNECTIVITY INDEX: 2 LINKS/1 NODE = 2

CONSTRUCTION DRAWINGS FOR

COROLLA BOAT CLUB - PHASE 1

A 6 LOT SUBDIVISION DEVELOPMENT MONTERAY SHORES PHASE 10 POPLAR BRANCH TOWNSHIP CURRITUCK COUNTY

NORTH CAROLINA

SIR SET IRON ROD EIR O EXISTING IRON ROD

N.T.S. NOT TO SCALE

P.C. PLAT CABINET

ACRES

Know what's **below**

Call before you dig.

D.B. DEED BOOK

SL SLIDE

EIP O EXISTING IRON PIPE

CP O CALCULATED POINT

SQUARE FEET

Sheet List Table		
Sheet Number	Sheet Title	
1	COVER SHEET, DEVELOPMENT NOTES & SITE LOCATION	
2	EXISTING CONDITIONS & SITE FEATURES MAP	
3	DEVELOPMENT OVERVIEW PLAN	
4	GRADING, DRAINAGE & STORMWATER MANAGEMENT	
5	EROSION & SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN AND SEQUENCE	
6	WATER MAIN EXTENSION AND WASTEWATER COLLECTION PLAN	
7	LANDSCAPING, LIGHTING & SIGNAGE PLAN	
8	VIRGINIA LANE PLAN & PROFILE (0+00 - 8+31)	
9	ROADWAY, DRAINAGE & MISC. CONSTRUCTION DETAILS	
10	ROADWAY, SIDEWALK & MISC. CONSTRUCTION DETAILS	
11	EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL NOTES & DETAILS	
12	NCG01 — GROUND STABILIZATION & MATERIALS HANDLING	
13	NCG01 — SELF INSPECTION, RECORDKEEPING & REPORTING	
14	WASTEWATER LIFT STATION CONSTRUCTION DETAILS	
15	WASTEWATER COLLECTION TYP. CONSTRUCTION DETAILS	
16	WASTEWATER COLLECTION TYP. CONSTRUCTION DETAILS	

THE FOLLOWING PERMITS ARE REQUIRED PRIOR TO PROJECT CONSTRUCTION:

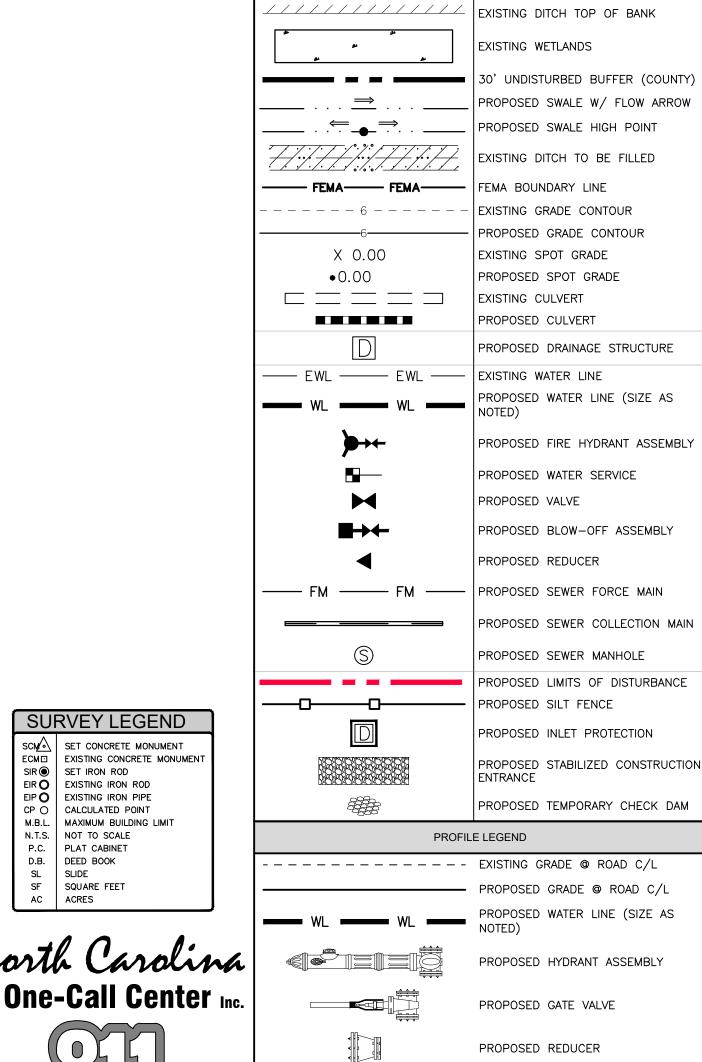
PERMIT	AGENCY	REFERENCE NUMBER	DATE OF ISSUANCE
SEDIMENTATION AND EROSION CONTROL PERMIT	N.C.D.E.Q. — DIVISION OF LAND RESOURCES	CURRI-2023-021	3/3/2023
STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PERMIT	N.C.D.E.Q — DIVISION OF LAND RESOURCES	SW7230209	4/10/2023
WATERLINE EXTENSION AUTHORIZATION TO CONSTRUCT	N.C.D.E.Q — PUBLIC WATER SUPPLY	23-00273	5/1/2023
WASTEWATER COLLECTION SYSTEM PERMIT	N.C.D.E.Q — DIVISION OF WATER RESOURCES	WQ0044361	5/4/2023
NATIONWIDE PERMIT 18 (WETLAND MINOR FILL)	U.S.A.C.O.E.	2017-01236	5/19/2022
CURRITUCK COUNTY PRELIMINARY PLAT & USE PERMIT	CURRITUCK COUNTY BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS	PB 87-56	1/17/2023
CURRITUCK COUNTY CONSTRUCTION AUTHORIZATION	CURRITUCK COUNTY PLANNING STAFF		

STORMWATER CERTIFICATE

OWNER/AGENT HEREBY CERTIFY THE INFORMATION INCLUDED ON THIS AND ATTACHED PAGES IS TRUE AND CORRECT TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE.

ON THE PLAN ENTITLED, <u>COROLLA BOAT CLUB - PHASE 1 - CONSTRUCTION DRAWINGS - GRADING</u>, <u>DRAINAGE AND STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PLAN</u>, STORMWATER DRAINAGE IMPROVEMENTS SHALL BE INSTALLED ACCORDING TO THESE PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS AND APPROVED BY CURRITUCK COUNTY. YEARLY INSPECTIONS ARE REQUIRED AS PART OF THE STORMWATER PLAN. THE OWNER IS RESPONSIBLE FOR ALL MAINTENANCE REQUIRED. CURRITUCK COUNTY ASSUMES NO RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE DESIGN, MAINTENANCE, OR PERFORMANCE OF THE STORMWATER IMPROVEMENTS.

DATE OWNER/AGENT



PROPOSED STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION

PLAN LEGEND

ROADWAY CENTERLINE RIGHT-OF-WAY

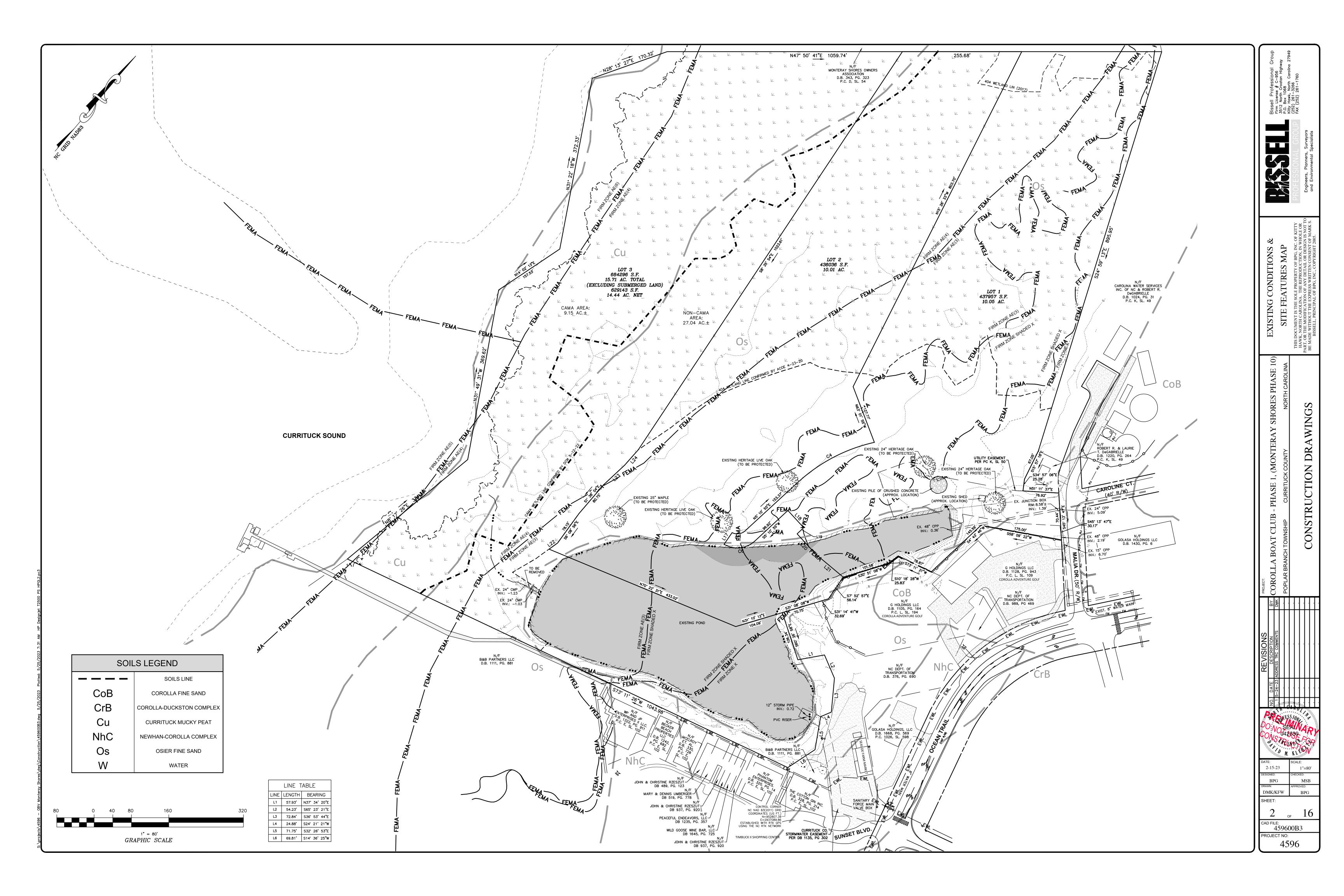
ADJOINING PROPERTY LIN

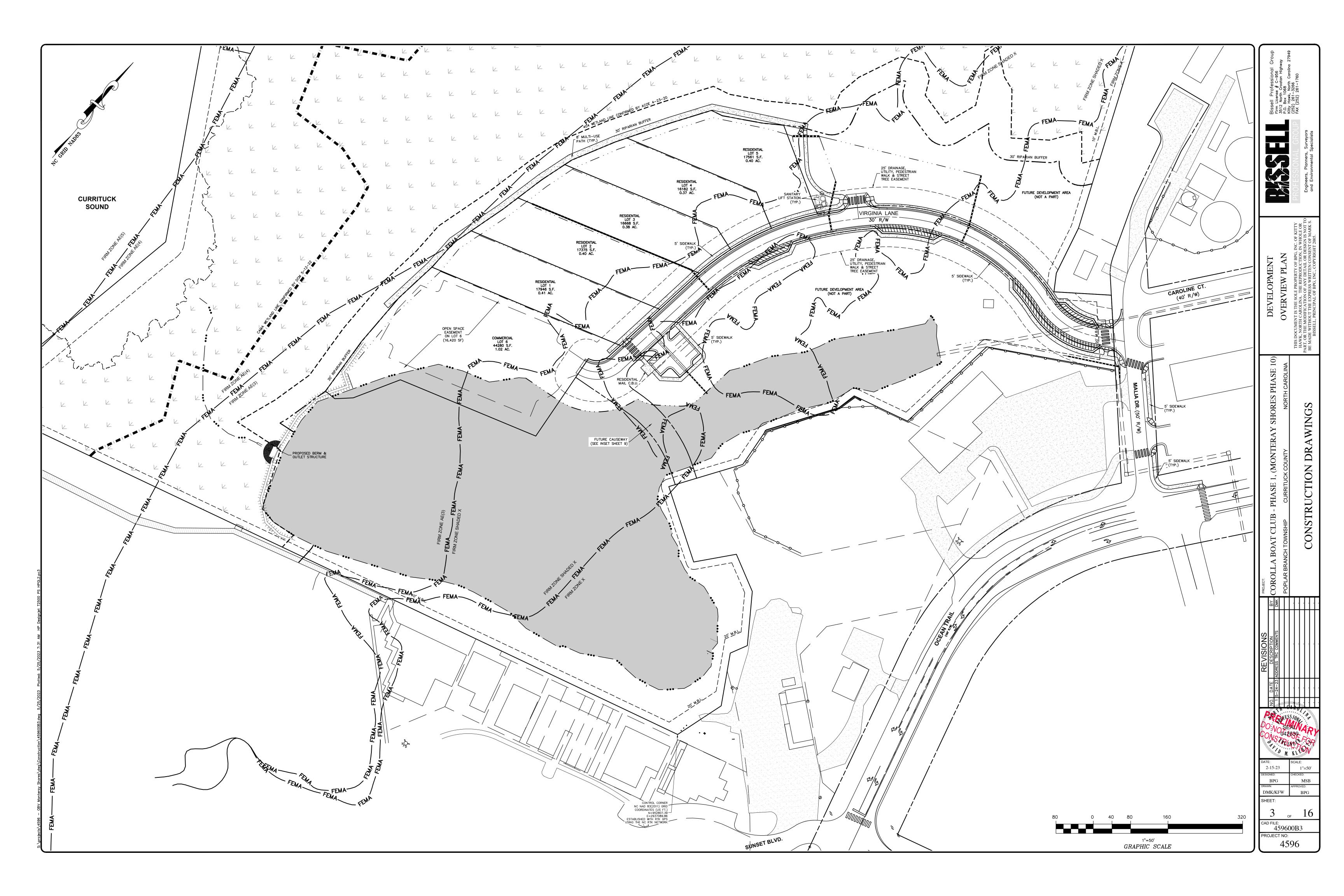
EXISTING SITE INFORMATION DESCRIBED HEREON IS BELIEVED TO BE ACCURATE, HOWEVER, BPG INC. MAKES NO WARRANTY AS TO THE ACCURACY. IT IS THE CONTRACTORS RESPONSIBILITY TO VERIFY THIS INFORMATION BEFORE RELYING ON IT. THE CONTENT OF THESE DOCUMENTS MAY ALSO INCLUDE TECHNICAL INACCURACIES OR TYPOGRAPHICAL ERRORS. IF SUCH CONDITIONS EXIST, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL CONSULT WITH THE ENGINEER PRIOR TO PROCEEDING WITH THE SCHEDULED WORK AND MAY CONTINUE AFTER AN AUTHORIZATION TO PROCEED HAS BEEN GRANTED.

