COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016



County of Currituck, North Carolina

Prepared by the Currituck County Finance Department

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BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS Bobby Hanig., Chairman Michael D. Hall, Vice-Chairman Paul M. Beaumont Mary "Kitty" Etheridge Marion Gilbert Michael D. Hall Bob White COUNTY OF CURRITUCK 153 Courthouse Road, Suite 201

153 Courthouse Road, Suite 201 Currituck, North Carolina 27929 Telephone (252) 232-2075 / Fax (252) 232-3551 Daniel F. Scanlon II County Manager Donald Ike McRee County Attorney Leeann Walton Clerk to the Board

December 30, 2016

The Board of Commissioners Currituck County, North Carolina

We are pleased to present the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of Currituck County for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. The financial statements and supplemental schedules contained herein have been audited by the independent, certified public accounting firm of Carr, Riggs & Ingram, LLC, and that firm's unqualified opinion is included in the Financial Section of this report. The report itself, however, is presented by the County, which is responsible for the accuracy of the data and for the completeness and fairness of its presentation including all disclosures. We believe the data presented is accurate in all material respects; that it is presented in a manner designed to set forth fairly the financial position and results of operations of the County as measured by the financial activity of its various funds; and that all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain the maximum understanding of the County's financial affairs have been included.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of Currituck County. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of Currituck County has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of Currituck County's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, Currituck County's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

Generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The County of Currituck's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

DESCRIPTION OF THE COUNTY

Founded in 1668, Currituck (Indian for "land of the wild goose") is the most northeastern county in North Carolina. Currituck County is one of the state's four original counties. In addition to the more than 22 miles of beaches along the Atlantic Ocean, the County has numerous sounds, rivers, and creeks that provide some of the most memorable game fishing, waterfowl hunting, and other recreational activities that can be experienced. The County has a permanent population of approximately 25,263; although, the strong tourism industry produces a large seasonal population that results in an average daily population from mid-April through September estimated to be approximately 45,000 to 55,000. There are no incorporated areas located within Currituck County.

The County has a Commissioner-Manager form of government. The Board of Commissioners consists of seven members that serve staggered four-year terms. Members are elected County-wide on a partisan basis in even numbered years. The Commissioners hold policy-making and legislative authority. They also annually adopt a balanced budget and establish a tax rate for the support of County operations. The Commissioners appoint the county manager whose responsibility it is to implement policies, manage daily operations, and appoint department heads.

The County provides its citizens with a wide range of services that include public safety, transportation, environmental protection, economic and physical development, human services, cultural and recreational services, and others. This report includes all the County's activities in maintaining these services. The County also extends financial support to certain boards, agencies, and commissions to assist their efforts in serving citizens. Among these are the Currituck County Board of Education, Albemarle Regional Health Services, Albemarle Commission, Albemarle Regional Solid Waste Authority, East Albemarle Regional Library and others.

ECONOMIC CONDITIONS AND OUTLOOK

Currituck County's leading "industry" is travel and tourism and related services. The Currituck Outer Banks is a major destination for tourists and more vacationers are visiting the Outer Banks during the non-peak months of March through May and September through November. The longer tourist season is stabilizing rental income and other economic benefits to local businesses. Although construction has slowed significantly, development continues throughout the County.

Currituck County is in the Hampton Roads Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA). Currituck, located within sixteen miles of Interstate 64 and the Chesapeake Expressway, makes the county convenient to the Norfolk International Airport and to the deepwater ports in Hampton Roads. This favorable location continues to attract residents and the population has increased 6.46 percent from 2007 to 2016.

Not surprisingly, the largest businesses in Currituck County are intimately related to governmental activities and Travel and Tourism: retail trade, real estate and accommodation/services. The largest employers in Currituck County are Currituck County Board of Education, the County of Currituck Government and Academi Training Center LLC, followed by employee staffing, health services, a grocery store, retail, realty and fast food.

During the past year, the ad valorem tax base increased from \$5,864,064,156 to \$5,995,996,462, an increase of 2.25 percent, which reflects an increase in construction within the County. The octennial revaluation as required by the North Carolina General Statutes became effective on January 1, 2013. The county-wide tax rate for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2016 was \$0.48 per \$100, which is favorable for new residents and businesses.

Currituck County continues its commitment to expand the Parks and Recreation facilities within the County. Baseball and softball fields as well as concession stands, playgrounds and relocation of the skateboard park were in process throughout this fiscal year on the Currituck mainland. Expansion of the multi-use paths and design of a restroom facility at Whalehead in Historic Corolla park are underway on the Currituck Outer Banks.

One of the primary focuses during this fiscal year was the completion of an Animal Shelter at the Maple Commerce park and relocating the animal population so that the existing building could be demolished for expansion of the Airport runway.

The Ocean Sands water and sewer district is undergoing major renovations and expansion of the Ocean Sands sewer plant to accommodate existing customers and anticipated growth.

To summarize, the County's very favorable tax rate, mild climate, location, improving regional transportation systems and overall quality of life ensure that its economic outlook is bright.

MAJOR INITIATIVES

During the year the County was involved in a number of major projects, some of which will not be completed until future years. Highlights of these projects are discussed in the following paragraphs.

The Board of Commissioners and the Currituck County Board of Education continue their joint commitment of providing adequate school facilities. Both of the above boards are working together to meet the needs to maintain quality education for the children of our County. Although there are no major public school capital projects at this time, the County continues to work with the Board of Education to maintain the current facilities. The primary focus has been to maintain the current school facilities through upgrades of HVAC systems, energy management and roof replacements in existing facilities. (The Currituck County Board of Education is a separate reporting entity apart from the County; a detailed discussion of their activities and initiatives can be found in their Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.)

The County also had several initiatives in process throughout this year. Expansion of the airport runways continued to be a priority and design was underway at the end of this fiscal year. Completion of the baseball and softball fields and amenities associated with this facility are also major initiatives for the current and upcoming year.

Factors Affecting Financial Condition

In government, much more than in business, the budget is an integral part of a unit's accounting system and daily operations. An annual or projected budget ordinance, as amended by the governing body, creates a legal limit on spending authorizations. For Currituck County, annual budgets are adopted for the General, Special Revenue (except the Multi-Year Grant Fund), Tourism Development Authority Fund, Capital Projects (except the County Governmental Facilities Fund and the School Facilities Fund) and Enterprise Operating Funds. Multi-year project budgets are adopted for the Multi-Year Grant Fund, the County Governmental Facilities Fund, the School Facilities Fund, the Southern Outer Banks Water Construction Fund, and the Moyock Central Sewer Construction Fund. Appropriations in the General Fund and the Special Revenue Funds are made at the departmental level; Capital Projects appropriations are made at the project level; and Enterprise Fund appropriations are made at the function level. However, for internal accounting purposes, budgetary control is generally maintained by object class (line item account). Purchase orders that would create an over encumbrance at that level are not written until appropriations are made available either through budget amendments or intradepartmental transfers approved by the county manager. The county manager may transfer amounts within a department up to \$10,000 or between departments within the same fund up to \$1,000 providing an official report on such transfers at the next regular meeting of the Board of Commissioners, or make interfund loans for a period of not more than sixty days. However, the county manager may not transfer any amounts between funds or from any contingency line items within any funds.

In accordance with State law, the County's budget is prepared on the modified accrual basis, and its accounting records also are maintained on that basis. Under modified accrual accounting, revenues are recorded when they

are both measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when a fund liability is incurred, except for unmatured principal and interest on long-term debt and certain compensated absences. Governmental Fund types, such as the County's General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, Capital Projects Fund, and Agency Funds are reported on the modified accrual basis in the financial statements. The County's Enterprise and the Pension Trust Fund are reported on the full accrual basis in the financial statements, under which revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when incurred.

County management is responsible for the accounting system and for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure. The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance regarding (1) the safeguarding of assets against loss from unauthorized use or disposition; (2) the reliability of financial records for preparing financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles and maintaining accountability for assets; and (3) compliance with applicable laws and regulations related to federal and State financial assistance programs. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived and (2) the evaluation of costs and benefits require estimates and judgments by management.

All internal control evaluations occur within the above framework. We believe that the County's internal accounting controls adequately protect assets and provide reasonable assurance of the proper recording of financial transactions. As part of the County's single audit (discussed in more detail in a later paragraph), the independent auditor performed a review of the County's internal control structure. This review was not an audit and no opinion was issued on the County's internal control structure; however, the procedures performed by the independent auditor did not indicate any material internal control weaknesses or reportable conditions.

Local Economy. Currituck County enjoys a favorable economic environment due to the tourism industry. The County recognizes the importance of tourism to our economy and in an effort to assist potential visitors to have more access to information on the area, the County established a Visitor's Center in Corolla and a Welcome Center, located on the North Carolina and Virginia state lines. In addition to tourism, the County is also focusing on Economic Development with the addition of a central sewer in Moyock and a commerce park and aviation and technical training center in Maple.

Long-term Financial Planning. The governing board has developed a long-term construction plan for both County governmental facilities and education facilities, which are funded by the County even though they are assets of the school. The County has committed to construct an Aviation Technical and Training Facility in cooperation with the College of the Albemarle. The County is also expanding the sewer capacity in the Moyock area and infrastructure at the airport. In addition, within the next ten years, the County anticipates continued demands for additional recreational, emergency response facilities, utility expansion and schools.

Cash management policies and practices. Cash temporarily idle during the year was invested in savings accounts, certificates of deposit, obligations of the U. S. Treasury, commercial paper and the North Carolina Cash Management Trust throughout the year. The maturities range from 91 days to three years. The average yield on investments was 0.640% for savings accounts, 0.738% for commercial paper and 0.591% for federal agencies.

Risk management. The County participates in the North Carolina Association of County Commissioners (NCACC) property and general liability, worker's compensation. The pools provide coverage for property, general liability, vehicle, crime, professional liability, environmental impairment, and worker's compensation benefits. The County contracts with CIGNA to provide health insurance benefits to full-time employees. The County also maintains flood insurance on structures located in flood prone areas. As of June 30, 2016 the Whalehead Club and the Moyock Library were covered by flood insurance.

OTHER INFORMATION

Currituck County is required by State law (G.S. 159-34) to have an annual independent financial audit. A compliance audit on federal and State financial assistance programs is also required under the federal Single

Audit Act of 1984 and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. The County's auditors, Carr, Riggs and Ingram, LLC., were selected through a formal request for proposals process. The auditor's report on the General Purpose Financial Statements is included in the Financial Section of this report. The auditors' reports required as a part of the single audit are found in the Compliance Section of this report. The findings and questioned costs reported in the Compliance Section are subject to a subsequent review by the appropriate grantor agencies. This review could result in reimbursements to grantor agencies if some expenditures are deemed inappropriate. However, every effort has been made to insure that all disbursements are made in compliance with the applicable financial assistance program provisions. Required refunds, if any, should be immaterial.

This is the fifteenth Comprehensive Annual Financial Report prepared by Currituck County. It is the County's intention to submit this year's report to the Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) for its Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting Program. This program recognizes governmental units that publish easily read and efficiently organized Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports that confirm to program standards. A Certificate of Achievement is the highest form of recognition awarded in the field of governmental financial reporting.

AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the County of Currituck for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

Preparation of this report would not have been possible without the dedicated efforts of the entire staff of the Finance Department and support from the Administrative, Human Resources and Tax Departments. Credit must also be given to the governing board for their support for maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of the Currituck County finances.

Respectfully submitted,

Daniel F. Scanlon II

Daniel F. Scanlon II County Manager Sandra L. Hill

Sandra L. Hill Finance Director



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

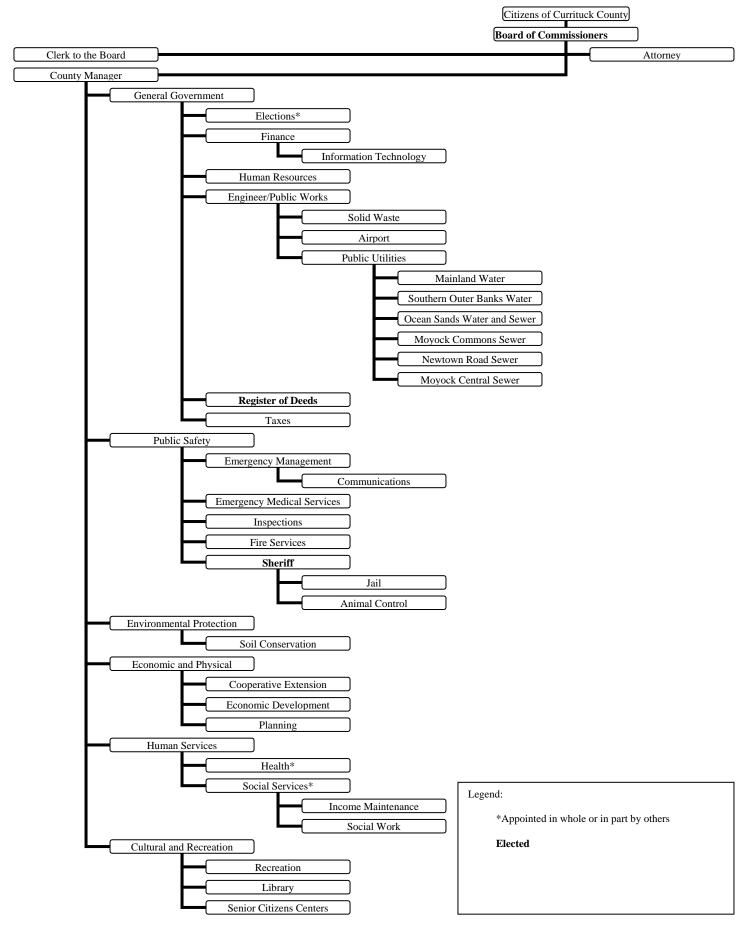
County of Currituck North Carolina

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2015

Suy R. S

Executive Director/CEO



COUNTY OF CURRITUCK, NORTH CAROLINA

BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS

David L. Griggs, Chairman

O.Vance Aydlett, Vice Chairman Marion Gilbert S. Paul O'Neal Paul Beaumont Michael D. Hall Michael H. Payment

COUNTY OFFICIALS

Daniel F. Scanlon, II	County Manager
Leeann Walton	Clerk to the Board
Donald I. McRee Jr.	County Attorney
Rachel B. Raper	Elections Supervisor
Susan D. Johnson	Sheriff
Denise A. Hall	Register of Deeds
Cameron S. Lowe	Cooperative Extension Director
Peter Bishop	Economic Development Director
Mary Beth Newns	Emergency Management Director
Ralph Melton	Fire and EMS Director
Sandra L. Hill	Finance Director
Sarah Tyson	Human Resources Director
Tina I. Scanlon	Information Technology Director
William Newns	Chief Building Inspector
Ben E. Woody	Planning Director
Jason S. Weeks	Recreation Director
Eric Weatherly	Engineer
Kathlyn S. Romm	Social Services Director
Tracy L. Sample	Tax Administrator
Tameron Kugler	Tourism Director
Laura Salmons	Librarian
Patrick Irwin	Utilities Director



Carr, Riggs & Ingram, LLC 3105 Trent Road New Bern, North Carolina 28563

Mailing Address: P.O. Box 1547 New Bern, North Carolina 28563-1547

(252) 633-5821 (252) 633-0199 (fax) www.cricpa.com

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of County Commissioners Currituck County, North Carolina

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Currituck County, North Carolina as of and for the year then ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Currituck County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Whalehead Preservation Trust and Currituck Wildlife Museum and the Currituck County ABC Board, which represents 100 percent of the assets, net position and revenues of the aggregate discretely presented component units. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose reports have been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Currituck County ABC Board and the Whalehead Preservation Trust and Currituck Wildlife Museum, is based solely on the report of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement. The financial statements of Currituck County ABC Board and the Whalehead Preservation Trust and Currituck Wildlife Museum is standards.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those

risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of the other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Currituck County, North Carolina as of June 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund and the Currituck County Tourism Development Authority for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, the Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance, the other Postemployment Benefits' Schedules of Funding Progress and Employer Contributions, the Local Government Employee's Retirement System Schedules of the County's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability and County Contributions, the Register of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund Schedule of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset and Schedule of County Contributions and the Firefighters' and Rescue Squad Workers' Pension Fund Schedule of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) on pages 19 through 30, 100, 101, 102, 103, and 104, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We and other auditors have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements of Currituck County, North Carolina. The combining and individual fund statements, budgetary schedules, other schedules as well as the accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards, as required by *Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200*, Uniform

Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund financial statements, budgetary schedules, other schedules and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by us and other auditors. In our opinion, based on our audit, the procedures performed as described above, and the report of the other auditors, the combining and individual fund financial statements, budgetary schedules, other schedules, and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 30, 2016 on our consideration of Currituck County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose the report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Currituck County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Carr, Riggs & Ingram LLC

New Bern, NC December 30, 2016 This page left blank intentionally

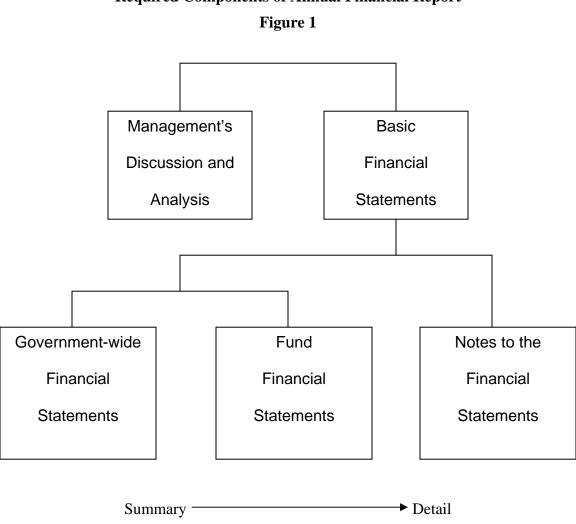
Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of Currituck County, we offer readers of Currituck County's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of Currituck County for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. We encourage readers to read the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in the County's financial statements which follow this narrative.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of Currituck County exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the fiscal year by \$183,066,883 (*net position*).
- The government's total net position decreased by \$4,895,845 primarily due to the transfer of the Shawboro Elementary School building from the County to the Board of Education.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, Currituck County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$59,284,412, after a net increase in fund balance of \$3,291,747 . Approximately 55.34% of this total amount, or \$32,812,187, is restricted or nonspendable.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$6,900,115 or 15.06% of total general fund expenditures for the fiscal year.
- Currituck County's total debt decreased by \$3,569,561 or 12.65% during the current fiscal year.

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to Currituck County's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements consist of three components; 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements (see Figure 1). The basic financial statements present two different views of the County through the use of government-wide statements and fund financial statements. In addition to the basic financial statements, this report contains other supplemental information that will enhance the reader's understanding of the financial condition of Currituck County.



Required Components of Annual Financial Report

Basic Financial Statements

The first two statements (Exhibits 1 and 2) in the basic financial statements are the Government-wide Financial Statements. They provide both short and long-term information about the County's financial status.

The next statements (Exhibits 3 through 11) are **Fund Financial Statements**. These statements focus on the activities of the individual parts of the County's government. These statements provide more detail than the government-wide statements. There are four parts to the Fund Financial Statements: 1) the governmental funds statements; 2) the budgetary comparison statements; 3) the proprietary fund statements; and 4) the fiduciary fund statements.

The next section of the basic financial statements is the **notes**. The notes to the financial statements explain in detail some of the data contained in those statements. After the notes, supplemental information is provided to show details about the County's nonmajor governmental funds, all of which are added together in one column on the basic financial statements. Budgetary information required by the General Statutes also can be found in this part of the statements.

Following the notes is the required supplemental information. This section contains funding information about the County's pension plans.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the County's finances, similar in format to a financial statement of a private-sector business. The government-wide statements provide short and long-term information about the County's financial status as a whole.

The two government-wide statements report the County's net position and how they have changed. Net position is the difference between the County's total assets and deferred outflows of resources and total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Measuring net position is one way to gage the County's financial condition.

The government-wide statements are divided into three categories: 1) governmental activities; 2) business-type activities; and 3) component units. The governmental activities include most of the County's basic services such as public safety, parks and recreation, and general administration. Property taxes and State and federal grant funds finance most of these activities. The business-type activities are those that the County charges customers to provide. These include the water and sewer and landfill services offered by Currituck County. The final category is the component units. The Whalehead Preservation Trust and Currituck Wildlife Museum is a governmental non-profit organization; that is also a component unit of the County because a controlling majority of the Board of Directors is appointed by the Currituck County Governing Board. Although legally separate from the County, the ABC Board is important to the County because the County is financially accountable for the Board by appointing its members and because the Board is required to distribute its profits to the County.

The government-wide financial statements are on Exhibits 1 and 2 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide a more detailed look at the County's most significant activities. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Currituck County, like all other governmental entities in North Carolina, uses fund accounting to ensure and reflect compliance (or non-compliance) with finance-related legal requirements, such as the General Statutes or the County's budget ordinance. All of the funds of Currituck County can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds – Governmental funds are used to account for those functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Most of

the County's basic services are accounted for in governmental funds. These funds focus on how assets can readily be converted into cash flow in and out, and what monies are left at year-end that will be available for spending in the next year. Governmental funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual accounting*. This method also has a current financial resources focus. As a result, the governmental fund financial statements give the reader a detailed short-term view that helps him or her determine if there are more or fewer financial resources available to finance the County's programs. The relationship between government activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is described in a reconciliation that is a part of the fund financial statements.

Currituck County adopts an annual budget for its General Fund, as required by the General Statutes. The budget is a legally adopted document that incorporates input from the citizens of the County, the management of the County, and the decisions of the Board about which services to provide and how to pay for them. It also authorizes the County to obtain funds from identified sources to finance these current period activities. The budgetary statement provided for the General Fund demonstrates how well the County complied with the budget ordinance and whether or not the County succeeded in providing the services as planned when the budget was adopted. The budgetary comparison statement uses the budgetary basis of accounting and is presented using the same format, language, and classifications as the legal budget document. The statement shows four columns: 1) the original budget as adopted by the board; 2) the final budget as amended by the board; 3) the actual resources, charges to appropriations, and ending balances in the General Fund; and 4) the difference or variance between the final budget and the actual resources and charges. To account for the difference between the budgetary basis of accounting and the modified accrual basis, a reconciliation showing the differences in the reported activities is shown at the end of the budgetary statement.

Proprietary Funds – Currituck County has one kind of proprietary fund. *Enterprise Funds* are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. Currituck County uses enterprise funds to account for its water and sewer activity and for its solid waste operations. These funds are the same as those separate activities shown in the business-type activities in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities.

Fiduciary Funds – Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Currituck County has three fiduciary funds, one of which is a post-employment retiree benefits fund and the other two are agency funds to account for fines and forfeitures and the social services trust fund.

Notes to the Financial Statements – The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other Information – In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report includes certain required supplementary information concerning Currituck County's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its

employees. Required supplementary information can be found beginning on page 100 of this report.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as one useful indicator of a government's financial condition. The County's assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$183.066.883 as of June 30, 2016. The County's net position decreased by \$4,895,845 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. One of the largest portions \$127,795,689 (69.81%) reflects the County's net investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, machinery, and equipment). As of June 30, 2016, long-term debt in governmental activities was for the College of the Albemarle Technical and Training Facility and stormwater drainage for the Whalehead subdivision. Currituck County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although Currituck County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of the outstanding related debt, the resources needed to repay that debt must be provided by other sources, since the capital assets cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. An additional portion of Currituck County's net position \$22,905,623 (12.51%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of \$32,365,571 (17.68%) is unrestricted.

Currituck County's Net Position

Figure 2

	Governmental Activities			Business-type Activities				Total				
		2016		2015		2016 2015			2016		2015	
Current and other assets Capital assets	\$	64,251,935 101,392,443	\$	61,074,066 111,456,796	\$	13,461,188 54,599,142	\$	13,806,098 55,631,937	\$ 77,713,123 155,991,585	\$	74,880,164 167,088,733	
Total assets	\$	165,644,378	\$	172,530,862	\$	68,060,330	\$	69,438,035	\$ 233,704,708	\$	241,968,897	
Total deferred outflows of resources		1,097,129		1,080,450		64,879		64,146	1,162,008		1,144,596	
Long-term liabilities outstanding	\$	23,465,532	\$	22,501,299	\$	22,731,721	\$	24,578,018	\$ 46,197,253	\$	47,079,317	
Other liabilities		4,283,631		2,791,306		493,629		1,025,799	4,777,260		3,817,105	
Total liabilities	_	27,749,163		25,292,605		23,225,350		25,603,817	50,974,513		50,896,422	
Total deferred inflows of resources		777,114		4,015,175		48,206		239,168	825,320		4,254,343	
Net position:												
Net investment in capital assets Restricted		95,026,547 22,905,623		103,521,339 21,700,488		32,769,142		31,801,937 -	127,795,689 22,905,623		135,323,276 21,700,488	
Unrestricted		20,283,060		19,081,705		12,082,511		11,857,259	32,365,571		30,938,964	
Total net position	\$	138,215,230	\$	144,303,532	\$	44,851,653	\$	43,659,196	\$ 183,066,883	\$	187,962,728	

Several particular aspects of the County's financial operations influenced the total unrestricted governmental net position:

- Continued diligence in the collection of property taxes by maintaining a collection percentage of 98.84%, higher than the statewide average of 97.05%.
- Management's proactive stance on monitoring spending across County departments to ensure compliance with the budget.
- Continued low cost of debt due to the County's high bond rating.

Currituck County Changes in Net Position

Figure 3

		Governmental Activities				Business-type				T		-
	_		/itie	-		Activities				Total		Total
		2016		2015		2016		2015		2016		2015
Revenues: Program revenues:												
Charges for services	\$	3,620,375	¢	3,685,534	\$	12,129,031	\$	11,939,523	¢	15,749,406	¢	15,625,057
Operating grants and contributions	ψ	3,535,944	ψ	3,248,071	ψ	55,401	φ	51,568	ψ	3,591,345	ψ	3,299,639
Capital grants and contributions		2.018.107		1,505,739		55,401		51,500		2,018,107		1,505,739
General revenues:		2,010,107		1,000,709		-		-		2,010,107		1,505,755
Property taxes		29,969,020		29,320,892		320,358		315,580		30,289,378		29,636,472
Other taxes		29,909,020		23,779,213		520,550		515,500		24,796,096		23,779,213
Other, Unrestricted		679,606		337,425		267,231		196,289		946,837		25,775,215
Investment earnings, unrestricted		450,673		386,405		97,040		73,409		547,713		459,814
Total revenues		65,069,821		62,263,279		12,869,061		12,576,369		77,938,882		74,305,934
Total revenues		05,009,021		02,203,219		12,009,001		12,570,509		11,950,002		74,303,334
Expenses:												
General government		7,316,823		6,716,864						7,316,823		6,716,864
Public safety		20,237,291		19,371,231						20,237,291		19,371,231
Transportation		1,864,818		884,955		-		-		1,864,818		884,955
Economic and physical development		7,059,866		1,401,180						7,059,866		1,401,180
Environmental protection		1,112,071		6,735,282						1,112,071		6,735,282
Human services		4,821,314		4,551,724						4,821,314		4,551,724
Cultural and recreation		2.337.746		2.945.656		_		_		2,337,746		2.945.656
Education		11,078,398		11,099,664		_		_		11,078,398		11,099,664
Interest on long-term debt		133,147		196,630						133,147		196,630
Solid Waste		100,147				4,285,157		4,256,648		4,285,157		4,256,648
Water and sewer		_		_		8,669,910		8,528,166		8,669,910		8,528,166
Total expenses		55.961.474		53,903,186		12,955,067		12,784,814		68,916,541		66,688,000
	·	35,301,474		55,505,100		12,333,007		12,704,014		00,910,041		00,000,000
Increase in net position before transfers, special item												
and capital contributions		9,108,347		8,360,093		(86,006)		(208,445)		9,022,341		8,151,648
Gain (Loss) on sale of capital assets		(110,726)		(12,662)		(152,432)		3,710		(263,158)		(8,952)
Special item - transfer of asset to Board of Education		(13,655,028)		(12,002)		(102,402)				(13,655,028)		(0,002)
Transfers		(1,430,895)		(1,180,187)		1,430,895		1,180,187		(10,000,020)		-
Talololo		(1,100,000)		(1,100,107)		1,100,000		1,100,101				
Increase in net position		(6,088,302)		7,167,244		1,192,457		975,452		(4,895,845)		8,142,696
Net position, beginning		144,303,532		139,361,153		43,659,196		42,792,818		187,962,728		182,153,971
Net position, beginning, restated		144,303,532		137,136,288		43,659,196		42,683,744		187,962,728		179,820,032
Net position, ending	\$	138,215,230	\$	144,303,532	\$	44,851,653	\$	43,659,196	\$	183,066,883	\$	187,962,728

Governmental activities. Governmental activities decreased the County's net position by \$6,088,302. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

• Transfer of Shawboro Elementary School building to the Board of Education

Business-type activities: Business-type activities increased Currituck County's net position by \$1,192,457. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

- Completion of Capital projects associated with the Southern Outer Banks Water expansion project
- Expansion and renovations of the Ocean Sands Sewer system
- The Moyock Central Sewer project is still in process of acquiring new customer connections and merging with the Moyock Commons Sewer System and Newtown Road Sewer System

Financial Analysis of the County's Funds

As noted earlier, Currituck County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of Currituck County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of usable resources. Such information is useful in assessing Currituck County's financing requirements. Specifically, fund balance available for appropriation can be a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of Currituck County. At the end of the current fiscal year, Currituck County's fund balance available in the General Fund was \$9,931,113, while total fund balance reached \$15,879,387. The County currently has an available fund balance of 15.06% of general fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 34.66% of that same amount.

At June 30, 2016, the governmental funds of Currituck County reported a combined fund balance of \$59,284,412, a 5.88% increase over last year.

Figure 4 below illustrates the changes in fund balances for the County's governmental funds as compared to the prior year.

-	2016 Total	2015 Total	Change in Fund Balances
General	\$ 15,879,387	\$ 13,371,551	\$ 2,507,836
County Governmental Facilities	10,263,122	10,434,638	(171,516)
School Facilities	5,070,306	5,131,437	(61,131)
Tourism Development Authority	10,785,751	11,982,534	(1,196,783)
Transfer Tax Capital Fund	9,424,292	8,681,290	743,002
Other Governmental	7,861,554	6,391,215	1,470,339
	\$ 59,284,412	\$ 55,992,665	\$ 3,291,747

Figure 4 Changes in Fund Balances for Governmental Funds

The total fund balance for the County Governmental Facilities reflects a \$171,516 decrease over the prior year due to completion of construction projects funded in prior years. The decrease in the School Facilities fund is due to completion of projects around Central Elementary school. Fund balances in the Tourism Development Authority Fund are for tourism promotion and tourism related expenditures, which funds a portion of the recreation expansion projects. The total fund balance for the Tourism Development reflects a \$1,196,783 decrease over the prior year due funding for capital projects. The Transfer Tax Capital fund was reported as a non-major fund in prior years.

At June 30, 2016, the governmental funds of Currituck County reported a combined fund balance of \$55,992,665, a 15.63% increase over last year. This increase is primarily due to increases in Occupancy Tax, Sales Tax revenues and increases in operating fees.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights: During the fiscal year, the County revised the budget on several occasions. Generally, budget amendments fall into one of three categories: 1) amendments made to adjust the estimates that are used to prepare the original budget ordinance once exact information is available; 2) amendments made to recognize new funding amounts from external sources, such as Federal and State grants; and 3) increases in appropriations that become necessary to maintain services. Highlights of the budgetary variances for the General Fund are shown in Figure 5.

Figure 5 General Fund Budget to Actual Summary

	Re	vised Budget		Actual	Variance		
Revenues:	¢	07 400 005	¢	20.015.021	¢	1 402 726	
Ad valorem taxes	\$	27,432,305	\$	28,915,031	\$	1,482,726	
Other taxes and licenses		5,862,285		6,297,876		435,591	
Restricted intergovernmental		151,500		160,144		8,644	
Unrestricted intergovernmental		3,209,206		3,212,315		3,109	
Permits and fees		2,337,551		3,021,772		684,221	
Sales and services		648,313		640,584		(7,729)	
Investment earnings		60,000		88,069		28,069	
Miscellaneous		289,832		543,360		253,528	
Total revenues		39,990,992		42,879,151		2,888,159	
Expenditures:							
General government		6,614,439		5,895,291		719,148	
Public safety		19,637,296		18,528,436		1,108,860	
Transportation		567,547		358,041		209,506	
Environmental protection		228,015		179,208		48,807	
Economic and physical development		1,688,778		1,563,028		125,750	
Human services		5,017,444		4,690,256		327,188	
Cultural and recreational		2,442,626		2,198,840		243,786	
Education		10,718,189		10,694,056		24,133	
Debt service		1,702,846		1,702,708		138	
Total expenditures		48,617,180		45,809,863		2,807,317	
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(8,626,188)		(2,930,712)		5,695,476	
Other financeing sources (uses):							
Transfers to other funds		(1,504,738)		(1,495,852)		8,886	
Transfers from other funds		6,719,257		6,592,986		(126,271)	
Total other financing sources (uses)		5,214,519		5,097,134		(117,385)	
Revenues and other financing sources over							
expenditures and other financing uses		(3,411,669)		2,166,422		5,578,091	
Appropriated fund balance		3,411,669		-		(3,411,669)	
Revenues, appropriated fund balance, and other financing sources over							
expenditures and other financing uses	\$	-	\$	2,166,422	\$	2,166,422	

Total amendments to the General Fund increased revenues by \$435,489. General fund revenues recognized modest increases over the prior year, with a total revenue increase of \$1,588,484. The overall actual General fund revenues were \$2,888,159 greater than budget, primarily due to changes in the collections and recognition of revenue of motor vehicle taxes. The final budget for expenditures was \$48,617,180, which was a \$1,225,545 increase over the original budget. The increase from the original budget is primarily due to the carry-forward of funds from the prior year for projects that were not completed by year end.

Proprietary Funds. Currituck County's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide statements but in more detail. Unrestricted net position of the Solid Waste Fund at the end of the fiscal year amounted to \$3,555,511, and those for the Water and Sewer Districts totaled \$8,527,000. The total change in net position for the proprietary funds is shown in Figure 6.

	 June 30 2016	 June 30 2015	Change in et Position
Solid Waste Ocean Sands Water and Sewer Mainland Water Southern Outer Banks Water Moyock Central Sewer	\$ 3,977,358 8,204,303 7,858,590 17,099,075 2,298,725	\$ 4,241,448 7,957,276 7,860,132 15,589,892 2,308,821	\$ (264,090) 247,027 (1,542) 1,509,183 (10,096)
Non-Major Proprietary Funds Newtown Road Sewer Maple Commerce Park Sewer Moyock Commons Sewer Walnut Island Sewer	 195,228 1,676,931 323,108 3,218,335	 264,488 1,741,686 347,905 3,347,548	 (69,260) (64,755) (24,797) (129,213)
Total	\$ 44,851,653	\$ 43,659,196	\$ 1,192,457

Figure 6 Changes in Net Position for Proprietary Funds

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets. Currituck County's capital assets for its governmental and business – type activities as of June 30, 2016, totals \$155,991,585, net of depreciation. These assets include buildings, land, machinery and equipment, park facilities, water and sewer distribution systems and vehicles.

Major capital asset transactions during the year include:

- Construction of an animal shelter
- Construction of baseball and softball fields in Maple
- Expansion of the Ocean Sands Sewer
- Construction of the Southern Parallel Taxiway
- Transfer of the Shawboro Elementary School to the Board of Education

Figure 7

CURRITUCK COUNTY'S CAPITAL ASSETS (net of depreciation)

	Governmental Business-type Activities Activities 2016 2016				Total 2015	
		2010		2016	2016	2015
Land	\$	19,721,045	\$	1,282,039	\$ 21,003,084	\$ 21,691,998
Buildings and system		49,830,326		40,051,938	89,882,264	100,645,182
Computer Equipment		574,695		145,810	720,505	958,964
Furniture & Fixtures		19,697,662		9,339,573	29,037,235	16,483,797
Equipment		8,336,874		265,085	8,601,959	17,783,821
Vehicles and motorized						
equipment		1,984,553		190,035	2,174,588	4,377,844
Construction in progress		1,247,288		3,324,662	4,571,950	5,147,127
Total	\$	101,392,443	\$	54,599,142	\$ 155,991,585	\$ 167,088,733

Additional information on the County's capital assets can be found in note III.A. 5, beginning on page 64 of the Basic Financial Statements.

Long-term Debt. As of June 30, 2016, Currituck County had total bonded debt outstanding of \$15,175,000, which is backed by certain revenues of the Mainland Water System. The County also had installment purchase agreements for stormwater improvements in the Whalehead Subdivision Watershed Service District, College of the Albemarle Technical and Training Facility, Moyock Sewer System and for Southern Outer Banks Water System, with outstanding balances of \$3,451,609, \$2,914,286, \$1,980,000, and \$4,675,000, respectively. These debt instruments are backed by their respective assets.

Currituck County's Outstanding Debt General Obligation and Installment Purchase Agreements

	Governmental Activities				Business-type Activities					Total			
		2016								2016	olai	2015	
		2016		2015		2016		2015		2016		2015	
Installment Purchase	\$	6,365,896	\$	7,935,457	\$	6,655,000	\$	7,685,000	\$	13,020,896	\$	15,620,457	
Revenue bonds		-		-		14,635,000		15,330,000		14,635,000		15,330,000	
General obligation bonds		-		-		540,000		815,000		540,000		815,000	
Total debt	\$	6,365,896	\$	7,935,457	\$	21,830,000	\$	23,830,000	\$	28,195,896	\$	31,765,457	

Figure 8

Currituck County's total debt decreased by \$3,569,562 (12.66%) during the past fiscal year. This reduction is due to scheduled debt payments.

As mentioned in the financial highlights section of this document, Currituck County's bond ratings are Aa3 from Moody's Investor Service and AA from Standard and Poor's Corporation.

The State of North Carolina limits the amount of general obligation debt that a unit of government can issue to 8 percent of the total assessed value of taxable property located within that government's boundaries. The legal debt margin for Currituck County is \$466,658,821. The County has no bonds authorized but un-issued at June 30, 2016.

Additional information regarding Currituck County's long-term debt can be found in note III.B.7 of this audited financial report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The following key economic indicators reflect the economy of the County.

• As of June 30, 2016, Currituck County had one of the lowest unemployment rates in the State with a rate of 4.80%, compared to the State average of 6.3%.

Budget Highlights for the Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2017

Governmental Activities: Currituck County's octennial revaluation became effective for the 2014 fiscal year. Governmental fund revenues are budgeted conservatively with a 7.28% decrease from the actual revenues received for the year ended June 30, 2016 due to collections of motor vehicle taxes for overlapping years and increases in permits and fees realized after the budget was adopted.

Budgeted expenditures in the General Fund are anticipated to be \$49,701,540 before transfers to other funds, approximately 2.23% increase over the prior year, due to increases in salaries and benefits.

Business – type Activities: For the upcoming fiscal year, the County will continue to evaluate the operations of all business-type activities. Expansion of the Ocean Sands Sewer system replacement will continue construction for the next several years. The budgets for all business-type activities have remained level for operations for the upcoming year.

Requests for Information

This report is designed to provide an overview of the County's finances for those with an interest in this area. This document is also available online at <u>www.currituckgovernment.com</u> under the Finance Department. Questions concerning any of the information found in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to the Currituck County Finance Director, Currituck County Finance Department, 153 Courthouse Road, Suite 101, Currituck, North Carolina 27929 or e-mail Sandra.Hill@CurrituckCountyNC.gov.

Exhibit 1

County of Currituck, North Carolina Statement of Net Position June 30, 2016

	P	rimary Government	Component Units				
	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Whalehead Preservation Trust and Currituck Wildlife Museum	Currituck County ABC Board		
ASSETS	¢ 50.075.000	¢ 40.004.000 ¢	CO 007 011	¢ 400 700	Ф <u>754 500</u>		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 56,975,983	\$ 12,831,228 \$, ,	\$ 466,708	\$ 754,589		
Restricted Cash	1,357,559	94,000	1,451,559	-	-		
Receivables (net)	541,777	557	542,334	42,741	600		
Other receivables (net)	126,640	1,513,835	1,640,475	-	-		
Due from other governments	4,012,318	-	4,012,318	-	-		
Due from component unit	148,605	-	148,605	-	-		
Due from other funds	978,432	(978,432)	-	-	-		
Inventories	12,610	-	12,610	-	652,702		
Prepaid items	-	-	-	1,433	10,982		
Endowment fund	-	-	-	23,353	-		
Non-endowed funds	-	-	-	7,452	-		
Net pension asset	98,010	-	98,010	-	-		
Capital assets:			-				
Land, improvements, non-depreciable							
collections and construction in progress	20,968,333	4,606,701	25,575,034	-	425,900		
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	80,424,110	49,992,441	130,416,551	-	1,621,074		
Total capital assets	101,392,443	54,599,142	155,991,585	-	2,046,974		
Total assets	165,644,378	68,060,330	233,704,708	541,687	3,465,847		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	1,097,129	64,879	1,162,008	-	20,719		
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	4,283,631	399,629	4,683,260	8,681	210,505		
Customer deposits	-	94,000	94,000	-	-		
Due to primary government	-	-	-	-	148,605		
Long-term liabilities:							
Net pension liability - LGERS	1,198,892	68,951	1,267,843	-	21,543		
Net pension liability - LEOSSA	44,726	-	44,726	-	-		
Due within one year	1,573,087	2,035,000	3,608,087	-	-		
Due in more than one year	20,648,827	20,627,770	41,276,597	-	-		
Total long-term liabilities	23,465,532	22,731,721	46,197,253	-	21,543		
Total liabilities	27,749,163	23,225,350	50,974,513	8,681	380,653		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	777,114	48,206	825,320	-	11,214		
	,		, -				
NET POSITION	05 000 5 15	00 700 440	407 705 000		0 0 40 07 4		
Net investment in capital assets	95,026,547	32,769,142	127,795,689	-	2,046,974		
Restricted for:	= 000						
Stabilization by State Statute	5,266,550	-	5,266,550	-	-		
Public Safety	120,049		120,049	-	-		
Education	2,594,471	-	2,594,471	-	-		
Working capital	-	-	-	-	149,888		
Capital assets	14,924,553	-	14,924,553	363,303	-		
Unrestricted (deficit)	20,283,060	12,082,511	32,365,571	169,703	897,837 \$ 3,094,699		
Total net position	\$ 138,215,230	\$ 44,851,653 \$	183,066,883	\$ 533,006	\$ 3,094,699		

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

County of Currituck County, North Carolina Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

					P	rogram Revenue	es			Net (Expe Pr
Functions/Programs		Expenses	C	Charges for Services		perating Grants d Contributions		pital Grants and Contributions	Go	overnmental Activities
Primary government:										
Governmental Activities: General government Public safety Transportation Economic and physical	\$	7,316,823 20,237,291 1,864,818	\$	1,333,039 1,779,070 375,589	\$	174,287 851,728 -	\$	- 216,999 1,052,019	\$	(5,809,497) (17,389,494) (437,210)
development Environmental protection Human services Cultural and recreation		7,059,866 1,112,071 4,821,314 2,337,746		68,765 - 224 63,688		- 26,629 2,483,300		- - 459,090		(6,991,101) (1,085,442) (2,337,790) (1,814,968)
Education Interest on long-term debt Total governmental activities		11,078,398 133,147 55,961,474		3,620,375		3,535,944		289,999		(10,788,399) (133,147) (46,787,048)
Business-type activities: Solid Waste		4,285,157		2,789,931		41,780				<u>- (10,101,01,01,0)</u>
Water and Sewer		8,669,910		9,339,100		13,621		-		-
Total business-type activities	\$	12,955,067 68,916,541	\$	12,129,031 15,749,406	\$	55,401 3,591,345	\$	2,018,107		(46,787,048)
Component units: Whalehead Preservation Trust	\$	60,939	\$	-	\$	110,943	\$	50		
ABC Board Total component units	\$	4,121,194 4,182,133	\$	4,121,081 4,121,081	\$	- 110,943	\$	50		
		neral revenue axes:								
				evied for gene evied for sewe						28,906,574 -
		Local option Land transfe	sale r tax	es taxes kes	rshe	ed improvement				1,062,446 9,230,331 3,367,062
		Occupancy t Deed stamp Franchise ta	exc							11,065,242 727,127 365,170
		Other taxes nvestment ear fiscellaneous	-	s, unrestricted	d					41,165 450,673 679,606
	G G	ain (loss) on s ain (loss) on o Distribution of a	sale endo asse	s of assets owment fund in ets to primary	gove	ernment				(110,726) - -
	Spe	-				ng transfers and s rd of Education	pecia	al items		55,784,669 (13,655,028)
	Tra	nsfers Total gene Change in		revenues and position	tran	sfers				(1,430,895) 40,698,746 (6,088,302)
		position, beg position-endi		ng					\$	144,303,532 138,215,230