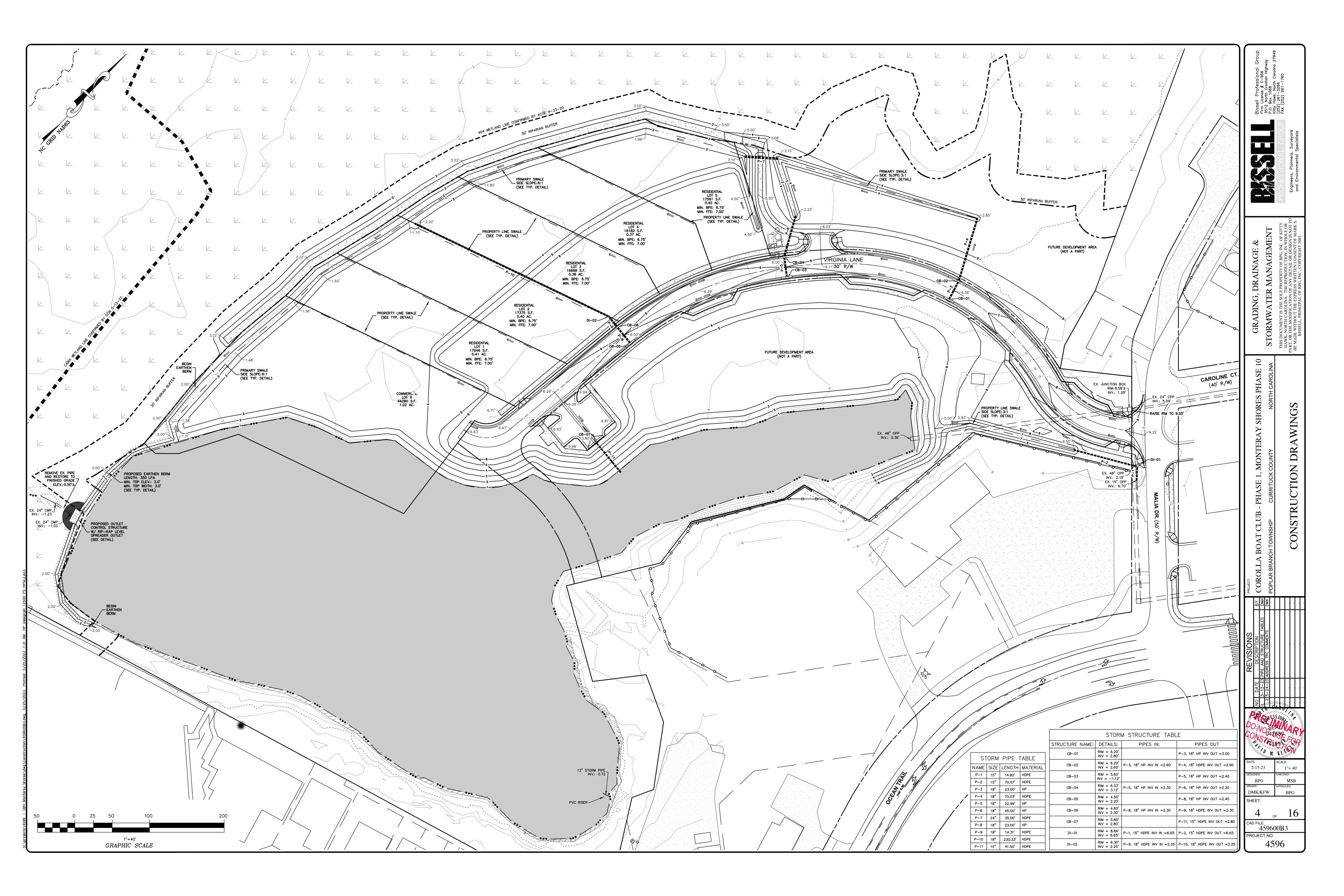
042689 M. K.L. 2-15-23

BPG DMK/KFW SHEET: 459600B3

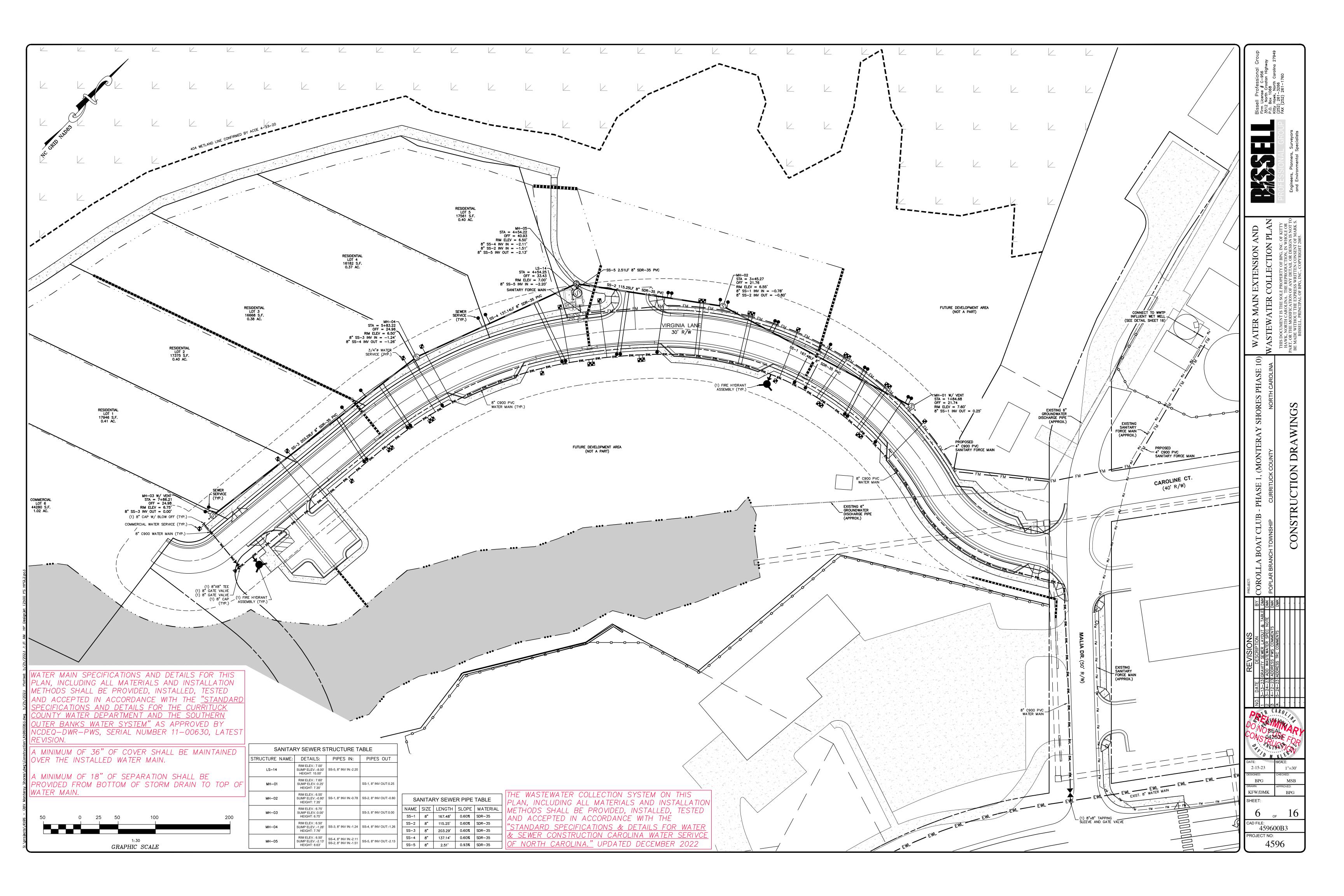
PROJECT NO: 4596

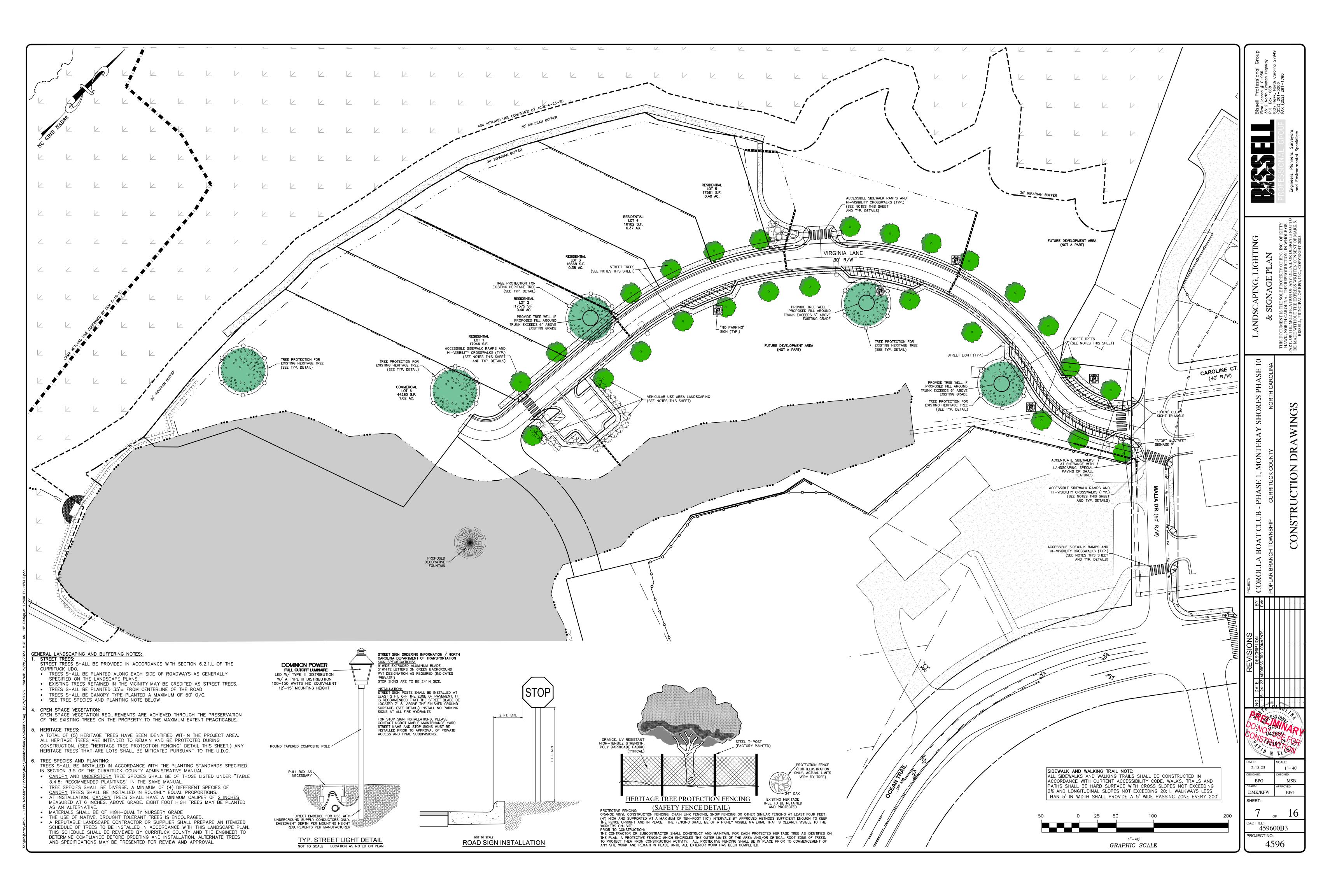


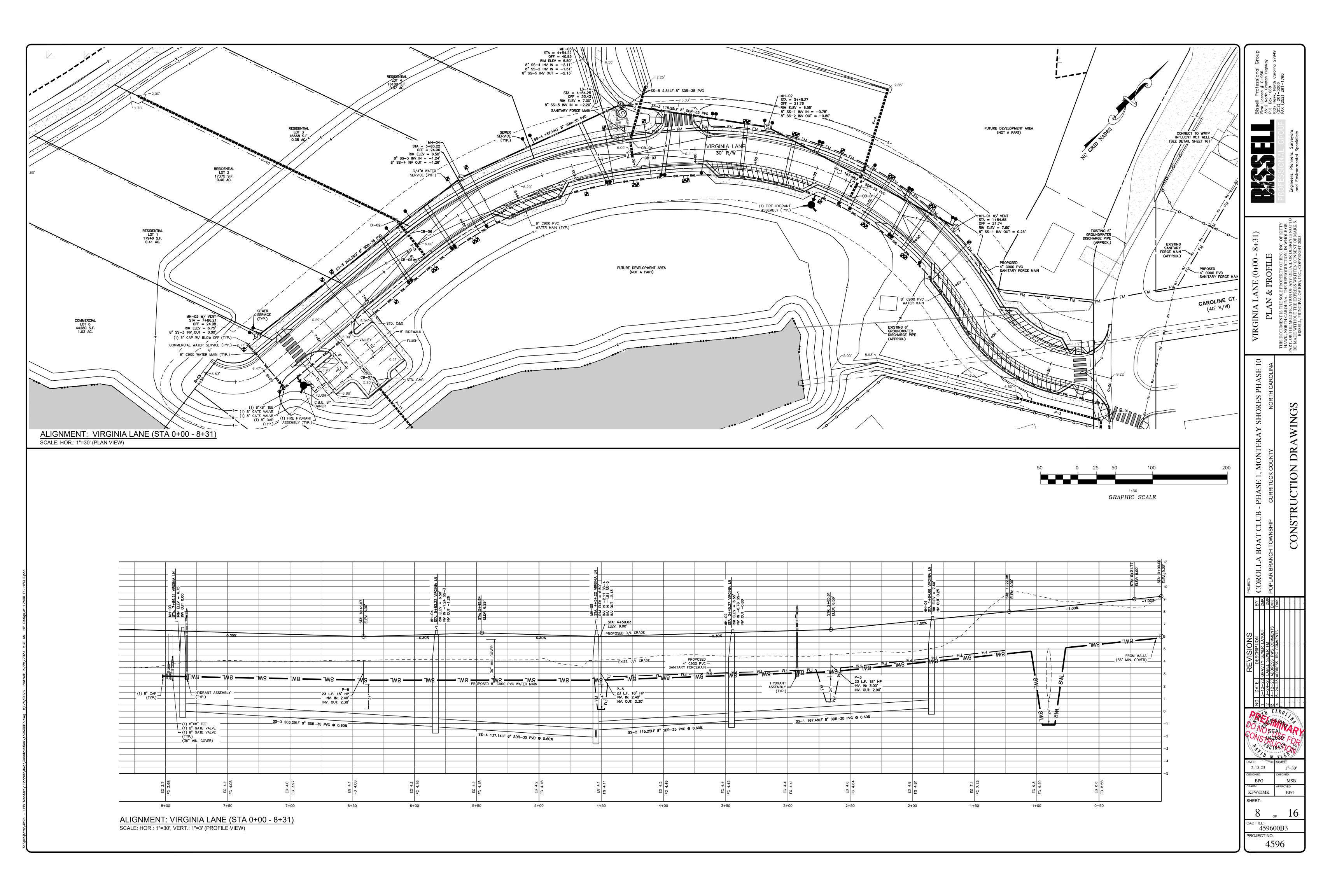


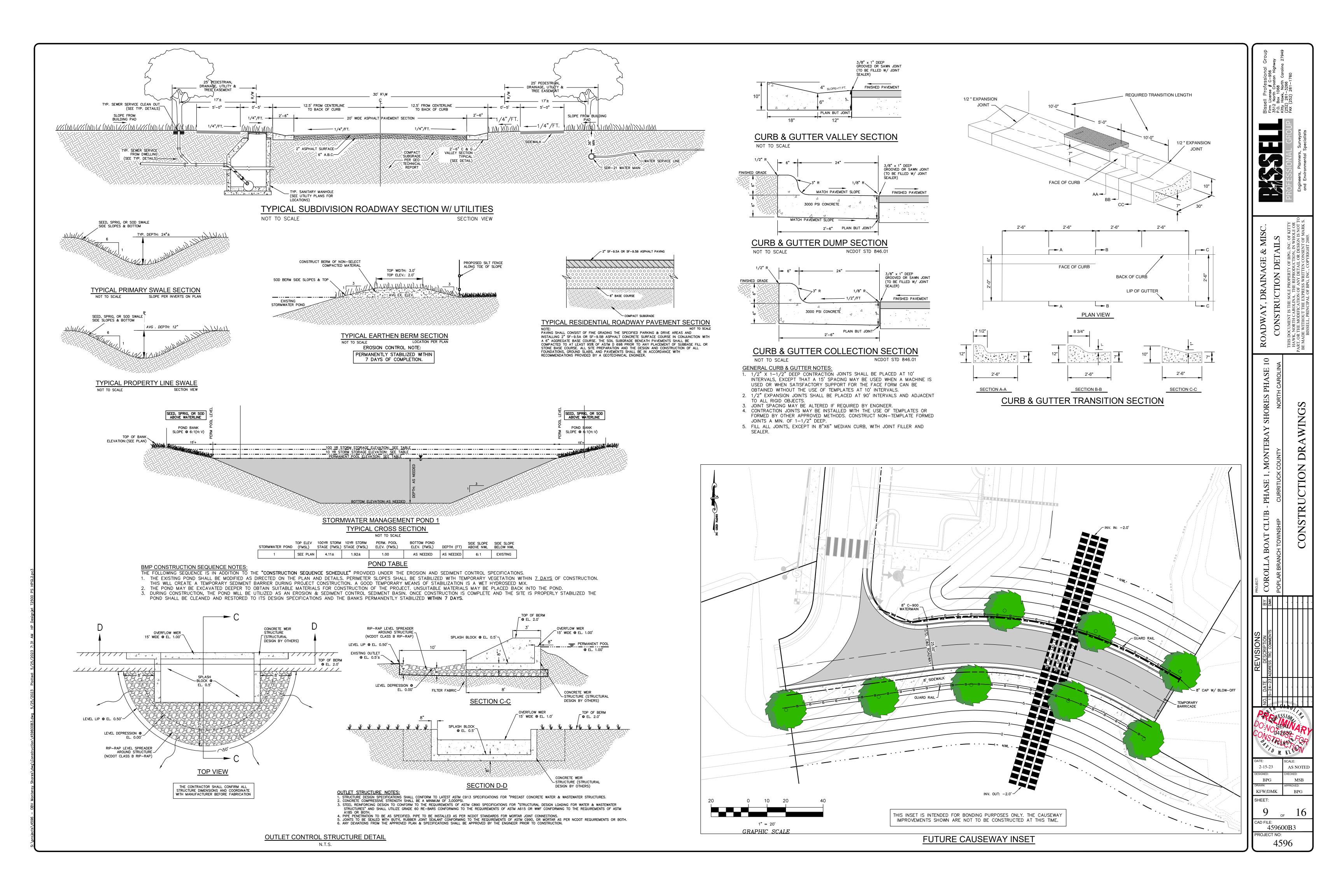


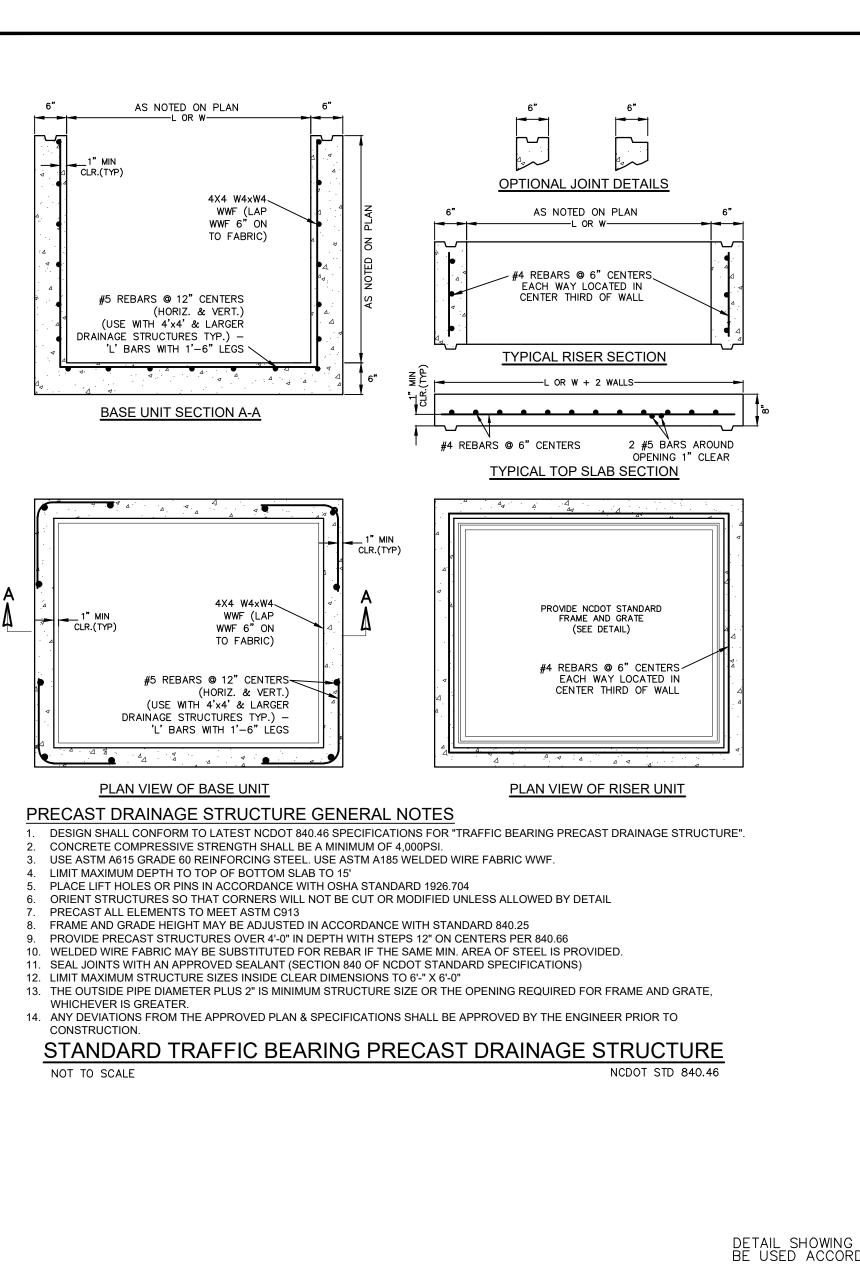






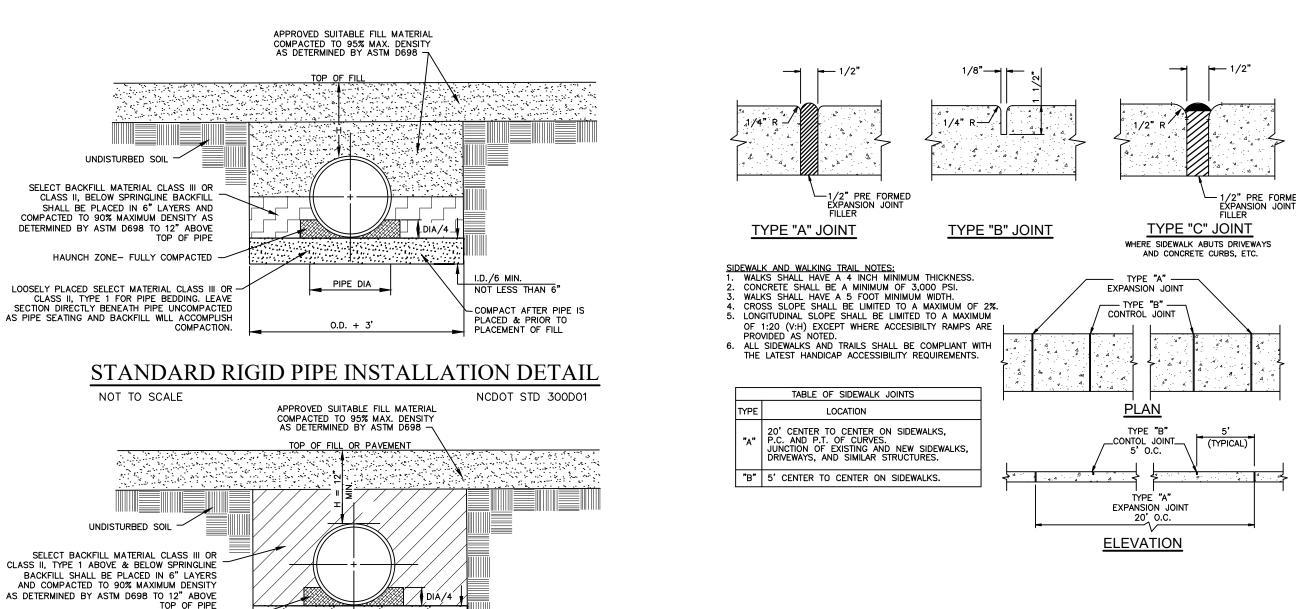






DETAIL NO. 840.03.

CATCH BASIN FRAME, GRATE & HOOD DETAIL



NOT LESS THAN 6"

PLACED & PRIOR TO

STANDARD FLEXIBLE PIPE INSTALLATION DETAIL

ALL PROPOSED H.D.P.E. PIPING SHALL BE DOUBLE WALL,

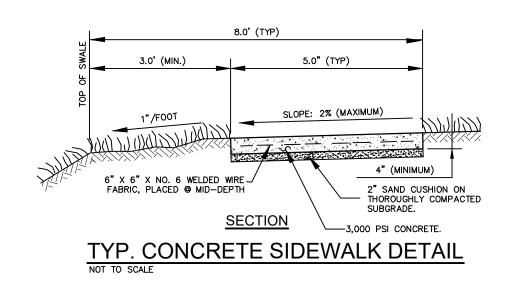
ADS N-12 TYPE OR APPROVED EQUAL)

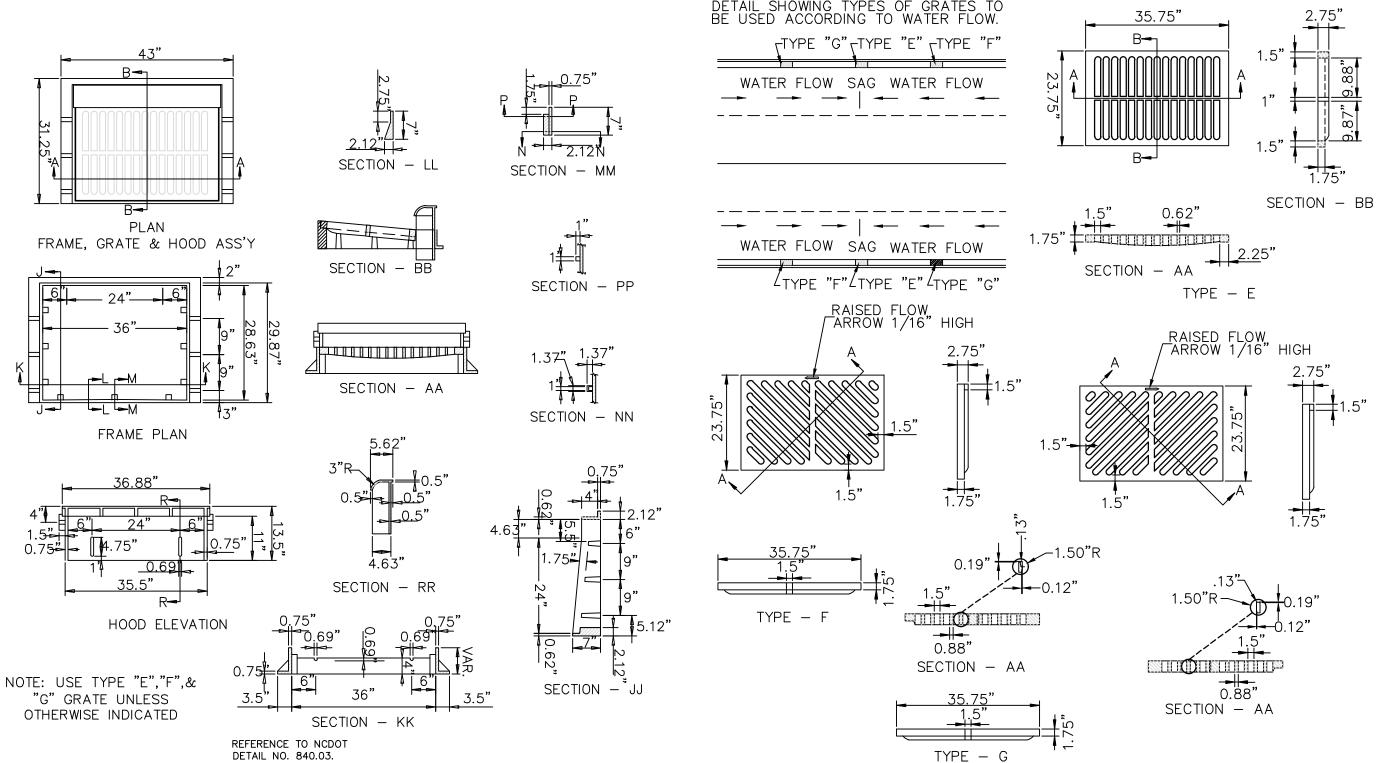
ALL EXCAVATIONS SHALL COMPLY WITH THE TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF THE CONSTRUCTION STANDARDS FOR EXCAVATIONS IN OSHA "SAFETY AND HEALTH REGULATIONS FOR CONSTRUCTION", CHAPTER XV11 OF TITLE 29, CFR, PART 1926. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL HAVE A COMPETENT PERSON

DO NOT OPERATE HEAVY EQUIPMENT OVER ANY PIPE CULVERT UNTIL THE PIPE CULVERT HAS BEEN PROPERLY BACKFILLED AND COVERED WITH

ON THE JOB AT ALL TIMES AND SHALL EMPLOY A PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER TO ACT UPON ALL PERTINENT MATTERS OF THE WORK.

THE PIPE CULVERT INSTALLATION SHALL BE INSTALLED IN ACCORDANCE WITH NCDOT TYPICAL STANDARD DETAIL 300D01.





HAUNCH ZONE- FULLY COMPACTED -

I.D. = THE MAXIMUM HORIZONTAL INSIDE DIAMETER DIMENSION.

THE PAVEMENT STRUCTURE AT THAT POINT.

CATCH BASIN GRATE DETAIL

NCDOT STD 840.03B

O.D. = THE MAXIMUM HORIZONTAL OUTSIDE DIAMETER DIMENSION.

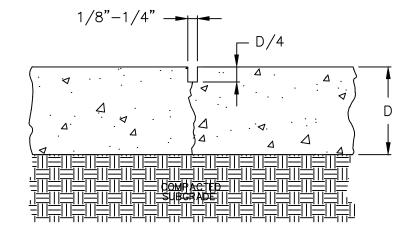
H = THE FILL HEIGHT MEASURED VERTICALLY AT ANY POINT ALONG THE PIPE FROM

THE TOP OF THE PIPE TO THE TOP OF THE EMBANKMENT OR THE BOTTOM OF

LOOSELY PLACED SELECT MATERIAL CLASS III OR CLASS II, TYPE 1 FOR PIPE BEDDING. LEAVE

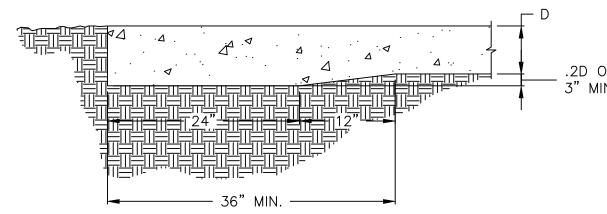
SECTION DIRECTLY BENEATH PIPE UNCOMPACTED AS PIPE SEATING AND BACKFILL WILL ACCOMPLIS

GENERAL PIPE INSTALLATION NOTES:



CONVENTIONAL CONCRETE CONTROL JOINT DETAIL

MINIMUM PAVEMENT THICKNESS (D) = 6" W/6x6-W2.9 x W2.9 WWF REINFORCEMENT, PLACE 2" BELOW TOP OF SLAB UNDOWELED TRANSVERSE CONTRACTION OR LONGITUDINAL JOINT, SAWED OR PRE-MOLDED. DO NOT DOWEL PAVEMENTS LESS THAN 7" THICK.

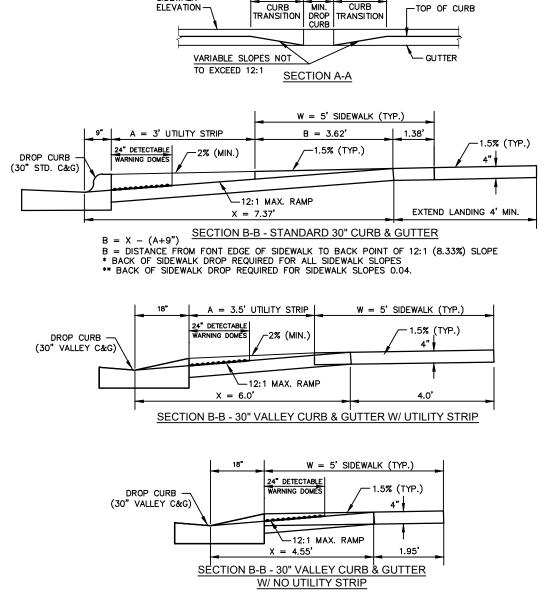


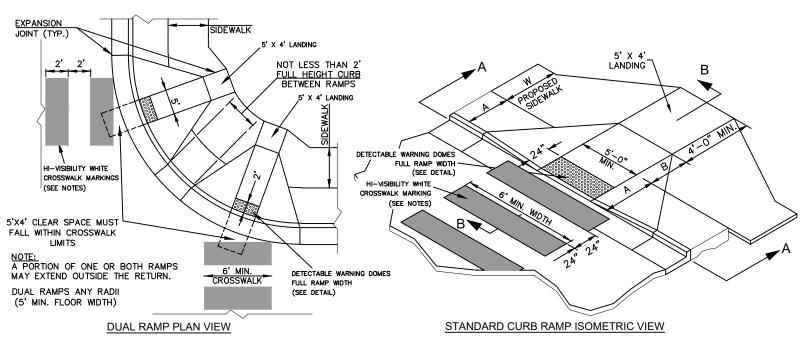
CONVENTIONAL CONCRETE THICKENED EDGE DETAIL

CONVENTIONAL CONCRETE SPECIFICATIONS:

1. USE ACI CERTIFIED FLATWORK FINISHER

- 2. USE ACI 330R-01 GUIDE FOR DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION OF CONCRETE PARKING LOTS USE ACI 330.1-94 STANDARD SPECIFICATION FOR PLAIN CONCRETE PARKING LOTS
- 4. ALL CONCRETE USED IN PARKING LOT, UNLESS OTHERWISE INDICATED, SHALL HAVE A COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH OF 3,500 PSI AT 28 DAYS.
- 5. IF SUBGRADE SOILS ARE FOUND BY THE CONTRACTOR TO BE UNSUITABLE, TESTING AND PREPARATION RECOMMENDATIONS BY A GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER MUST BE PROVIDED
- PRIOR TO CONCRETE PLACEMENT. 6. IMPORTED SOIL USE FOR BACK FILL SHOULD BE FREE OF HEAVY CLAY, SILTS, STONES,
- ROOT OR OTHER FOREIGN MATERIAL GREATER THAN 11/2" IN DIAMETER IN ORDER TO ACHIEVE
- ADEQUATE COMPACTION AROUND ANY FIXED OBJECT IN GROUND. ALTERNATE WILL BE TO USE FLOWABLE FILL.
- KEEP ALL JOINTS CONTINUOUS WITH A MAXIMUM JOINT SPACING OF 10 FT. 8. CONTROL JOINTS SHALL BE FORMED OR SAWED WITHIN 12 HOURS FROM TIME OF PLACEMENT;
- A. SIDEWALK-SPACING SHALL BE SAME AS WIDTH OF PAVEMENT AND LESS THAN 5 FEET IN LENGTH B. PAVEMENT-MAXIMUM SPACING SHALL BE 2.5 TIMES THICKNESS IN UNIT OF FEET
- AND LESS THAN 15 FEET IN LENGTH (E.G. T=4 INCH SPACING AT 10'x10') 9. CURE CONCRETE IMMEDIATELY AFTER FINISHING OPERATION IS COMPLETED BY USING ONE OF THE FOLLOWING METHODS: WATER, PIGMENTED WATER-BASED CURING COMPOUND OR VISQUEEN AND BURLAP





- ACCESSIBLE RAMP GENERAL NOTES: [NCDOT STD. DETAIL 848.05]

 1. CONSTRUCT THE RAMP SURFACE TO BE STABLE, FIRM AND SLIP RESISTANT. CONSTRUCT THE CURB RAMP TYPE AS SHOWN IN THE PAVEMENT MARKING PLANS OR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.

 2. LOCATE CURB RAMPS AND PLACE PEDESTRIAN CROSSWALK MARKINGS AS SHOWN ON THE PROJECT DRAWINGS OR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER. WHEN FIELD ADJUSTMENTS REQUIRE MOVING CURB RAMPS OR MARKINGS AS SHOWN, CONTACT AND LOCATE AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.

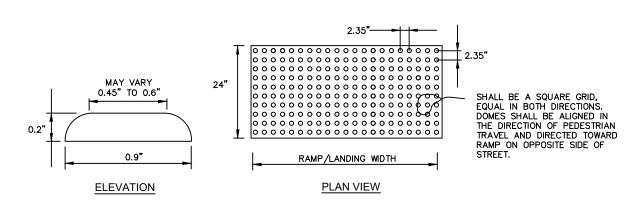
 3. COORDINATE THE CURB RAMP AND THE PEDESTRIAN CROSSWALK MARKINGS SO A MIN. 4'X4' CLEAR SPACE AT THE BASE OF THE CURB RAMP WILL FALL WITHIN THE
- SETBACK DISTANCE FROM INSIDE CROSSWALK MARKING TO NEAREST EDGE OF TRAVEL LANE IS 4' MINIMUM. REFER TO PROJECT DRAWINGS FOR STOP BAR LOCATIONS, IF PROVIDED, OR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER...
 TERMINATE PARKING A MINIMUM OF 20' BACK OF A PEDESTRIAN CROSSWALK.
- CONSTRUCT CURB RAMPS A MINIMUM OF 4' WIDE, OR AS SPECIFIED ON PLANS . CONSTRUCT THE RUNNING SLOPE OF THE RAMP 8.33% (12:1 H:V) MAXIMUM.
- 8. CONSTRUCT THE RUNNING SLOPE OF THE RAMP 8.5.3% (12:1 H:V) MAXIMUM.
 9. ALLOWABLE CROSS SLOPE ON SIDEWALKS AND CURB RAMPS WILL BE 2% MAXIMUM.
 10. WHERE REQUIRED, CONSTRUCT THE SIDE FLARE SLOPE A MAXIMUM OF 10% MEASURED ALONG THE CURB LINE.
 11. CONSTRUCT THE COUNTER SLOPE OF THE GUTTER OR STREET AT THE BASE OF THE CURB RAMP A MAXIMUM OF 5% AND MAINTAIN A SMOOTH TRANSITION.
 12. CONSTRUCT LANDINGS FOR SIDEWALK A MIN. OF 4'X4' WITH A MAXIMUM SLOPE OF 2% IN ANY DIRECTION. CONSTRUCT LANDINGS FOR MEDIAN ISLANDS A MINIMUM OF 5'X5' WITH A MAXIMUM SLOPE OF 2% IN AN DIRECTION.
- 13. TO USE A MEDIAN ISLAND AS A PEDESTRIAN REFUGE AREA, MEDIAN ISLANDS WILL BE A MINIMUM OF 6' WIDE. CONSTRUCT MEDIAN ISLANDS TO PROVIDE PASSAGE OVER OR THROUGHOUT THE ISLAND 14. SMALL CHANNELIZATION ISLANDS THAT CAN NOT PROVIDE A 5'X5' LANDING AT THE TOP OF A RAMP, WILL BE CUT THROUGH LEVEL WITH THE SURFACE STREET.

 15. CURB RAMPS WITH RETURNED CURBS MAY BE USED ONLY WHERE PEDESTRIANS WOULD NOT NORMALLY WALK ACROSS THE RAMP. THE ADJACENT SURFACE IS PLANTING OR OTHER NON-WALKING SURFACE OR THE SIDE APPROACH IS SUBSTANTIALLY OBSTRUCTED.
- 16. PLACE A \$\frac{1}{2}\text{"} EXPANSION JOINT WHERE THE CONCRETE CURB RAMP JOINS THE CURB AS SHOWN IN ROADWAY STANDARD DRAWING 848.01
 17. CURB RAMPS THROUGH MEDIAN ISLANDS, SINGLE RAMPS AT DUAL CROSSWALKS OR LIMITED R/W SITUATIONS, WILL BE HANDLED BY SPECIAL DETAILS.
- PEDESTRIAN CROSSWALK GENERAL NOTES: [NCDOT STD. DETAIL 1205.07]

 1. USE THE DETAILS ABOVE AND THE FOLLOWING NOTES FOR GUDIANCE IN PLACING CROSSWALK MARKINGS. REFER TO NCDOT ROADWAY STANDARD DRAWINGS, MUTCD AND ADA STANDARDS FOR ADDITIONAL GUIDANCE.

 2. THE LOCATION AND TYPE OF CROSSWALK MARKINGS SHOWN ON THE ABOVE DETAILS ARE FOR REFERENCE ONLY, LOCATE CROSSWALK MARKINGS AS SHOWN ON THE
- PROJECT DRAWINGS OR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER. THE CROSSWALK MARKING TYPE, STANDARD OR HI-VISIBILITY, SHALL BE INSTALLED AS SPECIFIED ON THE PROJECT DRAWINGS OR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER... THE STANDARD CROSSWALK IS THE TWO WHITE 8" MIN. TRANSVERSE LINES WITH A 6' MIN. GAP BETWEEN THE LINES. THE HI-VISIBILITY CROSSWALK IS WHITE 24" MAX.
- WIDE LONGITUDINAL LINES WITH 24" MIN. GAPS BETWEEN LINES, SEE DETAIL, HI-VISIBILITY CROSSWALKS SHOULD BE A MINIMUM OF 6' WIDE OR AS SPECIFIED ON THE PROJECT DRAWINGS. CURB RAMPS SHALL BE WHOLLY CONTAINED WITHIN THE MARKINGS, EXCLUDING AN FLARES. 4. STOP BARS (IF PROVIDED) SHOULD BE PLACED A 4' MIN. IN ADVANCE OF NEAREST CROSSWALK LINE. 5. SET BACK DISTANCE FROM INSIDE CROSSWALK MARKING TO NEAREST EDGE OF TRAVEL IS 4' MIN. BEYOND THE BOTTOM GRADE BREAK, A CLEAR SPACE OF 4'X4' MIN. SHALL BE PROVIDED WITHIN THE MARKINGS.
- SINGLE DIAGONAL CURB RAMPS WITH FLARED SIDES SHALL HAVE A SEGMENT OF CURB 2' MIN. LONG LOCATED ON EACH SIDE OF THE CURB RAMP AND WITHIN THE MARKED CROSSING, SEE DETAIL.

 8. CURB RAMPS SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED IN ACCORDANCE TO THE LATEST NCDOT ROADWAY STANDARD DRAWINGS. CURB RAMPS THROUGH MEDIAN ISLANDS, SINGLE RAMPS AT DUAL CROSSWALKS OR LIMITED R/W SITUATIONS, WILL BE HANDLED BY SPECIAL DETAILS.



TRUNCATED DOME DETECTABLE WARNING DETAIL NOT TO SCALE

DETECTABLE WARNING GENERAL NOTES

- 1. DETECTABLE WARNING SHALL CONSIST OF RAISED TRUNCATED DOMES MANUFACTURED BY "COTE-L INDUSTRIES, INC.". CALLED "SAFTI-TRAX", WITH POLYURETHANE COATING "DURABAK", OR APPROVED EQUAL. APPLIED ON SMOOTH (NON-GROOVED) CLEAN CONCRETE RAMP, AND SHALL CONFORM TO THE DETAILS IN THE PLANS AND IN ACCORDANCE WITH MANUFACTURER'S SPECIFICATIONS AND INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS.
- 2. ALL DETECTABLE WARNING AREAS SHALL START AT BACK OF CURB, BE 24 INCHES IN DEPTH AND COVER THE COMPLETE WIDTH OF THE RAMP AREA 48 INCHES MIN..
- 3. 70% VISUAL CONTRAST IS REQUIRED. THE COLOR SHALL BE AN INTEGRAL PART OF THE DETECTABLE WARNING MATERIAL, AS SPECIFIED ON THE PLANS. COLOR TO BE DETERMINED
- BY THE CITY STAFF, SAFETY YELLOW IS THE DEFAULT COLOR. 4. THE SMOOTH AND CLEAN CONCRETE UNDER DETECTABLE WARNING DEVICE AREA SHALL BE INCLUDED IN THE COST OF THE CONCRETE CURB RAMP. THE COST OF FURNISHING AND INSTALLING THE DETECTABLE WARNING DEVICE SHALL BE INCLUDED SEPARATELY AS "DETECTABLE WARNING DEVICE" PER SQUARE FOOT OR AS OUTLINED IN THE SPECIFICATIONS.
- 5. DETECTABLE WARNING SURFACE: APPLIED A COATING OF "DURABAK" SLIP-RESISTANT POLYURETHANE COATING TO THE SMOOTH, CLEAN CONCRETE SURFACE. ON TOP OF THE POLYURETHANE COATING APPLY TRUNCATED DOMES FROM A "SAFTY-TRAX" CONTACT SHEET. ON TOP OF THE TRUNCATED DOMES AND INITIAL POLYURETHANE COATING PLACE THREE ADDITIONAL COATS OF "DURABAK" POLYURETHANE COATING. COLOR TO BE DETERMINED BY CITY STAFF OR AS SPECIFIED ON THE PLANS. SAFETY YELLOW IS A DEFAULT COLOR.
- 6. ALL RAMPS AND DETECTABLE WARNING SHALL BE ALIGNED IN THE DIRECTION OF PEDESTRIAN TRAVEL AND DIRECTED TOWARD RAMP ON THE OPPOSITE SIDE OF STREET.

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2-15-23 NO SCALI MSB BPG KFW/DMK SHEET

459600B3 PROJECT NO: 4596

STABILIZATION NOTE:

B. PROJECT DESCRIPTION: 6 LOT SUBDIVISION 4. NEAREST RECEIVING STREAM: SANDERS BAY - INDEX NUMBER: 30-1-11 5. STREAM CLASSIFICATION: SC - PASQUOTANK RIVER BASIN . PROJECT AREA TABULATION:

TOTAL PROPERTY AREA: TOTAL PROPOSED DISTURBED AREA: 12.0 AC

AREA CALCULATION NOTI All areas have been calculated utilizing properties within the Autocad software.

MATERIAL BALANCE NOTE All excavated material occurring during the course of construction shall remain on-site for roadway construction and lot grading. See SCHEDULE OF LAND DISTURBING ACTIVITIES provided on

No 404 jurisdictional wetlands have been identified on the property.

Sheet 5 of this set for an estimated cut fill material balance for the project.

The angle of graded slopes and fills shall be no greater than the angle that can be retained by vegetative cover or other adequate erosion control devices or structures. In any event, all disturbed areas left exposed will, WITHIN 14 CALENDAR DAYS OF COMPLETION of any phase of grading, be planted or otherwise provided with temporary or permanent ground cover devices, or structures sufficient to restrain erosion

Additionally, certain critical areas as identified on the plan, such as, but not limited to, perimeter dikes, swales, slopes steeper than 3:1, and areas located within High Quailty Water Zones, must be temporarily or permanetly stabilzed WITHIN 7 CALENDAR DAYS OF COMPLETION of any phase of grading in these areas. A permanent ground cover for all disturbed areas must be provided WITHIN 15 WORKING DAYS OF 90 CALENDAR DAYS (whichever is shorter) following completion of construction or development.