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Exhibit 2

ense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

imary Government		Componen Whalehead				
		Preservation				
			Currituals			
		Trust and	Currituck			
Business-type		Currituck	County ABC			
Activities	Total	Wildlife Museum	Board			
	¢ (5 000 407)					
	\$ (5,809,497)					
	(17,389,494)					
	(437,210)					
	(6,991,101)					
	(1,085,442)					
	(2,337,790)					
	(1,814,968)					
	(10,788,399)					
	(133,147)					
-	(46,787,048)					
(1,453,446)	(1,453,446)					
682,811	682,811					
(770,635)	(770,635)					
(770,635)	(47,557,683)					
		\$ 50,054	\$-			
		-	(113)			
		50,054	(113)			
-	28,906,574	-	-			
320,358	320,358	-	-			
-	1,062,446	-	-			
-	9,230,331	-	-			
-	3,367,062	-				
-	11,065,242	-				
-	727,127	_				
-	365,170	-	_			
	41,165	_				
- 97,040	547,713	1 450	110			
		1,452	113			
267,231	946,837	-	-			
(152,432)	(263,158)	-	-			
-	-	(949)	-			
_	-	(56,454)	-			
532,197	56,316,866	(55,951)	113			
1,430,895	-	-	-			
1,963,092	42,661,838	(55,951)	113			
1,192,457	(4,895,845)	(5,897)				
43,659,196	187,962,728	538,903	3,094,699			
	\$ 183,066,883	\$ 533,006	\$ 3,094,699			
Ψ,001,000	φ 100,000,000	Ψ 000,000	φ 0,00 - ,000			

Exhibit 3

County of Currituck, North Carolina Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2016

	June 30, 2016 Major										Nonmajor				
	General		County Governmental Facilities Fund		School Facilities Fund		Tourism Development Authority Fund		Transfer Tax Capital Fund		Other Governmental Funds			Total Governmental Funds	
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$	15.332.815	\$	10.543.704	¢	4.834.350	¢	9.998.187	¢	9,424,292	\$	6,842,635	¢	56.975.983	
Restricted Cash	φ	1,131,214	φ	10,545,704	φ	4,834,350	φ	9,990,107	φ	9,424,292	φ	0,042,033	φ	1,357,559	
Taxes receivable, net		540,630				220,343						1,147		541,777	
Other receivables, net		125,117						1.523				1,147		126,640	
Due from other governments		2,151,594		684,769		9,611		27,615				1,138,729		4,012,318	
Due from component unit		148,605				3,011		27,015		_		1,130,723		148,605	
Due from other funds		51,360						927,072				_		978,432	
nventories		,		-		-		,		-		-			
nventories Total assets	\$	925 19,482,260	\$ 1	- 11,228,473	\$	- 5,070,306	\$	11,685 10,966,082	\$	- 9,424,292	\$	- 7,982,511	\$	12,610 64,153,924	
I OTAL ASSETS	Ð	19,482,260	Ð	11,228,473	Þ	5,070,306	Þ	10,966,082	¢	9,424,292	Ð	7,982,511	Ф	64,153,924	
IABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES															
	¢	2 040 420	¢	005 054	¢		¢	100 001	¢		¢	110 010	¢	4 202 624	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	3,018,139	\$	965,351	\$	-	\$	180,331	\$	-	\$	119,810	\$	4,283,63	
Total liabilities		3,018,139		965,351		-		180,331		-		119,810		4,283,63	
EFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES															
Property taxes receivable		540,630		-		-		-		-		1,147		541,77	
Prepaid taxes		44,104		-		-		-		-		-		44,10	
Total deferred inflows (outflows) of resources		584,734		-		-		-		-		1.147		585,88	
und balances:															
Nonspendable:															
Inventories		925		-		-		11,685		-		-		12,61	
Restricted:										-					
Stabilization by State Statute		2,476,676		684,769		9,611		956,210		-		1,139,284		5,266,55	
Emergency Telephone System		-		-		-		-		-		120,049		120,04	
County Governmental Assets		2,955,915		-		-		-		9,424,292		2,544,346		14,924,55	
School Capital Assets		-		-		226,345		-		-		2,368,126		2,594,47	
Tourism		-		-		-		9,254,679		-		-		9,254,67	
Watershed Improvements		-		-		-		-		-		443,848		443,84	
Whalehead Beach Solid Waste		-		-		-		-		-		195,427		195,42	
Committed:															
Carova Beach Service District		-		-		-		31,728		-		-		31,72	
Fire Protection		31,782		-		-		-		-		-		31,78	
Fire Equipment Replacement		-		-				-		-		315,546		315,54	
County Governmental Assets		-		9,578,353		-		-		-		-		9,578,35	
School Capital Assets		-		-		4,834,350		-		-		-		4,834,35	
Tax Revaluation		482,956		-		-		-		-		-		482,95	
Assigned:															
Subsesquent year's expenditures		3,031,018		-		-		531,449		-		734,928		4,297,39	
Unassigned:		6,900,115		-		-		-		-		-		6,900,11	
Total fund balances		15,879,387	1	10,263,122		5,070,306		10,785,751		9,424,292		7,861,554	•	59,284,41	
otal liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, nd fund balances	¢				¢		¢	10,966,082	\$	9,424,292	\$	7,982,511	-		
and rund balances	\$	19,482,260	\$ 1	11,228,473	5	5 070 306	\$					7 482 511			

County of Currituck, North Carolina Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2016

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (Exhibit 1) are different because:	
Total Fund Balance, Governmental Funds	\$ 59,284,412
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	101,392,443
Net pension asset	98,010
Contributions to pension plans in the current fiscal year are deferred outflows of resources on the Statement of Net Position	1,097,129
Net pension liability	(1,243,618)
Deferred inflows of resources for taxes and special assessments receivable	541,777
Pension related deferrals	(733,009)
Some liabilities, including bonds payable and other postemployment benefits, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported	
in the funds.	 (22,221,914)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 138,215,230

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

County of Currituck, North Carolina Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

		Ma		Nonmajor					
	General Fund	County Governmental Facilities Fund	School Facilities Fund	Tourism Development Authority Fund	Transfer Tax Capital Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds		
REVENUES Ad valorem taxes	\$ 28,915,031	\$-	\$ -	\$ -	\$-	\$ 1,062,446	\$ 29,977,477		
Other taxes and licenses	6,297,876		φ -	⁻ ⁻ 11,065,242	φ - 3,367,062	\$ 1,062,446 4,240,152	5 29,977,477 24,970,332		
Unrestricted intergovernmental	160,144		-	11,005,242	3,307,002	4,240,152	160,144		
Restricted intergovernmental	3,212,315		- 289,999	-	-	216,999	5,031,852		
	, ,	, ,	209,999	-	-	210,999	, ,		
Permits and fees	3,021,772		-	12,704	-	-	3,034,476		
Sales and services	640,584		-	198,250		-	838,834		
Investment earnings	108,483	,	33,212	87,226	54,783	45,083	450,673		
Miscellaneous	543,360		-	66,275	-	-	609,635		
Total revenues	42,899,565	1,434,425	323,211	11,429,697	3,421,845	5,564,680	65,073,423		
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
General government	5,895,291	-	-	-	-	107,622	6,002,913		
Public safety	18,528,436	1,814,897	-	-	-	569,989	20,913,322		
Transportation	358,041	1,110,491	-	-	-	-	1,468,532		
Environmental protection	179,208	-	-	-	-	186,945	366,153		
Economic and physical development	1,563,028	-	-	5,504,528	-	144,076	7,211,632		
Human services	4,690,256	-	-	-	-	-	4,690,256		
Cultural and recreational	2,198,840		-	-	-	-	6,916,868		
Intergovernmental:	,,	, .,					-,,		
Education	10,694,056	-	384,342	-	-	-	11,078,398		
Debt service:	,						,,		
Principal	1,569,561	-	-	-	-	-	1,569,561		
Interest	133,147		-	-	-	-	133,147		
Total expenditures	45,809,863		384.342	5,504,528	-	1,008,632	60,350,781		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues	-10,000,000	1,010,110	001,012	0,001,020		1,000,002	00,000,101		
over expenditures	(2,910,298) (6,208,991)	(61,131)	5,925,169	3,421,845	4,556,048	4,722,642		
	(1,010,200	/ (0,200,001/	(01,101)	0,020,100	0,121,010	1,000,010	1,1 22,0 12		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers from other funds	6,792,986		-	-	-	267,000	13,097,461		
Transfers to other funds	(1,374,852) -	-	(7,121,952)	(2,678,843)	(3,352,709)	(14,528,356)		
Total other financing sources and uses	5,418,134	6,037,475	-	(7,121,952)	(2,678,843)	(3,085,709)	(1,430,895)		
Net change in fund balance	2,507,836	(171,516)	(61,131)	(1,196,783)	743,002	1,470,339	3,291,747		
Fund balances-beginning	13,371,551	10,434,638	5,131,437	11,982,534	8,681,290	6,391,215	55,992,665		
Fund balances-ending	\$ 15,879,387		\$ 5,070,306		\$ 9,424,292	\$ 7,861,554			

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Exhibit 5

County of Currituck, North Carolina Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	3,291,747
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeded depreciation in the current period		3,701,404
Cost of capital asset disposed of during the year, not recognized on modified accrual basis		(110,726)
Cost of capital assets transferred to the Board of Education, not recognized on the modified accrual basis		(13,655,028)
Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal year are not included on the Statement of Activities		1,088,828
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds		(8,457)
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.		1,569,561
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities		1,000,001
do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		(1,965,631)
Total changes in net position of governmental activities	((\$6,088,302)

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

County of Currituck, North Carolina General Fund and Annually Budgeted Major Special Revenue Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

			General Fund		
		20	016		2015
	Original	Final		Variance With Final Positive	
	Budget	Budget	Actual	(Negative)	Actual
Revenues:					
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 27,395,682	\$ 27,432,305	\$ 28,915,031	\$ 1,482,726	\$ 28,414,557
Other taxes and licenses	5,762,850	5,862,285	6,297,876	435,591	6,150,241
Unrestricted intergovernmental	151,500	151,500	160,144	8,644	162,807
Restricted intergovernmental	3,055,930	3,209,206	3,212,315	3,109	2,998,505
Permits and fees	2,317,197	2,337,551	3,021,772	684,221	2,424,141
Sales and services	602,344	648,313	640,584	(7,729)	580,230
Investment earnings	60,000	60,000	88,069	28,069	75,573
Miscellaneous	210,000	289,832	543,360	253,528	484,614
Total revenues	39,555,503	39,990,992	42,879,151	2,888,159	41,290,667
Expenditures					
Current:	0.000.000	0.04.4.400	5 005 004	740 440	E 007 400
General government	6,366,826	6,614,439	5,895,291	719,148	5,627,198
Public safety	19,176,682	19,637,296	18,528,436	1,108,860	17,711,568
Transportation	569,779	567,547	358,041	209,506	416,712
Environmental protection	228,015	228,015	179,208	48,807	182,662
Economic and physical development	1,581,903	1,688,778	1,563,028	125,750	1,439,261
Human services	5,040,119	5,017,444	4,690,256	327,188	4,513,935
Cultural and recreational	2,007,276	2,442,626	2,198,840	243,786	1,785,845
Intergovernmental:	40 740 400	40 740 400	40.004.050	04.400	40 407 000
Education	10,718,189	10,718,189	10,694,056	24,133	10,497,939
Debt service	1,702,846	1,702,846	1,702,708	138	2,492,722
Total expenditures	47,391,635	48,617,180	45,809,863	2,807,317	44,667,842
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(7,836,132)	(8,626,188)	(2,930,712)	5,695,476	(3,377,175)
Other financing sources (uses):					
Transfers to other funds	(1,504,738)	(1,504,738)	(1,495,852)	8,886	(1,676,306)
Transfers from other funds	6,395,508	6,719,257	6,592,986	(126,271)	6,998,983
Total other financing sources (uses)	4,890,770	5,214,519	5,097,134	(117,385)	5,322,677
Revenues and other financing sources over					
expenditures and other financing uses	(2,945,362)	(3,411,669)	2,166,422	5,578,091	1,945,502
Appropriated fund balance	2,945,362	3,411,669		(3,411,669)	
Revenues, appropriated fund balance,					
and other financing sources over					
expenditures and other financing uses	\$-	\$-	2,166,422	\$ 2,166,422	1,945,502
Fund balances:					
Beginning of year, July 1			10,274,094		8,328,592
End of year, June 30			\$ 12,440,516		\$ 10,274,094

Tourism Development Authority							
	20)16	Variance	2015			
			Variance With Final				
Original	Final		Positive				
Budget	Budget	Actual	(Negative)	Actual			
Duugei	Duugei	Actual	(Negative)	Actual			
\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-			
10,200,000	10,667,812	11,065,242	397,430	10,844,887			
-		-	-	-			
-	-	-	-	274,269			
30,040	30,040	12,704	(17,336)	28,500			
139,000	148,625	198,250	49,625	40,953			
60,000	66,500	70,907	4,407	85,863			
68,400	97,988	66,275	(31,713)	92,235			
10,497,440	11,010,965	11,413,378	402,413	11,366,707			
-	-	-	-	-			
-	-	-	-	-			
-	-	-		-			
5,427,299	6,335,717	5,498,028	837,689	4,879,102			
-	-	-	-	-,070,102			
-	-	-	-	-			
-	-	-	-	-			
-	-	-	-	-			
5,427,299	6,335,717	5,498,028	837,689	4,879,102			
5,070,141	4,675,248	5,915,350	1,240,102	6,487,605			
((()		(
(6,694,339)	(7,280,632)	(7,141,952)	138,680	(4,908,379)			
-	- (7.000.600)	-	-	- (4 000 270)			
(6,694,339)	(7,280,632)	(7,141,952)	138,680	(4,908,379)			
(1,624,198)	(2,605,384)	(1,226,602)	1,378,782	1,579,226			
(1,024,130)	(2,000,004)	(1,220,002)	1,070,702	1,070,220			
1,624,198	2,605,384	-	(2,605,384)	-			
	, ,						
\$-	\$-	(1,226,602)	\$ (1,226,602)	1,579,226			
		11,980,625		10,401,399			
		A 10 35 1 551		• • • • • • • • • •			
		\$ 10,754,023		\$ 11,980,625			

The following legally budgeted funds are consolidated into the General Fund for reporting purposes:

			General Fund		
			2016		2015
	Original	Final		Variance With Final Positive	
	Budget	Budget	Actual	(Negative)	Actual
General Fund ending fund balance, June 30			\$ 12,440,516		\$ 10,274,094
Revaluation Fund					
Investment earnings			2,696		2,113
Transfer-in from General Fund			121,000		121,000
Expenditures			-		-
Beginning Fund Balance, Revaluation			359,260		236,147
Land Banking Fund					
Investment earnings			17,718		18,621
Transfer-out to General Fund			-		-
Transfer-out to Moyock Central Sewer Fund			-		-
Transfer-in from Transfer Tax Capital Fund			200,000		200,000
Expenditures			-		-
Beginning Fund Balance, Land Banking Fund			2,738,197		2,519,576
Carova Beach Service District Fund					
Revenues			-		-
Transfer-in from Tourism Development Autho	ority Fund		-		-
Expenditures	intian Fund		-		-
Beginning Fund Balance, School Capital Constru	JUGION FUND		-		-
Ending Fund Balance, June 30 (Exhibit 4)			\$ 15,879,387		\$ 13,371,551

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

		ırism Development A	uthority	
		2016		 2015
Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Positive (Negative)	Actual
		\$ 10,754,023		\$ 11,980,625
		-		-
		-		-
		-		-
		-		-
		-		-
		-		-
		-		-
		-		-
		-		-
		16,319		222
		20,000		-
		(6,500)		(73,044)
		1,909		74,731
		\$ 10,785,751		\$ 11,982,534

County of Currituck, North Carolina Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2016

	Enterprise Funds							
	Solid Waste	Ocean Sands Water and Sewer Distric	t Mainland	Southern Outer Banks Water	Moyock Central Sewer Construction	Non-Major Proprietary		tals
ASSETS	Fund	Fund	Water Fund	System Fund	Fund	Funds	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2015
Current assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3.568.047	\$ 3,458,775	5 \$ 3,862,83	5 \$ 1,916,676	\$-	\$ 24.895	\$ 12,831,228	\$ 13,992,852
Restricted cash	φ 3,300,047	450	* - / /		Ψ -	¢ 24,000 150	94,000	89,928
Taxes receivable, net	164	393		7,500	-	150	557	4,448
Receivables, net	91,760	279,96		2 507,953	15,155	90,134	1,513,835	1,837,668
Total current assets	3,659,971	3,739,579			15,155	115,179	14,439,620	15,924,896
Total culterit assets	3,039,971	3,739,378	4,477,60	2,432,129	15,155	115,179	14,439,020	15,924,690
Noncurrent assets: Restricted cash, cash equivalents, and investments Capital assets: Land, improvements, and construction								
in progress	78,987	3,582,735	5 5,150	42,600	688,914	208,315	4,606,701	6,095,104
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	342,860	973,048			3,628,041	5,096,839	49,992,441	49,536,833
Total capital assets	421,847	4,555,783			4,316,955	5,305,154	54,599,142	55,631,937
Total noncurrent assets	421,847	4,555,783			4,316,955	5,305,154	54,599,142	55,726,994
Total assets	4,081,818	8,295,362			4,332,110	5,420,333	69,038,762	71,651,890
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		4,370			-		64,879	64,146
LIABILITIES Current liabilities: Accounts payable	104,460	66,536	5 101,038	3 40,202	2,025	6,581	320,842	870,331
Due to other funds	-	-	-	927,072	51,360	-	978,432	1,153,586
Customer deposits	-	450) 85,900	7,500	-	150	94,000	89,928
Accrued salaries	-	4,940	43,649	30,198	-	-	78,787	65,540
General obligation bonds payable	-	-	270,000) -	-	-	270,000	275,000
Revenue bonds payable	-	-	735,000) -	-	-	735,000	695,000
Notes payable	-	-	-	850,000	180,000	-	1,030,000	1,030,000
Total current liabilities	104,460	71,926	1,235,58		233,385	6,731	3,507,061	4,179,385
Noncurrent liabilities: Liabilities payable from restricted assets:								
Accrued vacation	-	3,062	47,65	5 28,082	-	-	78,799	69,486
Due to other funds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,060,269
General obligation bonds payable	-	-	270,000		-	-	270,000	540,000
Revenue bonds payable	-	-	13,900,000		-	-	13,900,000	14,635,000
Notes payable	-	-	-	3,825,000	1,800,000	-	5,625,000	6,655,000
Net pension liability	-	4,806			-	-	68,951	-
Other postemployment benefits		12,418			-	-	753,971	678,532
Total noncurrent liabilities	-	20,286			1,800,000	-	20,696,721	23,638,287
Total liabilities	104,460	92,212	15,881,310	6,085,678	2,033,385	6,731	24,203,782	27,817,672
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	-	3,217	27,45	5 17,534	-	-	48,206	239,168
NET POSITION								
Net investment in capital assets	421,847	4,555,783	4,081,70	7 16,067,696	2,336,955	5,305,154	32,769,142	31,801,937
Unrestricted	3,555,511	3,648,520			(38,230)	108,448	12,082,511	11,857,259
Total net position	\$ 3,977,358	\$ 8,204,303	8 \$ 7,858,590	\$ 17,099,075	\$ 2,298,725	\$ 5,413,602	\$ 44,851,653	\$ 43,659,196

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

County of Currituck, North Carolina Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

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	Enterprise Funds									
				Moyock Central				Totals		
		Ocean Sands		Southern Outer	Sewer	Non-Major				
	Solid Waste	Water and	Mainland Water	Banks Water	Construction	Proprietary				
	Fund	Sewer Fund	Fund	System Fund	Fund	Funds	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2015		
OPERATING REVENUES										
Charges for services	\$ 2,789,93 ²	1 \$ 1,307,791	\$ 3,083,273	\$ 3,065,431	\$ 110,132	\$ 183,605	\$ 10,540,163	\$ 10,171,715		
Water and sewer taps	-	3,600	624,723	957,630	-	-	1,585,953	1,762,822		
Miscellaneous	-	2,915		-	-	-	2,915	4,986		
Total operating revenues	2,789,93	1,314,306	3,707,996	4,023,061	110,132	183,605	12,129,031	11,939,523		
OPERATING EXPENSES										
Administration	181,576	6 85,287	401,401	448,719	11,309	82,611	1,210,903	1,088,964		
Water operations	-	536,390	1,042,392	925,117	-	-	2,503,899	2,378,630		
Sewer operations	-	534,473		-	60,263	114,576	709,312	702,073		
Landfill operations	4,065,837	7 -		-	-	-	4,065,837	4,054,808		
Depreciation	37,744	1 184,491	1,923,620	1,039,081	317,236	246,515	3,748,687	3,610,024		
Total operating expenses	4,285,157	7 1,340,641	3,367,413	2,412,917	388,808	443,702	12,238,638	11,834,499		
Operating income (loss)	(1,495,226	6) (26,335) 340,583	1,610,144	(278,676)	(260,097)	(109,607)	105,024		
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)										
Tax revenue	85,155	5 234,682	-	-	-	521	320,358	315,580		
Contributed capital	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Grant	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Sale of capital assets	-	-	-	-	-	-		3,710		
Rent	-	-	-	167,107	-	3,600	170,707	160,849		
Unrestricted intergovernmental revenues	41,780) 13,621	-	-	-	-	55,401	51,568		
Restricted intergovernmental revenues	-	-	-	-	-	-		-		
Investment earnings	24,514	4 35,061	18,550	17,927	656	332	97,040	73,409		
Interest expenses	-	-	(469,485)	(181,590)	(65,354)	-	(716,429)	(950,315)		
Insurance recovery	-	-	84,835	-	11,689	-	96,524	35,440		
Loss on disposition of assets	-	(10,002			-	-	(152,432)			
Total nonoperating revenue (expenses)	151,449	273,362	(404,125)	(100,961)	(53,009)	4,453	(128,831)	(309,759)		
Income (loss) before contributions and	(1,343,777	7) 247,027	(63,542)	1,509,183	(331,685)	(255,644)	(238,438)	(204,735)		
Transfers from (to) other funds	1,079,687		62,000	-	321,589	(32,381)	1,430,895	1,180,187		
Change in net position	(264,090				(10,096)	(288,025)	1,192,457	975,452		
Total net position, beginning	4,241,448	3 7,957,276	7,860,132	15,589,892	2,308,821	5,701,627	43,659,196	42,792,818		
Restatement	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(109,074)		
Total net position, restated	4,241,448			15,589,892	2,308,821	5,701,627	43,659,196	42,683,744		
Total net position - ending	\$ 3,977,358	3 \$ 8,204,303	\$ 7,858,590	\$ 17,099,075	\$ 2,298,725	\$ 5,413,602	\$ 44,851,653	\$ 43,659,196		

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Exhibit 8

County of Currituck, North Carolina Statement of Cash Flows Enterprise Fund For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Solid Waste Fund	Ocean Sands Water and Sewer Fund	Mainland Water Fund	Southern Outer Banks Water System Fund	Moyock Central Sewer Fund	Non-Major Proprietary Funds	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2015
Cash flows from operating activities:								
Cash received from customers	\$ 2,808,396	\$ 1.277.242	\$ 3,673,270 \$	4,438,867	\$ 99,341 \$	5 157,704	\$ 12,454,820	\$ 11,407,936
Cash paid for goods and services	(4,323,984)	(1,423,994)	(688,171)	(811,994)	(104,642)	(193,919)	(7,546,704)	(6,506,737)
Cash paid to employees for services	-	(82,412)	(694,687)	(594,971)	()	-	(1,372,070)	(1,309,819)
Customer deposits received	-	1,575	4,170	-		-	5,745	12,439
Customer deposits returned	-	(1,125)	(2,465)	-		-	(3,590)	(132)
Other operating revenue	-	2,915	-	-		-	2,915	4,986
Net cash provided (used) by	(4 545 500)	(225 700)	2 202 447	3,031,902	(5.204)	(20.245)	2 544 440	2 000 072
operating activities	(1,515,588)	(225,799)	2,292,117	3,031,902	(5,301)	(36,215)	3,541,116	3,608,673
Cash flows from noncapital financing								
Tax revenues	87,089	234,682				521	322,292	354,573
Rental Income	-	-		167,107	-	3,600	170,707	160,848
Loan from other funds	-	-		-		-	-	-
Transfer from (to) other funds	1,079,687	-	62,000	-	321,589	28,165	1,491,441	1,180,187
Net cash provided by noncapital								
financing	1,166,776	234,682	62,000	167,107	321,589	32,286	1,984,440	1,695,608
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:								
Acquisition and construction of								
capital assets	(16,025)	(2,376,150)	(272,506)	(103,910)	(99,724)		(2,868,315)	(1,650,304)
Principal paid on bond maturities and	(10,020)	(2,070,100)	(212,000)	(100,010)	(00,724)		(2,000,010)	(1,000,004)
installment purchase contracts	-	-	(970,000)	(2,136,783)	(180,000)		(3,286,783)	(3,085,449)
Interest paid on bond maturities and			()	())	((-,,,	(
installment purchase contracts	-	-	(469,485)	(181,590)	(65,354)		(716,429)	(950,315)
Transfer from (to) other funds	-	-	-	-	-	(60,546)	(60,546)	12,544
Grants	41,780	13,621	-	-	-	-	55,401	16,650
Sale of capital assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	22,500
Insurance recovery		-	84,835	-	11,689		96,524	<u> </u>
Net cash provided (used) by capital	25,755	(2,362,529)	(4 007 450)	(2,422,283)	(333,389)	(60,546)	(6,780,148)	(5,634,374)
and related financing activities	20,700	(2,302,529)	(1,627,156)	(2,422,263)	(333,369)	(60,546)	(0,780,148)	(0,034,374)
Cash flows from investing activities:								
Interest on investments	24,514	35,061	18,550	17,927	656	332	97,040	73,409
Net increase (decrease) in cash and								
cash equivalents	(298,543)	(2,318,585)	745,511	794,653	(16,445)	(64,143)	(1,157,552)	(256,684)
Cash and cash equivalents, July 1	3,866,590	5,777,810	3,203,224	1,129,523	16,445	89,188	14,082,780	14,339,464
Cash and cash equivalents, June 30	\$ 3,568,047	\$ 3,459,225	\$ 3,948,735 \$	1,924,176	\$ - \$	25,045	\$ 12,925,228	\$ 14,082,780
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:								
Operating income (loss)	\$ (1,495,226)	\$ (26,335)	\$ 340,583 \$	1,610,144	\$ (278,676) \$	6 (260,097)	\$ (109,607)	\$ 105,024
Adjustments to reconcile operating	+ (.,)===/	+ (==)===)	+ + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	.10.010.01	+ (=: =)=: =) +	(<u> </u>	<u></u>
income to net cash provided (used) by								
operating activities:								
Depreciation	37,744	184,491	1,923,620	1,039,081	317,236	246,515	3,748,687	3,610,024
Pension expense	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,083
Changes in assets and liabilities:								
(Increase) decrease in accounts		(07.00.0)	(0.4.70.0)		(10 - 20 4)	(05.000)		(500.001)
receivable	18,464	(37,064)	(34,726)	415,806	(10,791)	(25,900)	325,789	(526,601)
(Increase) decrease in net pension asset (Increase) decrease in deferred	-	6,250	49,743	39,064	-	-	95,057	-
outflows of resources for pensions	-	(390)	(2,205)	1,862	-		(733)	-
Increase (decrease) in accounts		(000)	(2,200)	1,002			(100)	
payable and accrued liabilities	(76,570)	(349,890)	28,708	(70,582)	(84,430)	3,267	(549,497)	378,534
(Increase) decrease in due to other funds	-	-	-	-	51,360	-	51,360	-
(Increase) decrease in accrued salaries	-	(1,999)	8,397	6,849	-	-	13,247	-
(Increase) decrease in accrued vacation	-	660	6,146	2,507	-	-	9,313	6,242
(Increase) decrease in deferred								
outflows of resources for pensions	-	(12,507)	(97,702)	(80,753)	-	-	(190,962)	(64,146)
Increase (decrease) in net pension		1.000	00.000	00.440			00.071	
	-	4,806	33,996	30,149	-	-	68,951	-
liability								
liability Increase in OPEB payable	-	5,729	33,852	35,858	-	-	75,439	83,474
liability Increase in OPEB payable Increase (decrease) in	-				-	-		
liability Increase in OPEB payable	(20,362)	5,729 450 (199,464)	33,852 <u>1,705</u> 1,951,534	1,917 1,421,758	- - 273,375	223,882	4,072	12,039 3,503,649

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Totals

Exhibit 10

County of Currituck, North Carolina Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2016

Assets	Pension Trust Fund	Agency Funds	
Cash and cash equivalents Total assets	\$1,278,882 1,278,882	\$ 41,229 41,229	
Liabilities and Net Position			
Liabilities: Accounts payable Due to other governments Total liabilities	59,382 - 59,382	23,926 17,303 41,229	
Net position: Assets held for pension benefits	\$1,219,500	<u>\$ -</u>	

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

County of Currituck, North Carolina Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

		Post-employm June 30 2016	ent Ber	nefits Fund June 30 2015
Additions:				
Employer contributions	^	50.400	•	44.405
Law enforcement separation allowance	\$	50,466	\$	44,405
Postemployment benefits		194,417		162,278
		244,883		206,683
Investment income:				
Interest		7,673		8,082
Total additions		252,556		214,765
Deductions:				
Benefits				
Law enforcement separation allowance		15,745		5,601
Postemployment benefits		151,667		167,271
Administrative expense		5,806		262
Total deductions		173,218		173,134
Change in net position		79,338		41,631
Net position:				
Beginning of year, July 1				
Law enforcement separation allowance		547,344		507,348
Postemployment benefits		592,818		591,183
Beginning of year, totals		1,140,162		1,098,531
End of year, June 30				
Law enforcement separation allowance		577,640		547,344
Postemployment benefits		641,860		592,818
Net position - end of year, totals	\$	1,219,500	\$	1,140,162
		· · ·	<u> </u>	· ·

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

County of Currituck, North Carolina Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of Currituck County and its component units conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies:

A. <u>Reporting Entity</u>

Founded in 1668, Currituck (Indian for "land of the wild goose") is the most northeastern county in North Carolina. Of the 100 counties established under North Carolina General Statute 153A-10, Currituck County is one of the State's four original counties. A seven-member Board of Commissioners govern the County.

As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the County and its component units; legally separate entities for which the County is financially accountable. The two blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the County's operations. The two discretely presented component units are reported in separate columns in the County's combined financial statements in order to emphasize that they are legally separate from the County.

	Reporting		Separate Financial
Component Unit	Method	Criteria for Inclusion	Statements
Ocean Sands Water and Sewer District	Blended	Ocean Sands Water and Sewer District (Ocean Sands) is part of the Ocean Sands planned unit development on the North Carolina Outer Banks. North Carolina law authorizes counties to create water and sewer districts, such as Ocean Sands, to facilitate the construction, operations and financing of water and sewer utility improvements in defined areas. Under North Carolina General Statute 162A- 89, the County Board of Commissioners also serves as the governing board of Ocean Sands.	
Tourism Development Authority	Blended	The Currituck County Tourism Development Authority is a public authority established to expend the net proceeds of the tax levied for a room occupancy tax and shall promote travel, tourism and conventions in the County, sponsor tourist-related events and activities in the county, and finance tourist-related capital projects in the county. It is composed of eight members: seven voting members and one ex officio nonvoting member. The ex officio nonvoting member shall be the county's designated travel and tourism representative and the voting members are the county commissioners of Currituck County.	None issued.

Component Unit	Reporting Method	Criteria for Inclusion	Separate Financial Statements
Currituck County Alcoholic Beverage Control Board	Discrete	The Currituck County Alcoholic Beverage Control Board (ABC Board) is a corporate body with powers outlined by North Carolina General Statute 18B-701. The County Board of Commissioners appoints the members of the ABC Board's governing board. The ABC Board is required by state statute to distribute its surpluses, after other required distributions, to the General Fund of the County. The ABC Board, which has a June 30 year-end, is presented as a proprietary fund.	Currituck County ABC Board 6664 Caratoke Highway Grandy, NC 27939
The Whalehead Preservation Trust and Currituck Wildlife Museum	Discrete	The Whalehead Preservation Trust and The Currituck Wildlife Museum (the Whalehead Trust) was established by the County Board of Commissioners. The members of the Whalehead Trust's governing board are appointed by the County Board of Commissioners. The County assumed the operations of the facility on April 7, 2015. On June 14, 2016, Articles of Dissolution were filed and the Whalehead Trust is in the process of turning all assets over to the County. The Whalehead Trust, which has a June 30 year-end, is presented as a proprietary fund.	Preservation Trust 153 Courthouse Rd Currituck, NC 27929

B. Basis of Presentation, Basis of Accounting

Basis of Presentation, Measurement Focus – Basis of Accounting

Government-wide Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the primary government (the County) and its component units. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. Interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the consolidation process. These statements distinguish between the *governmental* and *business-type activities* of the County. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the County and for each function of the County's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reversed for the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the County's funds, including its fiduciary funds and blended component units. Separate statements for each fund category – *governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary* – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial

statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Nonoperating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from non-exchange transactions or ancillary activities.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund. This is the County's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The Revaluation Fund and the Land Banking Fund are legally budgeted funds under North Carolina General Statutes; however, for statement presentation in accordance with GASB Statement No. 54 they are consolidated in the General Fund.

Tourism Development Authority Fund. This fund accounts for all financial resources associated with Occupancy Tax. House Bill 555, ratified on May 18, 1987, established an Occupancy Tax for the County. There have been amendments throughout the years and the latest amendment to this legislation was House Bill 1721, ratified July 13, 2004. This names the sitting Board of Commissioners as the Tourism Development Authority Board with the Director of Travel and Tourism and the County Finance Director as ex officio members and is also presented as a blended component unit. The Carova Beach Service District is a legally budgeted fund under North Carolina General Statutes; however, for statement presentation in accordance with GASB Statement No. 54 it is consolidated in the Tourism Development Authority Fund.

Transfer Tax Capital Fund. This fund accounts for financial resources accumulated from the excise tax on instruments conveying real property in Currituck County, approved by the General Assembly in September 1985, to be used by the county only for capital expenditures for solid waste and county-operated buildings and related equipment or to retire any indebtedness incurred by the county for these purposes.

County Governmental Facilities Fund. This is a multi-year fund that accumulates resources and accounts for financial resources for construction of governmental facilities that will span more than one fiscal year.

School Facilities Fund. This is a multi-year fund that accumulates resources and accounts for financial resources for construction of school facilities that will span more than one fiscal year.

The County reports the following major enterprise funds:

Solid Waste Fund. This fund accounts for the operation, maintenance, and development of the Maple transfer station, various convenience centers throughout the County and residential collection on the Currituck Outer Banks.

Ocean Sands Water and Sewer District Fund. This fund is used to account for financial resources accumulated through a district tax and users fees for the operations of the water and sewer district within the Ocean Sands Water and Sewer District in Corolla.

Mainland Water Fund. This fund is used to account for the operations of the water system on the Currituck mainland.

Moyock Central Sewer Fund. This fund is used to account for the operations of the sewer system which will run from the Moyock Welcome Center to the Moyock Commons Sewer Plant.

Southern Outer Banks Water System Fund. This fund is used to account for the operations of the water system on the Currituck beach.

The County reports the following fiduciary fund types:

Pension Agency Fund. Pension trust funds are used to report resources that are required to be held in trust for the members and beneficiaries of define benefit pension plans, defined contribution plans, or other postemployment benefit plans. The Other Postemployment Benefits Fund accounts for the County's contribution for healthcare coverage provided to qualified retirees.

Agency Funds. Agency funds are custodial in nature and do not involve the measurement of operating results. Agency funds are used to account for assets the County holds on behalf of others. The County maintains the following agency funds: the Social Services Fund, which accounts for moneys deposited with the Department of Social Services for the benefit of certain individuals; the Fines and Forfeitures Fund, which accounts for various legal fines and forfeitures that the County is required to remit to Currituck County Board of Education; the Jail Agency Fund, which accounts for moneys deposited with the Detention Center for the benefit of certain individuals; and the Deed of Trust Fee Fund which accounts for the five dollars of each fee collected by the register of deeds for registering or filing a deed of trust or mortgage and is remitted to the State Treasurer on a monthly basis.

Non-major Funds. The County maintains sixteen legally budgeted funds. The multi-year Grant Fund, Emergency Telephone System Fund, Guinea Mill Watershed Improvement Fund, Hog Bridge Ditch Watershed Improvement Fund, Moyock Watershed Improvement Fund, Northwest Watershed Improvement Fund, Whalehead Watershed Improvement Fund, and the Whalehead Beach Solid Waste Service District Fund are reported as non-major special revenue funds. The Fire Equipment Replacement Fund, Capital Improvements Fund, and School Capital Projects Fund are reported as non-major capital projects funds. The Newtown Road Sewer Fund, the Maple Commerce Park Sewer Fund, the Moyock Commons Sewer Fund and the Walnut Island Sewer Fund are reported as non-major proprietary funds.

In accordance with North Carolina General Statutes, all funds of the County are maintained during the year using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Government-wide, Proprietary, and Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements. The government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus, except for the agency funds which have no measurement focus. The government-wide, proprietary fund, and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of

accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the County gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the County enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The County also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the water and sewer system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements. Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available.

Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

The County considers all revenues available if they are collected within 90 days after year-end, except for property taxes. Ad valorem property taxes are not accrued as revenue because the amount is not susceptible to accrual. At June 30, taxes receivable for property other than motor vehicles are materially past due and are not considered to be an available resource to finance the operations of the current year. As of September 1, 2013, State law altered the procedures for the assessment and collection of property taxes on registered motor vehicles in North Carolina. Effective with this change in the law, the State of North Carolina is responsible for billing and collecting the property taxes are due when vehicles are registered. The billed taxes are applicable to the fiscal year in which they are received. Uncollected taxes that were billed in periods prior to September 1, 2013 and for limited registration plates are shown as a receivable in these financial statements and are offset by deferred inflows of resources.

Sales taxes and certain intergovernmental revenues, such as the utilities franchise tax, collected and held by the State at year-end on behalf of the County, are recognized as revenue. Intergovernmental revenues and sales and services are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable

until received in cash. Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other grant requirements have been satisfied.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the County funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. Thus when program expenses are incurred, there is both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the County's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by categorical block grants, and then general revenues.

Budgetary Data

The County's budgets are adopted as required by the North Carolina General Statutes. An annual budget is adopted for the General Fund, Revaluation, Land Banking, Fire Districts, Tourism Development Authority, Carova Beach Special Revenue, Emergency Telephone System, Whalehead Beach Solid Waste, five Watershed Special Revenue Funds, Fire Equipment Replacement, Capital Improvements, School Capital, Transfer Tax Capital and the Enterprise operating Funds. All annual appropriations lapse at the fiscal year-end. Project ordinances are adopted for the Multi-year Grant Special Revenue Fund, County Governmental Construction, School Construction and Enterprise Construction Funds. The Enterprise Construction Funds are consolidated with the enterprise operating funds for reporting purposes.

All budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the departmental level for all annually budgeted funds and at the project level for the multi-year funds. Amendments are required for any revisions that alter total expenditures of any fund or that change functional appropriations. The County Manager is authorized by the budget ordinance to transfer appropriations within the funds under the following conditions:

- 1. He may transfer amounts between departments within the same fund up to one thousand dollars, providing an official report on such transfers to the Board of Commissioners at their next regularly scheduled meeting.
- 2. He may make interfund loans for a period of not more that sixty days (60).
- 3. He may not transfer any amounts between funds or from any contingency line items within any funds.

The governing board must approve all amendments. During the year, several immaterial amendments to the original budget were necessary. The budget ordinance must be adopted by July 1 of the fiscal year or the governing board must adopt an interim budget that covers that time until the annual ordinance can be adopted.

D. <u>Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources, and Fund Equity</u>

1. Deposits and Investments

All deposits of the County, the Whalehead Preservation Trust, and the Currituck County ABC Board are made in board-designated official depositories and are secured as required by G.S. 159-31. The County, the ABC Board, and the Whalehead Preservation Trust may designate, as an official depository, any bank or savings association whose principal office is located in North Carolina. Also, the County, the ABC Board, and the Whalehead Preservation Trust may establish time deposit accounts such as NOW and SuperNOW accounts, money market accounts, and certificates of deposit.

General Statue [G.S. 159-30(c)] authorizes the County, the Whalehead Preservation Trust, and the ABC Board to invest in obligations of the United States or obligations fully guaranteed both as to principal and interest by the United States; obligations of the State of North Carolina; bonds and notes of any North Carolina local government or public authority; obligations of certain non-guaranteed federal agencies; certain high quality issues of commercial paper and bankers' acceptances and the North Carolina Capital Management Trust (NCCMT).

The majority of the County, the Whalehead Preservation Trust, and the ABC Board's investments are carried at fair value. Non-participating interest earning contracts are accounted for at cost. The NC Capital Management Trust Cash Portfolio, a SEC-registered 2a-7 external investment pool, is measured at amortized cost, which is the NCCMT's share price.

2. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The County pools money from several funds to facilitate disbursement and investment and to maximize investment income. Therefore, all cash and investments are essentially demand deposits and are considered cash and cash equivalents. The Currituck ABC Board and the Whalehead Preservation Trust consider demand deposits and investments purchased with an original maturity of three months or less, which are not limited as to use, to be cash and cash equivalents.

3. <u>Restricted Assets</u>

Customer deposits held by the County before any services are supplied are restricted to the service for which the deposit was collected. Money in the Tax Revaluation Fund is classified as restricted per North Carolina General Statute 153A-150. Money in the School Facilities Fund is classified as restricted because its use is restricted per North Carolina General Statute 159-18.

Currit	tuck County Restricted Cash	
Governmental Activities		
General Fund	Tax Revaluation	\$ 482,956
General Fund	Deposits Held in Trust	648,258
School Facilities Fund	Grant Funds	226,345
Total Governmental Activities		\$ 1,357,559
Business-Type Activities		
Ocean Sands Water & Sewer District	Customer deposits	450
Mainland Water Fund	Customer deposits	85,900
Southern Outer Banks Water Fund	Customer deposits	7,500
Moyock Commons Sewer Fund	Customer deposits	150
Total Business-Type Activities	-	\$ 94,000
Total Restricted Cash		\$ 1,451,559

4. Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable

In accordance with State law [G.S. 105-347 and G.S. 159-13(a)], the County levies ad valorem taxes on property other than motor vehicles on July 1, the beginning of the fiscal year. The taxes are due on September 1 (lien date); however, penalties and interest do not accrue until the following January 6. These taxes are based on the assessed values as of January 1, 2014. As allowed by State law, the County has established a schedule of discounts that apply to taxes that are paid prior to the due date. In the County's General Fund, ad valorem tax revenues are reported net of such discounts.