SEDIMENTATION AND EROSION CONTROL NOTES:

A. NARRATIVE AND SITE DATA COROLLA BOAT CLUB - PHASE 1 IS A MIXED USE DEVELOPMENT SLATED FOR CONSTRUCTION ON A VACANT TRACT OF LAND LOCATED WEST OF NC HWY 12 ALONG THE SOUTH SIDE OF MALIA DR IN THE COROLLA, CURRITUCK COUNTY. THE DEVELOPMENT IS ALSO KNOWN AS PHASE 10 OF THE MONTERAY SHORES PUD AND INCLUDES 1 COMMERCIAL LOT AND 5 RESIDENTIAL SINGLE FAMILY HOME LOTS. THE SUBDIVISION IS SERVED BY PROPOSED ROADWAY, DRAINAGE, UTILITY AND AMENITY IMPROVEMENTS. THE SITE'S EXISTING TOPOGRAPHY IS GENERALLY FLAT, WITH SLOPES RANGING BETWEEN 0-1% AND ELEVATIONS RANGING FROM 10 FT MSL TO BELOW 1 FT MSL. THE PROPERTY IS BOUNDED TO THE NORTH BY MALIA DR, TO THE EAST AND SOUTH BY EXISTING COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT AND TO THE WEST BY SANDERS BAY. THE PROPERTY IS CURRENTLY VACANT SURROUNDING DEVELOPMENT IS PRIMARILY COMMERCIAL. APPROX. 21 ACRES OF CAMA AND 404 JURISDICTIONAL WETLANDS EXISTT BETWEEN THE SOUTHEASTERN UPLAND AREAS AND THE BAY. ON-SITE DRAINAGE IS LIMITED TO AN EXISTING CULVERT EXTENDING FROM MALIA DR. TO AN EXISTING POND LOCATED ON THE PROPERTY. THE EXISTING CULVERT SERVICES AS A DRAINAGE OUTLET TO SURROUNDING COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENTS. PURSUANT TO THE USDA SOIL SURVEY MANUAL OF CURRITUCK COUNTY. SITE SOILS ARE PRIMARILY COMPOSED OF OSIER FINE SAND ACROSS THE DEVELOPABLE

CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCE SCHEDULE

CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY Construction Access— Construction entrance, construction routes, equipment parking areas

Sediment Traps & Barriers Basin traps, sediment fences, & outlet protection Runoff Control-Diversions, perimeter dikes, water bars,

and outlet protection

Runoff Conveyance System-Stabiles stream banks, storm drains,

Land Clearing & Grading— Site preparation— cutting, filling & grading, sediment traps, barriers, diversions, drains, surface roughening

Surface Stabilization-Temporary & permanent seeding,

mulching, sodding, rip rap.

Buildings, utilities, paving. Landscaping & Final Stabilization— Topsoiling, trees & shrubs, permanent

seeding, mulching, sodding, rip rap

Building Construction—

SCHEDULE CONSIDERATION First land-disturbing activity-Stabilize bare areas immediately with gravel &

> Install principal basins after construction site is accessed. Install additional traps and barriers as needed during grading.

temporary vegetation as construction

Install key practices after principal sediments traps and before land grading. Install additional runoff—control conveyance measures during grading.

Where necessary, stabilize stream banks as early as possible. Install principal channels, Inlet & outlet protection, slope runoff conveyance system with runoff-control measures. Install remainder materials into fill slopes. of system after grading.

> Begin major clearing and grading after principal & key runoff—control measures area installed. Clear borrow & disposal areas as needed. Install additional control 10. Handle seeps or springs encountered during construction in accordance with measures as grading progresses. Mark trees & buffer areas for preservation.

Apply temporary or permanent disturbed areas where work is delayed or

Install necessary erosion & sedimentation control practices as work takes place. Stabilize all open areas, including borrow & spoil areas. Remove & stabilize all

temporary control measures.

LAND GRADING CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATIONS

in finishing the grading of all critical areas.

1. Construct & maintain all erosion & sedimentation control practices & measures in accordance with the approved sedimentation control plan and construction schedule. 2. Remove good topsoil from areas to be graded and filled, and preserve it for use

3. Scarify areas to be topsoiled to a minimum depth of 2 inches before placing

4. Clear & grub areas to be filled to remove trees, vegetation, roots, or other objectionable material that would affect the planned stability of fill.

5. Ensure that fill material is free of brush, rubbish, rocks, logs, stumps, building debris, and other materials inappropriate for constructing stable fills. 6. Place all fill in layers not to exceed 9 inches in thickness, and compact the

layers as required to reduce erosion, slippage, settlement, or other related problems.

7. Do not incorporate frozen material or soft, mucky, or highly compressible 8. Do not place fill on a frozen foundation, due to possible subsidence and slippage.

9. Keep diversions and other water conveyance measures free of sediment during all

approved methods. 11. Following completion of any phase of grading, provide a groundcover (temporary stabilization measures immediately on all or permanent) on all exposed slopes within 14 calendar days, or 7 calendar days in critical areas identified on the plan; and, a permanent groundcover for all disturbed

areas within 15 working days or 90 calendar days (whichever is shorter) following completion of construction or development. 12. Provide adequate protection from erosion for all topsoil stockpiles, borrow areas,

Periodically check all graded areas & the supporting erosion & sedimentation control practices, especially after heavy rainfalls. Promptly remove all sediment from diversions and other water-disposal practices. If washouts or breaks occur, repair them immediately. Prompt maintenance of small—eroded areas before they become significant gullies is an essential part of an effective erosion & sedimentation control plan.

PERMANENT SEEDING

The purpose of permanent seeding is to reduce erosion and decrease sediment yield from disturbed areas, and to permanently stabilize such areas in a manner that is economical, adapts to site conditions, and allows selection of the most appropriate plant materials. These areas must be seeded or planted within 15 working days or 90 calendar days after final grade is reached, unless temporary stabilization is applied.

PERMANENT SEEDING SPECIFICATIONS Seeding Recommendations for Summer

SEEDING DATES - April to July SEEDING MIXTURE Common bermudagrass 10/1,000 sf (sprigs)

1-2 lb/1,000 sf (seed)SOD (See Sodding Notes) Seeding Recommendations for Early Fall through Early Spring SEEDING DATES — August to March (early fall and spring recommended)

Rate Species Kentucky 31 Tall Fescue 6 lb/1,000 sf (broadcast seed)

1. Sprig or sod. Moisture is essential during initial establishment. Sod must be kept watered for 2—3weeks, but can be planted earlier or later than sprigs.

It is highly recommended that soils be tested and amended as found necessary. If a sois are not tested follow these recommendations: Apply 3,000 lb/acre of ground agricultural limestone and 500 lb/acre of 10-10-10 starter fertilizer, or 50 lb/acre nitrogen from turf-type slow-release fertilizer. Add 25-50 lb/acre nitrogen at 2-3 week intervals through midsummer.

Plant sprigs in furrows with a tractor—drawn transplanter, or broadcast by hand. (Not recommended for Tall Fescue)

Broadcast at rates shown above, and press sprigs into the top 1/2-2 inches

Furrows should be 4—6 inches deep and 2 feet apart. Place sprigs about 2 ft. apart in a row with one end at or above ground level.

of soil with a disk set straight so that sprigs are not brought back toward the surface.

Do not mulch Bermuda Grass. For Tall Fesuce seed, apply 4,000—lb/acre straw. Anchor straw by tacking with asphalt, netting, or a mulch—anchoring tool. A disk with blades set nearly straight can be used as a mulch—anchoring tool.

Water as needed. Mow bermuda to 3/4 to 1—inch height and tall fescue to 2.5 — 3.5 inch height. Topdress bermuda with 40 lb/acre nitrogen in April, 50 Ib in May, 50 lb in June, 50 lb in July, and 25 lb in August. Top dress tall fescue in mid September,again in November and February with turf-grade 3-1-2 or 4-1-2 ratio turf-grade fertilizer. Fertilize with 1 lb of actual nitrogen per 1,000 sf. Do not fertilze tall fescue between Mid March and Early

The purpose of temporary seeding is to temporarily stabilize denuded areas that will not be brought to final grade or permanently seeded for a period of more than 14 calendar days, or 7 days in critical areas indentified on the

TEMPORARY SEEDING SPECIFICATIONS Seeding Recommendations for Late Winter & Early Spring SEEDING DATES— December 1 to April 15

SEEDING MIXTURE Rate (lb/acre) Species Winter Rye (grain) 120 (Annual Ryegrass shall not be used) Annual Lespedeza

*Omit Annual Lespedeza when duration of temporary cover is not to extend beyond June

Follow recommendations of soil tests or apply 2,000 lb/acre ground agricultural limestone and 750 lb/acre 10—10—10 fertilizer.

Apply 4,000—lb/acre straw. Anchor straw by tacking with asphalt, netting, or a mulch—anchoring tool. A disk with blades set nearly straight can be used as a mulch—anchoring tool.

Refertilize if growth is not fully adequate. Reseed, fertilize and mulch

immediately following erosion or other damage. Seeding Recommendations for Summer

SEEDING DATES- April 15 to August 15 SEEDING MIXTURE

Species Rate (lb/acre) German Millet

Soil Amendments-Follow recommendations of soil tests or apply 2,000 lb/acre ground agricultural limestone and 750 lb/acre 10—10—10 fertilizer.

Apply 4,000—lb/acre straw. Anchor straw by tacking with asphalt, netting, or a mulch—anchoring tool. A disk with blades set nearly straight can be used as a mulch—anchoring tool.

Refertilize if growth is not fully adequate. Reseed, fertilize and mulch immediately following erosion or other damage.

Seeding Recommendations for Fall SEEDING DATES— August 15 to December 30

SEEDING MIXTURE Rate (lb/acre)

Winter Rye (grain)

Follow recommendations of soil tests or apply 2,000 lb/acre ground agricultural limestone and 1,000 lb/acre 10-10-10 fertilizer.

Apply 4,000—lb/acre straw. Anchor straw by tacking with asphalt, netting, or a mulch—anchoring tool. A disk with blades set nearly straight can be used as a mulch—anchoring tool.

Repair and refertilize damaged areas immediately. Topdress with 50 lb/acre of nitrogen in March. If it is necessary to extend temporary cover beyond June 15, overseed with 50 Id/acre Kobe Lespedeza in late February or Early March.

The purpose of permanent seeding is to prevent erosion and damage from sediment and runoff by stabilizing the soil surface with permanent vegetation for the purpose of: —the provision of immediate vegetative cover in critical areas

—to stabilize disturbed areas with a suitable plant material that cannot be established by seed. -to stabilize drainage ways & channels and other areas of concentrated flow where flow velocities will not exceed that specified grass lining.

SODDING SPECIFICATIONS

Sod Quality -Sod should be machine cut at a uniform depth of 1/2-2 inches —Sod should not have been cut in excessively wet or dry weather. —Sections of sod should be standard size as determined by the supplier,

-Sections of sod should be strong enough to support their own weight and retain their size and shape when lifted by one end. —Harvest, delivery, and installation of sod should take place within a period of 36 hours.

Soil Amendments-

Sod Installation-

Apply lime and fertilizer according to soil tests or apply 2 tons/acre of pulverized agricultural limestone and 1,000 lb/acre 10-10-10 fertilizer in the fall, or 5-10-10 in spring.

Prior to laying sod, clear the soil surface of trash, debris, roots, branches, stones, and clods larger than 2 inches in diameter. Fill or level low spots in order to avoid standing water. Rake or harrow the site to achieve a smooth and level final grade. Complete soil preparation by rolling or cultipacking to firm soil.

I. Moistening the sod after it is unrolled helps maintain viability. Store in shade during installation 2. Rake the soil surface to break the crust just before laying sod. During the summer, lightly irrigate the soil, immediately before laying sod to cool the soil and reduce root burning & dieback. 3. Do not sod on grave, frozen soils, or soils that have been treated recently with sterilants or herbicides. 4. Lay the first row of sod in a straight line with subsequent rows placed parallel to and butting tightly against each other. Stagger strips in a brick—like pattern. Be sure that the sod is not stretched or overlapped and that all joints are butted tightly to prevent voids. Use a knife or sharp spade

to trim and fit irregular shaped areas. 5. Install strips of sod with their longest dimension perpindicular to the slope. On slopes of 3:1 or greater, or wherever erosion may be a problem, secure sod with pegs or staples. 6. As sodding of clearly defined areas is completed, roll sod to provide good contact between roots and soil

7. After rolling, irrigate until the soil is wet 4 inches below the sod. 8. Keep sodded areas moist to a depth of 4 inches until the grass takes root. This can be determined by tugging on the sod. 9. Mowing should not be attempted until the sod is firmly rooted, usually

Sodded Waterways

1. Prepare soil as described above. 2. Lay sod strips perpindicular to the direction of flow, with the lateral joints staggered in a brick—like pattern. Butt edges tightly together.

After the first week, water as necessary to maintain adequate moisture in the root zone & prevent dormancy of the sod.

Do not remove more than one—third of the shoot in any one mowing. Grass

height should be maintained between 2-3 inches unless otherwise specified. After first growing season, established sod requires fertilization, and may also require lime. Follow soil test recommendations.

AREA STRIPPED AND THEN STABILZED, USING EITHER BONDED FIBER MATRICES OF HYDRO SEEDING TECHNIQUES.

2-3 BALES OF STRAW EQUALS 2-INCHES OF STRAW MULCH OVER 1000 SQARE FEET. 2.MULCH SHALL BE WEED FREE STRAW. TO PROVIDE TEMPORARY SOIL STABILIZATION BY PLANTING GRASSES

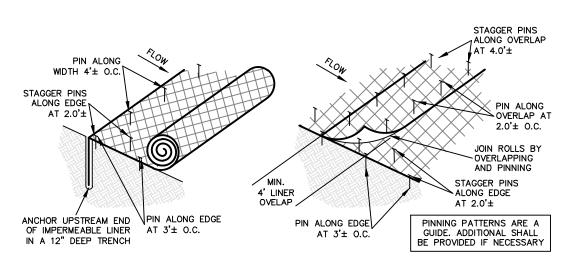
OF SITE WITH LESS THAN 30% SLOPE;

UPLAND AREA AND CURRITUCK MUCKY PEAT ACROSS THE WETLANDS.

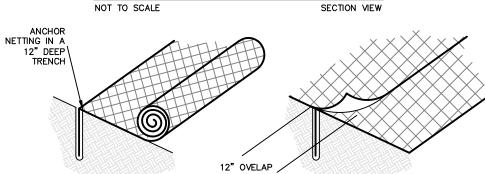
WHERE PERMANENT COVER IS NOT NECESSARY OR APPROPRIATE. LAND DISTURBANCE & STABILIZATION DETAIL

14 CALENDAR DAYS, OR 7 DAYS IN INDENTIFIED CRITICAL AREAS,

AND LEGUMES TO AREAS THAT WOULD REMAIN BARE FOR MORE THAN



ROLLED LINER CONNECTION DETAIL



ROLLED EROSION CONTROL MATTING DETAIL

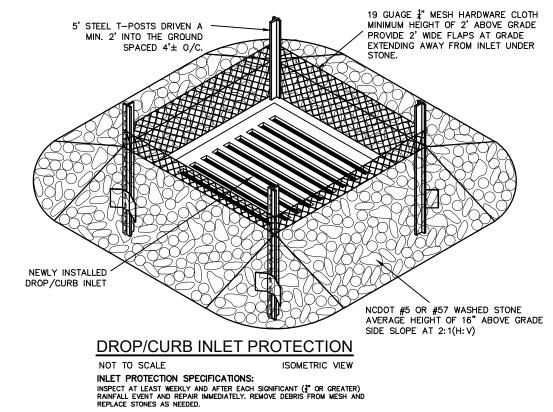
JOIN ROLLS BY ANCHORING

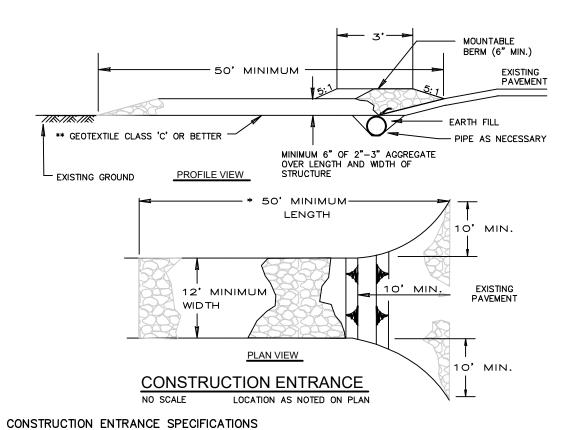
ROLLED EROSION CONTROL MATTING (R.E.C.M.) SPECIFICATIONS: 1. All areas identified on these plans as requiring an erosion control matting shall be lined with a protective covering to minimize erosion and protect seed until permanent vegetation is established.

Covering shall be composed of a bio or photo degradable material to minimize ong term environmental impacts. Mulching with straw or other organic materials can be utilized only when it will not impede the establishment of permanent vegetation. Mulches must be properly anchored which may be difficult in some environments. An example is straw

4. Pre-manufactured rolled erosion control products (RECP) are highly recommended for this application. RECP's shall be installed according to manufacturer specifications for channel linings. An example is a woven straw or wooden fiber Excelsior mattina.

mulch with jute netting stapled or pinned in place.



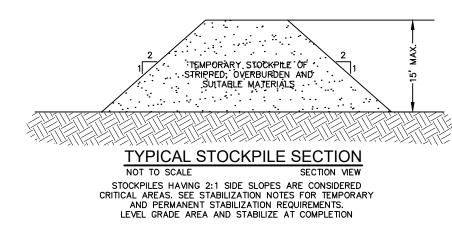


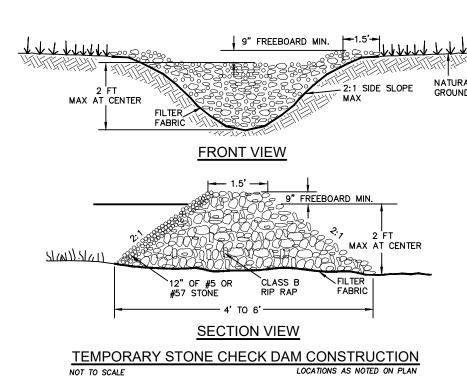
REMOVE ONCE CONTRIBUTING DRAINAGE AREA HAS BEEN STABILIZED.

1. Length — minimum of 50' (*30' for single residence lot). 2. Width — 12' minimum, should be flared at the existing road to provide a turning radius. 3. Geotextile fabric (filter cloth) shall be placed over the existing ground prior to placing stone. **The plan approval authority may not require single family residences to use geotextile. 4. Stone — crushed aggregate (2" to 3") or reclaimed or recycled concrete equivalent shall be

placed at least 6" deep over the length and width of the entrance. 5. Surface Water — all surface water flowing to or diverted toward construction entrances shall be piped through the entrance, maintaining positive drainage. Pipe installed through the stabilized construction entrance shall be protected with a mountable berm with 5:1 slopes and a minimum of 6" of stone over the pipe. Pipe has to be sized according to the drainage. When the SCE is located at a high spot and has no drainage to convey a pipe will not be necessary. Pipe should be sized according to the amount of runoff to be conveyed. A 6" minimum will be required.

6. Location — A stabilized construction entrance shall be located at every point where construction traffic enters or leaves a construction site. Vehicles leaving the site must travel over the entire length of the stabilized construction entrance.





TEMPORARY STONE CHECK DAM CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATIONS: 1. CLEAR, GRUB, AND STRIP THE AREA UNDER THE EMBANKMENT OF ALL VEGETATION AND ROOT MAT, REMOVE ALL SURFACE SOIL CONTAINING HIGH AMOUNTS OF ORGANIC MATTER AND STOCKPILE OR DISPOSAL OF IT PROPERLY. HAUL ALL OBJECTIONABLE MATERIAL TO THE DESIGNATED DISPOSAL AREA.

2. PLACE STONE TO THE LINES AND DIMENSIONS SHOWN IN THE PLAN ON A FILTER FABRIC FOUNDATION.

3. KEEP THE CENTER STONE SECTION AT LEAST 9 INCHES BELOW NATURAL GROUND LEVEL WHERE THE DAM ABUTS 4. EXTEND STONE AT LEAST 1.5 FEET BEYOND THE DITCH BANK TO KEEP WATER FROM CUTTING AROUND THE ENDS

6. PROTECT THE CHANNEL AFTER THE LOWEST CHECK DAM FROM HEAVY FLOW THAT COULD CAUSE EROSION. 7. MATERIAL USED IN THE STONE SECTION SHOULD BE A WELL-GRADED MIXTURE OF STONE WITH A d50 SIZE OF 9 INCHES(CLASS B EROSION CONTROL STONE IS RECOMMENDED) AND A MAXIMUM STONE SIZE OF 14 INCHES. THE STONE

SHOULD BE HARD, ANGULAR, AND HIGHLY WEATHER-RESISTANT 8. STABILIZE THE EMBANKMENT AND ALL DISTURBED AREAS ABOVE THE SEDIMENT POOL AND DOWNSTREAM FROM THE TRAP IMMEDIATELY AFTER CONSTRUCTION.

9. ENSURE THAT OTHER AREAS OF THE CHANNEL, SUCH AS CULVERT ENTRANCES BELOW THE CHECK DAMS, ARE NOT

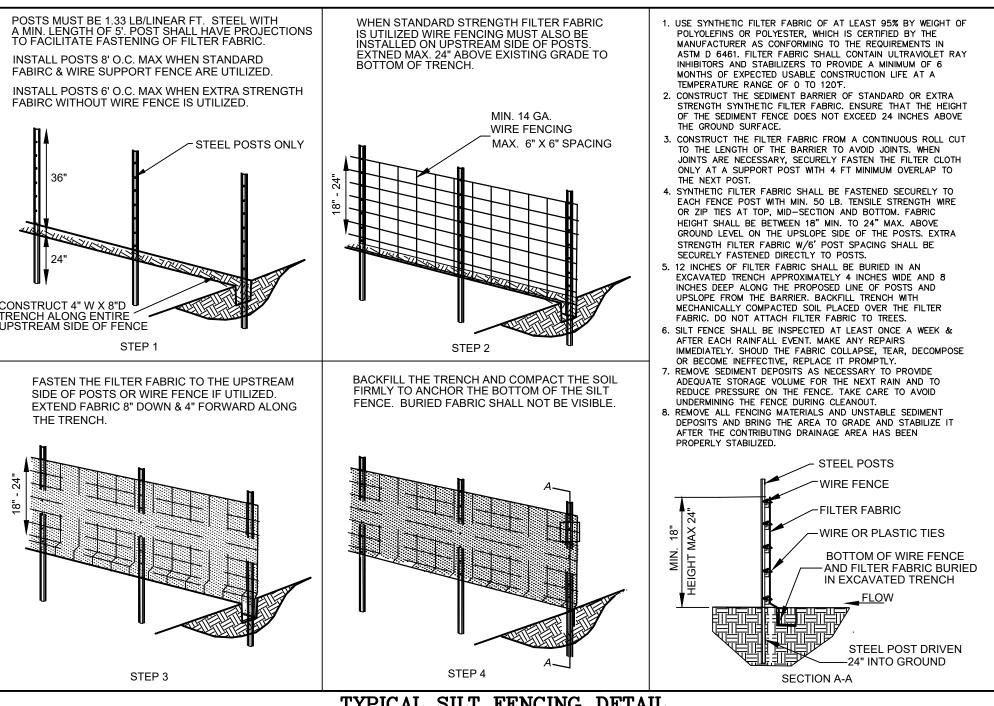
MAY BE MACHINE PLACED AND THE SMALLER STONES WORKED INTO THE VOIDS OF THE LARGER STONES. THE STONE

MAINTENANCE OF TEMPORARY STONE CHECK DAMS: INSPECT CHECK DAMS AND CHANNELS AT LEAST WEEKLY AND AFTER EACH SIGNIFICANT (3" OR GREATER) RAINFALL

5. ALL CUT AND FILL SLOPES SHOULD BE 2:1 OR FLATTER.

SUBJECT TO DAMAGE OR BLOCKAGE FROM DISPLACES STONES.

EVENT AND REPAIR IMMEDIATELY. CLEAN OUT SEDIMENT, STRAW, LIMBS, OR OTHER DEBRIS WHEN NEEDED. REMOVE SEDIMENT ACCUMULATION BEHIND THE DAMS AS NEEDED TO PREVENT DAMAGE TO CHANNEL VEGETATION, ALLOW THE CHANNEL TO DRAIN THROUGH THE STONE CHECK DAM. AND PREVENT LARGE FLOWS FROM CARRYING SEDIMENT OVER THE DAM. ADD STONES TO DAMS AS NEEDED TO MAINTAIN DESIGN HEIGHT AND CROSS SECTION.



TYPICAL SILT FENCING DETAIL NOT TO SCALE LOCATION AS NOTED ON PLAN

NO SCAI BPG MSB KFW/DMK SHEET

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ROJECT NO:

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Implementing the details and specifications on this plan sheet will result in the construction activity being considered compliant with the Ground Stabilization and Materials Handling sections of the NCG01 Construction General Permit (Sections E and F, respectively). The permittee shall comply with the Erosion and Sediment Control plan approved by the delegated authority having jurisdiction. All details and specifications shown on this sheet may not apply depending on site conditions and the delegated authority having jurisdiction.

SECTION E: GROUND STABILIZATION

Required Ground Stabilization Timeframes				
Site Area Description		Stabilize within this many calendar days after ceasing land disturbance	Timeframe variations	
(a)	Perimeter dikes, swales, ditches, and perimeter slopes	7	None	
(b)	High Quality Water (HQW) Zones	7	None	
(c)	Slopes steeper than 3:1	7	If slopes are 10' or less in length and are not steeper than 2:1, 14 days are allowed	
(d)	Slopes 3:1 to 4:1	14	-7 days for slopes greater than 50' in length and with slopes steeper than 4:1 -7 days for perimeter dikes, swales, ditches, perimeter slopes and HQW Zones -10 days for Falls Lake Watershed	
(e)	Areas with slopes flatter than 4:1	14	-7 days for perimeter dikes, swales, ditches, perimeter slopes and HQW Zones -10 days for Falls Lake Watershed unless there is zero slope	

Note: After the permanent cessation of construction activities, any areas with temporary ground stabilization shall be converted to permanent ground stabilization as soon as practicable but in no case longer than 90 calendar days after the last land disturbing activity. Temporary ground stabilization shall be maintained in a manner to render the surface stable against accelerated erosion until permanent ground stabilization is achieved.

GROUND STABILIZATION SPECIFICATION

Stabilize the ground sufficiently so that rain will not dislodge the soil. Use one of the techniques in the table below:

Temporary Stabilization	Permanent Stabilization
 Temporary grass seed covered with straw or other mulches and tackifiers Hydroseeding Rolled erosion control products with or without temporary grass seed Appropriately applied straw or other mulch Plastic sheeting 	 Permanent grass seed covered with straw or other mulches and tackifiers Geotextile fabrics such as permanent soil reinforcement matting Hydroseeding Shrubs or other permanent plantings covered with mulch Uniform and evenly distributed ground cover sufficient to restrain erosion Structural methods such as concrete, asphalt or retaining walls
	Rolled erosion control products with grass seed

POLYACRYLAMIDES (PAMS) AND FLOCCULANTS

- 1. Select flocculants that are appropriate for the soils being exposed during construction, selecting from the NC DWR List of Approved PAMS/Flocculants.
- 2. Apply flocculants at or before the inlets to Erosion and Sediment Control Measures.
- 3. Apply flocculants at the concentrations specified in the NC DWR List of Approved PAMS/Flocculants and in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.
- Provide ponding area for containment of treated Stormwater before discharging offsite.
- 5. Store flocculants in leak-proof containers that are kept under storm-resistant cover or surrounded by secondary containment structures.

EQUIPMENT AND VEHICLE MAINTENANCE

- 1. Maintain vehicles and equipment to prevent discharge of fluids.
- 2. Provide drip pans under any stored equipment.
- 3. Identify leaks and repair as soon as feasible, or remove leaking equipment from the project.
- 4. Collect all spent fluids, store in separate containers and properly dispose as hazardous waste (recycle when possible).
- Remove leaking vehicles and construction equipment from service until the problem has been corrected.
- 5. Bring used fuels, lubricants, coolants, hydraulic fluids and other petroleum products to a recycling or disposal center that handles these materials.

LITTER. BUILDING MATERIAL AND LAND CLEARING WASTE

- 1. Never bury or burn waste. Place litter and debris in approved waste containers.
- 2. Provide a sufficient number and size of waste containers (e.g dumpster, trash receptacle) on site to contain construction and domestic wastes.
- 3. Locate waste containers at least 50 feet away from storm drain inlets and surface waters unless no other alternatives are reasonably available.
- 4. Locate waste containers on areas that do not receive substantial amounts of runoff from upland areas and does not drain directly to a storm drain, stream or wetland.
- Cover waste containers at the end of each workday and before storm events or provide secondary containment. Repair or replace damaged waste containers.
- 6. Anchor all lightweight items in waste containers during times of high winds.
- 7. Empty waste containers as needed to prevent overflow. Clean up immediately if containers overflow.
- 8. Dispose waste off-site at an approved disposal facility.
- 9. On business days, clean up and dispose of waste in designated waste containers.

PAINT AND OTHER LIQUID WASTE

- 1. Do not dump paint and other liquid waste into storm drains, streams or wetlands.
- 2. Locate paint washouts at least 50 feet away from storm drain inlets and surface waters unless no other alternatives are reasonably available.
- 3. Contain liquid wastes in a controlled area.
- Containment must be labeled, sized and placed appropriately for the needs of site.
- 5. Prevent the discharge of soaps, solvents, detergents and other liquid wastes from construction sites.

PORTABLE TOILETS

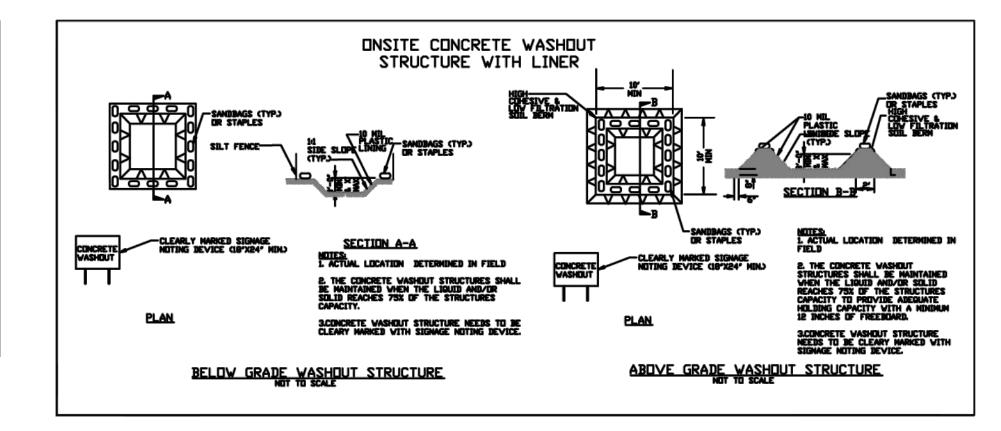
- 1. Install portable toilets on level ground, at least 50 feet away from storm drains, streams or wetlands unless there is no alternative reasonably available. If 50 foot offset is not attainable, provide relocation of portable toilet behind silt fence or place on a gravel pad and surround with sand bags.
- 2. Provide staking or anchoring of portable toilets during periods of high winds or in high foot traffic areas.
- 3. Monitor portable toilets for leaking and properly dispose of any leaked material.

 Utilize a licensed sanitary waste hauler to remove leaking portable toilets and replace with properly operating unit.

EARTHEN STOCKPILE MANAGEMENT

- Show stockpile locations on plans. Locate earthen-material stockpile areas at least 50 feet away from storm drain inlets, sediment basins, perimeter sediment controls and surface waters unless it can be shown no other alternatives are reasonably available.
- Protect stockpile with silt fence installed along toe of slope with a minimum offset of five feet from the toe of stockpile.
- 3. Provide stable stone access point when feasible.
- 4. Stabilize stockpile within the timeframes provided on this sheet and in accordance with the approved plan and any additional requirements. Soil stabilization is defined as vegetative, physical or chemical coverage techniques that will restrain accelerated erosion on disturbed soils for temporary or permanent control needs.