5. Allowances for Doubtful Accounts

All receivables that historically experience uncollectible accounts are shown net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. This amount is estimated by analyzing the percentage of receivables that were written off in prior years.

6. <u>Inventories and Prepaid Items</u>

The inventories of the County and the ABC Board are valued at cost (first-in, first-out), which approximates market. The County's General Fund inventory consists of expendable supplies that are recorded as expenditures when consumed (consumption method). The inventory of the County's enterprise funds as well as those of the ABC consists of materials and supplies held for consumption or resale. The cost of the inventory carried in the County's enterprise funds and that of the ABC Board is recorded as an expense as it is consumed or sold.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

7. <u>Capital Assets</u>

Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets received prior to July 1, 2015 are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Donated capital assets received after July 1, 2015 are recorded at acquisition cost. Certain items acquired before July 1, 1970 are recorded at an estimated historical cost. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

The capitalization threshold for County assets is \$5,000. Capital assets of the County are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

	Years
Buildings	40
Furniture and equipment	5-7
Vehicles	5-7

Capital assets of the ABC Board are depreciated over their useful lives on a straight-line basis as follows:

	Years
Buildings	30
Other equipment	5-10
Office furniture and equipment	5
Vehicles	5
Leasehold improvements	7-10

The Whalehead Preservation Trust conveyed all assets to the County in June 2016 and are reflected on the County records at fiscal year end.

8. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflow of resources. This separate financial statement element, Deferred Outflows of Resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure until then. The County has several items that meet this criterion - pension related deferrals, and contributions made to the pension plan in the current fiscal year. In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position can also report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, Deferred Inflows of Resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then. The County has only three items that meet the criterion for this category - prepaid taxes, special assessments receivable and other pension related deferrals.

9. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and in the proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position.

In the fund financial statements for governmental fund types, the face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources.

The ABC Board and the Whalehead Preservation Trust had no long-term liabilities as of June 30, 2016.

10. <u>Compensated Absences</u>

The vacation policy of the County provides for the accumulation of up to Two Hundred Forty (240) hours of earned vacation leave with such leave being fully vested when earned. For the County's governmental funds, the current portion of the accumulated vacation pay is not considered to be material; therefore, no expenditure or liability has been reported. For the County's proprietary funds an expense and a liability for compensated absences and the salary-related payments are recorded as the leave is earned. The ABC Board employees earn one week of vacation in the first year, two weeks per year at completion of one year until fifteen years of service are completed and three weeks per year for additional years of service. Employees may choose to take the vacation time or be compensated for it. Accumulated earned vacation at June 30, 2016 and 2015 amounted to approximately \$3,246 and \$3,747, respectively, and is all considered current.

The sick leave policies of the County and the ABC Board provide for an unlimited accumulation of earned sick leave. Sick leave does not vest, but any unused sick leave accumulated at the time of retirement may be used in the determination of length of service for retirement benefit purposes. Since none of the entities have any obligation for accumulated sick leave until it is actually taken, no accrual for sick leave has been made.

On June 30, 2016, the Whalehead Preservation Trust had no employees.

11. <u>Net Position/Fund Balances</u>

Net Position

Net position in government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are classified as net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted. Restricted net position represent constraints on resources that are either a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or b) imposed by law through state statute.

Fund Balances

In the governmental fun financial statements, fund balance is composed of five classifications designed to disclose the hierarchy of constraints placed on how fund balance can be spent.

The governmental fund types classify fund balances as follows:

Nonspendable Fund Balance – This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact,

Inventories – portion of fund balance that is not an available resource because it represents the year-end balance of ending inventories, which are not spendable resources.

Restricted Fund Balance – This classification includes revenue sources that are restricted to specific purposes externally imposed by creditors or imposed by law.

Restricted Stabilization of State Statute – portion of fund balance that is restricted by State Statutes [G.S. 159-8(a)].

Restricted for Emergency Telephone System – portion of fund balance this is restricted by revenue source to pay for 911 services.

Restricted for County Governmental Assets – portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source for construction or purchase of governmental assets.

Restricted for School Capital – portion of fund balance that can only be used for School Capital per G.S. 159-18-22.

Restricted for Tourism – portion of fund balance than can only be used for Tourism promotion or Tourism related expenditures.

Restricted for Watershed Improvements – portion of fund balance that can only be used for watershed improvements in certain special revenue districts.

Restricted for Whalehead Beach Solid Waste – portion of fund balance that can only be used for solid waste activities in the Whalehead Beach service district.

Committed Fund Balance – Portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purpose imposed by majority vote of the County of Currituck's governing body. The governing body approves the appropriation through the annual budget ordinance; any changes of specific purposes requires majority action by the governing body.

Committed for Carova Beach Service District – portion of fund balance that can only be used in the Carova Beach service district.

Committed to Fire Protection Services – portion of fund balance that can only be used for fire protection throughout the County.

Committed to Fire Equipment Replacement – portion of fund balance that can only be used for purchase or replacement of capital assets for fire protection.

Committed to County Governmental Assets – portion of fund balance that can only be used for County Governmental assets.

Committed to School Capital Assets – portion of fund balance that can only be used for School Capital assets.

Committed for Tax Revaluation – portion of fund balance that can only be used for Tax Revaluation.

Assigned Fund Balance – portion of fund balance that the Currituck County governing board has budgeted.

Assigned for subsequent year's expenditures – portion of fund balance that is appropriated in the next year's budget that is not already classified in restricted or committed. The governing body approves the appropriation; however, the budget ordinance authorizes the manager to modify the appropriations by resource or appropriation within funds up to \$10,000.

Unassigned Fund Balance – Portion of fund balance that has not been restricted, committed or assigned to specific purposes or other funds.

Currituck County has a revenue spending policy that provides guidance for programs with multiple revenue sources. The Finance Director will use resources in the following hierarchy: bond proceeds, federal funds, State funds, local non-county funds and County funds. For purposes of fund balance classification, expenditures are to be spent from restricted fund balance first, followed in order by committed fund balance, assigned find balance and lastly unassigned fund balance. The Finance Director has the authority to deviate from this policy if it is in the best interest of the County.

12. Defined Benefit Pension Plans

The County participates in two cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit pension plans that are administered by the State; the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS) and the Registers of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund (RODSPF) (collectively, the "state-administered defined benefit pension plans"). For purposes of measuring the net pension asset, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net positions of the state-administered defined benefit pension plans' and additions to/deductions from the state-administered defined benefit pension plans fiduciary net positions have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the state-administered defined benefit pension plans. For this purpose, plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. The County's employer contributions are recognized when due and the County has a legal requirement to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the state-administered defined benefit pension plans. Investments are reported at fair value.

For purposes of measuring the net pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Firefighters' and Rescue Squad Workers' Pension Fund (FRSWPF) and additions to/deductions from FRSWPF's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by FRSWPF. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

E. <u>Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements</u>

1. <u>Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund balance sheet and the government-wide statement of net position.</u>

The governmental fund balance sheet includes a reconciliation between fund balance - total governmental funds and net position – governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of net position. The net adjustment of \$78,930,818 consists of several elements as follows:

Description	Amount
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and are therefore not reported in the funds (total capital assets on	
government-wide statement in governmental activities column)	154,208,931
Less accumulated depreciation	(52,816,488)
Net capital assets	101,392,443
Net pension asset	98,010
Net pension liability	(1,243,618)
Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal year	1,097,129
Deferred inflows of resources for taxes and special assessments receivable	541,777
Pension related deferrals	(733,009)
Liabilities that, because they are not due and payable in the current period, do not require current resources to pay and are therefore not reported in the fund statements:	
Bonds, leases, and installment financing	(6,365,896)
Compensated absences	(1,335,493)
Other postemployment benefits	(14,520,525)
Total adjustment	\$ 78,930,818

2. <u>Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance and the government-wide statement of activities</u>

The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances includes a reconciliation between net changes in fund balances – total governmental funds and changes in net position of governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. There are several elements of that total adjustment of (\$9,380,049) as follows:

Description	Amount			
Capital outlay expenditures recorded in the fund statements but capitalized as assets in the statement of activities	\$	9,702,469		
Cost of disposed capital asset not recorded on fund statement		(110,726)		
Depreciation expense, the allocation of those assets over their useful lives, that is recorded on the statement of activities but not in the fund statements.		(6,001,066)		
Special item - Cost of assets transferred to the Board of Education, not recognized on the modified accrual basis		(13,655,028)		
Principal payments on debt owed are recorded as a use of funds on the fund statements but again affect only the statement of net position in the government- wide statements		1,569,561		
Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal year are not included on the Statement of Activities		1,088,828		
Expenses reported in the statement of activities that do not require the use of current resources to pay are not recorded as expenditures in the fund statements.				
Compensated absenses		(36,109)		
Other postemployment benefits		(1,254,067)		
County's portion of collective pension expense		(609,022)		
Net pension cost for Law Enforcement Separation Allowance		(66,432)		
Revenues reported in the statement of activities that do not provide current resources are not recorded as revenues in the fund statements.				
Decrease in deferred inflows of resources - taxes receivable - at end of year				
Reversal of deferred tax revenue recorded at 7/1/15		(550,234)		
Recording of tax receipts deferred in the fund statements as of 6/30/16		541,777		
Total adjustment	\$	(9,380,049)		

II. <u>Detail Notes on All Funds</u>

A. Assets

1. <u>Deposits</u>

All of the County's, the Whalehead Preservation Trust's, and the ABC Board's deposits are either insured or collateralized by using one of two methods. Under the Dedicated Method, all deposits exceeding the federal depository insurance coverage level are collateralized with securities held by the County's, the Whalehead Preservation Trust's, or the ABC Board's agents in these units' names. Under the Pooling Method, which is a collateral pool, all uninsured deposits are collateralized with securities held by the State Treasurer's agent in the name of the State Treasurer. Since the State Treasurer is acting in a fiduciary capacity for the County, the Whalehead Preservation Trust, and the ABC Board, these deposits are considered to be held by their agents in the entities' names. The amount of the pledged collateral is based on an approved averaging method for non-interest bearing deposits and the actual current balance for interest-bearing deposits. Depositories using the Pooling Method report to the State Treasurer the adequacy of their pooled collateral covering uninsured deposits. The State Treasurer does not confirm this information with the County, the Whalehead Preservation Trust, or the ABC Board or with the escrow agent. Because of the inability to measure the exact amount of collateral pledged for the County, the Whalehead Preservation Trust, or the ABC Board under the Pooling Method, the potential exists for undercollateralization, and this risk may increase in periods of high cash flows. However, the State Treasurer of North Carolina enforces strict standards of financial stability for each depository that collateralizes public deposits under the Pooling Method.

The State Treasurer enforces standards of minimum capitalization for all pooling method financial institutions. The County relies on the State Treasurer to monitor those financial institutions. The County analyzes the financial soundness of any other financial institution used by the County. The County complies with the provisions of G. S. 159-31 when designating official depositories and verifying that deposits are properly secured. The ABC Board and the Whalehead Preservation Trust have no formal policy regarding custodial credit risk for deposits.

At June 30, 2016, the County's deposits had a carrying amount of \$27,586,118 and a bank balance of \$28,430,116. Of the bank balance, \$858,499 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$27,571,617 in interest bearing deposits were covered by collateral held under the Pooling Method.

At June 30, 2016, the County had \$2,735 cash on hand.

At June 30, 2016, the carrying amount of deposits for Currituck County ABC Board was \$749,589. At June 30, 2016 the ABC Board's deposits had a bank balance of \$1,124,182. Of this amount, \$250,000 was covered by federal depository insurance and the remainder was covered by collateral held under the Pooling Method.

At June 30, 2016, the Whalehead Preservation Trust's deposits had a carrying amount of \$466,708 and a bank balance of \$466,708. The Trust maintains its cash balances at three banks. Of this amount, \$456,296 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$10,412 was covered by collateral held under the Pooling Method. The organization has no formal policy regarding custodial credit risks for deposits.

2. <u>Investments</u>

As of June 30, 2016, the County had the following investments and maturities:

	Valuation						
	Measurement		L	ess Than			
Investment Type	Method	Fair Value	e	6 Months	6	-12 Months	1-5 Years
Commercial Paper	Fair Value - Level 2	\$ 30,792,140	\$	-	\$	30,792,140	\$ -
Federal agencies	Fair Value - Level 1	14,024,597		-		-	14,024,597
NC Capital Management Trust:							
Cash Portfolio	Amortized Cost	 173,291		N/A		N/A	N/A
Total Investments		\$ 44,990,028	\$	-	\$	30,792,140	\$ 14,024,597

All investments are measured using the market approach: using prices and other relevant information generated by market transactions involving identical or comparable assets or a group of assets.

Level of fair value hierarchy: Level 1: Debt securities valued using directly observable, quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets. Level 2: Debt securities are valued using a matrix pricing technique. Matrix pricing is used to value securities based on the securities' relationship to benchmark quoted prices.

Interest Rate Risk. Although the County does not have a formal policy of the length of maturities in the investment portfolio, the County staggers maturities and does not purchase investments with maturities greater than five years.

Credit Risk. The County limits investments to the provisions of G.S. 159-30 and restricts the purchase of securities to the highest possible ratings whenever particular types of securities are rated. State law limits investments in commercial paper to the top rating issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations (NRSROs); however, the County had no formal policy on managing credit risk. As of June 30, 2016, the County's investments in commercial paper were rated P1 by Standard & Poor's, F1 by Fitch Ratings, and A1 by Moody's Investors Service. The County's investments in the NC Capital Management Trust Cash Portfolio carried a credit rating of AAAm by Standard & Poor's as of June 30, 2016.

Custodial Credit Risk. For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the County will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. As of June 30, 2016, the County had no investments held by a counter-party that were not in the County's name. The County had no policy on custodial credit risk.

Concentration of Credit Risk. The County places no limit on the amount that the County may invest in any one issuer. More than 5 percent of the County's investments are in Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation and Commercial Paper from Coca Cola, Bank of Tokyo, and Credit Suisse First Boston Bank of New York. These investments are 16.03%, 26.44%, 6.67%, and 19.86% respectively of the County's total investments.

3. Property Tax - Use-Value Assessment on Certain Lands

In accordance with the general statutes, agriculture, horticulture, and forestland may be taxed by the County at the present-use value as opposed to market value. When the property loses its eligibility for use-value taxation, the property tax is recomputed at market value for the current year and the three preceding fiscal years, along with the accrued interest from the original due date. This tax is immediately due and payable. The following are property taxes that could become due if present use-value eligibility is lost. These amounts have not been recorded in the financial statements.

Year Levied	Tax	Interest	Total
2013	\$ 907,107	\$ 297,078	\$ 1,204,185
2014	1,105,215	269,489	1,374,704
2015	1,094,062	161,374	1,255,436
2016	1,098,781	63,180	1,161,961
Total	\$ 4,205,165	\$ 791,121	\$ 4,996,286

4. <u>Receivables</u>

Receivables at the government-wide level at June 30, 2016, were as follows:

			Re	Taxes and lated Accrued	Du	e from Other	
	A	ccounts	Interest		G	overnments	Total
Governmental Activities:							
General	\$	125,117	\$	557,835	\$	2,151,594	\$ 2,834,546
County Governmental Facilities		-		-		684,769	684,769
School Facilities		-		-		9,611	9,611
Tourism Development Authority		1,523		-		27,615	29,138
Other Governmental		-		1,147		1,138,729	1,139,876
Total receivables		126,640		558,982		4,012,318	4,697,940
Allowance for doubtful accounts		-		(17,205)		-	(17,205)
Total-governmental activities	\$	126,640	\$	541,777	\$	4,012,318	\$ 4,680,735
Business-type Activities							
Solid Waste	\$	91,760	\$	164	\$	-	\$ 91,924
Ocean Sands Water and Sewer		290,459		393		-	290,852
Mainland Water		560,570		-		-	560,570
Southern Outer Banks Water		529,653		-		-	529,653
Moyock Central Sewer		15,155		-		-	15,155
Other Proprietary		90,134		-		-	90,134
Total receivables		1,577,731		557		-	1,578,288
Allowance for doubtful accounts		(63,896)		-			(63,896)
Total - business-type activities	\$	1,513,835	\$	557	\$	_	\$ 1,514,392

The due from other governments that is owed to the County consists of the following:

NC Department of Transportation; DMV taxes	\$104,480
NC Department of Transportaion; Division of Aviation State aide to airport	599,944
NC Department of Revenue; Franchise taxes	85,941
NC Department of Revenue; Sales and Use tax distribution	2,440,156
NC Department of Revenue; Sales and Use tax refund	463,299
NC DHHS: County Administration	102,510
NC DHHS; Child Support Enforcement	1,256
NC DHHS; Child Daycare	63,008
NC DHHS; Ambulance Fees	3,095
NC DENR; CAMA minor permits	2,200
College of the Albemarle; refund for operations	24,133
NC Office of State Controller; 911 funds	14,520
Other	107,776
Total	\$4,012,318

5. <u>Capital Assets</u> Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2016, was as follows:

	Beginning Balances	Increases	Decreases	Reclassifications	Ending Balances
Governmental activities:	 Dalahooo	Indicadeo	Decreases	Rediadolindationo	Dalahooo
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 19,721,045	-	-	- \$	19,721,045
Construction in progress	1,022,976	3,919,162	3,694,850	-	1,247,288
Total capital assets not being depreciated	 20,744,021	3,919,162	3,694,850	-	20,968,333
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Buildings	89,854,749	3,086,940	17,789,998	75,409	75,227,100
Computer equipment	4,093,925	175,840	260,271	-	4,009,494
Furniture and fixtures	24,431,517	4,639,609	68,242	578,140	29,581,024
Equipment	10,191,930	525,915	5,085	3,213,300	13,926,060
Vehicles and motor equipment	13,727,861	1,049,851	413,943	(3,866,849)	10,496,920
Total capital assets being depreciated	 142,299,982	9,478,155	18,537,539	-	133,240,598
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings	27,277,207	2,212,240	4,101,234	8,561	25,396,774
Computer equipment	3,472,168	186,998	224,367	-	3,434,799
Furniture and fixtures	8,122,070	1,600,449	27,059	187,902	9,883,362
Equipment	3,185,456	1,109,780	5,085	1,299,035	5,589,186
Vehicles and motor equipment	9,530,306	891,599	414,040	(1,495,498)	8,512,367
Total accumulated depreciation	 51,587,207	6,001,066	4,771,785	-	52,816,488
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	 90,712,775				80,424,110
Governmental activity capital assets, net	\$ 111,456,796			\$	101,392,443

Primary Government Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

General government Public safety Transportation	\$ 1,316,234 1,994,045 521.059
Environmental protection Economic and physical development	784,742
Human services	73,689
Cultural and recreational Total depreciation expense	\$ 1,311,397 6,001,166

continued

Proprietary Funds

oprietary Funds					
		Beginning		_	Ending
	_	Balances	Increases	Decreases	Balances
isiness-type activities:					
Solid Waste					
Capital assets not being depreciated:	¢	00.000		۴	co oco
Land	\$	62,962	-	- \$	62,962
Construction in process		-	16,025	•	16,025
Total capital assets not being depreciated	_	62,962	-	-	78,987
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Buildings		835,907	-	-	835,907
Equipment		230,957	-	-	230,957
Vehicles and motor equipment	_	12,736	-	-	12,736
Total capital assets being depreciated	_	1,079,600	-	-	1,079,600
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings		551,671	27,864	-	579,535
Equipment		134,589	9,880	-	144,469
Vehicles and motor equipment		12,736		-	12,736
Total accumulated depreciation		698,996	37,744	-	736,740
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		380,604			342,860
Solid Waste capital assets, net	\$	443,566		\$	421,847
		Beginning			Ending
		Balances	Increases	Decreases	Balances
Ocean Sands Water and Sewer District					
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land	\$	963,012	-	- \$	963,012
Construction in process		269,047	2,350,676	-	2,619,723
Total capital assets not being depreciated	_	1,232,059	2,350,676	-	3,582,735
Capital assets being depreciated:		.,,	_,,		-,,
Plant and distribution systems		4,197,363	-	-	4.197.363
Computer equipment		547,804	-	-	547,804
Furniture and maintenance equipment		639,432	25,475	10,022	654,885
Vehicles and motor equipment		86,405	20, 110	-	86,405
Total capital assets being depreciated		5,471,004	25,475	10,022	5,486,457
Less accumulated depreciation for:		3,471,004	20,470	10,022	3,400,437
Plant and distribution systems		3,339,025	84,943	_	3,423,968
Computer equipment		485,752	38,975	-	524,727
Furniture and maintenance equipment			44,033	- 40	509,075
		465,082	,	40	,
Vehicles and motor equipment	_	39,078	16,561	-	55,639
Total accumulated depreciation		4,328,937	184,512	40	4,513,409
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	<u> </u>	1,142,067		۴	973,048
Ocean Sands Water and Sewer District capital assets, net	\$	2,374,126		\$	4,555,783
		Beginning		_	Ending
	_	Balances	Increases	Decreases	Balances
Mainland Water					
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land	\$	5,150	-	- \$	5,150
Total capital assets not being depreciated		5,150	-	-	5,150
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Buildings		18,635,881	-	-	18,635,881
Computer equipment		160,385	-	-	160,385
Equipment		20,393,904	207,965	45,200	20,556,669
Vehicles		348,183	64,541	20,765	391,959
Total capital assets being depreciated	_	39,538,353	272,506	65,965	39,744,894
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings		5,451,350	604,939		6,056,289
Computer equipment		83,359	23,530		106,889
Equipment		12,797,595	1,258,265	7,176	14,048,684
Vehicles		265,354	36,886	20,765	281,475
Total accumulated depreciation		18,597,658	1,923,620	27,941	20,493,337
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	-	20,940,695	1,020,020	21,071	19,251,557
	¢ —			ŕ	
Mainland Water capital assets, net	\$	20,945,845		\$	19,256,707
					continued

continued

		Beginning Balances	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balances
Newtown Road Sewer District	_				_ 31411000
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land	\$	87,000	-	-	\$ 87,000
Total capital assets not being depreciated Capital assets being depreciated:		87,000	-	-	87,000
Equipment		508,622	-	-	508,622
Total capital assets being depreciated		508,622	-	-	508,622
Less accumulated depreciation for:	_				
Equipment		387,117	16,955	-	404,072
Total accumulated depreciation		387,117	16,955	-	404,072
Total capital assets being depreciated, net Newtown Road Sewer District	_	121,505			104,550
capital assets, net	\$	208,505			\$ 191,550
	Ψ	200,000			φ 131,330
		Beginning			Ending
	_	Balances	Increases	Decreases	Balances
Maple Commerce Park Sewer Fund					
Capital assets being depreciated:	¢	4 000 000			¢ 4,000,000
Buildings	\$	1,932,639 1,932,639	-	-	\$ 1,932,639 1,932,639
Total capital assets being depreciated Less accumulated depreciation for:		1,332,039	-	-	1,932,039
Buildings		193,264	64,421	-	257,685
Total accumulated depreciation		193,264	64,421	-	257,685
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	_	1,739,375			1,674,954
Maple Commerce Park Sewer Fund					
capital assets, net	\$	1,739,375			\$ 1,674,954
		Ending			Ending
		Ending Balances	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balances
Moyock Commons Sewer District		Dalances	Increases	Decreases	Dalances
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land	\$	67,625	-	-	\$ 67,625
Total capital assets not being depreciated		67,625	-	-	67,625
Capital assets being depreciated:		040.055			0.40.055
Buildings Equipment		346,055 44,622	-	-	346,055 44,622
Total capital assets being depreciated	—	390,677			390,677
Less accumulated depreciation for:	_	000,011			000,011
Buildings		87,858	11,535	-	99,393
Equipment		37,247	2,428	-	39,675
Total accumulated depreciation	_	125,105	13,963	-	139,068
Total capital assets being depreciated, net Moyock Commons Sewer District		265,572			251,609
capital assets, net	\$	333,197			\$ 319,234
					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
		Ending			Ending
	_	Balances	Increases	Decreases	Balances
Southern Outer Banks Water System Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land	\$	42,600	-	-	\$ 42,600
Construction in Process	Ψ	3,855,104	7,602	3,862,706	-
Total capital assets not being depreciated	_	3,897,704	7,602	3,862,706	42,600
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Buildings		21,883,401	3,855,104	-	25,738,505
Computer equipment		430,945	34,341	-	465,286
Other equipment Vehicles		3,158,565 266,186	69,570 45,682	113,313	3,114,822 311,868
Total capital assets being depreciated		25,739,097	4,004,697	113,313	29,630,481
Less accumulated depreciation for:	_	-,,	,	,	
Buildings		6,080,326	857,950	-	6,938,276
Computer equipment		232,816	43,958	-	276,774
Other equipment		1,325,334	135,826	8,908	1,452,252
Vehicles Total accumulated depreciation		216,053 7,854,529	47,030 1,084,764	- 8,908	<u>263,083</u> 8,930,385
		1,004,029	1,004,704	0,908	, ,
•		17,884 568			20 700 096
Total capital assets being depreciated, net Southern Outer Banks Water Fund	_	17,884,568			20,700,096
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$	17,884,568 21,782,272			20,700,096 \$ 20,742,696 continued

		Ending Balances	Increases	Decreases		Ending Balances
Moyock Central Sewer System		Dalalices	110160363	Decieases		Dalalices
Capital assets not being depreciated:						
Land	\$	688,914	-	-	\$	688,914
Total capital assets not being depreciated	+	688,914	-	-	Ŧ	688,914
Capital assets being depreciated:		,				,
Buildings		3,365,550	8	-		3,365,558
Equipment		1,412,087	99,724	-		1,511,811
Total capital assets being depreciated		4,777,637	99,732	-		4,877,369
Less accumulated depreciation for:		.,,				.,,
Buildings		326,913	112,185	-		439,098
Equipment		605,179	205,051	-		810,230
Total accumulated depreciation		932,092	317.236	-		1,249,328
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		3,845,545	0,200			3,628,041
Moyock Central Sewer System		0,010,010			_	0,020,011
capital assets, net	\$	4,534,459			\$	4,316,955
• •	· _	· · ·				, ,
		Ending				Ending
		Balances	Increases	Decreases		Balances
Walnut Island Sewer System						
Capital assets not being depreciated:						
Land	\$	53,690	-	-	\$	53,690
Total capital assets not being depreciated		53,690	-	-		53,690
Capital assets being depreciated:						
Plant and distribution systems		3,224,327	-	-		3,224,327
Other equipment		441,517	-	-		441,517
Total capital assets being depreciated		3,665,844	-	-		3,665,844
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Plant and distribution systems		323,076	106,977	-		430,053
Other equipment		125,866	44,199	-		170,065
Total accumulated depreciation	_	448,942	151,176	-		600,118
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	_	3,216,902				3,065,726
					_	
Walnut Island Sewer System						
Walnut Island Sewer System capital assets, net	\$	3,270,592			\$	3,119,416

Construction commitments

Remaining Spent-to-date Commitment Project Airport Taxiway \$ \$ 1,105,480 Airport fuel tank upgrades 3,898 **Connecting Corolla Projects** 506,825 Parking lot - Skate Park 136,000 114,000 Parking lot - Softball Field 170,000 80,000 Park - Shingle Landing Road 3,500 _ Maple Concession Stand 765,625 76,563 Maple Softball/Baseball Fields 2,562,294 129,150 8,181 Historic Corolla Park - Boat Facility Historic Corolla Park - Restrooms 46,513 244,000 Veteran's Park Dock Improvements 158,500 Total \$ 1,247,288 \$ 3,088,538

Currituck County has active construction projects as of June 30, 2016, as listed below. At June 30, 2016 the government's commitments with contractors are as follows:

Discretely presented component units

Activity for the ABC Board for the year ended June 30, 2016, was as follows:

		Beginning Balances	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balances
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land	\$	425,900	-	-	\$ 425,900
Total capital assets not being depreciated		425,900	-	-	425,900
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Buildings		2,182,928	-	-	2,182,928
Furniture and equipment		273,885	30,791	-	304,676
Vehicles		34,827	-	-	34,827
Leasehold improvements	_	26,706	-	-	26,706
Total capital assets being depreciated		2,518,346	30,791	-	2,549,137
Less accumulated depreciation:					
Buildings		605,129	66,967	-	672,096
Furniture and equipment		192,979	21,388	-	214,367
Vehicles		34,827	-	-	34,827
Leasehold improvements		6,246	527	-	6,773
Total accumulated depreciation		839,181	88,882	-	928,063
ABC capital assets, net	\$	2,105,065			\$ 2,046,974

The Whalehead Preservation Trust and Currituck Wildlife Museum filed for dissolution on June 14, 2016 and all assets were turned over to the County, the primary government prior to June 30, 2016.

B. Liabilities

1. Payables

Payables at the government-wide level at June 30, 2016, were as follows:

	Vendors		Other	Other		
Governmental Activities:						
General	\$	1,954,720	\$	1,063,419	\$	3,018,139
County Governmental Facilities		965,351		-		965,351
School Facilities		-		-		-
Tourism Development Authority		62,146		118,185		180,331
Transfer Tax Capital Fund		-		-		-
Other Governmental		119,810		-		119,810
Total-governmental activities	\$	3,102,027	\$	1,181,604	\$	4,283,631
Business-type Activities						
Solid Waste	\$	104,460	\$	-	\$	104,460
Ocean Sands Water and Sewer		66,536		-		66,536
Mainland Water		101,038		-		101,038
Southern Outer Banks Water		37,995		2,207		40,202
Moyock Central Sewer		2,025		-		2,025
Other Proprietary		6,581		-		6,581
Total - business-type activities	\$	318,635	\$	2,207	\$	320,842

2. Pension Plan and Other Post Employment Obligations

a. Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System

Plan Description. The County and the ABC Board are participating employers in the statewide Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of North Carolina. LGERS membership is comprised of general employees and local law enforcement officers (LEOs) of participating local governmental entities. Article 3 of G.S. Chapter 128 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. Management of the plan is vested in the LGERS Board of Trustees, which consists of 13 members – nine appointed by the Governor, one appointed by the state Senate, one appointed by the state House of Representatives, and the State Treasurer and State Superintendent, who serve as ex-officio members. The Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes financial statements and required supplementary information for LGERS. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, by calling (919) 981-5454, or at www.osc.nc.gov.

Benefits Provided. LGERS provides retirement and survivor benefits. Retirement benefits are determined as 1.85% of the member's average final compensation times the member's years of creditable service. A member's average final compensation is calculated as the average of a member's four highest consecutive years of compensation. Plan members are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 65 with five years of creditable service, at age 60 with 25 years of creditable service, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. Plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 20 years of creditable service or at age 60 with five years of creditable service (age 55 for firefighters). Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age (15 years of creditable service for firefighters and rescue squad members who are killed in the line of duty) or have completed five years of service and have reached age 60. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions. The plan does not provide for automatic post-retirement benefit increases. Increases are contingent upon actuarial gains of the plan.

LGERS plan members who are LEOs are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 55 with five years of creditable service as an officer, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. LEO plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 15 years of creditable service as an officer. Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of LEO members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who also have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age, or have completed 15 years of service as a LEO and have reached age 50, or have completed five years of creditable service as a LEO and have reached age 55, or have completed 15 years of creditable service as a LEO and have reached age 55, or have completed 15 years of creditable service as a LEO and have reached age 55, or have completed 15 years of creditable service as a LEO and have reached age 55, or have completed 15 years of creditable service as a LEO and have reached age 55, or have completed 15 years of creditable service as a LEO and have reached age 55, or have completed 15 years of creditable service as a LEO and have reached age 55, or have completed 15 years of creditable service as a LEO and have reached age 55, or have completed 15 years of creditable service as a LEO and have reached age 55, or have completed 15 years of creditable service as a LEO and have reached age 55, or have completed 15 years of creditable service as a LEO if killed in the line of duty. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions.

Contributions. Contribution provisions are established by General Statute 128-30 and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. County employees are required to contribute 6% of their compensation. Employer contributions are actuarially determined and set annually by the LGERS Board of Trustees. The County's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2015, was 7.41% of compensation for law enforcement officers and 7.07% for general employees and firefighters, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year. Contributions to the pension plan from the County were \$1,150,130 and contributions to the pension plan from the ABC Board were \$17,443 for the year ended June 30, 2015.

Refunds of Contributions – County employees who have terminated service as a contributing member of LGERS, may file an application for a refund of their contributions. By state law, refunds to members with at least five years of service include 4% interest. State law requires a 60 day waiting period after service termination before the refund may be paid. The acceptance of a refund payment cancels the individual's right to employer contributions or any other benefit provided by LGERS.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2016, the County reported a liability of \$1,267,843 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2015. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2014. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2015 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. The County's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the County's long-term share of future payroll covered by the pension plan, relative to the projected future payroll covered by the pension plan of all participating LGERS employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2015, the County's proportion was .283%, which was a decrease of .001% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2014. The ABC Board's proportion was 0.00408%, which was an increase of 0.00072% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2014.

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the County recognized pension expense of \$645,425 and the ABC Board recognized pension expense of \$12,255. At June 30, 2016, the County and ABC Board reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	COUNTY			ABC BOARD				
	Outfl	erred ows of ources	In	eferred flows of esources	Outf	erred lows of ources	Inf	ferred lows of sources
Differences between								
expected and actual experience Net difference between projected and actual	\$	-	\$	298,015	\$	-	\$	5,063
earnings on pension plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between		-		360,951		-		6,133
County contributions and proportionate share of contributions County contributions		-		120,235		3,276		18
subsequent to the measurement date Total		50,130 50,130	\$	779,201	\$	17,443 20,719	\$	- 11,214

\$1,150,130 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from County contributions and \$17,443 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from ABC Board contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as

decreases of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	COUNTY		ABC BOARD	
Year ended June 30:				
2017	\$	(459, 226)	\$	(6, 295)
2018		(449, 226)		(6, 295)
2019		(458, 439)		(6, 287)
2020		$597,\!691$		10,937
2021		-		-
Thereafter		-		-

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2014 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.0 percent
Salary increases	4.25 to 8.55 percent, including inflation and
	productivity factor
Investment rate of return	7.25 percent, net of pension plan investment
	expense, including inflation

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, gender, employee group (i.e. general, law enforcement officer) and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2014 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2005 through December 31, 2009.

Future ad hoc COLA amounts are not considered to be substantively automatic and are therefore not included in the measurement.

The projected long-term investment returns and inflation assumptions are developed through review of current and historical capital markets data, sell-side investment research, consultant whitepapers, and historical performance of investment strategies. Fixed income return projections reflect current yields across the U.S. Treasury yield curve and market expectations of forward yields projected and interpolated for multiple tenors and over multiple year horizons. Global public equity return projections are established through analysis of the equity risk premium and the fixed income return projections. Other asset categories and strategies' return projections reflect the foregoing and historical data analysis. These projections are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2015 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Fixed Income	29.0%	2.2%
Global Equity	42.0%	5.8%
Real Estate	8.0%	5.2%
Alternatives	8.0%	9.8%
Credit	7.0%	6.8%
Inflation Protection	6.0%	3.4%
Total	100%	

The information above is based on 30 year expectations developed with the consulting actuary for the 2014 asset liability and investment policy study for the North Carolina Retirement Systems, including LGERS. The long-term nominal rates of return underlying the real rates of return are arithmetic annualized figures. The real rates of return are calculated from nominal rates by multiplicatively subtracting a long-term inflation assumption of 3.00%. All rates of return and inflation are annualized.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.25 percent, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension asset or net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.25 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.25 percent) than the current rate:

	1%	Decrease (6.25%)	_	Discount ate (7.25%)	1% Increase (8.25%)
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	8,840,846	\$	1,267,843	\$ (5,112,244)
ABC Board's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)		150,215		21,543	(86,862)

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina.

b. Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

1. Plan Description.

Currituck County administers a public employee retirement system (the *Separation Allowance*), a single-employer defined benefit pension plan that provides retirement benefits to the County's qualified sworn law enforcement officers. The Separation Allowance is equal to .85 percent of the annual equivalent of the base rate of compensation most recently applicable to the officer for each year of creditable service. The retirement benefits are not subject to any increases in salary or retirement allowances that may be authorized by the General Assembly. Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly.

 All full-time County law enforcement officers are covered by the Separation Allowance. At December
 31, 2015, the Separation Allowance's membership consisted of:

 Retirees receiving benefits
 1

 Active plan members
 63

 Total
 64

A separate report was not issued for this plan.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies.

Basis of Accounting. The County has chosen to fund the Separation Allowance on a pay as you go basis by making a deposit to the Post Employment Benefits Fund from the General fund. The amount of this contribution is based on the prior year actuarial study. Pension expenditures are made from the Post Employment Benefits Fund, which is maintained on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Employer contributions to the plan are recognized when due and when the County has made a formal commitment to provide the contributions. Benefits are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

The Separation Allowance has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the following criteria which are outlined in GASB Statements 67 and 68:

- contributions to the pension plan and earnings on those contributions are irrevocable
- pension plan assets are dedicated to providing benefits to plan members
- pension plan assets are legally protected from the creditors or employers

3. Contributions.

The County is required by Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 to provide these retirement benefits and has chosen to fund the amounts necessary to cover the benefits earned on a pay as you go basis by making contributions based on actuarial valuations. For the current year, the County contributed \$50,466, or 1.40% of annual covered payroll. There were no contributions made by employees. The County's obligation to contribute to this plan is established and may be amended by the North Carolina General Assembly. Administration costs of the Separation Allowance are financed through investment earnings.

The annual required contribution for the current year was determined as part of the December 31, 2015 actuarial valuation using the projected unit credit actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions included (a) 5.00% investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses) and (b) projected salary increases ranging from 4.25% to 7.85% per year. Both (a) and (b) included an inflation component of 3.00%. The assumptions did not include postretirement benefit increases. The actuarial value of assets was determined using the market value of investments. The unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on a closed basis. The remaining amortization period at December 31, 2015, was 15 years.

Annual Pension Cost and Net Pension Obligation. The County's annual pension cost and net pension obligation to the separation allowance for the current year were as follows:

Employer annual required contribution	\$ 116,076
Interest on net pension obligation	(1,085)
Adjustment to annual required contribution	 1,907
Annual pension cost	\$ 116,898
Employer contributions made for fiscal year	 50,466
Decrease in net pension obligation	\$ 66,432
Net pension obligation beginning of fiscal year	 (21,706)
Net pension obligation end of fiscal year	\$ 44,726

4. Funded Status and Funding Progress.

3 Year Trend Information				
	Annual Pension	Percentage of		
For Year Ended	Cost	APC	Net Pension	
June 30	(APC)	Contributed	Obligation	
2014	\$ 93,155	65.68%	\$ (80,051)	
2015	102,750	43.22%	(21,706)	
2016	116,898	43.17%	44,726	

For more information on the funded status and funding progress of the postemployment defined benefit plan, refer to the Required Supplemental Financial Data beginning on page 100 of this report.

As of December 31, 2015, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was 0% funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$1,754,373, and the actuarial value of assets was \$0, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$1,754,373. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$3,611,475, and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 48.58%.

The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets are increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued lability for benefits.

c. <u>Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers</u>

Plan Description. The County contributes to the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan (Plan), a defined contribution pension plan administered by the Department of State Treasurer and a Board of Trustees. The Plan provides retirement benefits to law enforcement officers employed by the County. Article 5 of G.S. Chapter 135 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. The Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes the pension trust fund financial statements for the Internal Revenue Code Section 401(k) plan that includes the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, or by calling (919) 981-5454.

Funding Policy. Article 12E of G.S. Chapter 143 requires the County to contribute each month an amount equal to five percent of each officer's salary, and all amounts contributed are vested immediately. Also, the law enforcement officers may make voluntary contributions to the plan. Contributions for the year ended June 30, 2016, were \$219,629, which consisted of \$172,385 from the County and \$47,244 from the law enforcement officers.

d. <u>Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for County Employees</u>

Plan Description. The County, by passage of a local resolution, has elected to contribute to the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan (Plan), a defined contribution pension plan administered by the Department of State Treasurer and a Board of Trustees. The Plan provides retirement benefits to County employees not engaged in law enforcement activities. Article 5 of G.S. Chapter 135 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. The Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Non-Law Enforcement Officers is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes the pension trust fund financial statements for the Internal Revenue Code Section 401(k) plan that includes the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Non-Law Enforcement Officers. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, or by calling (919) 981-5454.

Funding Policy. The County established a contribution amount equal to 5.40% of each employee's salary, and all amounts contributed are vested immediately. Also, the employees may make voluntary contributions to the plan. Contributions for the year ended June 30, 2016 were \$952,898 which consisted of \$731,810 from the County and \$221,088 from the county employees.

e. <u>Registers of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund</u>

Plan Description. Currituck County also contributes to the Registers of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund (RODSPF), a noncontributory, defined benefit plan administered by the North Carolina Department of State Treasurer. RODSPF provides supplemental pension benefits to any eligible county register of deeds who is retired under the Local Government Employees' Retirement System (LGERS) or an equivalent locally sponsored plan. Article 3 of G.S. Chapter 161 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. Management of the plan is vested in the LGERS Board of Trustees, which consists of 13 members – nine appointed by the Governor, one appointed by the state Senate, one appointed by the state House of Representatives, and the State Treasurer and State Superintendent, who serve as ex-officio members. The Registers of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North The State's CAFR includes financial statements and required supplementary Carolina. information for the Resisters of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, by calling (919) 981-5454, or at www.osc.nc.gov.

Benefits Provided. An individual's benefits for the year are calculated as a share of accumulated contributions available for benefits for that year, subject to certain statutory limits. An individual's eligibility is based on at least 10 years of service as a register of deeds with the individual's share increasing with years of service. Because of the statutory limits noted above, not all contributions available for benefits are distributed.

Contributions. Benefits and administrative expenses are funded by investment income and 1.5% of the receipts collected by each County Commission under Article 1 of Chapter 161 of the North Carolina General Statutes. The statutory contribution currently has no relationship to the actuary's required contribution. The actuarially determined contribution this year and for the foreseeable future is zero. Registers of Deeds do not contribute. Contribution provisions are established by General Statute 161-50 and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. Contributions to the pension plan from the County were \$3,577 for the year ended June 30, 2016.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2016, the County reported an asset of \$98,010 for its proportionate share of the net pension asset. The net pension asset was measured as of June 30, 2015. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2014. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2015 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. The County's proportion of the net pension asset was based on the County's share of contributions to the pension plan, relative to contributions to the pension plan of all participating RODSPF

employers. At June 30, 2015, the County's proportion was 0.423%, which was a decrease of 0.005% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2014.

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the County recognized pension expense of \$67. At June 30, 2016, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Out	eferred tflows of sources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience Net difference between projected and actual earnings	\$	480	\$	1,622	
on pension plan investments		4,861		-	
Changes in proportion and differences between County contributions and proportionate share of contributions County contributions subsequent to the measurement		2,960		-	
date		3,577		-	
Total	\$	11,878	\$	1,622	

\$3,577 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from County contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an increase of the net pension asset in the year ended June 30, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:

	2017	\$ 3,030
	2018	1,233
	2019	1,103
	2020	1,312
	2021	-
Thereafter		-

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2014 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.0 percent
Salary increases	4.25 to 7.75 percent, including inflation and
	productivity factor
Investment rate of return	5.75 percent, net of pension plan investment
	expense, including inflation

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, gender, employee group (i.e. general, law enforcement officer) and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2014 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2005 through December 31, 2009.

Future ad hoc COLA amounts are not considered to be substantively automatic and are therefore not included in the measurement.