CONCRETE WASHOUTS

- 1. Do not discharge concrete or cement slurry from the site.
- 2. Dispose of, or recycle settled, hardened concrete residue in accordance with local and state solid waste regulations and at an approved facility.
- 3. Manage washout from mortar mixers in accordance with the above item and in addition place the mixer and associated materials on impervious barrier and within lot perimeter silt fence.
- 4. Install temporary concrete washouts per local requirements, where applicable. If an alternate method or product is to be used, contact your approval authority for review and approval. If local standard details are not available, use one of the two types of temporary concrete washouts provided on this detail.
- 5. Do not use concrete washouts for dewatering or storing defective curb or sidewalk sections. Stormwater accumulated within the washout may not be pumped into or discharged to the storm drain system or receiving surface waters. Liquid waste must be pumped out and removed from project.
- 6. Locate washouts at least 50 feet from storm drain inlets and surface waters unless it can be shown that no other alternatives are reasonably available. At a minimum, install protection of storm drain inlet(s) closest to the washout which could receive spills or overflow.
- 7. Locate washouts in an easily accessible area, on level ground and install a stone entrance pad in front of the washout. Additional controls may be required by the approving authority.
- 8. Install at least one sign directing concrete trucks to the washout within the project limits. Post signage on the washout itself to identify this location.
- 9. Remove leavings from the washout when at approximately 75% capacity to limit overflow events. Replace the tarp, sand bags or other temporary structural components when no longer functional. When utilizing alternative or proprietary products, follow manufacturer's instructions.
- 10. At the completion of the concrete work, remove remaining leavings and dispose of in an approved disposal facility. Fill pit, if applicable, and stabilize any disturbance caused by removal of washout.

HERBICIDES, PESTICIDES AND RODENTICIDES

- Store and apply herbicides, pesticides and rodenticides in accordance with label restrictions.
- Store herbicides, pesticides and rodenticides in their original containers with the label, which lists directions for use, ingredients and first aid steps in case of accidental poisoning.
- Do not store herbicides, pesticides and rodenticides in areas where flooding is
 possible or where they may spill or leak into wells, stormwater drains, ground water
 or surface water. If a spill occurs, clean area immediately.
- Do not stockpile these materials onsite.

HAZARDOUS AND TOXIC WASTE

- Create designated hazardous waste collection areas on-site.
- 2. Place hazardous waste containers under cover or in secondary containment.
- 3. Do not store hazardous chemicals, drums or bagged materials directly on the ground.

EFFECTIVE: 04/01/19

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PART III SELF-INSPECTION, RECORDKEEPING AND REPORTING

SECTION A: SELF-INSPECTION

Self-inspections are required during normal business hours in accordance with the table below. When adverse weather or site conditions would cause the safety of the inspection personnel to be in jeopardy, the inspection may be delayed until the next business day on which it is safe to perform the inspection. In addition, when a storm event of equal to or greater than 1.0 inch occurs outside of normal business hours, the self-inspection shall be performed upon the commencement of the next business day. Any time when inspections were delayed shall be noted in the Inspection Record.

	Frequency		
Inspect	(during normal	Inspection records must include:	
	business hours)		
(1) Rain gauge maintained in good working order	Daily	Daily rainfall amounts. If no daily rain gauge observations are made during weekend or holiday periods, and no individual-day rainfall information is available, record the cumulative rain measurement for those unattended days (and this will determine if a site inspection is needed). Days on which no rainfall occurred shall be recorded as "zero." The permittee may use another rain-monitoring device	
		approved by the Division.	
(2) E&SC Measures	At least once per 7 calendar days and within 24 hours of a rain event ≥ 1.0 inch in 24 hours	 Identification of the measures inspected, Date and time of the inspection, Name of the person performing the inspection, Indication of whether the measures were operating properly, Description of maintenance needs for the measure, Description, evidence, and date of corrective actions taken. 	
(3) Stormwater discharge outfalls (SDCs)	At least once per 7 calendar days and within 24 hours of a rain event ≥ 1.0 inch in 24 hours	 Identification of the discharge outfalls inspected, Date and time of the inspection, Name of the person performing the inspection, Evidence of indicators of stormwater pollution such as oil sheen, floating or suspended solids or discoloration, Indication of visible sediment leaving the site, Description, evidence, and date of corrective actions taken. 	
(4) Perimeter of site	At least once per 7 calendar days and within 24 hours of a rain event ≥ 1.0 inch in 24 hours	 If visible sedimentation is found outside site limits, then a record of the following shall be made: Actions taken to clean up or stabilize the sediment that has left the site limits, Description, evidence, and date of corrective actions taken, and An explanation as to the actions taken to control future releases. 	
(5) Streams or wetlands onsite or offsite (where accessible)	At least once per 7 calendar days and within 24 hours of a rain event ≥ 1.0 inch in 24 hours After each phase	If the stream or wetland has increased visible sedimentation or a stream has visible increased turbidity from the construction activity, then a record of the following shall be made: 1. Description, evidence and date of corrective actions taken, and 2. Records of the required reports to the appropriate Division Regional Office per Part III, Section C, Item (2)(a) of this permit. 1. The phase of grading (installation of perimeter E&SC	
stabilization measures	of grading	 The phase of grading (installation of perimeter E&SC measures, clearing and grubbing, installation of storm drainage facilities, completion of all land-disturbing activity, construction or redevelopment, permanent ground cover). Documentation that the required ground stabilization measures have been provided within the required timeframe or an assurance that they will be provided as soon as possible. 	

NOTE: The rain inspection resets the required 7 calendar day inspection requirement.

PART III SELF-INSPECTION, RECORDKEEPING AND REPORTING

SECTION B: RECORDKEEPING

1. E&SC Plan Documentation

The approved E&SC plan as well as any approved deviation shall be kept on the site. The approved E&SC plan must be kept up-to-date throughout the coverage under this permit. The following items pertaining to the E&SC plan shall be kept on site and available for inspection at all times during normal business hours.

Item to Document	Documentation Requirements	
(a) Each E&SC measure has been installed and does not significantly deviate from the locations, dimensions and relative elevations shown on the approved E&SC plan.	Initial and date each E&SC measure on a copy of the approved E&SC plan or complete, date and sign an inspection report that lists each E&SC measure shown on the approved E&SC plan. This documentation is required upon the initial installation of the E&SC measures or if the E&SC measures are modified after initial installation.	
(b) A phase of grading has been completed.	Initial and date a copy of the approved E&SC plan or complete, date and sign an inspection report to indicate completion of the construction phase.	
(c) Ground cover is located and installed in accordance with the approved E&SC plan.	Initial and date a copy of the approved E&SC plan or complete, date and sign an inspection report to indicate compliance with approved ground cover specifications.	
(d) The maintenance and repair requirements for all E&SC measures have been performed.	Complete, date and sign an inspection report.	
(e) Corrective actions have been taken to E&SC measures.	Initial and date a copy of the approved E&SC plan or complete, date and sign an inspection report to indicate the completion of the corrective action.	

2. Additional Documentation to be Kept on Site

In addition to the E&SC plan documents above, the following items shall be kept on the site and available for inspectors at all times during normal business hours, unless the Division provides a site-specific exemption based on unique site conditions that make this requirement not practical:

- (a) This General Permit as well as the Certificate of Coverage, after it is received.
- (b) Records of inspections made during the previous twelve months. The permittee shall record the required observations on the Inspection Record Form provided by the Division or a similar inspection form that includes all the required elements. Use of electronically-available records in lieu of the required paper copies will be allowed if shown to provide equal access and utility as the hard-copy records.

3. Documentation to be Retained for Three Years

All data used to complete the e-NOI and all inspection records shall be maintained for a period of three years after project completion and made available upon request. [40 CFR 122.41]

PART II, SECTION G, ITEM (4) DRAW DOWN OF SEDIMENT BASINS FOR MAINTENANCE OR CLOSE OUT

Sediment basins and traps that receive runoff from drainage areas of one acre or more shall use outlet structures that withdraw water from the surface when these devices need to be drawn down for maintenance or close out unless this is infeasible. The circumstances in which it is not feasible to withdraw water from the surface shall be rare (for example, times with extended cold weather). Non-surface withdrawals from sediment basins shall be allowed only when all of the following criteria have been met:

- (a) The E&SC plan authority has been provided with documentation of the non-surface withdrawal and the specific time periods or conditions in which it will occur. The non-surface withdrawal shall not commence until the E&SC plan authority has approved these items,
- (b) The non-surface withdrawal has been reported as an anticipated bypass in accordance with Part III, Section C, Item (2)(c) and (d) of this permit,
- (c) Dewatering discharges are treated with controls to minimize discharges of pollutants from stormwater that is removed from the sediment basin. Examples of appropriate controls include properly sited, designed and maintained dewatering tanks, weir tanks, and filtration systems,
- (d) Vegetated, upland areas of the sites or a properly designed stone pad is used to the extent feasible at the outlet of the dewatering treatment devices described in Item (c) above,
- (e) Velocity dissipation devices such as check dams, sediment traps, and riprap are provided at the discharge points of all dewatering devices, and
- Sediment removed from the dewatering treatment devices described in Item (c) above is disposed of in a manner that does not cause deposition of sediment into waters of the United States.

PART III SELF-INSPECTION, RECORDKEEPING AND REPORTING

SECTION C: REPORTING

1. Occurrences that Must be Reported

Permittees shall report the following occurrences:

- (a) Visible sediment deposition in a stream or wetland.
- (b) Oil spills if:
 - They are 25 gallons or more,
 - They are less than 25 gallons but cannot be cleaned up within 24 hours,
 - They cause sheen on surface waters (regardless of volume), or
 - They are within 100 feet of surface waters (regardless of volume).
- (c) Releases of hazardous substances in excess of reportable quantities under Section 311 of the Clean Water Act (Ref: 40 CFR 110.3 and 40 CFR 117.3) or Section 102 of CERCLA (Ref: 40 CFR 302.4) or G.S. 143-215.85.
- (d) Anticipated bypasses and unanticipated bypasses.
- (e) Noncompliance with the conditions of this permit that may endanger health or the environment.

2. Reporting Timeframes and Other Requirements

After a permittee becomes aware of an occurrence that must be reported, he shall contact the appropriate Division regional office within the timeframes and in accordance with the other requirements listed below. Occurrences outside normal business hours may also be reported to the Department's Environmental Emergency Center personnel at (800) 858-0368.

Occurrence	Reporting Timeframes (After Discovery) and Other Requirements
(a) Visible sediment deposition in a stream or wetland	 Within 24 hours, an oral or electronic notification. Within 7 calendar days, a report that contains a description of the sediment and actions taken to address the cause of the deposition. Division staff may waive the requirement for a written report on a case-by-case basis. If the stream is named on the NC 303(d) list as impaired for sediment-
	related causes, the permittee may be required to perform additional monitoring, inspections or apply more stringent practices if staff determine that additional requirements are needed to assure complian with the federal or state impaired-waters conditions.
(b) Oil spills and release of hazardous substances per Item 1(b)-(c) above	 Within 24 hours, an oral or electronic notification. The notification shall include information about the date, time, nature, volume and location of the spill or release.
(c) Anticipated bypasses [40 CFR 122.41(m)(3)]	 A report at least ten days before the date of the bypass, if possible. The report shall include an evaluation of the anticipated quality and effect of the bypass.
(d) Unanticipated bypasses [40 CFR 122.41(m)(3)]	 Within 24 hours, an oral or electronic notification. Within 7 calendar days, a report that includes an evaluation of the quality and effect of the bypass.
(e) Noncompliance with the conditions of this permit that may endanger health or the environment[40 CFR 122.41(I)(7)]	 Within 24 hours, an oral or electronic notification. Within 7 calendar days, a report that contains a description of the noncompliance, and its causes; the period of noncompliance, including exact dates and times, and if the noncompliance has not been corrected, the anticipated time noncompliance is expected to continue; and steps taken or planned to reduce, eliminate, and prevent reoccurrence of the noncompliance. [40 CFR 122.41(I)(6). Division staff may waive the requirement for a written report on a case-by-case basis.



NCG01 SELF-INSPECTION, RECORDKEEPING AND REPORTING

EFFECTIVE: 04/01/19

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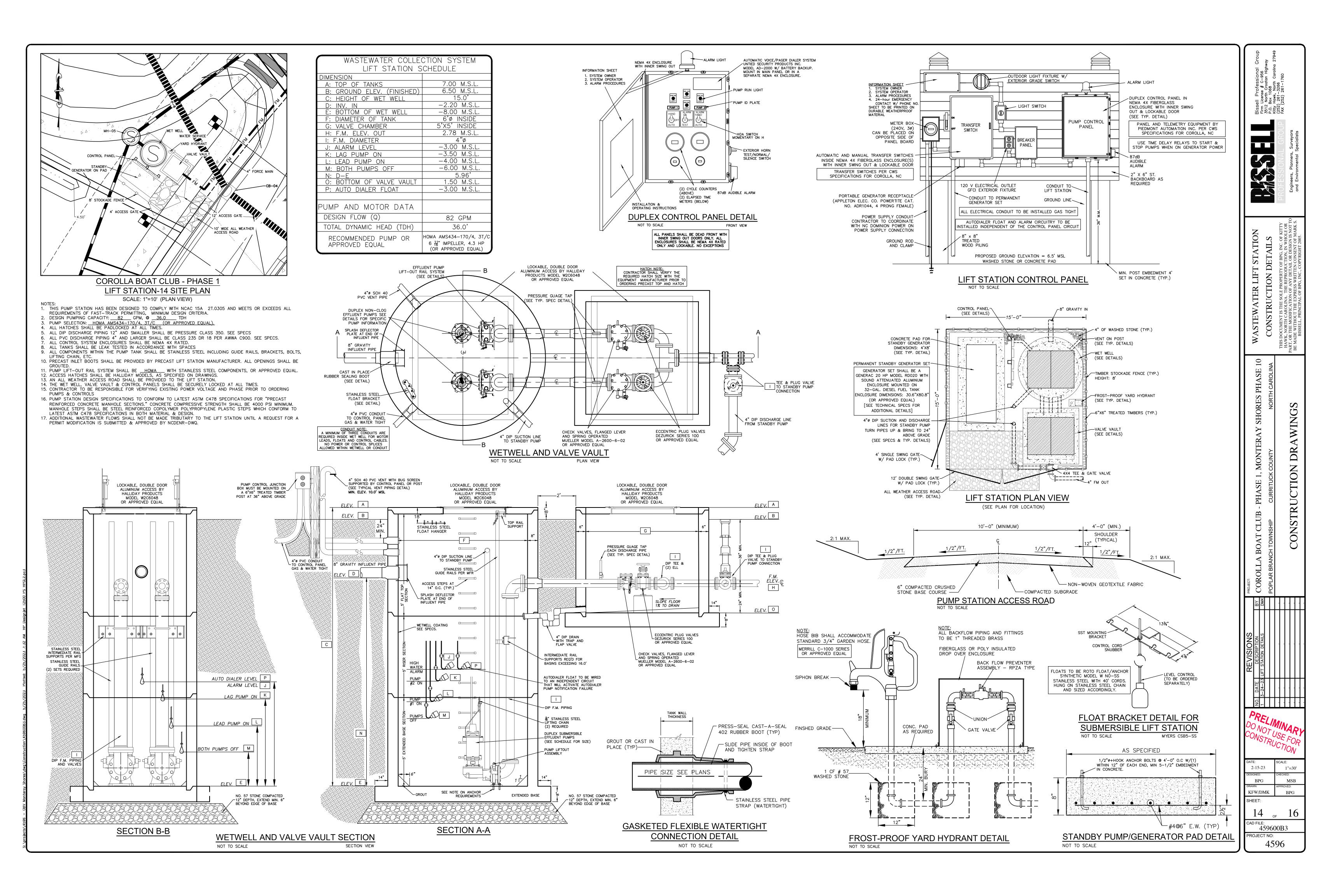
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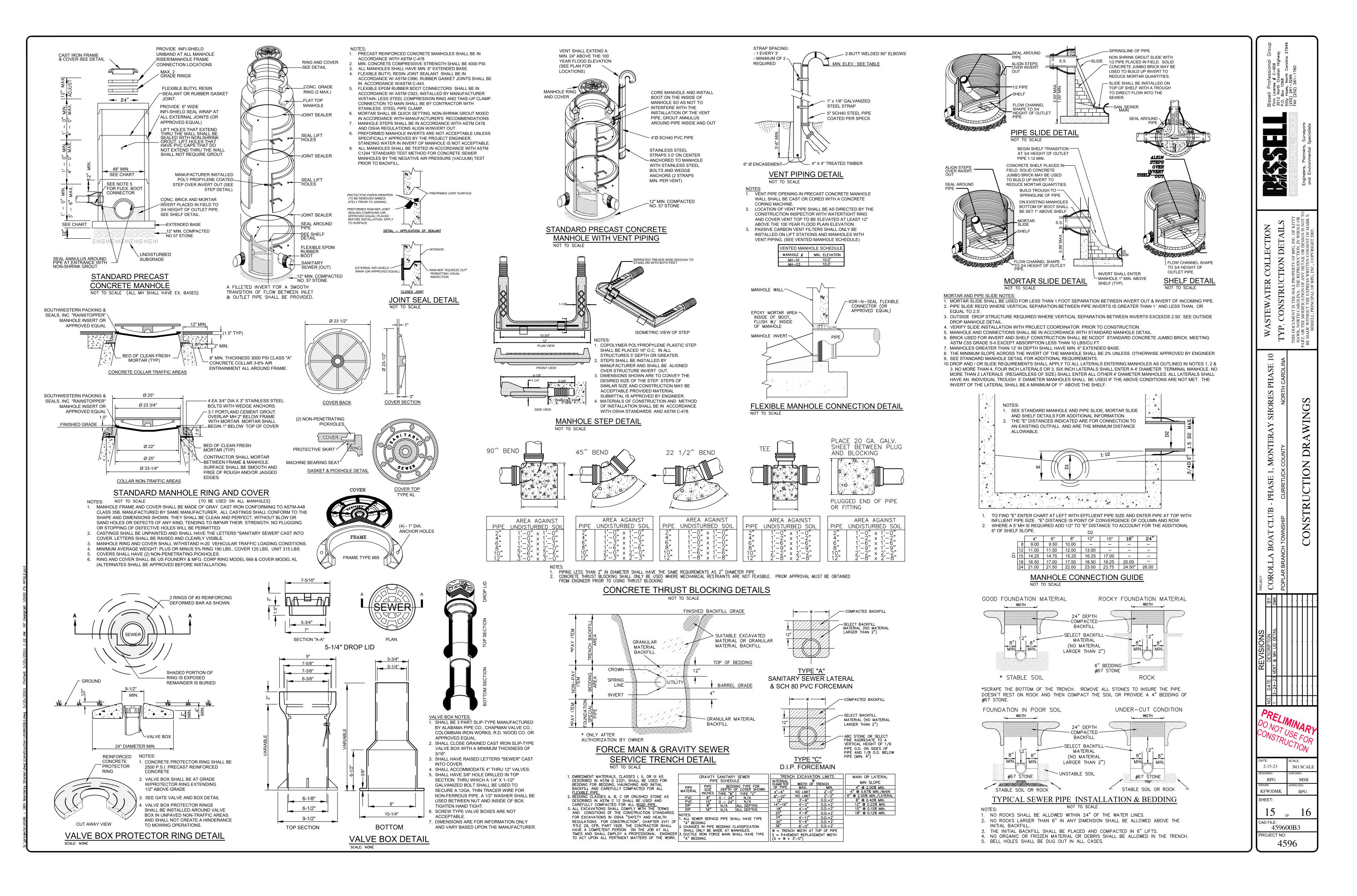
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NOTES/TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS THE NOTES CONTAINED HEREIN ARE INTENDED TO SUPPLEMENT THE TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS AND PROVIDE EASY REFERENCE FOR THE CONTRACTOR. IN NO CASE SHALL THESE NOTES VOID ANY PART, SECTION OR REQUIREMENT OUTLINED IN THE TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS CONTAINED IN THE CONTRACT DOCUMENTS. IF CONFLICTS OCCUR BETWEEN THE TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS AND THE NOTES CONTAINED HEREIN, THE TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS SHALL SUPERSEDE.

CONTRACTOR IS CHARGED WITH PERFORMING SITE INVESTIGATIONS TO ASCERTAIN EXISTING SITE CONDITIONS. PHOTOGRAPHIC DOCUMENTATION OF PRE-EXISTING CONSTRUCTION CONDITIONS WILL BE CONDUCTED BY THE ENGINEER FOR DETERMINATION OF COMPLIANCE WITH CONDITIONS NOTED HEREON.

SENERAL NOTES

ACCESS TO SITES SHALL BE BY PUBLIC RIGHT-OF-WAYS AND UTILITY EASEMENTS. OTHER ACCESS LOCATIONS REQUIRED SHALL BE SECURED BY THE CONTRACTOR AT NO ADDITIONAL EXPENSE TO THE OWNER. SUPPLEMENTAL EROSION CONTROL MEASURES SHALL BE REQUIRED TO INCLUDE CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCES, SILT FENCING, RESTORATION, ETC. ADDITIONAL MEASURES SHALL BE INCLUDED AS PART OF A SUPPLEMENTAL EROSION CONTROL PLAN PREPARED BY THE CONTRACTOR.

- THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE REQUIRED TO PROVIDE THE CONSTRUCTION STAGING AREA AT HIS EXPENSE.
- THE CONTRACTOR IS EXPECTED AND REQUIRED TO COOPERATE WITH THE PROPERTY OWNERS AFFECTED BY THE WORK, MAIL ADJOINING PROPERTY OWNER LETTERS TO EFFECTED PROPERTY OWNERS NOTIFYING THEM THAT WORK WILL BE OCCURRING WITHIN THE AREAS ADJOINING THEIR PROPERTIES. THIS LETTER SHALL GIVE PROPERTY OWNERS A MINIMUM OF 14 DAYS WRITTEN NOTICE PRIOR TO COMMENCEMENT OF CONSTRUCTION FOR REMOVAL OF ANY PERSONAL ITEMS FROM THE RIGHT- OF-WAY. THE LETTER OUTLINES THE EXTENT OF THE WORK TO BE PERFORMED TO INCLUDE DRIVEWAY DISRUPTIONS
- CONTRACTOR SHALL MAINTAIN A NEAT AND CLEAN JOB-SITE TO INCLUDE STAGING/STORAGE AREAS AS FOLLOWS
- PERFORM DUST CONTROL BY WATERING DAILY OR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER AND/OR CURRITUCK COUNTY. SWEEP STREETS A MINIMUM OF ONCE WEEKLY (FRIDAY) OR AS
- DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER AND/OR CURRITUCK COUNTY. BLADE, LEVEL AND RE-COMPACT ALL EXPOSED TRENCHES WEEKLY (OR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER) TO PRODUCE A SMOOTH "RIDE". 8. STORM DRAINAGE REPAIRS BY CONTRACTOR DUE TO CONSTRUCTION DAMAGE AND PERFORM DAILY CLEAN-UP OF ALL DIRT, DEBRIS AND SCRAP MATERIALS.
- REMOVE EXCESS EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, TOOLS, ETC. NOT NEEDED. -ANY DRIVEWAY REMOVALS MUST HAVE A TEMPORARY SURFACE INSTALLED WITHIN THE SAME DAY AS REMOVAL. APPROVED SURFACES MAY CONSIST OF EITHER ABC OR MILLINGS.
- THE WORK WITHIN RIGHT OF WAY AREAS MUST BE KEPT IN AN ORDERLY AND NEAT FASHION. NO MATERIAL (SOILS, GRAVEL OR OTHER PROJECT FILL) CAN

 10. ALL CONSTRUCTION OF SANITARY SEWER MAINS AND APPURTENANCES IN THE BE PLACED DIRECTLY ON ANY STREET SURFACE WITHOUT MATTING BEING PUT DOWN FIRST. ANY DAMAGE TO ANY ROAD SURFACE FROM CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES MUST BE REPAIRED AT OWNERS EXPENSE
- EXCESS SUITABLE SOIL EXCAVATED DURING CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE STOCKPILED FOR USE ON THE PROJECT OR DISPOSED OF OFF-SITE AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL NOT BE ALLOWED TO STOCKPILE MATERIALS OR EXCESS MATERIALS IN THE STREET RIGHT-OF-WAYS AT ANY TIME. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE A SUFFICIENT AND SUITABLE STOCKPILE AREA AND LOCATION AT THE CONTRACTOR'S EXPENSE.
- CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE MEASURES DURING CONSTRUCTION TO SECURE THE SITE AND EXCAVATION FROM THE GENERAL PUBLIC AND COMPLY WITH ALL OSHA REGULATIONS. JOB SITE SAFETY IS THE EXCLUSIVE AND SOLE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE CONTRACTOR. OPEN EXCAVATION LEFT UNATTENDED OR OVER NIGHT IS NOT ACCEPTABLE AND SHALL BE FILLED IMMEDIATELY.
- CONTRACTOR SHALL REPAIR OR REPLACE DRIVES DISTURBED BY CONSTRUCTION TO EXISTING OR BETTER CONDITIONS. NO SEPARATE PAYMENT UNLESS OTHERWISE INDICATED.
- CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE TEMPORARY FENCING WHERE FENCES ARE REMOVED FOR CONSTRUCTION. CONTRACTOR SHALL COORDINATE FENCE REMOVAL OR REINSTALLATION WITH INDIVIDUAL PROPERTY OWNERS PRIOR TO REMOVAL. CONTRACTOR SHALL REINSTALL ALL SHEDS, FENCES, ETC. TO AS GOOD OR BETTER THAN EXISTING CONDITIONS UNLESS OTHERWISE INDICATED. (NO SEPARATE PAYMENT).
- CONTRACTOR SHALL REPLACE ALL DISTURBED MAILBOXES, SIGNS, ETC. DISTURBED DURING CONSTRUCTION WITHIN 24 HOURS OF DISTURBANCE. PERMANENT ROAD SIGNAGE DISTURBED SHALL BE REPLACED IMMEDIATELY AND IF NECESSARY ROADWAY SIGNS SHALL BE TEMPORARILY INSTALLED IN A LOCATION CONSISTENT WITH THE NCMUTCD TO PROVIDE CONTINUOUS TRAFFIC AWARENESS OF ROADWAY CONDITIONS. (NO SEPARATE PAYMENT).
- CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE SECURITY FENCING, SECURITY GUARD, AND ANY AND ALL OTHER MEASURES CONTRACTOR DEEMS NECESSARY TO PROTECT EQUIPMENT AND MATERIALS STORED ON THE PROJECT. (NO SEPARATE PAYMENT)
- WHERE CONTRACTOR CEASES WORK OPERATIONS FOR A 72 HOUR PERIOD OR LONGER, SUCH AS HOLIDAYS, ETC., THE FOLLOWING SHALL BE ACCOMPLISHED PRIOR TO THE WORK STOPPAGE.
 - A. CONTRACTOR SHALL STORE ALL EQUIPMENT IN THE CONTRACTOR STAGING AREA OR OFF SITE.
 - B. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL SWEEP ALL STREETS, PERFORM GENERAL CLEANUP AND SHALL PERFORM MAINTENANCE ON ALL EXPOSED
- CONTRACTOR SHALL SCHEDULE WORK AND MATERIAL DELIVERIES SO THAT STORED MATERIAL QUANTITIES ON THE JOB SITE SHALL BE
- CONTRACTOR SHALL STORE ALL MATERIALS IN THE CONTRACTOR STAGING AREA 72 HOURS PRIOR TO INCORPORATING INTO THE WORK TO REDUCE UTILITIES ARE BEING CONSTRUCTED IN EASEMENTS OUT OF TRAFFIC AREAS CONTRACTOR MAY STORE MATERIALS AHEAD OF CONSTRUCTION FOR A DISTANCE NOT GREATER THAN 1800 FEET UNLESS APPROVED OTHERWISE BY THE ENGINEER.
- CLEARING AND GRUBBING SHALL BE RESTRICTED TO PERMANENT EASEMENTS ONLY. CONTRACTOR SHALL LIMIT TREE/BUSH CLEARING IN LINES TO ONLY ABSOLUTELY NECESSARY FOR CONSTRUCTION.

RELATION OF WATER MAINS TO SEWERS

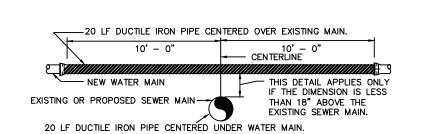
- A) <u>LATERAL SEPARATION OF SEWERS AND WATER MAINS.</u> WATER MAINS SHALL BE LAID AT LEAST 10 FEET LATERALLY FROM EXISTING OR PROPOSED SEWERS, UNLESS LOCAL CONDITIONS OR BARRIERS PREVENT A 10-FOOT LATERAL SEPARATION--IN WHICH CASE (1) THE WATER MAIN IS LAID IN A SEPARATE TRENCH, WITH THE ELEVATION
- OF THE BOTTOM OF THE WATER MAIN AT LEAST 18 INCHES ABOVE THE TOP OF THE SEWER: OR (2) THE WATER MAIN IS LAID IN THE SAME TRENCH AS THE SEWER WITH THE WATER MAIN LOCATED AT ONE SIDE ON A BENCH OF UNDISTURBED EARTH, AND WITH THE ELEVATION OF THE BOTTOM OF THE WATER
- MAIN AT LEAST 18 INCHES ABOVE THE TOP OF THE SEWER. B) CROSSING A WATER MAIN OVER A SEWER. WHENEVER IT IS NECESSARY FOR A WATER MAIN TO CROSS OVER A SEWER, THE WATER MAIN SHALL BE LAID AT SUCH AN ELEVATION THAT THE BOTTOM OF THE WATER MAIN IS AT LEAST 18 INCHES ABOVE THE TOP OF THE SEWER, UNLESS LOCAL CONDITIONS OR BARRIERS PREVENT AN 18 INCH VERTICAL SEPARATION--IN WHICH CASE BOTH THE WATER MAIN AND SEWER SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED
- THE POINT OF CROSSING. CROSSING A WATER MAIN UNDER A SEWER. WHENEVER IT IS NECESSAR) FOR A WATER MAIN TO CROSS UNDER A SEWER, BOTH THE WATER MAIN AND SEWER SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED OF FERROLIS MATERIALS AND WITH JOINTS EQUIVALENT TO WATER MAIN STANDARDS FOR A DISTANCE OF 10 FEET ON EACH SIDE OF THE POINT OF CROSSING. A SECTION OF WATER MAIN PIPE SHALL BE CENTERED AT THE POINT OF CROSSING.