The projected long-term investment returns and inflation assumptions are developed through review of current and historical capital markets data, sell-side investment research, consultant whitepapers, and historical performance of investment strategies. Fixed income return projections reflect current yields across the U.S. Treasury yield curve and market expectations of forward yields projected and interpolated for multiple tenors and over multiple year horizons. These projections are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The adopted asset allocation policy for the RODSPF is 100% in the fixed income asset class. The best estimate of arithmetic real rate of return for the fixed income asset class as of June 30, 2014 is 2.2%:

The information above is based on 30 year expectations developed with the consulting actuary for the 2014 asset, liability, and investment policy study for the North Carolina Retirement Systems, including LGERS. The long-term nominal rates of return underlying the real rates of return are arithmetic annualized figures. The real rates of return are calculated from nominal rates by multiplicatively subtracting a long-term inflation assumption of 3.19%. All rates of return and inflation are annualized.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 5.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the County's proportionate share of the net pension asset to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the County's proportionate share of the net pension asset calculated using the discount rate of 5.75 percent, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (4.75 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (6.75 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (4.75%)		Discount Rate (5.75%)		1% Increase (6.75%)	
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	88,426	\$	(98,010)	\$ (106,257)

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina.

f. Firefighters' and Rescue Squad Workers' Pension Fund

Plan Description. The State of North Carolina contributes, on behalf of the County of Currituck, to the Firefighters' and Rescue Squad Workers' Pension Fund (FRSWPF), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan with a special funding situation administered by the State of North Carolina. FRSWPF provides pension benefits for eligible fire and rescue squad workers who have elected to become members of the fund. Article 86 of G.S. Chapter 58 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. Management of the plan is vested in the LGERS Board of Trustees, which consists of 13 members – nine appointed by the State Superintendent, who serve as ex-officio members. The Firefighters' and Rescue Squad Workers' Pension Fund is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Firefighters' and Rescue Squad Workers' Pension Fund is to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, by calling (919) 981-5454, or at www.osc.nc.gov.

Benefits Provided. FRSWPF provides retirement and survivor benefits. The present retirement benefit is \$170 per month. Plan members are eligible to receive the monthly benefit at age 55 with 20 years of creditable service as a firefighter or rescue squad worker, and have terminated duties as a firefighter or rescue squad worker. Eligible beneficiaries of members who die before beginning to receive the benefit will receive the amount paid by the member and contributions paid on the member's behalf into the plan. Eligible beneficiaries of members who die after beginning to receive benefits will be paid the amount the member contributed minus the benefits collected.

Contributions. Plan members are required to contribute \$10 per month to the plan. The State, a nonemployer contributor, funds the plan through appropriations. The County does not contribute to the plan. Contribution provisions are established by General Statute 58-86 and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2015, the State contributed \$13,900,000 to the plan. The County of Currituck's proportionate share of the State's contribution is \$23,202.

Refunds of Contributions – Plan members who are no longer eligible or choose not to participate in the plan may file an application for a refund of their contributions. Refunds include the member's contributions and contributions paid by others on the member's behalf. No interest will be paid on the amount of the refund. The acceptance of a refund payment cancels the individual's right to employer contributions or any other benefit provided by FRSWPF.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2016, the County reported no liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability, as the State provides 100% pension support to the County through its appropriations to the FRSWPF. The total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the County and supported by the

State was \$60,691. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2015. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2014. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2015 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. The County's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the County's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers. As the County is not projected to make any future contributions to the plan, its proportionate share at June 30, 2015 and at June 30, 2014 was 0%.

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the County recognized pension expense of \$4,857 and revenue of \$4,857 for support provided by the State. At June 30, 2016, the County reported no deferred outflows of resources and no deferred inflows of resources related to pensions.

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2014 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.0 percent
Salary increases	Not applicable
Investment rate of return	7.25 percent, net of pension plan investment
	expense, including inflation

For more information regarding actuarial assumptions, including mortality tables, the actuarial experience study, the consideration of future ad hoc COLA amounts, the development of the projected long-term investment returns, and the asset allocation policy, refer to the discussion of actuarial assumptions for the LGERS plan in Section a. of this note.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina.

g. <u>Deferred Compensation Plan</u>

The County offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan, which is available to all County employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death or an unforeseeable emergency. All assets and income of the plan are held in trust by a third party administrator for the exclusive benefit of the plan participants and their beneficiaries.

h. Other Post Employment Benefits - (OPEB) - Healthcare Benefits

Plan Description. According to a County resolution, the County provides health care benefits, under the County health care plan, to regular full-time employees of the County. All employees with a hire date through September 1, 2007, previously covered under the County's Group Benefit Plan and retiring prior to age 65 from the County with at least ten years of continuous creditable service who are eligible for retirement benefits from the North Carolina Local Governmental Employees Retirement System (LGERS) are eligible for continued coverage under the County's health care plan. Under the plan, the County will pay a pro-rata share, according to the following schedule, of a retiree's individual coverage but in no instance shall the benefit enjoyed exceed the cost of an active employee's individual coverage.

10 years but less than 15 years	50% of active employee rate
15 years but less than 20 years	75% of active employee rate
20 years or more	100% of active employee rate

All employees hired after September 1, 2007 who are covered under the County's Group Health Plan and retiring from the County with at least twenty years of continuous creditable service with Currituck County and eligible for retirement benefits from the North Carolina Local Government Retirement System, are eligible for coverage under the County's health care plan at a County participation rate of one hundred percent of the active employee rate.

			Law
	General	Fire	Enforcement
	Employees	& EMS	Officers
Retirees receiving benefits	27	2	7
Active plan members	<u>213</u>	<u>70</u>	<u>62</u>
Total	245	71	63

Funding Policy. The County pays the cost of coverage for the healthcare benefits paid to qualified retirees as stated above under a County resolution that can be amended by the Board of Commissioners. The County has chosen to fund healthcare benefits on a pay as you go basis.

The current ARC rate is 11.33% of annual covered payroll. For the current year, the County contributed \$194,417 or 1.30% of annual covered payroll. The County's required contribution for employees not engaged in law enforcement and for law enforcement officers was \$1,727,788 annually, with an accrued liability of \$15,274,496. There were no contributions made by employees. The County obtains healthcare coverage through a self-funded risk financing pool, administered by the North Carolina Association of County Commissioners for all retirees under the age of 65. For retirees 65 years of age and older, healthcare coverage is provided by Medicare Supplement. The County's obligation to contribute to the HCB Plan is established and may be amended by the Board of Commissioners.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies. Postemployment expenditures are made from the General Fund, which is maintained on the modified accrual basis of accounting, for all employees.

Annual OPEB cost and Net OPEB Obligation. The County's annual OPEB cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC) an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis is projected to cover normal cost year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years. The following table shows the components of the County's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the County's net OPEB obligation for the healthcare benefits:

a)	Employer Annual Required Contribution (ARC)	\$ 1,727,788
b)	Valuation Discount Rate	4.00%
c)	Interest on Net OPEB Obligation:	557,799
d)	Amortization Factor	26.1695
e)	Adjustment to ARC:	 761,663
f)	Annual OPEB Cost: $(a) + (c) - (e)$	 1,523,924
g)	Employer Contributions made for current fiscal year*	 194,417
h)	Increase (decrease) in Net OPEB Obligation: (f) - (g)	 1,329,507
i)	Net OPEB Obligation Beginning of Fiscal Year	 13,944,989
j)	Net OPEB Obligation Ending of Fiscal Year: $(h) + (i)$	\$ 15,274,496

* Under GASB Statement Nos. 43 and 45, the OPEB liability may include an implicit subsidy amount based upon age adjusted costs reflecting the higher cost of benefits associated with older participants. For the purpose of determining the Net OPEB Obligation (NOO), the portion of the annual OPEB contributions for medical and prescription drug costs that are determined on a combined basis for actives and retirees (in this case the pre-65 retirees) has been increased to include the impact of the 54% implicit subsidy. Medicare Supplement insurance does not generate an implicit subsidy. Correspondingly, in the financial statements, the costs associated with active employee medical and prescription drug benefits may need to be decreased by the same dollar amount to reflect that portion of the active employee contribution subsidizing retiree costs.

The County's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for 2016 were as follows:

For Year		Percentage of Annual	
Ended June 30	Annual OPEB Cost	OPEB Cost Contributed	Net OPEB Obligation
2014	2,425,066	6.1%	\$12,618,973
2015	1,523,924	13.0%	\$13,944,989
2016	1,523,924	12.8%	\$15,274,496

Funded Status and Funding Progress: As of December 31, 2014, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was not funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits and, thus, the unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) was \$16,026,635. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$15,248,429, and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 105.1%.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amount and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about the future employment, mortality, and healthcare trends. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer and subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary

information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trends information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions. Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members at the point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the December 31, 2014 actuarial valuation, the projected unit credit actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a 4.0%, four percent, investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses), which is the expected long-term investment returns on the employer's own investments calculated based on the funded level of the plan at the valuation date, and an annual medical cost trend increase of 7.5 percent to 5 percent annually for Pre-Medicare and 5.50 percent to 5 percent annually for Post-Medicare.. Both rates included a 3.0 percent inflation assumption. The actuarial value of assets, if any, was determined using techniques that spread the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of investments over a 5 year period. The UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open basis. The remaining amortization period at December 31, 2014 was 30 years.

i. Other Employment Benefits

Death Benefits

The County has elected to provide death benefits to employees through the Death Benefit Plan for members of the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (Death Benefit Plan), a multiple-employer, State-administered, cost-sharing plan funded on a one-year term cost basis. The beneficiaries of those employees who die in active service after one year of contributing membership in the System, or who die within 180 days after retirement or termination of service and have at least one year of contributing membership service in the System at the time of death are eligible for death benefits. Lump sum death benefit payments to beneficiaries are equal to the employee's 12 highest months' salary in a row during the 24 months prior to the employee's death, but the benefit will be a minimum of \$25,000 and will not exceed \$50,000. Because all death benefit payments are made from the Death Benefit Plan and not by the County, the County does not determine the number of eligible participants. The County has no liability beyond the payment of monthly contributions. The contributions to the Death Benefit Plan cannot be separated between the post-employment benefit amount and the other benefit amount. Contributions are determined as a percentage of monthly payroll based upon rates established annually by the State. Separate rates are set for employees not engaged in law enforcement and for law enforcement officers. The County considers these contributions to be immaterial.

3. Closure and Postclosure Care Costs - Maple Landfill Facility

The County closed its Maple landfill facility, Airport Road, on April 7, 1994, at which time its waste stream began to flow to a private, regional municipal solid waste landfill through the Albemarle

Regional Solid Waste Authority. Federal and State laws required the County to place a final cover on the facility when it stopped accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for five years after closure. Total estimated closure and postclosure care cost was \$512,949. As of June 30, 2002, this liability was paid in full. These amounts are based on what it would cost to perform all closure and postclosure care in fiscal year 2002. Actual costs may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in the regulations. Since the County met the conditions of the extended closure date of April 9, 1994, it is subject to the financial assurance regulations. However, the County has accumulated resources for the payment of closure and postclosure care costs.

4. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Pensions - difference between expected and actual		
experience		
LGERS	\$-	298,015
Register of Deeds	480	1,622
Pensions - difference between projected and actual		
investment earnings - LGERS	-	360,951
Pensions - difference between projected and actual		
investment earnings - ROD	4,861	-
Pensions - change in proportion and difference between employer contributions and proportionate share of		
contributions	2,960	120,235
Contributions to pension plan in 2015-2016 fiscal year	1,153,707	-
Prepaid taxes not yet earned (General)	-	44,104
Taxes receivable, net, less penalties (General)	-	$540,\!630$
Taxes receivable, net, less penalties (Special Revenue)	-	1,147
Total	\$ 1,162,008	\$ 1,366,704

5. <u>Risk Management</u>

The County is exposed to various risks of losses related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The County participates in three self-funded risk-financing pools administered by the North Carolina Association of County Commissioners. Through these pools, the County obtains property coverage equal to replacement cost values of owned property subject to a limit of \$125.5 million for any one occurrence, general, auto, professional, and employment practices liability coverage of \$2 million per occurrence, auto physical damage coverage for owned autos at actual cash value, crime coverage of \$250,000 per occurrence, workers' compensation coverage up to the statutory limits, and health and dental insurance for County employees. The pools are audited annually by certified public accountants, and the audited financial statements are available to the County upon request. Two of the pools are reinsured through a multistate public entity captive for single occurrence losses in excess of \$500,000 up to a \$2 million limit for liability coverage, \$600,000 of aggregate annual losses in excess of \$50,000 per occurrence for property, auto physical damage, and crime coverage, and single occurrence losses of \$350,000 for workers' compensation. For health and dental insurance, the County is reinsured through the Pool for individual losses in excess of \$50,000 and aggregate annual losses in excess of 115% of expected claims. The pool is reinsured through commercial carrier for individual losses in excess of \$100,000.

The County carries flood insurance through the National Flood Insurance Plan (NFIP). Because the County is in an area of the State that has been mapped and designated an "A" area (an area close to a

river, lake or stream) by the Federal Emergency Management Agency, the County is eligible to purchase coverage of \$500,000 per structure through NFIP. The County currently has this coverage on the Whalehead Hunt Club at Corolla, the Moyock Library and the Shawboro Elementary School.

In accordance with G. S. 159-29, the County's employees that have access to \$100 or more at any given time of the County's funds are performance bonded through a commercial surety bond. The Director of Finance and tax collector are each individually bonded for \$50,000 each. The remaining employees that have access to funds are bonded under a blanket bond for \$25,000.

The County carries commercial coverage for all other risks of loss. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the previous year and settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The ABC Board is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The ABC Board has property, general liability, auto liability, workmen's compensation and employee health coverage. The ABC Board does not have liquor legal liability coverage. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the prior year and settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The Whalehead Preservation Trust and Currituck Wildlife Museum is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Board of Directors carries commercial insurance to cover these risks of loss. The facility, which is owned by Currituck County, is insured under the County's property and liability insurance.

6. Contingent Liabilities

At June 30, 2016, the County was a defendant to various lawsuits. In the opinion of the County's management and the County attorney, the ultimate effect of these legal matters will not have a material adverse effect on the County's financial position.

7. Long-Term Obligations

a. <u>Installment Purchase</u>

Serviced by the County's General Fund:

\$3,800,000 2013 Installment Purchase Agreement for stormwater improvements in the Whalehead Watershed Improvement Service District dated January 23, 2013 with semi-annual principal and interest payments due July 23 and March 23, \$380,000 2017 through 2023 interest at 1.95%.	\$2,660,000
\$2,100,000 2010 Installment Purchase Agreement for stormwater improvements in the Whalehead Watershed Improvement Service District dated March 18, 2010 with semi-annual principal and interest payments due March 18 and September 18; \$221,659 2017; \$225,242 2018; \$344,708 2019 through 2020 interest at 1.61%. – Interest rate modified February 1, 2013.	791,609
\$6,800,000 2013 Installment Purchase Agreement for construction of the College of the Albemarle Aviation Technical & Training Facility dated June 28, 2013 with semi-annual principal and interest payments due June 28 and December 28, \$971,429 2017; \$1,942,855 2018 through 2019 interest at 1.66%.	2,914,287
Total serviced by the General Fund	\$6,365,896
Serviced by the Moyock Central Sewer Fund: \$2,700,000 2013 Installment Purchase Agreement for construction of the Moyock central sewer system, dated June 19, 2013 with semi-annual principal payments and interest payments due June 19 and December 19, \$180,000 2016 through 2027; interest at 3.09%.	\$1,980,000
Serviced by the Southern Outer Banks Water System Fund: \$8,500,000 2011 Installment Purchase Agreement for purchase of the Carolina Water System that serves Corolla Light, the Pine Island water System and the Currituck Club water system and to refund the existing 2004 debt, dated October 20, 2011 with semi-annual principal payments and interest payments due April 20 and October 20, \$850,000 2016	
through 2021 and \$425,000 2022; interest at 2.38%. Total Installment Purchase Debt	4,675,000 \$13,020,895

	 Governmenta	al Ac	ctivities		Business-type	ctivities	
Year Ending							
June 30	Principal	Interest			Principal		Interest
2017	\$ 1,573,087	\$	106,220	\$	1,030,000 \$		165,999
2018	1,576,673		79,101		1,030,000		140,207
2019	1,580,311	51,924		51,924 1,030,000			114,415
2020	495,825		28,720		1,030,000		88,624
2021	380,000		20,378		1,030,000		62,832
2022-2026	760,000		122,813		1,325,000		109,346
2027	 -	-			180,000		4,172
	\$ 6,365,896	\$	409,156	\$	6,655,000	\$	685,595

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the County's and the Districts' installment purchase agreement debts are as follows:

b. General Obligation Indebtedness

As of June 30, 2016, there is no general obligation debt serviced by the County's general fund. The Mainland Water System issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major water system capital improvements. These bonds are recorded in the Mainland Water Fund because they are expected to be repaid from the operating revenues of that fund. Principal and interest payments are appropriated when due.

The County's general obligation bonds payable at June 30, 2016, are comprised of the following individual issues:

General obligation bonds serviced by the Mainland Water System Fund:

\$4,150,000 2004 General Obligation Refunding Bonds for original	
Mainland Water plant and distribution system, dated April 1, 2004 with	
annual principal payments due June 1 and semi-annual interest payments	
due June 1 and December 1, \$270,000 2017; interest at 3.6%, \$270,000;	
interest at 3.7%.	540,000
Total General Obligation Bond debt	\$540,000

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the County's and the Districts' general obligation bonds are as follows:

	Business-type Activities						
Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest					
2017	270,000	19,710					
2018	270,000	9,990					
	\$540,000	\$29,700					

At June 30, 2016, Currituck County had no bonds authorized but un-issued and a legal debt margin of \$466,658,821.

c. <u>Revenue Bonds</u>

The County also issues bonds where the government pledges income derived from the acquired or constructed assets to pay dent service. No amounts outstanding at the end of the current fiscal year related to bonds issued in prior years. On March 20, 2008, \$19,000,000 of revenue bonds were issued to finance construction of a reverse osmosis water treatment facility and to expand the distribution system on the County mainland.

The rate covenant for this debt requires the County to fix service charges and from time to time to revise such charges in such manner that the net revenues for each fiscal year shall not be less than an amount necessary to provide debt service coverage of one hundred fifteen percent (115%) of the debt service requirement for all senior indebtedness for such fiscal year and one hundred percent (100%) of the debt service requirement for all subordinate debt for such fiscal year. If at the end of any fiscal year the County is not in compliance with the rate covenant, the County shall immediately notify the Local Government Commission and request an independent consulting engineer to submit a written report and recommendations with respect to increases in the County's rate, fees and other charges and improvements in the operations of and the services rendered by the Mainland Water System and the County's accounting and billing procedures necessary to bring the County into compliance with the rate covenant. The report and recommendations shall be filed with the Paying Agent, the County and the Commission within 120 days from the date of discovery of noncompliance with the rate covenant. The County shall promptly revise its rates, fees, charges, operations and services in conformity with the report and recommendations of the independent consulting engineer to the extent permitted by law. Currituck County is in compliance with the rate covenant at year end.

On October 15, 2014, \$9,500,000 of the outstanding debt was partially refunded, reducing the interest rate on that portion to 2.98%.

On February 1, 2015, the remaining \$6,415,000 of the outstanding debt was refunded reducing the interest rate on that portion to 2.71%.

Revenue bonds outstanding at year end are as follows:

Revenue bonds serviced by the Mainland Water System Fund:

\$19,000,000 2008 Revenue Bonds for Mainland Water reverse osmosis	
plant and distribution system expansion, dated March 20, 2008 with	
annual principal payments due March 1 and semi-annual interest payments	
due March 1 and September 1; interest at 2.98 and 2.71%.	14,635,000
Total Revenue Bond debt	\$14,635,000

		Business-type Activities							
Year Ending									
June 30	Pri	ncipal	Inte	erest					
2017	\$	735,000	\$	420,196					
2018		775,000		399,093					
2019		1,090,000		376,841					
2020		1,135,000		345,545					
2021		1,180,000		312,958					
2022-2026		6,660,000		1,028,312					
2027-2028		3,060,000		132,649					
Total	\$	14,635,000	\$	3,015,594					
	-								

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the revenue bonds are as follows:

Debt Related to Capital Activities – Of the total Governmental Activities debt listed, all \$6,365,896 relates to assets the County holds title. There is no unspent restricted cash related to this debt.

d. Long-Term Obligation Activity

The following is a summary of changes in the County's long-term obligations for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016:

		Balance				Balance	Cu	rent Portion of
Governmental activities:	Ju	ine 30, 2015	Increases	Decreases	Jı	une 30, 2016		Balance
Installment purchase	\$	7,935,457	\$ -	\$ 1,569,561	\$	6,365,896	\$	1,573,087
Compensated absences		1,299,385	624,364	588,256		1,335,493		-
Net pension liability (LGERS)		-	1,198,892			1,198,892		-
Net pension liability (LEOSSA)		-	44,726	-		44,726		-
Other postemployment benefits		13,266,457	1,254,068			14,520,525		-
Total governmental activities	\$	22,501,299	\$ 3,122,050	\$ 2,157,817	\$	23,465,532	\$	1,573,087
Business-type activities:								
General obligation debt	\$	815,000	\$ -	\$ 275,000	\$	540,000	\$	270,000
Revenue bonded debt		15,330,000	-	695,000		14,635,000		735,000
Installment purchase		7,685,000	-	1,030,000		6,655,000		1,030,000
Compensated absences		69,486	112,147	102,834		78,799		-
Net pension liability (LGERS)		-	68,951			68,951		-
Other postemployment benefits		678,532	75,439			753,971		-
Total business-type activities	\$	24,578,018	\$ 256,537	\$ 2,102,834	\$	22,731,721	\$	2,035,000
Discretely presented component units:								
Compensated absences - ABC Board		3,747	1,794	2,295		3,246		3,246
Total discretely presented component								
units long-term liabilities	\$	3,747	\$ 1,794	\$ 2,295	\$	3,246	\$	3,246

The LGERS plan had a net pension asset as of June 30, 2016; however, the plan had a net pension liability at the beginning of the fiscal year.

For the governmental funds, the unfunded pension liability and compensated absences are funded by the General fund. For the proprietary funds, the unfunded pension liability and compensated absences are funded by the Mainland Water fund and the Southern Outer Banks Water fund.