OF FERROUS MATERIALS AND WITH JOINTS THAT ARE EQUIVALENT TO

WATER MAIN STANDARDS FOR A DISTANCE OF 10 FEET ON EACH SIDE OF

CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCE NOTES

- PRIOR TO COMMENCEMENT OF ANY WORK WITHIN EASEMENTS OR RIGHTS-OF-WAYS THE CONTRACTOR IS REQUIRED TO NOTIFY CONCERNED UTILITY COMPANIES IN ACCORDANCE WITH GS 87-102. CONTRACTOR SHALL VERIFY LOCATION OF EXISTING UTILITIES PRIOR TO BEGINNING CONSTRUCTION. NO SEPARATE PAYMENT. EXISTING UTILITIES SHOWN ARE TAKEN FROM MAPS FURNISHED BY VARIOUS UTILITY COMPANIES AND HAVE NOT BEEN PHYSICALLY LOCATED (I.E. TELEPHONE, GAS, CABLE, ETC.).
- 2. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL DIG UP EACH UTILITY WHICH MAY CONFLICT WITH CONSTRUCTION 14 DAYS IN ADVANCE TO VERIFY LOCATIONS (HORIZONTALLY AND VERTICALLY) TO ALLOW THE ENGINEER AN OPPORTUNITY TO ADJUST THE DESIGN TO AVOID CONFLICTS (NO SEPARATE PAYMENT).
- 3. ALL SANITARY SEWER & WATER CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS OF THE NCDENR-DWQ & NCDENR-PWS. STORM DRAINAGE, STREET CONSTRUCTION AND PAVING SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH
- 4. UTILITY SERVICES TO INDIVIDUAL PROPERTIES ARE NOT SHOWN IN THE PROFILES FOR SIMPLICITY OF THE DRAWINGS. SERVICES MAY INCLUDE WATER LATERALS, TELEPHONE, ELECTRIC, CABLE, GAS, ETC.
- 5. CONTRACTOR SHALL COORDINATE WITH UTILITY OWNER AND BE RESPONSIBLE FOR TEMPORARY RELOCATION AND/OR SECURING EXISTING UTILITY POLES AND SIGNS AND/OR UTILITIES IN ACCORDANCE WITH UTILITY OWNER REQUIREMENTS DURING THE UTILITY MAIN INSTALLATION AND STREET CONSTRUCTION. (NO SEPARATE PAYMENT).
- CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE TEMPORARY SUPPORTS FOR UTILITY CROSSINGS AND REPAIR DAMAGES DUE TO CONSTRUCTION TO THE SATISFACTION OF THE UTILITY INVOLVED AT NO ADDITIONAL EXPENSE TO THE OWNER. UNDERGROUND ELECTRICAL CROSSINGS SHALL BE CROSSED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE NEC AND 23. CONTRACTOR SHALL FURNISH WEIRS, STAND PIPES, PIPE PLUGS, WATER, TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION SECTION UNDERGROUND ELECTRICAL CROSSING
- WHERE DEEMED NECESSARY BY THE ENGINEER THAT A SUBSURFACE DRAINAGE SYSTEM IS REQUIRED, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE ALL MATERIALS, TOOLS, LABOR, EQUIPMENT, TIE-IN'S TO EXISTING DRAINAGE STRUCTURES AND ALL OTHER INCIDENTALS NECESSARY TO PROVIDE COMPLETE INSTALLATION. IMPROPERLY INSTALLED AND NON-FUNCTIONING DRAINAGE SHALL BE REMOVED AND REPLACED AT THE CONTRACTOR'S EXPENSE. EXISTING FRENCH DRAINAGE DAMAGED DURING CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE REPLACED AND OR REPAIRED AT NO ADDITIONAL EXPENSE TO THE OWNER.
- JOINTS EXPOSED DURING CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE INSPECTED BY THE OWNER
- . CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE ALL LABOR, EQUIPMENT AND MATERIAL AND PERFORM ALL WORK REQUIRED FOR INSTALLATION OF SEWER LINES, MANHOLES AND APPURTENANCES AS OUTLINED ON DRAWINGS AND ON SPECIFICATIONS, ALL OF WHICH BECOME PART OF THE CONTRACT DOCUMENTS.
- COLLECTION SYSTEMS SHALL BE IN STRICT ACCORDANCE WITH PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS PREPARED AS PART OF THE CONTRACT DOCUMENTS AND AS APPROVED BY THE BPG, INC. ENGINEER. ALL MATERIALS SHALL BE NEW AND UNUSED. PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION OF THE APPROVED SANITARY SEWER, CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE FIELD STAKEOUT INCLUDING ADEQUATE LINE AND GRADE STAKES IN ORDER THAT SANITARY SEWER AND APPURTENANCES MAY BE CONSTRUCTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH CONTRACT DRAWINGS.
- 11. A PRECONSTRUCTION CONFERENCE SHALL BE HELD AT THE COMPLETION OF THE FIELD STAKEOUT WITH THE ENGINEER AN HIS/HER REPRESENTATIVE CURRITUCK COUNTY REPRESENTATIVE, NCDENR REPRESENTATIVE, AND ANY REQUISITE UTILITY REPRESENTATIVES THAT WILL REQUIRE COORDINATION WITH DURING THE COURSE OF CONSTRUCTION. A MINIMUM OF 2 DAYS NOTICE SHALL BE GIVEN FOR MEETING REPRESENTATIVES.
- 12. PREPARE PHOTOGRAPHIC DOCUMENTATION OF PRE-EXISTING CONDITIONS OF THE $\,\,\,_2$ PROJECTED CONSTRUCTION ROUTE PRIOR TO COMMENCING WORK.
- 13. IF ANY DEVIATION IS CONTEMPLATED IN LOCATION OR LINE GRADE OF ANY SEWER. STRUCTURE OR APPURTENANCE AS SHOWN ON THE CONTRACT DRAWINGS, A REVISION OF THE DRAWINGS SHOWING THE PROPOSED DEVIATION SHALL BE SUBMITTED TO THE BPG. INC. ENGINEER FOR REVIEW AND APPROVAL BEFORE ANY CHANGES ARE CONSTRUCTED. MINOR FIELD CHANGES MAY BE MADE WITH APPROVAL OF BPG, INC. APPOINTED FIELD INSPECTOR. SHOULD CONTRACTOR DISCOVER AND/OR DAMAGE ANY UNDERGROUND UTILITY FACILITIES, WHICH ARE NOT SHOWN ON DRAWINGS AND/OR MARKED ON THE GROUND, CONTRACTOR SHALL PROMPTLY NOTIFY UTILITY OWNER AND OWNER'S PROJECT REPRESENTATIVE. RELOCATION OF ANY UTILITIES SHALL BE APPROVED AND COORDINATED WITH THE APPROPRIATE UTILITY OWNER.
- 14. EXCAVATION SHALL CONFORM TO THE LINES AND GRADES SHOWN ON THE PLANS. THE WIDTH OF EXCAVATION FOR TRENCHES SHALL BE A MINIMUM OF 24". EXCAVATION SHALL NOT BE CARRIED BELOW THE ESTABLISHED GRADES AND ANY EXCAVATION BELOW THE REQUIRED LEVEL SHALL BE BACKFILLED WITH SUITABLE, THOROUGHLY COMPACTED GRANULAR BEDDING MATERIAL. CONTRACTOR SHALL INSTALL ALL SHEETING, BRACING, AND SHORING NECESSARY TO PERFORM THE WORK, TO PROTECT EXISTING STRUCTURES AND ALL EXCAVATIONS AS REQUIRED UNDER NORTH CAROLINA OSHA REGULATIONS. COMPLIANCE WITH PROVISIONS OF THE OVERHEAD HIGH VOLTAGE LINE SAFETY ACT IS REQUIRED.
- 15. DEWATERING EQUIPMENT SHALL BE SIZED TO MAINTAIN THE TRENCH IN A SATISFACTORY DEWATERED CONDITION SUITABLE FOR PIPE LAYING AND BACKFILLING. PIPE LAYING WILL BE PERMITTED ONLY WHERE THE DEPTH OF WATER $^{\circ}$ IS MAINTAINED BELOW THE BEDDING MATERIAL. BEDDING MATERIAL SHALL NOT BE PLACED ON UNSTABLE TRENCH MATERIAL.
- 16. NOT MORE THAN ONE HUNDRED FIFTY FEET (150') OF TRENCH SHALL BE OPENED IN ADVANCE OF THE COMPLETED PIPE LAYING. TRENCH WALLS SHALL BE PROTECTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH CURRENT OSHA REGULATIONS. EXCAVATION AT MANHOLES AND SIMILAR STRUCTURES SHALL PROVIDE A MINIMUM CLEARANCE OF EIGHTEEN INCHES (18") BETWEEN THE OUTER SURFACE OF THE STRUCTURE AND THE EMBANKMENT OR SHEETING
- OBSTRUCTIONS TO TRAFFIC AND INCONVENIENCE TO RESIDENTS. WHERE 17. WHEREVER FOUNDATION MATERIAL IS UNSUITABLE, IT SHALL BE EXCAVATED UNTIL A STABLE FOUNDATION IS ACHIEVED. GRANULAR MATERIAL, #67 STONE PER ASTM C 12, SHALL THEN BE PLACED IN SIX INCH (6") LAYERS AND COMPACTED UNTIL THE TRENCH BOTTOM HAS BEEN STABILIZED. STANDARD GRANULAR PIPE BEDDING MATERIAL SHALL BE PLACED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ASTM D 2321 FOR PVC PIPE AND ASTM C 12 FOR DIP.
- THE TEMPORARY EASEMENTS, BETWEEN HOUSES AND ALONG PROPERTY 18. ALL GRAVITY SEWER MAINS, SERVICE LATERALS AND FORCE MAINS SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM COVER OF THREE FEET (3') AS MEASURED FROM TOP OF PIPE TO FINISH GRADE. THE BPG, INC. ENGINEER MAY REQUIRE ADDITIONAL COVER AS NEEDED FOR PIPE PROTECTION. SEWERS, WHICH HAVE A DEPTH OF COVER LESS THAN THREE FEET (3'), SHALL BE APPROVED AND INSTALLED AS PER BPG, INC. ENGINEER'S WRITTEN INSTRUCTIONS.



EXISTING OR PROPOSED SEWER MAIN-WATER CROSSES UNDER SEWER 20 LF DUCTILE IRON PIPE CENTERED OVER WATER MAIN. — 18' MIN. SEPARATION REQ'D CENTERLINE 20 LF DUCTILE IRON PIPE CENTERED UNDER EXISTING SEWER

WATER CROSSING SEWER DETAIL

- 19. PIPE SHALL BE LAID TRUE TO LINE AND GRADE WITH BELLS UPSTREAM AND SHALL BE JOINTED TOGETHER SUCH THAT THE COMPLETED PIPE WILL HAVE A SMOOTH INVERT. PIPE SHALL BE PUSHED HOME BY HAND. THE USE OF EQUIPMENT (I.E. BACKHOE) SHALL NOT BE PERMITTED. CUTTING OF PIPE SHALL BE PERFORMED BY SAWING, STANDARD BEDDING SHALL BE SHAPED TO THE CURVATURE OF BOTH THE BELL AND BARREL OF THE PIPE. THE TRENCH SHALL BE KEPT FREE OF WATER WHILE THE WORK IS IN PROGRESS. THE ENDS OF THE PIPE SHALL BE CLEANED SO THAT PROPER JOINTS CAN BE MADE. AS THE WORK PROGRESSES. THE INTERIOR OF THE PIPE SHALL BE CLEARED OF DIRT, CEMENT, OR OTHER DELETERIOUS
- 20. EXCEPT AS REQUIRED FOR USE OF A LASER LEVEL, EXPOSED END OF ALL PIPE AND FITTINGS SHALL BE FULLY CLOSED TO PREVENT EARTH, WATER OR OTHER SUBSTANCES FROM ENTERING PIPE. TRENCH SHALL BE COMPLETELY BACKFILLED AT END OF EACH WORKDAY. WHEN NEW PIPE IS TIED INTO AN EXISTING MANHOLE, NEW PIPE SHALL BE PLUGGED WITH A STANDARD SEWER PLUG AND SHALL REMAIN PLUGGED UNTIL ALL NEW LINE(S) THAT WILL FLOW TO EXISTING MANHOLE HAVE BEEN COMPLETED, TESTED, AND ACCEPTED.
- BACKFILL SHALL BEGIN AT THE TOP OF THE STANDARD GRANULAR BEDDING AND SHALL BE PLACED IN SIX INCH (6") LAYERS FOR THE INITIAL ONE FOOT OVER THE PIPE AND SHALL BE THOROUGHLY TAMPED TO NINETY-FIVE PERCENT (95%) OF THE MAXIMUM THEORETICAL COMPACTION DENSITY AS DETERMINED BY A STANDARD PROCTOR ON THE MATERIAL. REMAINDER OF THE BACKFILL SHALL BE IN TWO FOOT (2') LAYERS PROPERLY TAMPED.
- 22. COMPLETION: BEFORE CONNECTING TO AN ACTIVE SYSTEM, THE LEAKAGE TESTS SHALL PROMPTLY FOLLOW INSTALLATION OF WASTEWATER PIPE INCLUDING SERVICES AND KEPT WITHIN A MAXIMUM OF 1000 FEET BEHIND THE WASTEWATER PIPE LAYING OPERATION.
- PRESSURE GAUGES, STOP WATCHES, AIR COMPRESSOR, VACUUM PUMP, HOSE AND SUCH MATERIALS AND ASSISTANCE AS REQUIRED TO PERFORM THESE TESTS. ALL ACCEPTANCE TESTS SHALL BE CONDUCTED BY CONTRACTOR IN THE PRESENCE OF A BPG, INC. APPOINTED INSPECTOR.
- ACCEPTANCE TESTS SHALL NOT BE MADE UNTIL SANITARY SEWER, MANHOLES AND PROPOSED SEWER SERVICE CONNECTIONS, AS SHOWN ON THE APPROVED SEWER PLANS HAVE BEEN INSTALLED THE SEWER TRENCHES (INCLUDING MANHOLES AND CLEANOUT STACKS) BACKFILLED AND COMPACTED TO FINISHED SUB-GRADE.
- 25. CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE AT ALL TIMES FOR MAINTAINING SEWER FLOWS DURING PROJECT TO INCLUDE ANY REQUIRED BY-PASS PUMPING OF WASTEWATER BETWEEN MANHOLES DURING INSTALLATION OF SEWER LINES AND/OR MANHOLES. BY-PASS PUMPING SYSTEM SHALL PROVIDE CONTINUOUS FULL CONVEYANCE AND CONTAINMENT OF WASTEWATER PRESENT DURING THE WORK AND SHALL NOT SURCHARGE THE UPSTREAM PUMP STATION BY MORE THAN TWO (2) FEET ABOVE THE NORMAL EFFLUENT LEVELS.
- 26. ONCE ACCEPTANCE AND START OF THE COLLECTION SYSTEM HAS BEEN RECIEVED, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROCEED WITH THE ABANDONMENT PROCEDURES OF THE EXISTING WASTEWATER COLLECTION SYSTEM AS DESCRIBED HEREON.
- THE NOTES CONTAINED HEREIN ARE INTENDED TO SUPPLEMENT THE TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS AND PROVIDE EASY REFERENCE FOR THE CONTRACTOR. IN NO CASE SHALL THESE NOTES VOID ANY PART, SECTION OR REQUIREMENT OUTLINED IN THE TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS CONTAINED IN THE CONTRACT DOCUMENTS.
- TRENCH DEWATERING DURING SEWER LINE INSTALLATION ALL GROUND WATER WHICH MAY BE FOUND IN THE TRENCHES AND ANY WATER WHICH MAY GET INTO THEM FROM ANY CAUSE WHATSOEVER SHALL BE PUMPED OR BAILED OUT SO THAT THE TRENCH SHALL BE DRY DURING THE PIPE LAYING PERIOD. NO WATER SHALL BE PERMITTED TO REACH CONCRETE UNTIL IT HAS SET SUFFICIENTLY. ALL WATER PUMPED FROM THE TRENCHES SHALL BE DISPOSED OF IN A MANNER SATISFACTORY TO THE OWNER. CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE AT LEAST TWO (2) PUMPS FOR EACH TRENCH OPENED IN WET GROUND AND AT THE SAME TIME, HE SHALL HAVE ONE (1) PUMP IN RESERVE.
- . IF, DURING ANY TIME THAT CONTRACTOR IS PERMITTED TO LAY PIPE IN A TRENCH CONTAINING UNAVOIDABLE TRENCH WATER AND CONSTRUCTION IS INTERRUPTED FOR ANY REASON, THE OPEN ENDS OF PIPE SHALL BE CLOSED BY WATERTIGHT PLUGS OR CAPS, OR OTHER MEANS APPROVED BY THE OWNER. IN ANY CASE, SUCH PROTECTION SHALL BE PROVIDED WHEN WORK IS SUSPENDED OVERNIGHT OR ON WEEKENDS AND HOLIDAYS, REGARDLESS OF THE CONDITION OF THE TRENCH WITH RESPECT TO WATER AT THE TIME THAT THE WORK IS SUSPENDED
- 3. CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR THE PROTECTION OF ALL STRUCTURES, INCLUDING PIPES AND MANHOLES, AGAINST ANY TENDENCY TO FLOAT UNDER CONDITIONS OF HIGH WATER, WHETHER DUE TO HIGH GROUND WATER OR FLOOD CONDITIONS ON THE PROJECT SITE. IT SHALL BE THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE CONTRACTOR TO TAKE WHATEVER STEPS MAY BE REQUIRED. INCLUDING THE INSTALLATION AND OPERATION OF PUMPS AND PUMPING SYSTEMS, WELL POINTS OR RELIEF DEVICES, TO PREVENT ANY STRUCTURE FROM FLOATING DURING CONSTRUCTION.
- 4. COST OF THE NECESSARY PUMPS, WELL POINTS OR OTHER APPURTENANCES REQUIRED TO PREVENT FLOTATION SHALL BE INCLUDED IN THE UNIT PRICES BID IN THE PROPOSAL FOR THE VARIOUS BID ITEMS. AND NO EXTRA COMPENSATION SHALL BE ALLOWED FOR SUCH WORK. ANY DAMAGE WHICH MAY OCCUR TO ANY PART OF THE WORK AS THE RESULT OF THE FLOTATION EFFECT OF GROUND OR FLOOD WATERS SHALL BE REPAIRED IN A MANNER FULLY SATISFACTORY TO THE OWNER, AT NO ADDITIONAL COST TO THE
- CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE AND PLACE ALL NECESSARY FLUMES OR OTHER CHANNELS OF ADEQUATE SIZE TO CARRY TEMPORARILY ALL STREAMS, BROOKS, STORMWATER OR OTHER WATER, WHICH MAY FLOW ALONG OR ACROSS THE LINES OF THE PIPE LINE. ALL FLUMES OR CHANNELS THUS UTILIZED SHALL BE TIGHT SO AS TO PREVENT LEAKAGE INTO THE TRENCHES. WATER PUMPED FROM TRENCHES SHALL BE LED TO NATURAL WATERCOURSES. EXISTING SEWERS SHALL NOT BE EMPLOYED AS A DRAIN FOR THE REMOVAL OF

EWER SERVICE LATERAL NOTES

INDICATED ON THE DRAWINGS

- CONTRACTOR SHALL MAKE UP STACK AND SUBMIT TO ENGINEER FOR APPROVAL AND SHALL SUBMIT TAPPING SADDLE IF USED TO ENGINEER FOR
- HOLE IN SANITARY SEWER MAIN MUST BE CUT WITH SHELL CUTTER. NO HAMMER TAPS ALLOWED.
- LATERAL SHALL CONFORM TO ASTM SPECS. D-3034 SDR-35 UNLESS OTHERWISE INDICATED AS DUCTILE IRON
- ALL PIPE AND FITTINGS SHALL BE 4" OR 6" UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED ALL D.I. PIPE SHALL HAVE AN INTERIOR LINING OF CERAMIC EPOXY OR FUSED CALCIUM ALUMINATE CEMENT WITH FUSED CALCIUM ALLUMINATE AGGREGATES. THE ENTIRE D.I. LATERAL SHALL BE COMPRISED OF D.I. PIPE AND MECHANICAL JOINT FITTINGS
- ALL CONNECTIONS SHALL HAVE RUBBER GASKET SEALS INSTALLED. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL USE SDR 35 P.V.C. WYE FOR CONNECTION TO SDR 35 P.V.C. PIPE OR DI TEE FOR CONNECTION TO DUCTILE IRON PIPE. PVC WYE SHALL BE ONE PIECE MOLDED OR FABRICATED
- INSTALLATION OTHER THAN AS SHOWN MUST BE ENGINEER APPROVED 9. TAPPING PROCESS SHOWN SHALL BE USED FOR ALL SANITARY SEWER
- 10. SLOPE AND DEPTH OF THE SERVICE LATERAL SHALL BE DETERMINED BY THE TOPOGRAPHY OF THE LOT AS APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER OR AS
- 11. SLOPE OF LATERALS SHALL CONFORM TO 1/4" PER FOOT MIN. FOR 4" PIPE AND 1/8" PER FOOT MIN. FOR 6" PIPE. MAXIMUM CLEAN OUT SPACING FOR 4" PIPE IS 75'. 100' FOR 6" PIPE
- 12. ENTIRE SEWER LATERAL ASSEMBLY SHALL BE AIR TESTED CONCURRENTLY WITH SEWER MAIN. 13. INDIVIDUAL LATERALS SHALL BE CLEANED AND FLUSHED PRIOR TO FLUSHING SANITARY SEWER MAINS.
- 14. LATERAL SHALL NOT BE BACK-FILLED UNTIL INSPECTED BY THE PROJECT ENGINEER OR HIS REPRESENTATIVE 15. WYE CONNECTIONS SHALL NOT BE USED TO TIE LATERALS INTO A MANHOLE
- UNLESS OTHERWISE APPROVED BY ENGINEER. 16. IF BENDS ARE APPROVED BY THE PROJECT ENGINEER, STONE BEDDING IS
- REQUIRED TO BE INSTALLED FROM UNDISTURBED SOIL TO BOTTOM OF BEND. 17. PVC COMBINATION SHALL BE 2 PIECE TEE-WYE, GASKETED, SDR35, AS MANUFACTURED BY HARCO, GPK OR APPROVED EQUAL

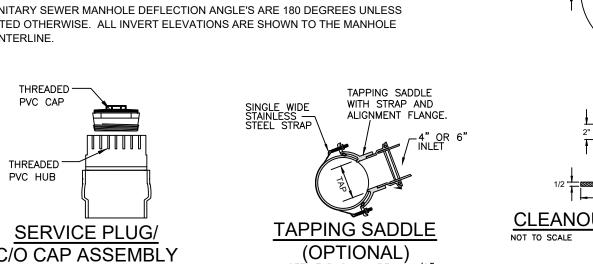
ITILITY GENERAL NOTES

- PRIOR TO COMMENCEMENT OF ANY WORK WITHIN EASEMENTS OR RIGHTS-OF-WAYS THE CONTRACTOR IS REQUIRED TO NOTIFY CONCERNED UTILITY COMPANIES IN ACCORDANCE WITH GS 87-102. CONTRACTOR SHALL VERIFY LOCATION OF EXISTING UTILITIES PRIOR TO BEGINNING CONSTRUCTION. NO SEPARATE PAYMENT. EXISTING UTILITIES SHOWN ARE TAKEN FROM MAPS FURNISHED BY VARIOUS UTILITY COMPANIES AND HAVE NOT BEEN PHYSICALLY LOCATED (i.e. TELEPHONE, GAS, CABLE, ETC.).
- 2. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL DIG UP EACH UTILITY WHICH MAY CONFLICT WITH CONSTRUCTION 14 DAYS IN ADVANCE TO VERIFY LOCATIONS (HORIZONTALLY AND VERTICALLY) TO ALLOW THE ENGINEER AN OPPORTUNITY TO ADJUST THE DESIGN TO AVOID CONFLICTS (NO SEPARATE PAYMENT).
- 3. ALL SANITARY SEWER & WATER CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS OF THE NCDENR-DWQ & NCDENR-PWS. STORM DRAINAGE, STREET CONSTRUCTION AND PAVING SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE N.C.D.O.T.
- 4. UTILITY SERVICES TO INDIVIDUAL PROPERTIES ARE NOT SHOWN IN THE PROFILES FOR SIMPLICITY OF THE DRAWINGS. SERVICES MAY INCLUDE WATER LATERALS, TELEPHONE, ELECTRIC, CABLE, GAS, ETC.
- 5. CONTRACTOR SHALL COORDINATE WITH UTILITY OWNER AND BE RESPONSIBLE FOR TEMPORARY RELOCATION AND/OR SECURING EXISTING UTILITY POLES AND SIGNS AND/OR UTILITIES IN ACCORDANCE WITH UTILITY OWNER REQUIREMENTS DURING THE UTILITY MAIN INSTALLATION AND STREET CONSTRUCTION. (NO SEPARATE PAYMENT).
- . CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE TEMPORARY SUPPORTS FOR UTILITY CROSSINGS AND REPAIR DAMAGES DUE TO CONSTRUCTION TO THE SATISFACTION OF THE UTILITY INVOLVED AT NO ADDITIONAL EXPENSE TO THE OWNER. UNDERGROUND ELECTRICAL CROSSINGS SHALL BE CROSSED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE NEC AND TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION SECTION UNDERGROUND ELECTRICAL CROSSING
- 7. WHERE DEEMED NECESSARY BY THE ENGINEER THAT A SUBSURFACE DRAINAGE SYSTEM IS REQUIRED. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE ALL MATERIALS, TOOLS, LABOR, EQUIPMENT, TIE-IN'S TO EXISTING DRAINAGE STRUCTURES AND ALL OTHER INCIDENTALS NECESSARY TO PROVIDE COMPLETE INSTALLATION IN ACCORDANCE WITH CITY OF FAYETTEVILLE STANDARDS. IMPROPERLY INSTALLED AND NON-FUNCTIONING DRAINAGE SHALL BE REMOVED AND REPLACED AT THE CONTRACTOR'S EXPENSE. EXISTING FRENCH DRAINAGE DAMAGED DURING CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE REPLACED AND OR REPAIRED AT NO ADDITIONAL EXPENSE TO THE OWNER.
- ANY DRIVEWAY CULVERTS DAMAGED DURING CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE EITHER REPAIRED OR REPLACED AT CONTRACTOR'S EXPENSE. FILTER FABRIC CLOTH SHALL BE PLACED OVER EITHER CULVERT ENDS DURING THE COURSE OF CONSTRUCTION. ALL EX. DRAINAGE INFRASTRUCTURE WILL BE RETURNED TO PRE-EXISTING CONDITIONS PRIOR TO FINAL PROJECT

GENERAL NOTES SANITARY SEWER UTILITY

CLEANOUT ELEVATIONS AND/OR LOCATIONS MAY BE ADJUSTED IN THE FIELD AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER WHEN NECESSARY. CLEANOUT STACK TOP ELEVATION IS DETERMINED BY INTERPOLATING FIELD DATA AND MAY NOT BE EXACT. CLEANOUT ELEVATION TOP SHALL BE SET IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE TYPICAL DETAIL DESCRIBED HEREON. (NO SEPARATE PAYMENT).

- WHERE SANITARY SEWER MAINS ARE TO BE CONSTRUCTED WITHIN 20' OF EXISTING RESIDENCES SPECIAL CONSIDERATION SHALL BE GIVEN TO MINIMIZE UNDERMINING OR OTHERWISE DISTURBING EXISTING RESIDENCES ADJACENT TO THE SEWER MAIN. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL USE A RUBBER TIRED BACK HOE AND NO MECHANICAL COMPACTION FOUIPMENT IN THESE AREAS. THE TRENCH SHALL BE SHORED ADEQUATELY TO PREVENT ANY SLOTHING OF THE SIDE SLOPES. SUITABLE BACK FILL SHALL BE PLACED IN THE TRENCH. CONTRACTOR SHALL BE FULLY RESPONSIBLE FOR REPAIR OF STRUCTURES, FOUNDATIONS, FOOTINGS, ETC. DAMAGED DUE TO CONSTRUCTION.
- 3. SANITARY SEWER MANHOLE DEFLECTION ANGLE'S ARE 180 DEGREES UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE. ALL INVERT ELEVATIONS ARE SHOWN TO THE MANHOLE CENTERLINE

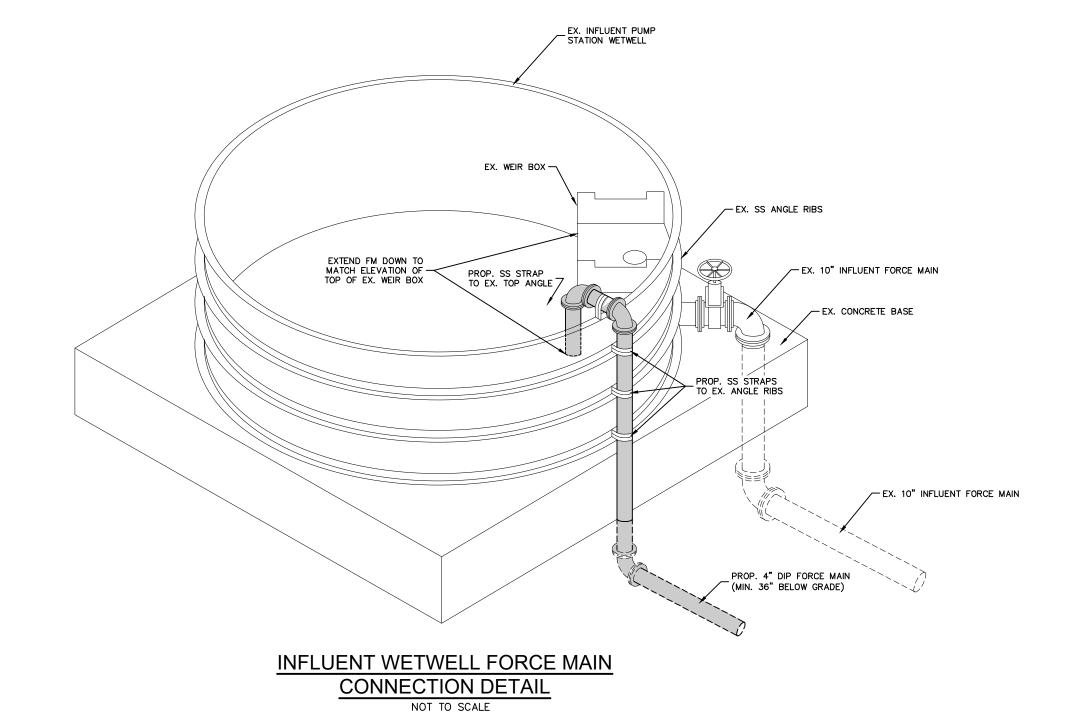


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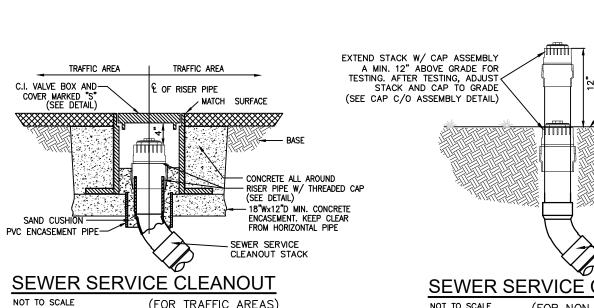
4"Ø LATERAL SEWER SERVICI

CONNECTION DETAIL

PROCTOR DENSITY



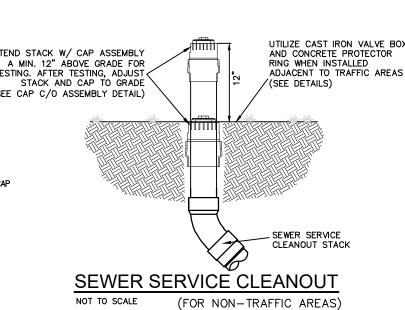
CLEANOUT COVER ASSEMBL'

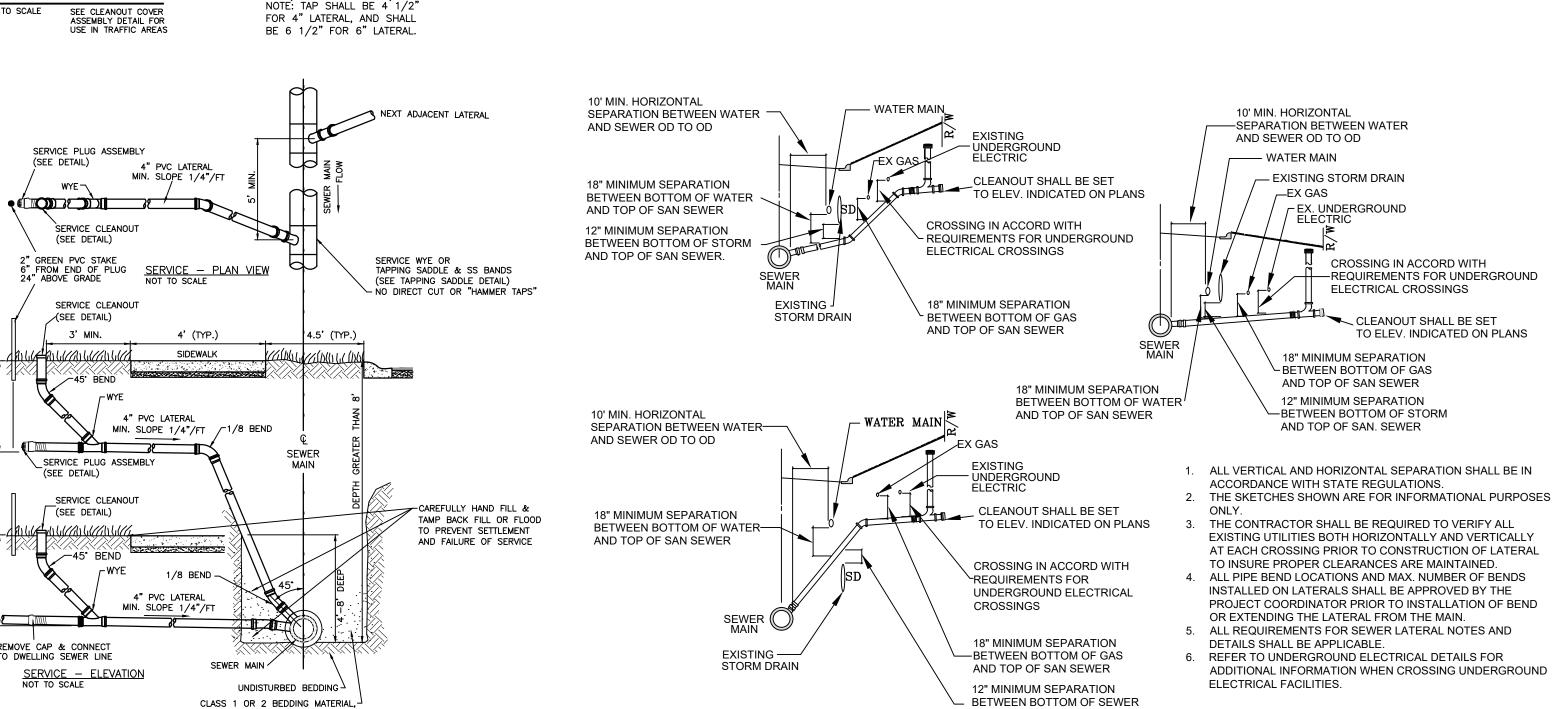


AND TOP OF STORM.

SEWER SERVICE LATERAL UTILITY

CONFLICT SEPARATION REQUIREMENTS





NO SCAI BPG MSB KFW/DMK SHEET

459600B3

ROJECT NO:



Major Stormwater Plan Form SW-002

OFFICIAL USE ONL	Yı
Permit Number:	
Date Filed:	7-7-1
Date Approved:	The state of the state of

PPLICANT:		DDODEDTY OVANIED	100000000000000000000000000000000000000
Name:	Outer Banks Ventures, Inc. PO Box 549	PROPERTY OWNER: Name: Same Address:	
	Corolla, NC 27927		100
Telephone:	252-453-4198	Telephone:	BICALL S
E-Mail Addres	ss: rcwillis@outerbanksventures.com	E-Mail Address:	
Property Info	mation	1 200	in the second
Physical Stree	et Address: Malia Drive, Corolla, NC	The second second	
	ication Number(s): _0116-000-010A-000	00 0116 000 0108 0000 0	116 000 0106 000
			116-000-010C-0000
FEMA Flood	Zone Designation: AE3, AE4, AE5, AI	E6, X, Shaded X	
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Project Desc	ription: Subdivision		THE THE
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Total land d		Calculated volume of BMPs Proposed lot coverage:	
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Stormwater Management Plan Narrative

Corolla Boat Club Single-Family Residential & Townhome Development Corolla Currituck County Submittal Revised 5/24/2023



General

The Corolla Boat Club project is a proposed mixed use development consisting of five single family residential lots, one commercial lot, 25 townhome residences, and associated roadway and utility infrastructure. The project will be located on 36.07 acre parcel located in Corolla, NC. A 23.02 acre NCDEQ Project Area has been defined containing the proposed improvements associated with this plan and a Low Density Stormwater Permit is being pursued accordingly.

Due to the project's particular siting adjacent to Currituck Sound and existing drainage infrastructure, consisting primarily of a large pond which drains directly to the sound without crossing other properties, the project qualifies for alternative compliance with Currituck County's stormwater flow reduction requirements, as an adequate outfall is deemed to exist (direct outfall to Currituck Sound). Therefore, there is no 10-yr/2-yr flow reduction required. This approach is consistent with other soundfront project approvals since the 10-yr/2-yr requirements were put in place.

The following narrative, application and calculations will demonstrate the parameters of this design.

Summary of Existing Conditions

The project site consists of a 36.07 acre parcel is located immediately southwest of the intersection of Malia Drive and Caroline Court (approximately 255' west of the intersection of Malia Drive and NC 12) in Corolla, NC. The Project Area currently consists of an undeveloped soundfront parcel with a large pond and coastal wetland fringe. Drainage within the parcel generally flows overland towards the wetland fringe or towards the pond. The pond accepts runoff from surrounding off-site areas as well as the County's Whalehead drainage pump system and overflows overland into the wetland fringe, and ultimately into Currituck Sound. Soils across the site consist primarily of fine sand.

Improvements to Existing Common Drainage Features

As a preventative measure to protect the western edge of the pond from degradation and potential future direct connection to the sound, this project proposes to install a formal berm and weir control structure between the pond and the western wetland fringe. Design flows from the Whalehead system were coordinated with Currituck County and conservative assumptions were made to initially size the control weirs. An EPA SWMM Model of proposed conditions was also prepared to serve as a design tool for the drainage system and to evaluate the function of the pond while accounting for off-site inflows. This model takes into account the Corolla Boat Club project at full build-out. Peak Flows and Velocities from this model were utilized to size / design conveyance elements and energy dissipators as needed.

Summary of Proposed Conditions

The Corolla Boat Club project consists of five single family residential lots, one commercial lot, 25 townhome residences, and associated roadway and utility infrastructure. The total coverage (BUA) associated with the project is 14.58% impervious coverage.

Runoff from the bulk of the Project Area will be allowed to sheet flow overland to either a collector swale running along the western edge of the developed area or overland to the existing pond. Runoff from the interior roadway will be collected via curb & gutter and discharged to the western collector swale which will function as a curb outlet swale. The collector swale will promote filtration by the maintained vegetation and infiltration into the subsoil and will ultimately discharge to the existing pond.

No downstream properties will be impacted by the proposed development as the pond discharges directly to an onsite wetland fringe which discharges to the Currituck Sound. Therefore, approval of Alternate Compliance, as has been granted to similar projects in the past, is requested.

Pond Peak HGL Calculations

In coordination with Currituck County, the design parameters for the Whalehead Drainage system were shared. These design parameters dictate that the water level in the on-site pond not be raised by more than 2 feet by the pumped discharge from the Whalehead Drainage System. In order to demonstrate compliance with the County mandate that the new development not increase HGL's for upstream properties, this restriction was utilized to design the weir system for the pond, but expanded to include all flows from the surrounding drainage area as well as the proposed project. An EPA SWMM Model of proposed conditions was prepared to serve as a design tool for the drainage system and to evaluate the function of the pond while accounting for off-site inflows. This model takes into account the Corolla Boat Club project at full build-out as well as the theoretical maximum pump flow from the Whalehead drainage system. An EPA SWMM Model report, presenting this work, has been included as an attachment to this report.

Calculated maximum HGL's are as follows:

		HGL (ft)
Normal Pond Level (ft)	1.0	0
Max Whalehead Pump		
System Discharge		
Elev(ft)	1.5	0.5
10-yr runoff + max WH		
Pump discharge Elev(ft)	1.92	0.92
100-yr runoff + max WH		
Pump discharge Elev (ft)	2.94	1.94

As calculated, the 100-yr runoff from the post-construction drainage area, including the peak theoretical discharge from the Whalehead pump system, results in a peak HGL of 1.94 feet above normal pond, which is within the allowable maximum pond storage depth of 2.0 feet which was established at the time that the County tied the Whalehead pump system into the existing pond.

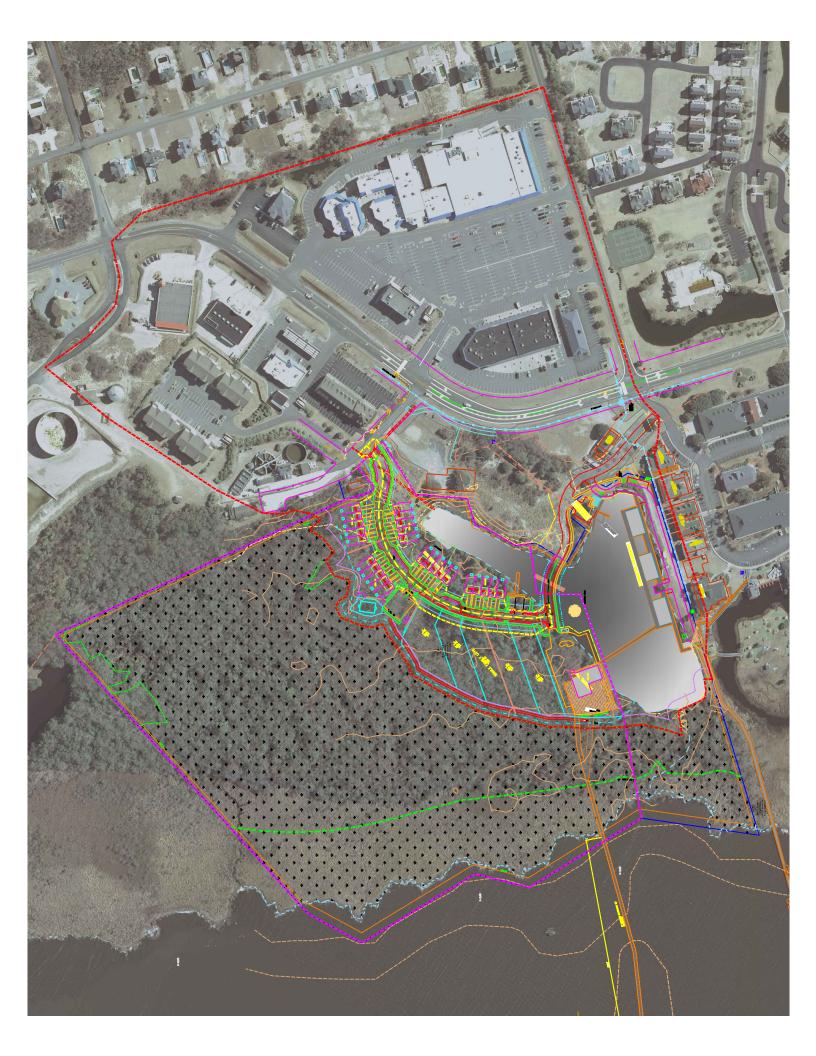
Calculations

An EPA SWMM Model of proposed conditions was prepared to serve as a design tool for the drainage system and to evaluate the function of the pond while accounting for off-site inflows. This model takes into account the Corolla Boat Club project at full build-out as well as the theoretical maximum pump flow from the Whalehead drainage system. An EPA SWMM Model report, presenting this work, has been included as an attachment to this report.

Conclusions

The proposed stormwater management plan for this site incorporates the existing pond for runoff while accommodating the design parameters for the pond that were established when the County installed the Whalehead Drainage pump system. There are no downstream properties and the existing pond will discharge across the subject property to Currituck Sound without crossing adjoiners, therefore, this property is deemed to have an adequate outfall. This proposed design will more than adequately serve the stormwater management requirements of this site and meets the requirements for Alternate Compliance with Currituck County's Stormwater Management requirements.

APPENDIX A Aerial Imagery



APPENDIX B

Whalehead Drainage System Pump Information

Data from Currituck County:				
PUMP STATION	DESGIN FLOW RATE (gpm)	SCADA Readings 2021- 2022 (gpm)		
TUNA	604	270-300		
STURGEON	179	130-140		
BARRACUDA	782	meter doesn't work		
HERRING	711	730-790		
CORAL	810	meter doesn't work		
DOLPHIN	796	280-330		
MACKEREL	715	700-790		
MARLIN	828	meter doesn't work		
SAILFISH	604	850-1080		
PERCH	171	115-170		

*Per Conversation with Eric Weatherly, P.E. (Currituck County Engineer), the County has unreliable meter data for the pump system and also has no breakdown of flows between the two outfalls. Mr. Weatherly's stated preference for design of the weir system is a conservative approach assuming full Pump Station Design Flow Rates and all of the flow coming to the Corolla Boat Club pond.

Total Design Flow (GPM): 6200
Total Design Flow (cfs) 13.81

EPA SWMM Model Report

Corolla Boat Club Single-Family Residential & Townhome Development Corolla May 24, 2023



General

The following report will detail the EPA SWMM Model which was constructed & analyzed in order to provide design guidance for the stormwater management systems to be installed with the construction of the proposed Corolla Boat Club development in Corolla, NC.

The Project Site

The project site consists 36.07 acre parcel immediately southwest of the intersection of Malia Drive and Caroline Court (approximately 255' west of the intersection of Malia Drive and NC 12) in Corolla, NC. The project site currently consists of an undeveloped soundfront parcel with a large pond and coastal wetland fringe. Drainage within the parcel generally flows overland towards the wetland fringe or towards the pond. The pond accepts runoff from surrounding off-site areas and overflows via overland flow and a pipe outlet into the wetland fringe, and ultimately into Currituck Sound. Soils across the site consist primarily of fine sand.

The Corolla Boat Club project is a proposed mixed use development consisting of five single family residential lots, one commercial lot, 25 townhome residences, and associated roadway and utility infrastructure.

Plans which accompany this submittal are schematic in nature and are intended to provide guidance in how the SWMM Model was constructed. A separate submission of detailed Construction Plans will be submitted for Currituck County Construction Plans review.

Target Design Standards

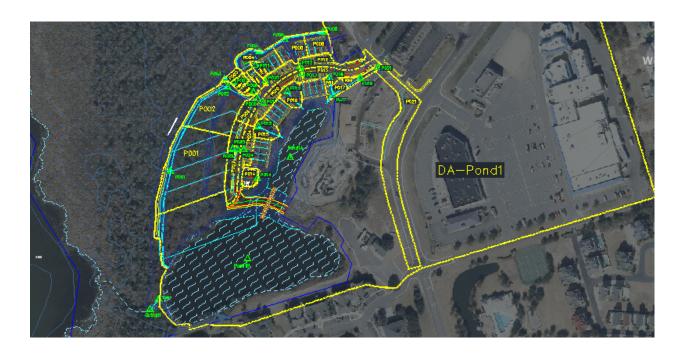
Due to the project's particular siting adjacent to Currituck Sound and existing drainage infrastructure, consisting primarily of a large pond which drains directly to the sound without crossing other properties, the project qualifies for alternative compliance with Currituck County's stormwater flow reduction requirements, as an adequate outfall is deemed to exist (direct outfall to Currituck Sound). Therefore, there is no 10-yr/2-yr flow reduction required. This approach is consistent with other soundfront project approvals since the 10-yr/2-yr requirements were put in place.

A post-construction model was built to check design parameters (pipe sizing, weir sizing, swale sizing, flow rates & velocities, and system HGL's) for the proposed design.

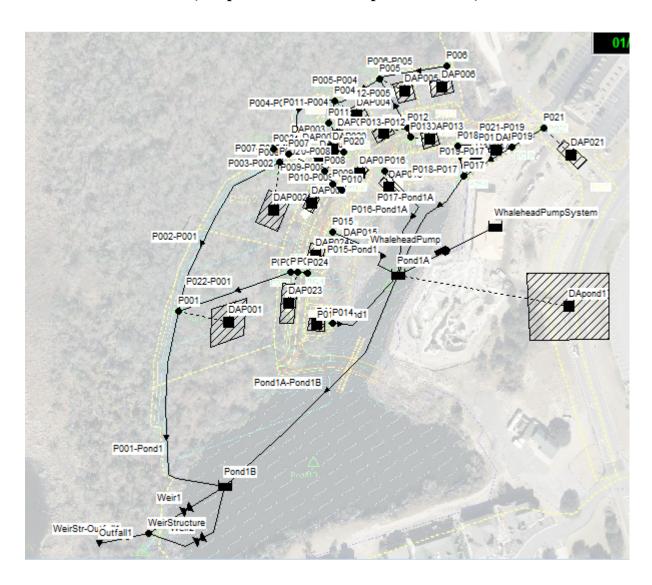
The post-construction model was also utilized to verify that the project design does not raise normal pond level within the existing pond by more than 2.0' during a storm event (this is actually a requirement placed on the County's Whalehead Drainage pump system, which discharges to the pond – during the early stages of this design, the County Engineer asked that our project use that requirement from the Whalehead Discharge Agreement as a design standard for our project). This requirement breaks down as follows:

Normal Pool of Existing Pond: +/- 1.0' Maximum Allowable Pond HGL (to match Whalehead Agreement: 3.0'

EPA SWMM Model (Prop. Conditions Aerial Schematic): Full-Size (readable) Copy enclosed with this submission



EPA SWMM Model (Prop. Conditions Graphical Model):



Model Hydrology

Runoff was modeled utilizing the NRCS (SCS) Method for the 2-yr, 10-yr, and 100-yr, 24-hour storm events. NRCS standard Type III (coastal) rainfall distributions were utilized with total rainfall depths of:

```
2yr, 24hr Total Rainfall Depth = 3.74 in. (Currituck County Standard) 10yr, 24 hr Total Rainfall Depth = 5.74 in. (NOAA Atlas 14) 100yr, 24 hr Total Rainfall Depth = 9.54 in. (NOAA Atlas 14)
```

Runoff was routed through the model utilizing a Dynamic Wave method.

Model Elements

Subbasin Input Data is included in the Appendix to this Narrative. Proposed conveyance data utilized in this model can be found in the accompanying Construction Plans.

Methodology

A node & link model of the drainage shed draining to the existing pond was built within EPA SWMM. Runoff was modeled utilizing the SCS Curve Number methodology, as incorporated in EPA SWMM, version 5.1. Flow within the system was modeled utilizing Dynamic Wave modeling. 24 hour rainfall events with 2-yr, 10-yr, and 100-yr recurrence probabilities were modeled. In order to examine long-term draw-down within the pond, the model was run for a 5 day time period, with the subject rainfall event applied in the first 24 hours. Computational intervals within the model were set a 1 second.

For this project, critical elements of interest were HGL within the pond, Flow Rate & Velocity at the pond discharge (weir overflow), and Flow Rate & Velocity within the proposed conveyances.

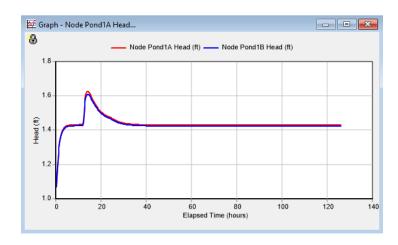
To produce a conservative result, the entirety of the large existing off-site drainage area to the pond was connected to Pond 1A, such that Pond 1A HGL values will be conservative (high). This direct connection will also produce a conservatively high peak of flow into Pond 1A, as flows from "Drainage Area Pond 1" will reach the pond in-sync with flow from the adjacent proposed project area.

To account for a worst-case scenario, where the Whalehead Drainage System is pumping to the pond at the maximum theoretical capacity of the system and at the same time as the subject rainfall events are occurring, a theoretical storage unit was created ("WhaleheadPumpSystem"), filled with water, and then a pump link was connected which pumps water at a constant rate of 13.81 cfs (theoretical maximum) into Pond 1A throughout the entirety of the model run. This approach produces conservative results for the Pond System.

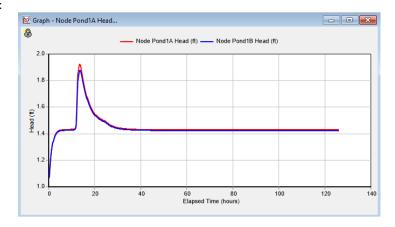
Results:

Pond 1A & 1B

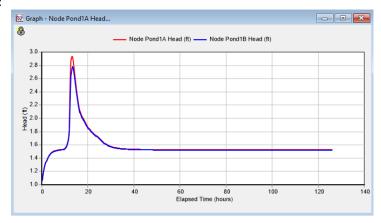
2-yr:

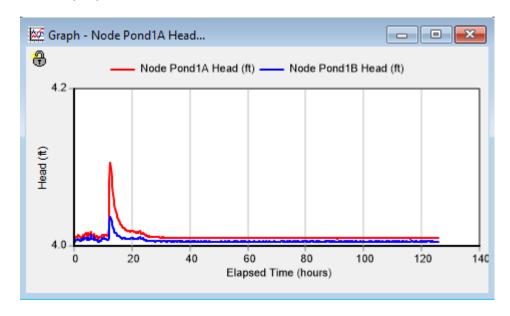


10-yr:



100-yr:





*Please note that this model is unstable at low-flows. This is the result of the entire system being inundated by the FEMA tailwater such that there is little flow within the system outside of the peak event. Flows from the system such as draw-down will be dominated by the rise and fall of the tailwater. The most useful information that can be gleaned from this model is that there is very little head (0.04'-0.11') that is built-up in the ponds as the result of incoming runoff – the entire situation is overwhelmingly dominated by the FEMA tailwater condition.

Pond 1A & 1B Conclusions: Under flow-dominated situations, the proposed conditions result in pond depths that range from 0.61' to 1.94' above normal pool (1.0'), which is compliant with the County Engineer's request that the design not result in pond HGL's that exceed more than 2.0' above normal pool. In the fully flooded condition, the FEMA tailwater elevation of 4.0' dominates conditions within the system and pond HGL's are only increased by 0.04' to 0.11' above the FEMA tailwater pool elevation.

Max HGL Results:

The following Max HGL results were obtained for all model nodes and were subsequently used to verify proposed grades throughout the design.

Node	2-yr	10-yr Max HGL	100-yr (no TW)	100-yr (4' TW)
	Max HGL (ft)	(ft)	Max HGL (ft)	Max HGL (ft)
P001	2.5	2.78	3.29	4.04
P002	2.76	3.04	3.47	4.04
P003	2.91	3.26	3.77	4.07
P004	3.26	3.51	3.85	4.08
P005	3.34	3.59	3.9	4.08
P006	4.79	4.88	4.96	4.88
P007	2.78	3.07	3.54	4.05
P008	2.85	3.15	3.65	4.07
P009	2.89	3.21	3.76	4.13
P010	2.9	3.23	3.78	4.13
P011	3.26	3.51	3.85	4.09
P012	3.47	3.75	4.12	4.14
P013	3.49	3.78	4.14	4.15
P014	3.07	3.14	3.17	4.11
P015	4.5	4.61	4.78	4.6
P016	4.5	4.61	4.77	4.61
P017	5.47	5.73	5.91	5.73
P018	6	6.04	6.15	6.04
P019	6.81	7.01	7.16	7.01
P020	2.85	3.15	3.65	4.07
P021	7.14	7.58	8.18	7.58
P022	2.68	2.85	3.31	4.04
P023	2.76	2.93	3.41	4.08
P024	2.78	2.97	3.44	4.08
Pond1B	1.61	1.88	2.78	4.04
Pond1A	1.63	1.92	2.94	4.11

Max HGL Conclusions: Calculated Max HGL's were utilized to set grades throughout the proposed development. An accounting of these grades can be found on the Construction Plans.

Flow & Velocity Results:

The following peak flow & velocity results were obtained for all model nodes and were subsequently used to verify

the sizing of proposed conveyances throughout the design.

Link Name	2-yr Max	10-yr Max		2-yr Max	10-yr Max	
	Flow (cfs)	Flow (cfs)		Vel (fps)	Vel (fps)	
P001-Pond1	1.65	4.13		0.85	1.12	
P002-P001	1.67	4.32		0.59	0.79	
P003-P002	1.12	2.96		1.72	2.39	
P004-P003	0.99	3.1		0.72	0.92	
P005-P004	0.93	2.47		0.57	0.64	
P006-P005	0.19	0.55		0.26	0.35	
P007-P002	1.06	2.15		1.4	1.64	
P008-P007	1	2.05		1.35	1.54	
P009-P008	0.74	1.65		1.33	1.54	
P010-P009	0.43	0.92		0.84	1.04	
P011-P004	0.01	0.06		0.34	0.43	
P012-P005	0.88	1.77		1.62	1.92	
P013-P012	0.48	0.92		0.88	1.01	
P014-Pond1	0.21	0.33		0.36	0.47	
P015-Pond1	0	0.03		0	0.67	
P016-Pond1A	0	0.02		0	0.53	
P017-Pond1A	0.75	2.95		0.95	1.45	
P018-P017	0	0		0	0.03	
P019-P017	0.8	3		1.48	1.38	
P021-P019	0.84	3.02		2.26	3.61	
P020-P008	0.11	0.19		0.22	0.23	
P022-P001	0.61	1.16		0.93	1.18	
P023-P022	0.61	1.17		1.45	1.78	
						100-yr
P024-P023	0.34	0.75	100-yr Max	0.84	1.14	Max
Pond1A-Pond1B	24.58	46.72	Flow (cfs)	0.69	1.28	Vel (fps)
WeirStr-Outfall1	23.79	41.22	77.16	1.65	1.61	1.26
Weir1	23.79	41.22	30.64	2.6	3.12	1.15
Weir2	0	0	124.95	0	0	0.21

Peak Flow & Velocity Conclusions: Calculated peak Flows were utilized to size conveyances throughout the proposed development. An accounting of this sizing can be found on the Construction Plans. Calculated Peak Velocities were utilized to check conveyances for erosive conditions & utilized in the design of erosion control features. These calculations can be found within the E&S Calculations prepared by David Klebitz, P.E.

Conclusions:

Due to a direct outfall to Currituck Sound, the proposed Corolla Boat Club project qualifies for alternate compliance with Currituck County's Flow Mitigation requirements and is not required to provide a 2-yr/10-yr flow reduction. An EPA SWMM Model of the Post-Construction conditions was prepared to serve as a design assistance tool in order to check Pond HGL's, Max HGL's within the proposed system, and to provide peak flow & velocity results in order to size conveyances and erosion control measures. The Pond HGL's conform to the County Engineer's stated requirements (maximum stored water depth of 2.0' over normal pool). The grading & drainage plans reflect adequate clearance from the Max HGL's within the system, and the conveyances are designed to pass stormwater with flows and velocities reported in the tables above.

This model reflects a stormwater drainage system that has been designed with adequate capacity and outfall to handle the 2-yr, 10-yr, and 100-yr (24 hr) rainfall events.

APPENDIX A Node Input Information

Node	Elevation	MaxDepth	InitDepth	InitDepth	InitDepth 100-yr	InitDepth
	(ft)	(ft)	2-yr (ft)	10-yr (ft)	(ft)	100-yr (ft) FEMA TW=4.0'
WeirStructure	0.5	20	0	0	0	3.5
P001	1.7	20	0	0	0	2.3
P002	2.1	20	0	0	0	1.9
P003	2.5	20	0	0	0	1.5
P004	2.7	20	0	0	0	1.3
P005	2.8	20	0	0	0	1.2
P006	4.61	20	0	0	0	0
P007	2.15	3.85	0	0	0	1.85
P008	2.25	3.85	0	0	0	1.75
P009	2.3	3.5	0	0	0	1.7
P010	2.4	3.4	0	0	0	1.6
P011	2.25	20	0	0	0	1.75
P012	2.9	3.49	0	0	0	1.1
P013	3	3.39	0	0	0	1
P014	2.8	3	0	0	0	1.2
P015	4.5	20	0	0	0	0
P016	4.5	20	0	0	0	0
P017	5	20	0	0	0	0
P018	6	20	0	0	0	0
P019	6.5	20	0	0	0	0
P020	2.3	3.8	0	0	0	1.7
P021	6.65	20	0	0	0	0
P022	2.25	4.05	0	0	0	1.75
P023	2.3	3.5	0	0	0	1.7
P024	2.4	3.4	0	0	0	1.6
Pond1B	-2	20	3	3	3	6
Pond1A	-2	20	3	3	3	6

Pond 1A Storage Curve					
Depth	WSEL	Area			
(ft)	(ft)	(sf)			
3.0	1.0	24863			
4.0	2.0	30053			
5.0	3.0	35615			
6.0	4.0	41520			
20.0	18.0	41520			

Pond 1B S	Pond 1B Storage Curve				
Depth	WSEL	Area			
(ft)	(ft)	(sf)			
3.0	1.0	149945			
4.0	2.0	159819			
5.0	3.0	169920			
6.0	4.0	180247			
20.0	18.0	180247			

APPENDIX B Link Input Information

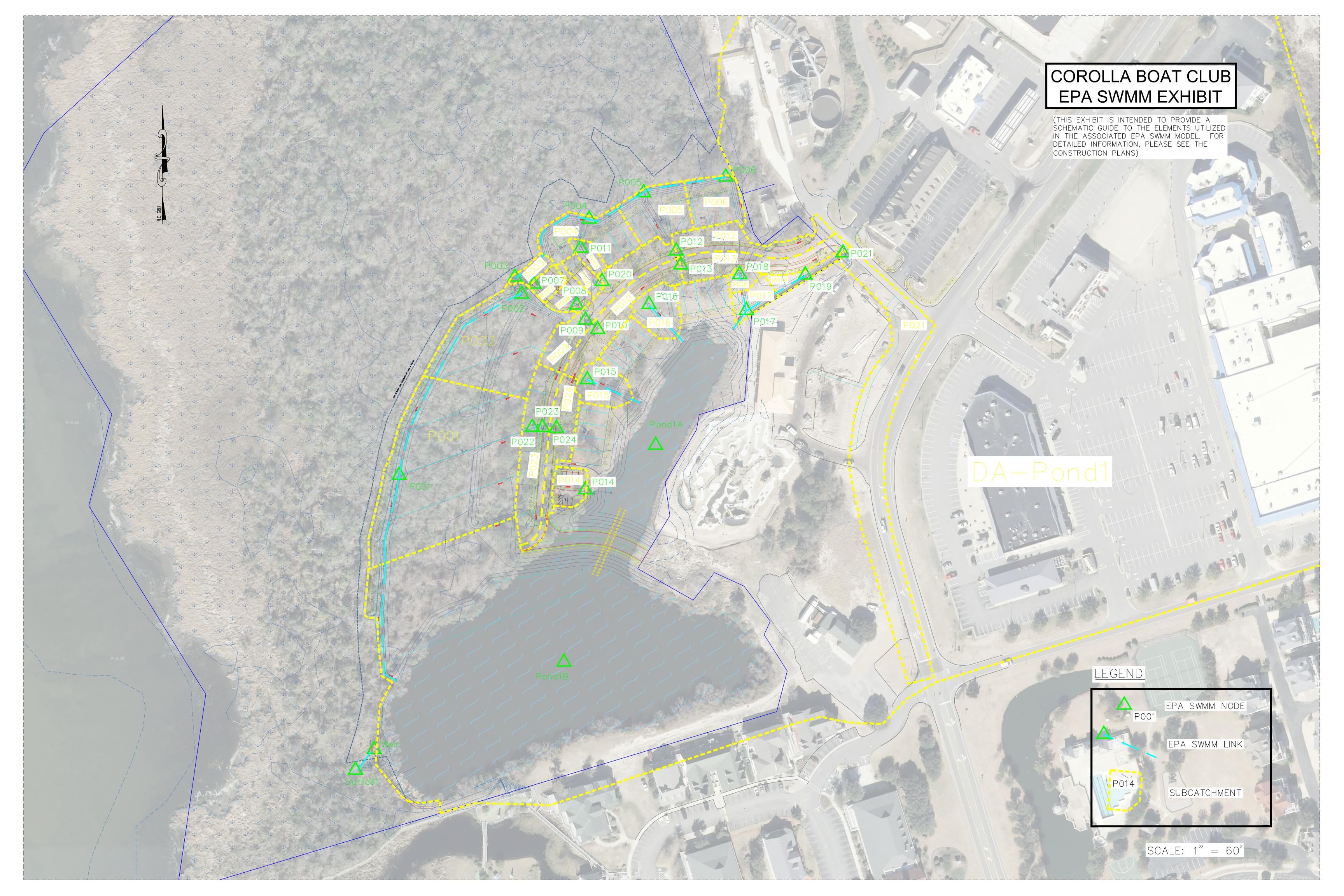
[CONDUITS]						
Name	From	То	Length	Roughness	InOffset	OutOffset
	Node	Node				
WeirStr-						
Outfall1	WeirStructure	Outfall1	305	0.07	*	*
P001-Pond1	P001	Pond1B	356	0.035	*	1.35
P002-P001	P002	P001	384.35	0.035	*	*
P003-P002	P003	P002	25	0.013	*	*
P004-P003	P004	P003	185.94	0.035	*	*
P005-P004	P005	P004	105.04	0.035	*	*
P006-P005	P006	P005	139.97	0.035	*	*
P007-P002	P007	P002	20	0.013	*	*
P008-P007	P008	P007	80	0.013	*	*
P009-P008	P009	P008	26	0.013	*	*
P010-P009	P010	P009	20	0.013	*	*
P011-P004	P011	P004	45	0.013	*	*
P012-P005	P012	P005	100	0.013	*	*
P013-P012	P013	P012	20	0.013	*	*
P014-Pond1	P014	Pond1A	40	0.013	*	0.5
P015-Pond1	P015	Pond1A	40	0.035	*	4
P016-Pond1A	P016	Pond1A	40	0.035	*	4
P017-Pond1A	P017	Pond1A	38	0.035	*	5
P018-P017	P018	P017	61.72	0.035	*	*
P019-P017	P019	P017	116	0.035	*	*
P021-P019	P021	P019	70	0.013	*	*
P020-P008	P020	P008	52	0.013	*	*
P022-P001	P022	P001	230	0.013	*	*
P023-P022	P023	P022	12	0.013	*	*
P024-P023	P024	P023	20	0.013	*	*
Pond1A-						
Pond1B	Pond1A	Pond1B	120	0.013	*	*

[CHANNELS]					
Link	Shape	Bottom Width (ft)	Left Side Slope H:V	Right Side Slope H:V	
WeirStr-Outfall1	TRAPEZOIDAL	20	3		3
P001-Pond1	TRAPEZOIDAL	0	6		6
P002-P001	TRAPEZOIDAL	0	6		6
P004-P003	TRAPEZOIDAL	0	6		6
P005-P004	TRAPEZOIDAL	0	6		6
P006-P005	TRAPEZOIDAL	0	6		6
P015-Pond1	TRAPEZOIDAL	0	6		6
P016-Pond1A	TRAPEZOIDAL	0	6		6
P017-Pond1A	TRAPEZOIDAL	0	6		6
P018-P017	TRAPEZOIDAL	0	6		6
P019-P017	TRAPEZOIDAL	0	6		6
Weir1	TRAPEZOIDAL	15	0		0
Weir2	TRAPEZOIDAL	305	0		0

[PIPES]						
Link	Shape	Diameter	Barrels	Culvert	Kentry	Kexit
		(ft)		Code		
P003-P002	CIRCULAR	2	1	6	0.9	1
P007-P002	CIRCULAR	2	1	2	0.5	1
P008-P007	CIRCULAR	2	1	2	0.5	1
P009-P008	CIRCULAR	1.5	1	2	0.5	1
P010-P009	CIRCULAR	1.5	1	2	0.5	1
P011-P004	CIRCULAR	1.25	1	6	0.9	1
P012-P005	CIRCULAR	1.5	1	2	0.5	1
P013-P012	CIRCULAR	1.5	1	2	0.5	1
P014-Pond1	CIRCULAR	1.25	1	2	0.5	1
P021-P019	CIRCULAR	1.5	1	2	0.5	1
P020-P008	CIRCULAR	1.5	1	2	0.5	1
P022-P001	CIRCULAR	2	1	2	0.5	1
P023-P022	CIRCULAR	1.5	1	2	0.5	1
P024-P023	CIRCULAR	1.5	1	2	0.5	1
Pond1A-Pond1B	CIRCULAR	4	3	6	0.9	1

APPENDIX CSubcatchment Input Information

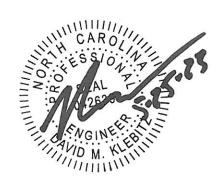
[SUBCATCHMENTS]										
Name	Outlet	Area	% Imper	Width	%Slop e	N- Imperv	N- Perv	S- Imperv	S- Perv	Curve Numbe
		(ac)	V	(ft)				(in)	(in)	r
DAP001	P001	1.3	0	259.85	1.26	0.013	0.2	0.05	1.42	58
DAP002	P002	0.61	0	190.59	1.96	0.013	0.2	0.05	1.41	59
DAP003	P003	0.04	0	121.67	3.33	0.013	0.2	0.05	1.73	54
DAP004	P004	0.23	0	338.3	1.67	0.013	0.2	0.05	0.72	74
DAP005	P005	0.21	0	302.1	1.67	0.013	0.2	0.05	1.04	66
DAP006	P006	0.16	0	233.37	1.67	0.013	0.2	0.05	0.64	76
DAP007	P007	0.05	98.46	0.58	0.55	0.013	0.2	0.05	3.13	39
DAP008	P008	0.07	92.21	3.38	1.22	0.013	0.2	0.05	3.13	39
DAP009	P009	0.26	39.37	309.95	1.82	0.013	0.2	0.05	1.07	65
DAP010	P010	0.22	60.94	166.5	1.82	0.013	0.2	0.05	0.76	72
DAP011	P011	0.04	0	156.75	7.33	0.013	0.2	0.05	1.21	62
DAP012	P012	0.21	61.58	156.73	1.82	0.013	0.2	0.05	0.88	69
DAP013	P013	0.21	71.91	118.32	1.82	0.013	0.2	0.05	0.82	71
DAP014	P014	0.08	85.52	14.11	0.86	0.013	0.2	0.05	3.13	39
DAP015	P015	0.12	0	209.96	2	0.013	0.2	0.05	1.69	54
DAP016	P016	0.13	0	204.07	1.85	0.013	0.2	0.05	1.74	54
DAP017	P017	0.07	0	216.53	3.33	0.013	0.2	0.05	2.47	45
DAP018	P018	0.04	0	91.06	2.94	0.013	0.2	0.05	1.8	53
DAP019	P019	0.06	0	161.53	6.67	0.013	0.2	0.05	3.13	39
DAP020	P020	0.05	97.43	0.92	0.67	0.013	0.2	0.05	3.13	39
DAP021	P021	0.88	0	1914.2	5	0.013	0.2	0.05	0.74	73
DAP023	P023	0.29	29.36	408.23	1.82	0.013	0.2	0.05	1.24	62
DAP024	P024	0.18	59.67	142.27	1.82	0.013	0.2	0.05	0.8	71
DApond 1	Pond1 A	40.06	0	2181.2	0.38	0.013	0.2	0.05	0.47	81



APPENDIX I — SEDIMENTATION & EROSION CONTROL CALCULATIONS

Calculations Include the Following:

- EROSIVE VELOCITY CHECKS
- SEDIMENT BASIN CALCULATIONS
- RIP-RAP OUTLET PROTECTION CALCULATIONS



EROSIVE VELOCITY CHECK

Calculations Include the Following:

- 2 Year, Bare Soil Condition; 2 fps Max Velocity
- 10 Year, Vegetated Condition; 4 fps Max Velocity

Note:

This check is performed by highlighting respective summaries of conveyances that exceed maximum permissible velocities as determined by EPA SWMM modeling performed by Deel Engineering, PLLC.

Link Flow and Velocity - 2yr					
Link Name	Shape	Flow (cfs)	Velocity (fps)		
P001-Pond1	CONDUIT	1.65	0.85		
P002-P001	CONDUIT	1.67	0.59		
P003-P002	CONDUIT	1.12	1.72		
P004-P003	CONDUIT	0.99	0.72		
P005-P004	CONDUIT	0.93	0.57		
P006-P005	CONDUIT	0.19	0.26		
P007-P002	CONDUIT	1.06	1.4		
P008-P007	CONDUIT	1	1.35		
P009-P008	CONDUIT	0.74	1.33		
P010-P009	CONDUIT	0.43	0.84		
P011-P004	CONDUIT	0.01	0.34		
P012-P005	CONDUIT	0.88	1.62		
P013-P012	CONDUIT	0.48	0.88		
P014-Pond1	CONDUIT	0.21	0.36		
P015-Pond1	CONDUIT	0	0		
P016-Pond1A	CONDUIT	0	0		
P017-Pond1A	CONDUIT	0.75	0.95		
P018-P017	CONDUIT	0	0		
P019-P017	CONDUIT	0.8	1.48		
P021-P019	CONDUIT	0.84	2.26		
P020-P008	CONDUIT	0.11	0.22		
P022-P001	CONDUIT	0.61	0.93		
P023-P022	CONDUIT	0.61	1.45		
P024-P023	CONDUIT	0.34	0.84		
Pond1A-Pond1B	CONDUIT	24.58	0.69		
WeirStr-Outfall1	RIP-RAP OUTLET	23.79	1.65		
Weir1	OCS	23.79	2.6		
Weir2	BERM	0	0		

Velocity Check
Bare Soil > 2 fps
N/A - PROP CULVERT
< 2 FPS TO WETLANDS
N/A - PROP OCS

Link Flow and Velocity - 10yr					
Link Name	Shape	Flow (cfs)	Velocity (fps)		
P001-Pond1	CONDUIT	4.13	1.12		
P002-P001	CONDUIT	4.32	0.79		
P003-P002	CONDUIT	2.96	2.39		
P004-P003	CONDUIT	3.1	0.92		
P005-P004	CONDUIT	2.47	0.64		
P006-P005	CONDUIT	0.55	0.35		
P007-P002	CONDUIT	2.15	1.64		
P008-P007	CONDUIT	2.05	1.54		
P009-P008	CONDUIT	1.65	1.54		
P010-P009	CONDUIT	0.92	1.04		
P011-P004	CONDUIT	0.06	0.43		
P012-P005	CONDUIT	1.77	1.92		
P013-P012	CONDUIT	0.92	1.01		
P014-Pond1	CONDUIT	0.33	0.47		
P015-Pond1	CONDUIT	0.03	0.67		
P016-Pond1A	CONDUIT	0.02	0.53		
P017-Pond1A	CONDUIT	2.95	1.45		
P018-P017	CONDUIT	0	0.03		
P019-P017	CONDUIT	3	1.38		
P021-P019	CONDUIT	3.02	3.61		
P020-P008	CONDUIT	0.19	0.23		
P022-P001	CONDUIT	1.16	1.18		
P023-P022	CONDUIT	1.17	1.78		
P024-P023	CONDUIT	0.75	1.14		
Pond1A-Pond1B	CONDUIT	46.72	1.28		
WeirStr-Outfall1	RIP-RAP OUTLET	41.22	1.61		
Weir1	ocs	41.22	3.12		
Weir2	BERM	0	0		

Velocity Check
Vegetated > 4 fps
17
* 400
< 2 FPS TO WETLANDS

Corolla Boat Club Mixed Use Development

Sediment Basin Calculations

Sediment Basin A

Requirements			
Tributary Drainage Area	7.40	acres	
Min. Required Storage Volume	13,320	ft ³	(1,800 ft 3 /acre)
Estimated 10 year peak inflow*	41.00	cfs	
Min. Required Surface Area	17,835	$-ft^2$	$(435 ft^2/cfs)$
<u>Design</u>	<u> </u>	_	
Choose Avg. Storage Depth	1.0	ft	
Necessary Storage Surface Area	13,320	ft ²	
Is Necessary Surface Area > Required	NO		
Choose Storage Width	100	ft	
Choose Storage Length	900	ft	
Length to Width Ratio	9.0	Ratio No	ot Met
Surface Area Provided	186,890	ft ²	10.5 times required
Is Surface Area Provided > Required	YES		
Storage Volume Provided**	186,890	ft 3	
Is Storage Volume Provided > Required	YES		14.0 times required

^{*} Estimated 10 year peak flows per EPA SWMM calculations prepare by DEEL

^{**}Based on calculations performed in autocad

RIP-RAP OUTLET PROTECTION CALCULATION

Calculations Include the Following:

- Mannings n
- Shear Stress
- Stone Size and Apron Thickness
- Erosive Velocity Check

Note:

This check is performed utilizing depths and velocities determined by EPA SWMM modeling performed by Deel Engineering, PLLC.

Given:

EPA SWM INPUT DATA FOR RIPR-RAP Link at Outlet

Q₁₀: 41.2 cfs S: 0.001 ft/ft

B: 50 ft

d: 0.5 ft Z: 3 Rectingular Bapassidal Piangular Mainrum Height 10
Bettom Width 25
Lat Stope 1
Fight Stope 3
Fight Stope 3
Fight Stope 3
Open trapsocidal channel. Stopes are horsestal / vestical.

Open trapsocidal channel. Stopes are horsestal / vestical.

Property WeirStr-Outfall Inlet Node WeirStructure Outlet Nod Outfall1 TRAPEZOIDAL Max. Depth 15 Length Roughness .104 Inlet Offset Outlet Offset Initial Flow Maximum Flow Entry Loss Coeff. Seepage Loss Rate Flap Gate NO Culvert Code

Choose Rip-Rap Size: (Table 8.05f NCDEQ E&S Manual)

For Rip-Rap $D_{50} = 6$ " and depth range of 0 - 0.5', n = 0.104

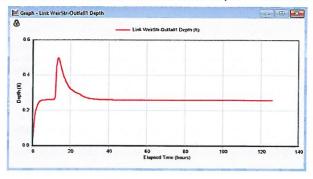
Permissible Unit Shear Stress: (Table 8.05g NCDEQ E&S Manual)

For Rip-Rap $D_{50} = 6$ ", $T_d = 2.0 \text{ lb/sf}$

Click to edit the conduit's cross section geometry

Check Normal Flow Depth

Per EPA SWMM Model the max flow depth = 0.5'. The above Mannings n condition is confirmed.



Calculate Shear Stress

T= (62.4 lbs/cf)*(0.50ft)*(0.001 ft/ft) = 0.03 lb/sf. This is less than the Permissible T_d above. OK

Determine Stone Size and Apron Thickness

 $D_{max} = 1.5 D_{50}$, 1.5 * 6 in = 9 in.

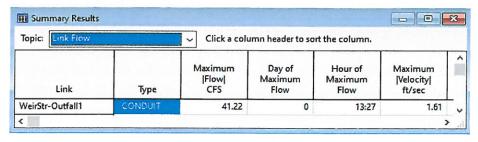
Utilize NCDOT Class B Rip-Rap

Thickness = 1.5 D_{max} , 1.5 * 9 in = 13.5 in. Set app

Set apron thickness at 14"

Erosive Velocity Check

Per EPA SWMM Model the flow velocity = 1.61 fps. Less than allowable 2 fps into wetlands





Major Subdivision Application

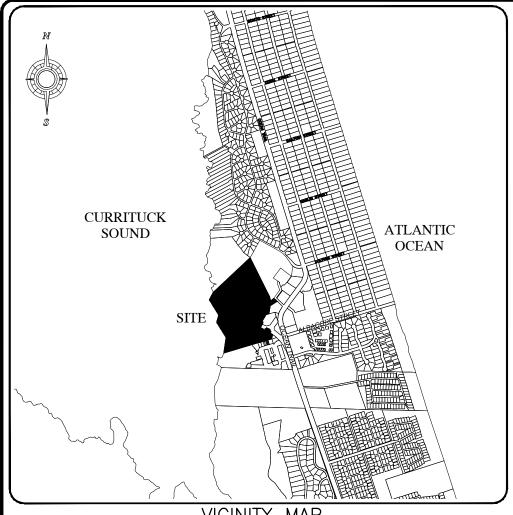
OFFICIAL USE ONLY	
Case Numbers	
Date Filed:	
Gate Keeper:	
Amount Pald:	

Contact Inform	mation		
APPLICANT:		PROPERTY OW	NER: Same
Name:	Outer Banks Ventures, Inc.	Name:	Same
Address:	PO Box 549	Address:	
	Corolla, NC 27927		
Telephone:	252-453-4198	Telephone:	
E-Mall Addre	ss: rcwillis@outerbanksventures.	.com E-Mail Address:	
LEGAL RELAT	TIONSHIP OF APPLICANT TO PROPERTY	Y OWNER: Same	:
Request			
Physical Stre	Malia Drive		
Parcel Identi	fication Number(s): 0116000010A	0000, 01160000	10B0000, 0116000010C00
Subdivision !	Name: Corolla Boat Club-Ph. 1 (1	Monteray Shores P	h. 10)
	ots or Units: 6	Phase:	10
	SUBMITTAL	TYPE C	OF SUBDIVISION
	servation and Development Plan		Traditional Development
☐ Ame	ended Sketch Plan/Use Permit	0	Conservation Subdivision
☐ Prei	liminary Plat (or amended)	<u>1</u> 24	Planned Unit Development Planned Development
	Type OR Type	П	Figured Development
Ži. Con	istruction Drawings (or amended) al Plat (or amended)		
	thorize county officials to enter my prop standards. All information submitted an	perty for purposes of ad required as part of	determining compliance with all f this process shall become public
record.	Me fiestdiat		4/27/23
	wner(s)/Applicant*		Date
*NOTE: For recognized	m must be signed by the owner(s) of reco properly interest. If there are multiple pro	rd, contract purchaser(perty owners/applican	s), or other person(s) having a its a signature is required for each.
Community	Meeting, if applicable		

UD Am	ermit Review Standards, if applicable mended Sketch Plan/Use Permit. Type II Preliminary Plat	
urpose of Use Permit and Project Narrative (please provide on additional paper if needed)		
b	applicant shall provide a response to the each one on the control of the each one of the each one of the each one of the each on the each on the each of the each one of the each of the each one of the each	C C 1/2 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C
١,	The use will not endanger the public health or safety.	
١.	The use will not injure the value of adjoining or abutting area in which it is located.	lands and will be in harmony with the
	area in which it is because.	
С.	The use will be in conformity with the Land Use Plan or	other officially adopted plan.
D.	The use will not exceed the county's ability to provide limited to, schools, fire and rescue, law enforcement, a standards and guidelines shall be followed for determined to the country of the country	adequate public facilities, including, but not and other county facilities. Applicable state ining when public facilities are adequate.
of n	e undersigned, do certify that all of the information presen my knowledge, information, and belief. Further, I her perty for purposes of determining zoning compliance. All	ated in this application is accurate to the best eby authorize county officials to enter my information submitted and required as par
of th	his application process shall become public record.	
1		4/27/23
1	IMM	7 6 7 6 7
100	party Owner(s) /Applicant*	Date
LIOP	perty Owner(s)/Applicant TE: Form must be signed by the owner(s) of record, control purcha-	ser(s), or other person(s) having a recognized
-MO.	NE: Form must be signed by the owner(s) of record, contract potents, perty interest. If there are multiple property owners/applicants a sign	nature is required tor each.
brob	seal Autology it there are manifes beautiful	Major Subdivision Application

Major Subdivision Application Updated 9/2021 Fage 6 of 12

THE RESERVE OF THE PERSON NAMED IN



PRELIMINARY PLAT FOR

COROLLA BOAT CLUB

MONTERAY SHORES PHASE 10 (PART A - 6 LOTS)

POPLAR BRANCH TOWNSHIP CURRITUCK COUNTY NORTH CAROLINA (REVISED PER B.O.C. APPROVAL)

Sheet Sheet Title Number COVER SHEET, DEVELOPMENT NOTES & SITE LOCATION EXISTING CONDITIONS & SITE FEATURES PLAN OVERALL SITE PLAN METES & BOUNDS & STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PLAN WATER MAIN EXTENSION, SERVICES & WASTEWATER PLAN LANDSCAPING, BUFFERING & SIGNAGE PLAN TYPICAL CONSTRUCTION DETAILS

SURVEY LEGEND -RIGHT-OF-WAY SET IRON ROD EXISTING IRON ROD EXISTING IRON PIPE EXISTING CONCRET MONUMENT NOW OR FORMERLY PLAT CABINET Імар воок SQ.FT. or S.F. SQUARE FEET MAXIMUM BUILDING LINE AC or AC. P/0 TYP. TYPICAL N.T.S. NOT TO SCALE 0.S. OPEN SPACE R/W RIGHT-OF-WAY

	LEGEND
	- EXISTING DITCH CENTERLINE
	EXISTING DITCH TOP OF BANK
<u> </u>	PROPOSED SWALE W/ FLOW ARROW
	PROPOSED SWALE HIGH POINT
	FEMA BOUNDARY LINE
	- EXISTING 404 BOUNDARY
6	- EXISTING GRADE CONTOUR
	30' UNDISTURBED BUFFER (COUNTY)
	EXISTING CULVERT
₽	EXISTING UTILITY POLE
—— ОНЕ —— ОНЕ —	EXISTING OVERHEAD TRANSMISSION LINES
—— EWL —— EWL —	EXISTING WATER LINE
WL WL WL WL	PROPOSED WATER LINE (SIZE AS NOTED)
>	PROPOSED FIRE HYDRANT ASSEMBLY
-	PROPOSED WATER SERVICE
	PROPOSED BLOW-OFF ASSEMBLY
H	PROPOSED VALVE
•	PROPOSED REDUCER
	PROPOSED SIDEWALK
FM FM FM	PROPOSED FORCE MAIN SANITARY SEWER (SIZE AS NOTED)
	PROPOSED GRAVITY SANITARY SEWER (SIZE AS NOTED)
S	PROPOSED SANITARY SEWER MANHOLE
BOC	BACK OF CURB
EOP	EDGE OF PAVEMENT
	PROPOSED CATCH BASIN
\\$	PROPOSED STREET LIGHT
	PROPOSED STORM SEWER PIPE
	EDGE OF WATER
o = □	STREET LIGHT

PRIVATE STREETS OWNER CERTIFICATE
I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THE PRIVATE STREETS SHOWN ON THIS PLAT ARE INTENDED FOR PRIVATE USE AND WILL REMAIN UNDER THE CONTROL, MAINTENANCE, AND RESPONSIBILITY OF THE DEVELOPER AND/OR A HOMEOWNER'S ASSOCIATION AND ACKNOWLEDGE THAT SOME PUBLIC SERVICES MAY NOT BE PROVIDED DUE TO THE PRIVATE NATURE OF THE ROAD.

DISTRICT ENGINEER

REVIEW OFFICER CERTIFICATE STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA COUNTY OF CURRITUCK

REVIEW OFFICER OF CURRITUCK COUNTY, CERTIFY THAT THE MAP OR PLAT TO WHICH THIS CERTIFICATION IS AFFIXED MEETS ALL STATUTORY REQUIREMENTS FOR RECORDING.

REVIEW OFFICER

VICINITY MAP SCALE: 1" = 1000'

1. PROJECT NAME: COROLLA BOAT CLUB (MONTERAY SHORES PHASE 10 (PART A - 6 LOTS))

- 2. OWNER/APPLICANT: OUTER BANKS VENTURES, INC. P.O. BOX 549
- COROLLA, NC 27927
- PARCEL ID#: 0116-000-0010-0000 PRIMARY ADDRESS: MALIA DRIVE, COROLLA, NC RECORDED REFERENCES: D.B. 1161, PG. 734, P.C. K, SL. 49
- ZONES X, AE (3') AND SHADED X PER F.E.M.A. F.I.R.M. MAP NUMBER 3721803200 K, EFFECTIVE DATE DECEMBER 21, 2018. USE OF LAND WITHIN A FLOODWAY OR FLOOD PLAIN IS SUBSTANTIALLY RESTRICTED BY CHAPTER 7 OF THE CURRITUCK COUNTY UNIFIED DEVELOPMENT ORDINANCE
- 6. THIS PROPERTY CONTAINS ACOE "404' JURISDICTIONAL WETLANDS
- 7. A 10' EASEMENT FOR UTILITIES AND DRAINAGE ALONG REAR AND SIDE PROPERTY LINES AND A 25' EASEMENT ALONG FRONT PROPERTY LINES IS HEREBY ESTABLISHED FOR DRAINAGE, UTILITIES, PEDESTRIAN WALKS & STREET TREES. (SEE SECTION PLAN, SHEET 8)
- 8. A NON-EXCLUSIVE DRAINAGE EASEMENT IS HEREBY DEDICATED ACROSS ALL OPEN SPACE AREAS FOR PURPOSES OF
- 9. EXISTING CONDITION INFORMATION BASED ON A COMBINATION OF THE FOLLOWING: 2016 FIELD SURVEY DATA OBTAINED BY BISSELL PROFESSIONAL GROUP
- FIELD TOPOGRAPHIC SURVEY DATA BY BISSELL PROFESSIONAL GROUP • ELEVATIONS ARE REFERENCED TO NAVD 1988 VERTICAL DATUM.
- 10. SUBDIVISION IS DESIGNED FOR SINGLE FAMILY DWELLINGS OF LESS THAN 4,800 S.F. AND NO GREATER THAN 2 STORIES. LOTS 1-5 ARE INTENDED FOR SINGLE FAMILY RESIDENCES. LOT 6 IS LIMITED TO COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT.
- 11. AVAILABLE WATER SUPPLY SHALL BE VERIFIED THROUGH FIELD TESTING.
- 12. A NON-EXCLUSIVE DRAINAGE EASEMENT IS HEREBY DEDICATED ACROSS ALL OPEN SPACE AREAS. A 25' DRAINAGE EASEMENT IS HEREBY ESTABLISHED FROM THE TOP OF BANK OF ALL DITCHES DRAINING 5 OR MORE ACRES, WHICH MAY EXTEND BEYOND DEDICATED OPEN SPACE AREAS ONTO SOME LOTS.
- 13. ALL NEW UTILITIES SHALL BE INSTALLED UNDERGROUND.

CONNECTIVITY INDEX: 3 LINKS/1 NODE = 3.0

DEVELOPMENT NOTES:	
TOTAL TRACT AREA:	36.194 AC.
CAMA WETLANDS:	9.15 AC.
AREA THIS PHASE:	10.01 AC.
# OF PROPOSED LOTS:	6 LOTS
AVERAGE LOT AREA:	21,500± S.F.
PROPOSED RIGHT-OF-WAY WIDTH:	30 FT.
PROPOSED PAVED ROADWAY WIDTH:	24 FT. B.O.CB.O.C.
LINEAR FEET OF ON-SITE ROADWAY:	850 L.F.±
LOT DEVELOPMENT CONFIGURATION:	
LOT AREAS: VARY FROM 16,182 S.F	. TO 44,280 S.F.
MINIMUM LOT WIDTH:	65 FT.
SETBACKS:	
FRONT:	20 FT.
SIDE:	10 FT.
DE AD.	10 FT

RECREATION/PARKLAND: RECREATION/PARKLAND FEE IN LIEU OF TO BE CALCULATED AND PAID PRIOR TO FINAL PLAT RECORDATION.

DEVELOPMENT NOTES (THIS PHASE):

10.01 AC.	AREA THIS PHASE:
3.50 AC.	OPEN SPACE REQUIRED:
6.04 AC.	OPEN SPACE PROVIDED:

OWNERSHIP AND DEDICATION CERTIFICATE I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT I AM THE OWNER OF THE PROPERTY DESCRIBED HEREON, WHICH PROPERTY IS LOCATED WITHIN THE SUBDIVISION REGULATION JURISDICTION OF CURRITUCK COUNTY, THAT I HEREBY FREELY ADOPT THIS PLAT OF SUBDIVISION AND DEDICATE TO PUBLIC USE ALL AREA SHOWN ON THIS PLAT AS STREETS, UTILITIES, ALLEYS, WALKS, RECREATION AND PARKS, OPEN SPACE AND EASEMENTS, EXCEPT THOSE SPECIFICALLY INDICATED AS PRIVATE AND THAT I WILL MAINTAIN ALL SUCH AREAS UNTIL THE OFFER OF DEDICATION IS ACCEPTED BY THE APPROPRIATE PUBLIC AUTHORITY OR HOME OWNERS' ASSOCIATION. ALL PROPERTY SHOWN ON THIS PLAT AS DEDICATED FOR A PUBLIC USE SHALL BE DEEMED TO BE DEDICATED FOR ANY OTHER PUBLIC USE AUTHORIZED BY LAW WHEN SUCH USE IS APPROVED BY THE APPROPRIATE PUBLIC AUTHORITY IN THE PUBLIC INTEREST.

_____, A NOTARY PUBLIC __COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA, DO HEREBY CERTIFY THAT

APPEARED BEFORE ME THIS DATE AND ACKNOWLEDGED THE DUE EXECUTION OF THE

NOTARY PUBLIC MY COMMISSION EXPIRES _____

INTERCONNECTIVITY STATEMENT THIS SUBDIVISION CONTAINS A RIGHT-OF-WAY THAT IS PLATTED WITH THE INTENT OF BEING EXTENDED AND CONTINUED TO AND FROM ADJOINING PROPERTIES. ACCESS WITHIN THE RIGHT-OF-WAY FOR STREETS AND UTILITIES SHALL NOT BE

I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THE SUBDIVISION SHOWN ON THIS PLAT IS IN ALL RESPECTS IN COMPLIANCE WITH THE CURRITUCK COUNTY UNIFIED DEVELOPMENT ORDINANCE AND, THEREFORE, THIS PLAT HAS BEEN APPROVED BY THE CURRITUCK COUNTY TECHNICAL REVIEW COMMITTEE AND SIGNED BY THE ADMINISTRATOR, SUBJECT TO ITS BEING RECORDED IN THE CURRITUCK COUNTY REGISTRY WITHIN 90 DAYS OF THE DATE BELOW.

ADMINISTRATOR

WITNESS MY HAND AND OFFICIAL SEAL THIS _____ DAY OF_____

REGISTERED LAND SURVEYOR/ENGINEER REGISTRATION NUMBER STORMWATER STATEMENT
NO MORE THAN 30% OF ANY LOT SHALL BE COVERED BY IMPERVIOUS STRUCTURES AND MATERIALS, INCLUDING ASPHALT, GRAVEL, CONCRETE, BRICK STONE, SLATE, OR SIMILAR MATERIAL, NOT INCLUDING WOOD

SAID IMPROVEMENTS COMPLY WITH CURRITUCK COUNTY SPECIFICATIONS.

REQUIRED IMPROVEMENTS CERTIFICATE

DECKING OR THE WATER SURFACE OF SWIMMING POOLS. THIS COVENANT IS INTENDED TO ENSURE COMPLIANCE WITH THE STORMWATER PERMIT NUMBER ______ ISSUED BY THE STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA.
THE COVENANT MAY NOT BE CHANGED OR DELETED WITHOUT THE CONSENT OF THE STATE. FILLING IN OR PIPING OF ANY VEGETATIVE CONVEYANCES (DITCHES, SWALES, ETC.) ASSOCIATED WITH THIS DEVELOPMENT, EXCEPT FOR AVERAGE DRIVEWAY CROSSINGS, IS STRICTLY PROHIBITED BY ANY PERSON. THE LOT COVERAGE ALLOWANCE PROVIDED IN THE CURRITUCK COUNTY UNIFIED DEVELOPMENT ORDINANCE MAY BE DIFFERENT THAN THE NC STATE STORMWATER PERMIT. THE MOST RESTRICTIVE LOT COVERAGE SHALL APPLY.

I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT ALL IMPROVEMENTS REQUIRED BY THE CURRITUCK COUNTY

PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS PREPARED BY BISSELL PROFESSIONAL GROUP, AND

UNIFIED DEVELOPMENT ORDINANCE HAVE BEEN INSTALLED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE

SURVEYOR'S CERTIFICATION

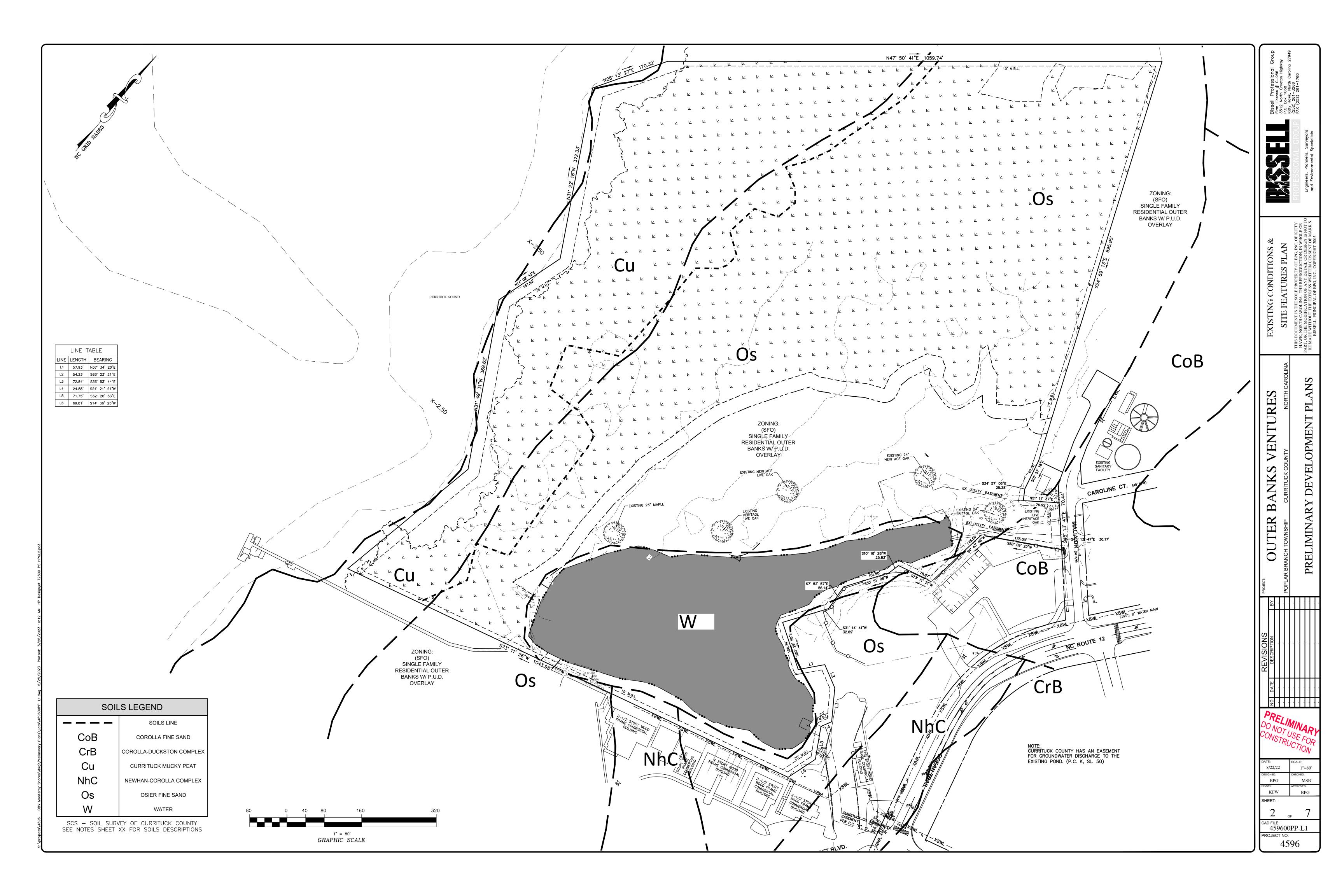
I, MICHAEL D. BARR, CERTIFY THAT THIS PLAT WAS DRAWN UNDER MY SUPERVISION FROM AN ACTUAL SURVEY MADE UNDER MY SUPERVISION (DEED AND DESCRIPTION RECORDED IN BOOKS REFERENCED); THAT THE BOUNDARIES NOT SURVEYED ARE CLEARLY INDICATED AS DRAWN FROM INFORMATION FOUND IN BOOKS REFERENCED; THAT THE RATIO OF PRECISION AS CALCULATED IS 1:10,000; THAT THIS PLAT WAS PREPARED IN ACCORDANCE WITH G.S. 47-30 AS AMENDED.

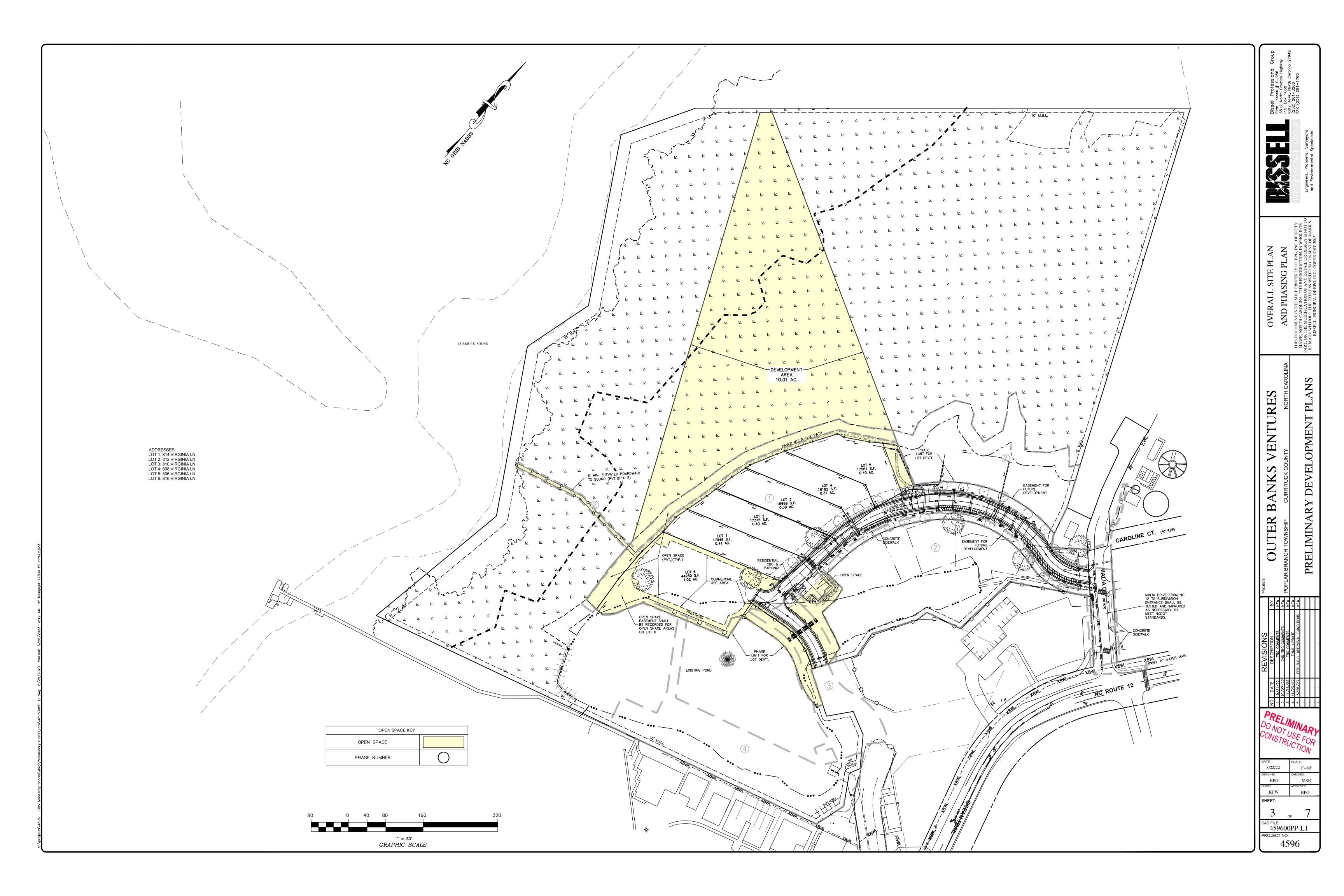
THIS IS TO CERTIFY THAT THIS SURVEY CREATES A SUBDIVISION OF LAND WITHIN THE AREA OF A COUNTY OR MUNICIPALITY THAT HAS AN ORDINANCE THAT REGULATES PARCELS OF LAND. WITNESS MY ORIGINAL SIGNATURE, REGISTRATION NUMBER AND SEAL THIS _____

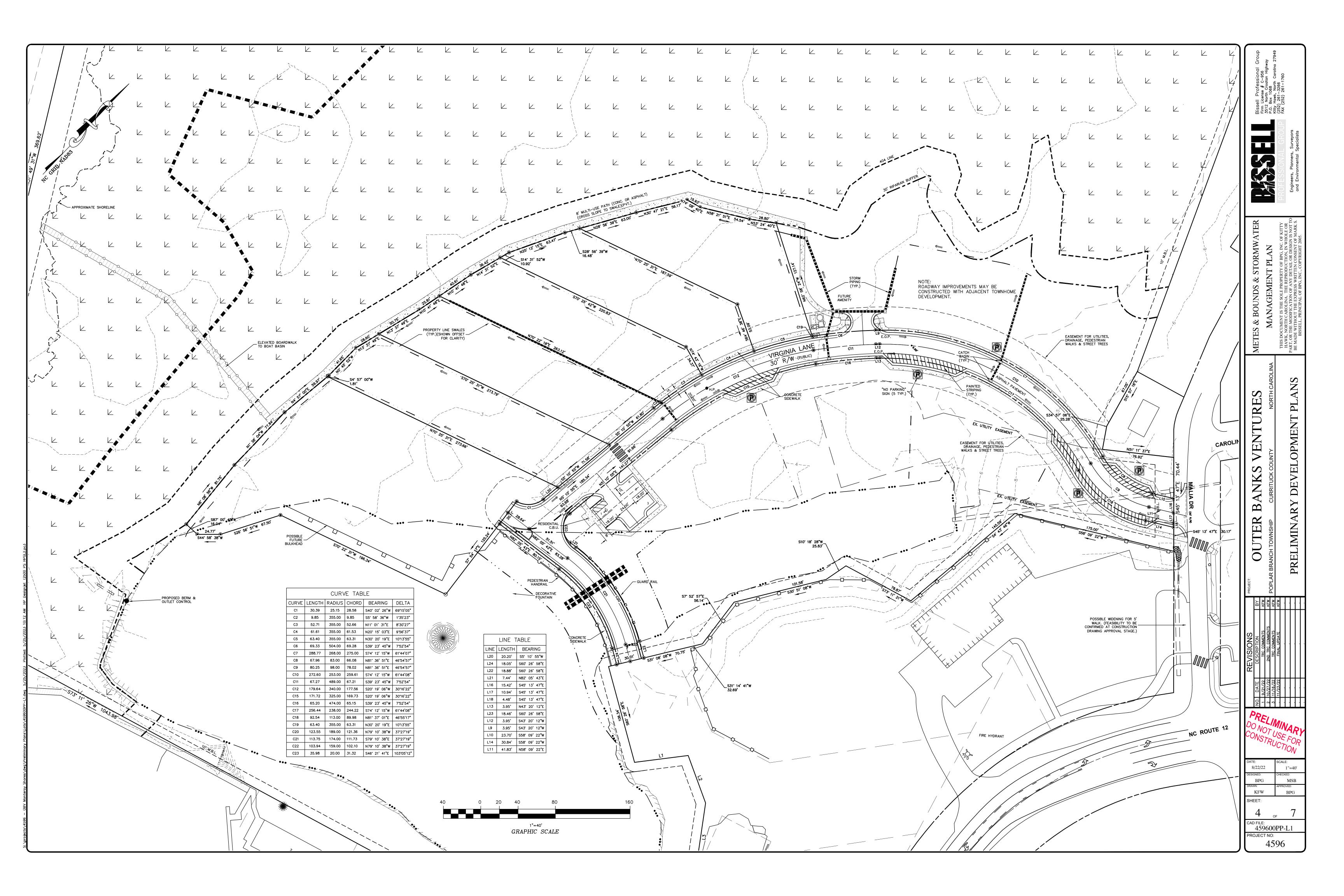
DAY OF _____, A.D., 2022.

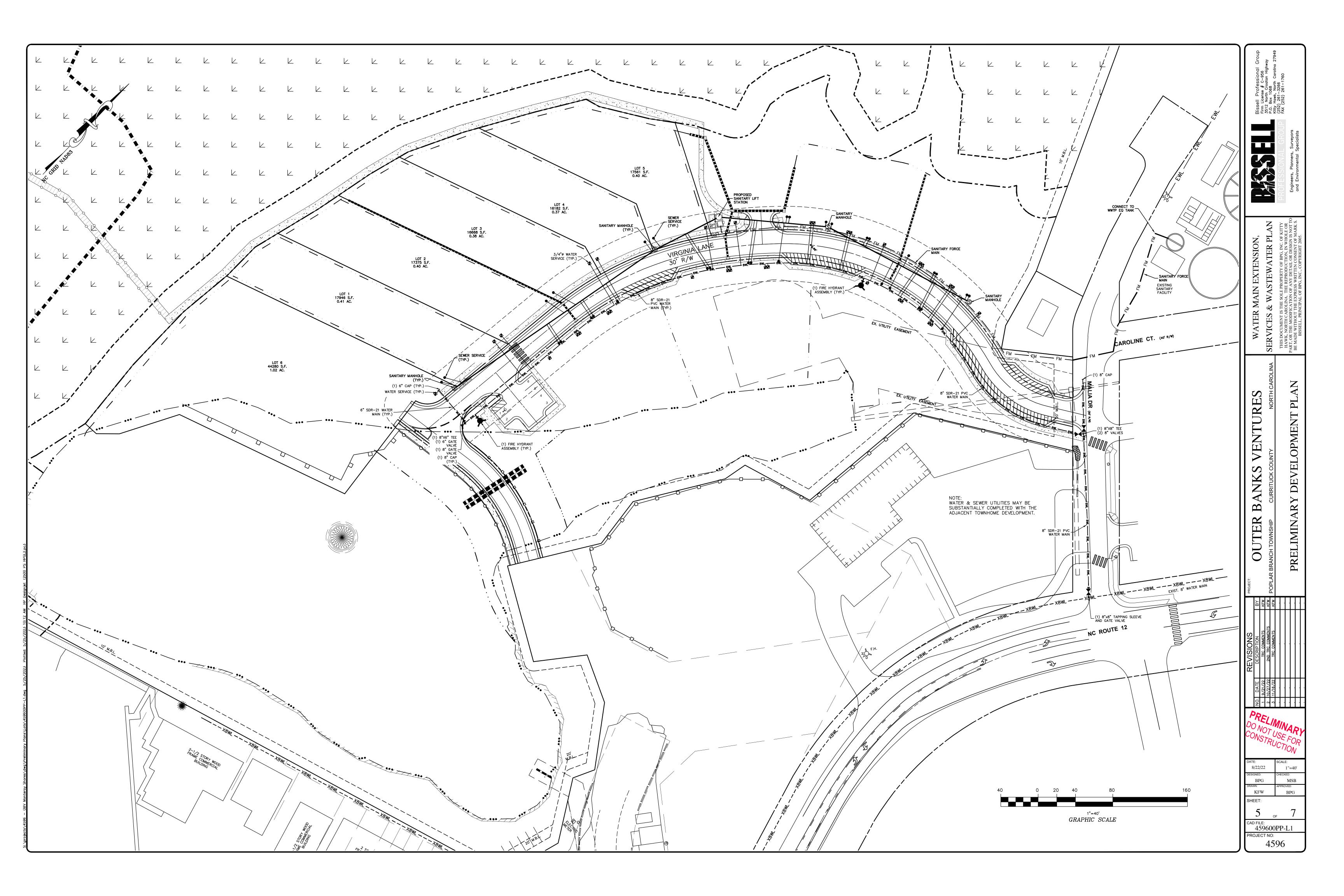
8/22/22 BPG KFW SHEET:

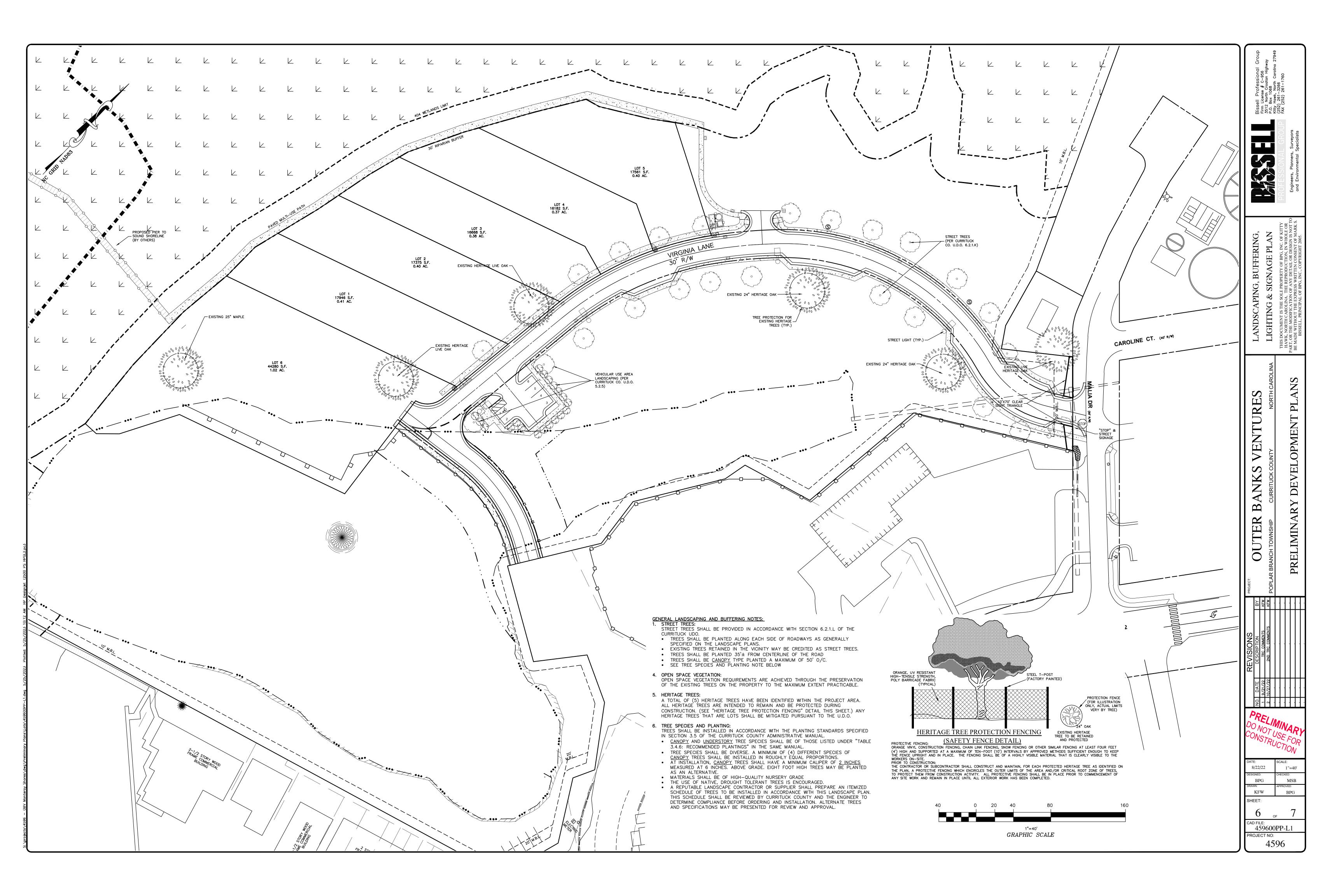
459600PP-L1 PROJECT NO: 4596

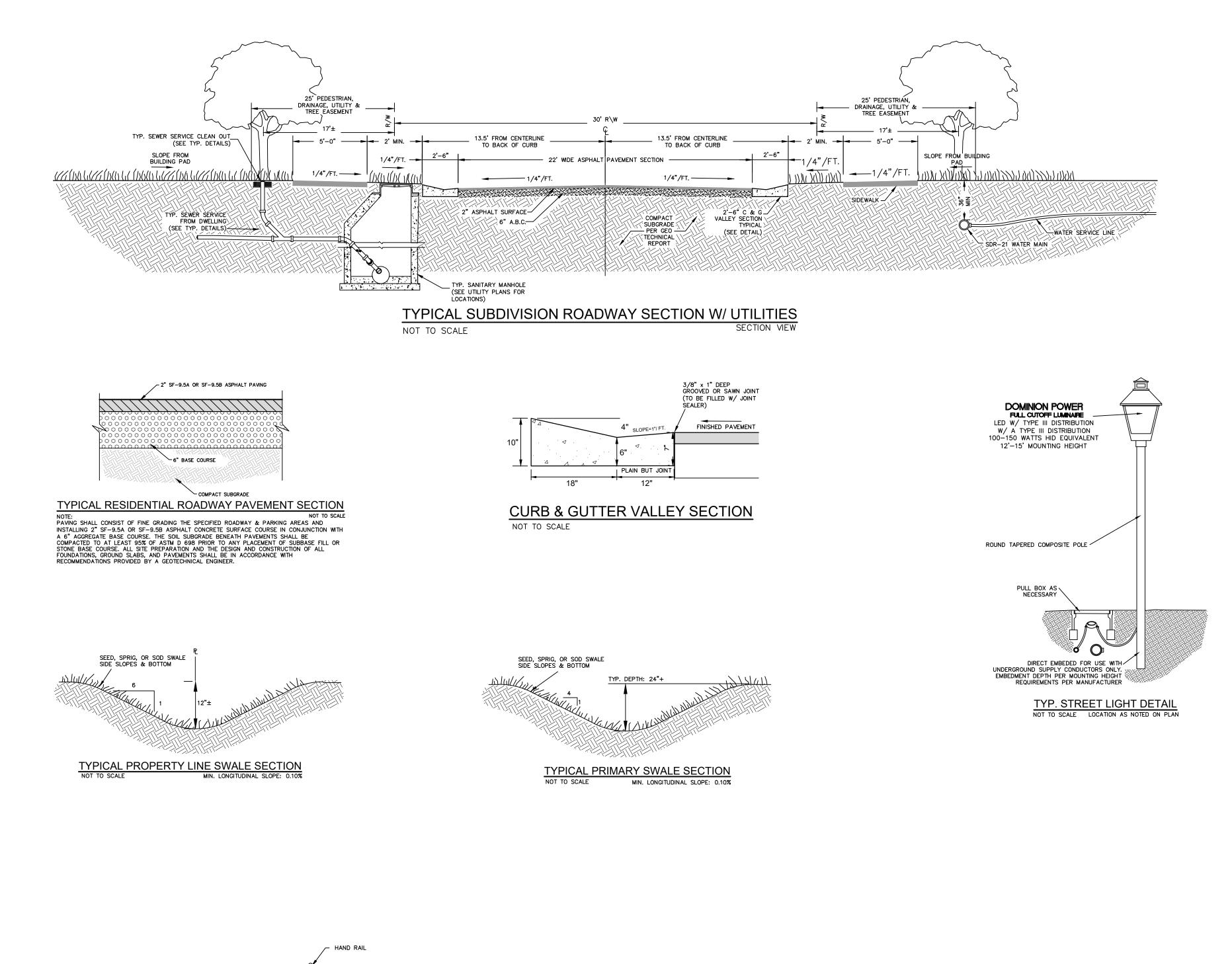


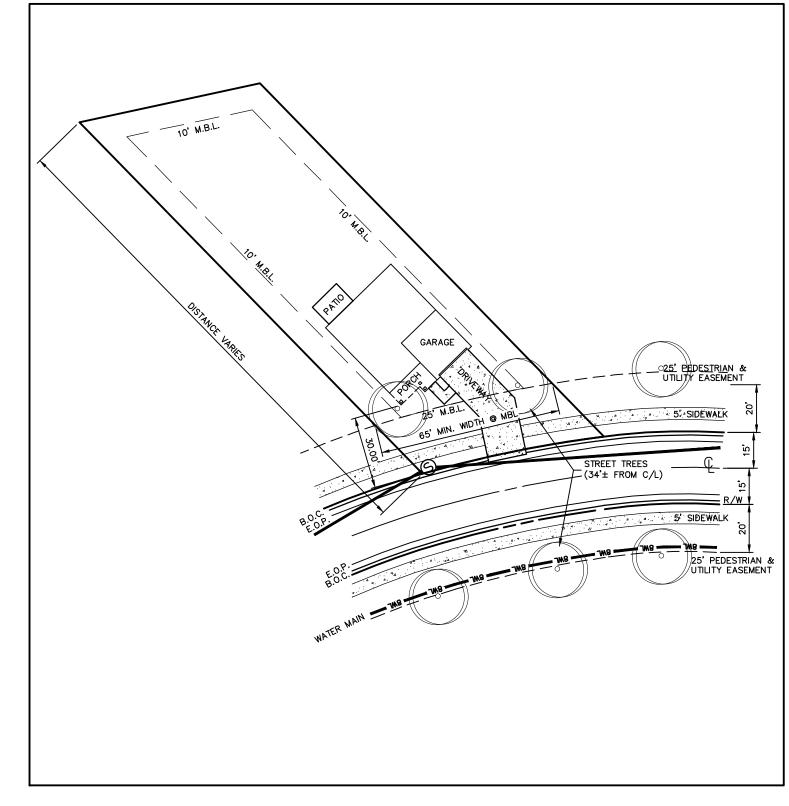






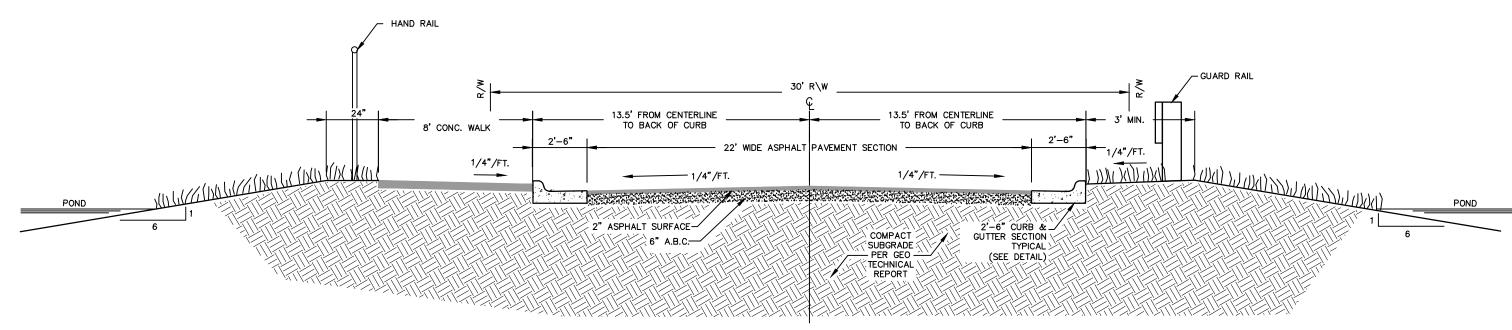






SINGLE FAMILY DEVELOPMENT EXHIBIT

SCALE: 1" = 40'



SUBDIVISION ROADWAY SECTION (POND CROSSING)
NOT TO SCALE
SECTION VIEW

TYPICAL CONSTRUCTION DETAILS

VENTURES

THIS DOO HAWK, I PART, OR T BE MADE

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7 of 7

CAD FILE:
459600PP-L1

PROJECT NO:
4596

Map Reference Designation Area Total Area Wellands Wellands Net Area for Development Development Commercial Development 1. Monteray Plaza 12.785 − 12.785 12.785 12.785 2. "Parcels 7,8,9,& 10" 48.721 9.0 39.721 1.433 • Parcel 7 0.220 (1) − 0.220 0.220 • Parcel 8 0.119 (1) − 0.119 − • Parcel 9 11.639 (1) − 0.119 − • Parcel 10 36.194 (1) 9.0 27.194 1.208 3. NCDOT Residual 0.165 − 0.165 − 4. Church Parcel 6 0.918 − 0.976 0.976 5. Commercial Lot 4 0.976 − 0.976 0.976 6. Commercial Parcel 3 1.114 − 1.114 1.114 7. Commercial Area 1 1.056 − 1.056 1.056 8. Commercial Area 2 0.995 − 0.995 0.995 9. Monteray Pines (Parcel 5) 2.093	Residential Cosen Space References Notes; Comments 92 Units 46,888 -	rea also corrected per Condo Plat. Summary of Proposed Changes To Development Data with October 2021 Amendment
18. Lot 4 (Undev.) 10.00 *(2) - (3) 19. Currituck County 10.07 - (3) 10.07 20. Corolla Shores V 14.1 - (3) 14.1 6.1 (Food Lion) TOTALS: 700TNOTES: (1) Included in 48.721 Ac. Totals for Parcels 7, 8, 9 & 10. (2) Included in 57.418 Ac. Totals for Corolla Bay 1-4. (3) No CAMA wetland data provided on plats. (4) 43.35 Ac. CAMA in 2006 A.S.P., but not identified by plat. (5) Confirmed CAMA delineation is 9.15 Ac. (2022)	127 4.057 "P.C. I, S.L. 32-35" Open space and residential allocation per amended sketch plans for P.U.D. (3/15/2010 & 1/22/2014); 2.809 "P.C. H, S.L. 221" Open space per amended sketch plans for P.U.D. (3/15/2010 & 1/22/2014) 8 "P.C. G, S.L. 356" Commercial & open space allocations are from 1/22/2014 ASP (recorded plat shows 14.0 Ac. +/-, A.S.P. shows 14.1 Ac.; 14.1 used in development calcs. 711 total does not consider any loss of lots in Corolla Shores due to N.C.D.O.T. taking.	Commercial Area 36.222 Ac 36.222 Ac. From 2010 & 2014 A.S.P.'s Commercial % 10.195 % - 10.195 % Residential Units 711 36 Units 747 Residential Density 2.280/Ac. Den Space Area 134.353 Ac. 4.01 Ac. 130.343 Ac. Recomputed from record maps Open Space % 37.81 % - 36.67% Den Space % 37.81 % - 36.67% THAWK NORTH CARDINAL IZ HEROMONICAL MAIL THE MODIFICAL WAS ARREADED TO A WAS ARREADED
TIM BUCK II OPEN SPACE SPACE OPEN SPACE	CURRILLCK SOUND OPEN SPACE OPEN SPACE CURRILLCK SOUND OPEN SPACE CURRILLCK SOUND OPEN SPACE CURRILLCK SOUND	MONTERAY SHORES P.U.D. MONTERAY SHORES P.U.D. AMENDED SKETTCH PI AN
MONTERAY PLAZA BY THE STATE OF	SPACE STOPEN WANTERVISION SPACE SP	* SEE NOTE BELOW **SEE NOTE BELOW **SEE NOTE COROLLA LIGHT P.U.D. **NOTE: COMMERCIAL & OPEN SPACE AREAS NOT DELINEATED ON A SITE PLAN. **DOTHONOLOGICAL COROLLA CO
S: projects \ 4596 - 08V Monteray Shores \ Yes Parojects \ 4596 - 08V Monteray Shores \ Yes Parojects \ Yes Paroje	LEGEND RESIDENTIAL COMMERCIAL OPEN SPACE 1" = 400' GRAPHIC SCALE	ATLANTIC OCEAN ATLANTIC OCEAN ATLANTIC OCEAN ATLANTIC OCEAN APPROVED: BPG MSE DRAWN: APPROVED: KFW BPG SHEET: 1 OF 1 CAD FILE: 459600PUD1 PROJECT NO: 4596