C. Inter-fund Balances and Activity

Transfers to/from other funds

Transfers to/from other funds at June 30, 2016, consists of the following:

From the General fund to the Fire Vehicle Replacement Fund to accumulate resources for equipment replacement	\$ 267,000
From the General fund to the Solid Waste fund for operations	1,079,687
From the General fund to the Maple Commerce Sewer fund for operations	28,165
Total transfers from the General fund	\$ 1,374,852
From the Tourism Development Authority to the General fund for Economic Development	435,267
From the Tourism Development Authority to the General fund for Airport promotions	12,136
From the Tourism Development Authority to the General fund for Administrative Fee	120,652
From the Tourism Development Authority to the General fund for Sheriff Deputies, Vehicle Purchase	1,159,673
From the Tourism Development Authority to the General fund for Emergency Medical Services Personnel	1,189,359
From the Tourism Development Authority to the General fund the Currituck Rural Center	321,590
From the Tourism Development Authority to the General fund administration of tour operator permits	1,600
From the Tourism Development Authority fund to the Co Governmental Facilities fund for Restrooms at Historic Corolla Park	250,000
From the Tourism Development Authority fund to the Co Governmental Facilities fund for Veteran's Park Water Access	163,000
From the Tourism Development Authority fund to the Co Governmental Facilities fund for Corolla Multi-use path Phase III & IV	3,000,000
From the Tourism Development Authority fund to the Co Governmental Facilities fund for Pine Island overflow parking	300,000
From the Tourism Development Authority fund to the Co Governmental Facilities fund forCorolla Village Road Phase III	168,675
Total transfers from the Tourism Development Authority Fund	\$ 7,121,952
From the Transfer Tax Capital fund to the Land Banking fund to accumulate resources for future land purchases.	200,000
From the Transfer Tax Capital fund to the Land Banking fund for replacement of Maple skate park.	695,715
From the Transfer Tax Capital fund to the County Governmental Facilities fund for Maple baseball/softball fields.	980,085
From the Transfer Tax Capital fund to the Land Banking fund for County match for airport projects.	280,000
From the Transfer Tax Capital fund to the County Governmental Facilities fund for capital projects at Currituck County Rural Center.	200,000
From the Transfer Tax Capital fund to the Mainland Water fund.	62,000
From the Transfer Tax Capital fund to the Moyock Central Sewer fund for debt payment.	261,043
Total transfers from Transfer Tax Capital Fund	\$ 2,678,843
From the Whalehead Subdivision Drainage District fund to the General fund for debt service payment	670,943
From the Capital Improvements fund to the General fund for capital assets purchased in operating fund	650,000
From the Capital Improvements fund to the General fund for debt on the COA Aviation and Technical Training Facility	1,031,766
From the School Capital fund to the General fund for capital purchases for the Currituck County Schools.	1,000,000
Total transfers from other governmental funds	\$ 3,352,709
From the Newtown Road Sewer fund to the Moyock Central Sewer fund for system consolidation	51,464
From the Moyock Commons Sewer fund to the Moyock Central Sewer fund for system consolidation	9,082
Total transfers from enterprise funds	\$ 60,546

D. Net Investment in Capital Assets

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities		
Capital Assets:				
Land, improvements, non-depreciable collections and				
construction in progress	\$ 20,968,333	\$ 4,606,701		
Other capital assets	133,240,598	87,316,583		
Total capital assets	154,208,931	91,923,284		
Depreciation	(52,816,488)	(37,324,142)		
Total capital assets, net of depreciation	101,392,443	54,599,142		
Outstanding general obligation debt	-	(540,000)		
Outstanding revenue bonded debt	-	(14,635,000)		
Outstanding installment purchase debt	(6,365,896)	(6,655,000)		
Total outstanding debt	(6,365,896)	(21,830,000)		
Total capital assets, net of depreciation and debt	\$ 95,026,547	\$ 32,769,142		

E. Fund Balance

Currituck County has a revenue spending policy that provides policy for programs with multiple revenue sources. The Finance Director will use resources in the following hierarchy: bond proceeds, federal funds, State funds, local non-county funds, county funds. For purposes of fund balance classification expenditures are to be spent from restricted fund balance first, followed in order by committed fund balance, assigned fund balance and lastly unassigned fund balance. The Finance Director has the authority to deviate from this policy if it is in the best interest of the County.

The following schedule provides management and citizens with information on the portion of General fund balance that is available for appropriation:

Total fund balance - General Fund	\$ 15,879,387
Less:	
Inventories	925
County Governmental Assets	2,955,915
Stabilization by State Statute	2,476,676
Appropriated Fund Balance in subsequent budget	3,031,018
Fire Protection	31,782
Tax Revaluation	482,956
Remaining Fund Balance	6,900,115

Currituck County has not adopted a minimum fund balance policy for the General Fund.

III. Joint Ventures

Albemarle Regional Health Services

The Board of Commissioners voted to join the all ready existing joint venture that operates Albemarle Regional Health Services with the State of North Carolina and four other counties became effective July 1, 1999. The area Boards of Commissioners appoints the fifteen member governing board. The County has an ongoing financial responsibility for Albemarle Regional Health Services because the County is required by State statute to provide public health services either directly or jointly with other counties. The County contributed \$132,639 to Albemarle Regional Health Services during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, for administrative and program expenses. The participating governments do not have any equity interest in the joint venture, so no equity interest has been reflected in the financial statements at June 30, 2016. Complete financial statements may be obtained from the administrative offices at Albemarle Regional Health Services, Post Office Box 189, Elizabeth City, North Carolina 27909.

East Carolina Behavioral Health Center

The County participates in a joint venture to operate the East Carolina Behavioral Health Center with 19 other local governments. Currituck County appoints one board member to the twenty-four member board of the Center. The County has an ongoing financial responsibility for the joint venture because the Center's continued existence depends on the participating governments' continued funding. None of the participating governments have any equity interest in the Center, so no equity interest has been reflected in the financial statements at June 30, 2016. In accordance with the intergovernmental agreement between the participating governments, the County appropriated \$63,155 to the Center to supplement its activities. Complete financial statements for the Center may be obtained from the Center's offices at 1141 North Road Street, Suite L, Elizabeth City, NC 27909.

Albemarle Regional Solid Waste Authority

The County participates in a joint venture to operate the Albemarle Regional Solid Waste Authority (Authority) with seven other counties, each of which appoints one voting and one nonvoting member to the Authority's governing board. The Authority was created to serve the solid waste disposal needs of the member counties and has subsequently contracted with a private regional landfill for waste disposal. The County has an ongoing financial responsibility for the Authority because it is legally obligated under an intergovernmental agreement for a portion of the Authority's administrative expenses, determined on a per capita basis among the members. The County contributed \$82,122 to the Authority during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, for administrative expenses. The participating governments do not have any equity interest in the joint venture, so no equity interest has been reflected in the financial statements at June 30, 2016. Complete financial statements for the Authority may be obtained from the Authority's administrative offices at Albemarle Regional Solid Waste Authority, Post Office Box 189, Elizabeth City, North Carolina 27907.

East Albemarle Regional Library

The County participates in a joint venture to operate the East Albemarle Regional Library (Library) with four other counties. The Library's nine member Board of Trustees is appointed by the area Boards of Commissioners as follows: Dare County (3), Currituck County (3), and Camden and Pasquotank Counties (3). Each county is responsible for the cost of its own facilities, the

maintenance and operation of those facilities and the majority of the related personnel costs. The County has an ongoing financial responsibility for the joint venture because the Library's continued existence depends on the participating governments' continued funding. The County's annual appropriation is shown as a department in the General Fund and for the year ended June 30, 2016, expenditures were \$545,238. None of the participating governments have any equity interest in the Library, so no equity interest has been reflected the financial statement at June 30, 2016. Complete financial statements for the Library may be obtained from the Library's administrative offices at East Albemarle Regional Library, 205 East Main Street, Elizabeth City, North Carolina 27909.

IV. Jointly Governed Organization

Albemarle Commission

The County, in conjunction with nine other counties and fourteen municipalities, established the Albemarle Commission (Commission) to coordinate funding received from various federal and State agencies. Each participating county appoints four members and each participating municipality appoints two members of the Commission's governing board. The County paid membership fees of \$19,977 to the Commission during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016.

V. Benefit Payments Issued by the State

The amounts listed below were paid directly to individual recipients by the State from federal and State moneys. County personnel are involved with certain functions, primarily eligibility determinations that cause benefit payments to be issued by the State. These amounts disclose this additional aid to County recipients that do not appear in the basic financial statements because they are not revenues and expenditures of the County.

	Federal			State		
Temporary assistance to needy families	\$	57,531	\$	-		
Medicaid		11,771,168		6,274,726		
Food stamp program		3,062,079		-		
LINKS		2,634		-		
Adoption assistance		46,019		11,906		
Adult assistance		-		147,517		
Title IV-E, foster care		50,632		13,110		
CWS Adoption		-		137,258		
State foster care		-		32,867		
NC Health Choice		256,248		7,809		
Total	\$	15,246,311	\$	6,625,193		

I. <u>Summary Disclosure of Significant Commitments and Contingencies</u>

Federal and State Assisted Programs

The County has received proceeds from several federal and State grants. Periodic audits of these grants are required and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the grant agreements. Such audits could result in the refund of grant moneys to the grantor agencies. Management believes that any required refunds will be immaterial. No provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements for the refund of grant moneys.

VII. <u>Related Party Transactions</u>

The County made payments of \$33,623 to Air Concepts, Inc. from July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2016. Commissioner Michael Payment, sworn in to office on December 1, 2014, is a principal owner of this business.

VIII. Special Item

During the year ended June 30, 2016, the County transferred the Shawboro Elementary School facility to the Currituck County Board of Education. This item is reflected on the government-wide statements as a special item because it is unusual in nature but under the control of management. The school had a book value of \$13,655,028.

Required Supplemental Financial Data

- Schedule of Funding Progress for the Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance
- Schedule of Employer Contributions for the Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance
- Schedule of Funding Progress for the Other Postemployment Benefits
- Schedule of Employer Contributions for the Other Postemployment Benefits
- Schedule of County's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Asset (LGERS)
- Schedule of County Contributions (LGERS)
- Schedule of County's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Asset (ROD)
- Schedule of County Contributions (ROD)
- Schedule of County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (FRSWPF)

Currituck County, North Carolina Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance Required Supplementary Information

Schedule of Funding Progress

		Actuarial				
		Accrued				
		Liability				UAAL as a
	Actuarial	(AAL)-	Unfunded			% of
Actuarial	Value of	Projected	AAL	Funded	Covered	Covered
Valuation	Assets	Unit Credit	(UAAL)	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll
Date	(a)	(b)	(b-a)	(a/b)	(c)	((b - a)/c)
12/31/2006	348,239	333,012	(15,227)	104.57%	2,176,986	-0.70%
12/31/2007	311,383	420,658	109,275	74.02%	2,410,732	4.53%
12/31/2008	326,045	470,039	143,994	69.37%	2,786,092	5.17%
12/31/2009	374,287	709,682	335,395	52.74%	3,056,554	10.97%
12/31/2010	384,563	686,085	301,522	56.05%	2,995,935	10.06%
12/31/2011	414,056	736,534	322,478	56.22%	3,062,578	10.53%
12/31/2012	416,640	804,678	388,038	51.78%	3,131,076	12.39%
12/31/2013	513,716	904,106	390,390	56.82%	3,095,826	12.61%
12/31/2014	548,690	1,032,176	483,486	53.16%	3,318,663	14.57%
12/31/2015	-	1,754,373	1,754,373	-	3,611,475	48.58%

Schedule of Employer Contributions

Year Ending	Annual Required	Percentage
June 30	Contributions	Contributed
2007	41,070	94.67%
2008	39,507	598.92%
2009	41,483	95.24%
2010	49,022	76.83%
2011	76,824	53.91%
2012	81,519	59.89%
2013	83,450	44.98%
2014	93,155	65.68%
2015	44,405	43.22%
2016	50,466	43.17%

County of Currituck, North Carolina Other Postemployment Benefits Required Supplementary Information

Schedule of Funding Progress

		Actuarial				
		Accrued				
		Liability				UAAL as a
	Actuarial	(AAL)-	Unfunded			% of
Actuarial	Value of	Projected	AAL	Funded	Covered	Covered
Valuation	Assets	Unit Credit	(UAAL)	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll
Date	(a)	(b)	(b-a)	(a/b)	(c)	((b - a)/c)
12/31/2012	-	12,944,860	12,944,860	0.00%	14,945,378	86.60%
12/31/2013	-	12,944,860	12,944,860	0.00%	14,945,378	86.60%
12/31/2014	-	16,026,635	16,026,635	0.00%	15,248,429	105.10%
12/31/2015	-	16,026,635	16,026,635	0.00%	15,248,429	105.10%

Schedule of Employer Contributions

Year Ending	Annual Required	Percentage
June 30	Contributions	Contributed
2013	\$ 2,410,695	5.12%
2014	2,410,695	6.11%
2015	1,501,367	10.81%
2016	1,727,788	11.25%

SCHEDULE OF THE COUNTY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System

Last Three Fiscal Years*

	 2016	2015	2014
County's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) %	 0.283%	0.284%	0.295%
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) \$	\$ 1,267,843	\$ (1,673,817)	\$ 3,557,088
County's covered-employee payroll	17,127,313	15,952,995	15,466,682
County's proportionate share of the net pesnion liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-			
employee payroll	7.40%	(10.49%)	22.99%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	98.09%	102.64%	94.35%

* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending June 30.

SCHEDULE OF COUNTY CONTRIBUTIONS Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System

Last Three Fiscal Years*

		2016 20		2015	2014	
Contractually required contribution	\$	1,150,130	\$	1,135,921	\$ 1,091,528	
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		1,150,130		1,135,921	1,091,528	
Contribution deficiency (excess)						
County's covered-employee payroll	\$	17,127,313	\$	15,952,995	\$ 15,466,682	
Contributions as a percentage of covered- employee payroll		6.71%		7.12%	7.06%	

SCHEDULE OF THE COUNTY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) **Register of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund**

		2016		2015		2014
County's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) %		0.423%		0.428%		0.455%
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) \$	\$	(98,010)	Ş	(96,929)		\$ (97,263)
County's covered-employee payroll		53,623		52,571		49,886
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		(182.78%)		(184.38%)		(194.97%)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		197.29%		193.88%		190.50%
* The amounts presented for each fiscal year	were d	letermined as c	of the	e prior fiscal yea	rε	ending June 30.

Last Three Fiscal Years*

SCHEDULE OF COUNTY CONTRIBUTIONS **Register of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund**

Last Three Fiscal Years*

		2016		2015		2014
Contractually required contribution	\$	3,577	\$	3,717	\$	3,492
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		3,577		3,717		3,492
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
County's covered-employee payroll	\$	53,623	\$	52,571	\$	49,886
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee p	ē	6.67%		7.07%		7.00%

SCHEDULE OF THE COUNTY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) Firefighters' and Rescue Squad Workers' Pension Fund

Last Two Fiscal Years

	2016		2015	
County's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) %		0.00%		0.00%
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) $\$	\$	-	\$	-
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) associated with the County	\$	60,691	\$	49,324
Total	\$	60,691	\$	49,324
County's covered-employee payroll	\$	4,013,300	\$	3,890,337
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		1.51%		1.27%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		91.40%		93.42%

* The amounts presented are for the prior fiscal year.

	2016					2015	
	Budgeted Amounts			Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	Actual	
Revenues:	Orig	inai	Final		Actual	(negative)	Actual
Ad valorem taxes:							
	¢		æ	- \$	90 011 994	¢	\$ 28,287,619
Taxes	\$	-	\$	- Ф	28,811,334	\$-	, , ,
Interest	07.0	-	07 400 6		103,697	1 400 500	126,938
Total	27,3	395,682	27,432,3	305	28,915,031	1,482,726	28,414,557
Other taxes and licenses:							
Sexually oriented business license		_		_	2,150	_	1,475
Animal tax		-		-	12,075	_	12,354
Marriage license		_		_	26,940	_	29,520
Franchise tax		_			365,170	_	466,328
Deed stamp excise tax		-		-	727,127	-	400,328 625,393
		-		-		-	
Article 39 local option sales tax				-	4,944,570	-	4,677,598
Article 44 local option sales tax				-	(250)	-	(7
Medicaid hold harmless funds					220,094		337,580
Total	5,7	762,850	5,862,2	285	6,297,876	435,591	6,150,241
Unrestricted intergovernmental:							
Gasoline tax refund		-		-	2,814	-	2,211
Payments in lieu of taxes-outside sources		-		_	47,039	_	43,718
Beer and wine tax		_		_	110,291	_	116,878
Total		151,500	151.5	500	160.144	8,644	162,807
10001			101,0		100,111		102,001
Restricted intergovernmental:							
Federal and State grants		-		-	3,000,861	-	2,802,241
Safe roads act		-		-	3,989	-	4,379
Crime control act		-		-	6,120	-	11,921
Court facility fees		-		-	$65,\!685$	-	63,048
Jail fees		-		-	30,861	-	24,247
Officer fees		-		_	90,657	_	79,071
ABC bottles taxes		_		_	14,143	_	13,598
Total	3,0)55,930	3,209,2	206	3,212,315	3,109	2,998,505
Permits and fees:							
Ambulance service fees		-		-	1,128,273	-	1,074,772
Administration and filing fees		-		-	753,470	-	618,700
Peddler License Fee		-		-	1,010	-	1,050
Register of deeds fees		-		-	196,542	-	196,100
Building permit fees		-		-	593,505	-	432,174
Re-inspection fees		-		-	21,450	-	25,375
Planning fees		-		-	63,755	-	34,463
Tour operator fees					1,462		
Payment in Lieu of Open Space		-		-	239,663	-	18,736
Zoning violation fees		-		-	-	-	3,641
Homeowners' recovery fees		-		-	5,010	-	4,750
CAMA permits		-		-	8,400	_	6,800
Sheriff fees		-		-	8,692	_	6,780
Animal control fees		_		_	540	_	800
Total	2,3	317,197	2,337,5	551	3,021,772	684,221	2,424,141
					<u> </u>	· · ·	
Sales and services:					100.0**		
Rents		-		-	133,954	-	129,597
Airport fees		-		-	108,888	-	79,520
Vending sales		-		-	4,634	-	4,434
Senior meals		-		-	224	-	862
Animal adoption fees		-		-	16,196	-	-
Animal reclamation fees		-		-	2,638	-	-
EMS revenues		-		-	2,365	-	3,546

		2015			
	Budgeted A				
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	Actual
Jail housing	-	-	9,400	-	-
Sale of materials	-	-	884	-	678
Aviation fuel sales	-	-	266,701	-	277,628
Sale of fixed assets	-	-	37,108	-	17,908
Recreation fees	-	-	57,592	-	66,058
Total	602,344	648,313	640,584	(7,729)	580,230
Investment earnings	60,000	60,000	88,069	28,069	75,573
Miscellaneous:					
Donations		_	25,999	_	16,466
Insurance recoveries			49,195		22,439
ABC Education distribution	-	-	20,929	-	23,479
ABC Law enforcement distribution	-	-	14,949	-	16,771
ABC profits	-	-		-	
-	-	-	408,578	-	375,195
Other Total			23,709	-	30,264
Total Total revenues	210,000 39,555,503	289,832 39,990,992	543,360 42,879,151	$\frac{253,528}{2,888,159}$	484,614 41,290,667
Total revenues	55,555,555	00,000,002	42,015,101	2,000,100	41,200,001
Expenditures:					
General government:					
Administration:					
Salaries and employee benefits	-	-	489,141	-	450,404
Other operating expenditures	-	-	79,825	-	89,438
Capital Outlay	-	-	-	-	4,527
Total	607,799	607,799	568,967	38,832	544,369
Legal:					
Salaries and employee benefits	_	_	292,850		282,766
Other operating expenditures	-	-	138,860	-	43,547
Capital outlay	-	-	156,600	-	40,047
Total	330,921	437,421	431,711	5,710	326,313
10(a)	550,921	437,421	431,711	5,710	320,313
Governing body:					
Salaries and employee benefits	-	-	109,803	-	108,511
Other operating expenditures	-	-	27,831	-	28,506
Capital Outlay		-	-	-	-
Total	158,397	158,397	137,634	20,763	137,017
Elections:					
Salaries and employee benefits	_	_	143,918		116,419
Other operating expenditures			60,929		59,260
Capital outlay			00,525		55,200
Total	201,310	207,433	204,846	2,587	175,679
			. ,		
Finance			0.00		0.00
Salaries and employee benefits	-	-	360,266	-	349,143
Other operating expenditures			91,057		82,679
Total	478,192	486,142	451,323	34,819	431,822
Information Technology:					
Salaries and employee benefits	-	-	330,804	-	338,951
Other operating expenditures	-	-	234,375	-	221,665
Capital outlay	-	-	29,453	-	50,424
Total	775,267	783,167	594,632	188,535	611,041
	· · · · · · · · · · · ·		,		,

		2016			2015	
	Budgeted Amounts Original Final		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	Actual	
Human resources:			195 959		191 005	
Salaries and employee benefits Other operating expenditures	-	-	$135,853 \\ 12,456$	-	131,695 9,682	
Total	157.221	162,321	12,436	14.012	9,682	
Total	101,221	102,021	110,000	11,012	111,010	
Taxes:						
Salaries and employee benefits	-	-	390,450	-	392,415	
Other operating expenditures		-	145,860		110,263	
Total	578,211	579,911	536,309	43,602	502,679	
Public works:						
Salaries and employee benefits		-	701,374	-	655,743	
Other operating expenditures	-	-	330,906	-	314,099	
Capital outlay	-	-	59,831	-	145,092	
Total	1,201,643	1,235,157	1,092,111	143,046	1,114,934	
Public utilities: Salaries and employee benefits			217,184		208,554	
Operating expenditures	-	-	18,079	-	208,554 19,731	
Capital outlay		-	10,075	-	15,751	
Total	240,741	240,741	235,263	5,478	228,284	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · ·	· · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	,	
Register of deeds:						
Salaries and employee benefits	-	-	257,946	-	253,401	
Other operating expenditures	-	-	425,315	-	394,990	
Capital outlay Total	643,781		- 683,261	51,465	$\frac{1,580}{649,971}$	
10(a)	043,781	134,120	000,201	31,400	649,971	
Court facilities:						
Operating expenditures	-	-	134,480	-	142,610	
Capital outlay	<u> </u>		11,664		20,496	
Total	205,055	205,055	146,144	58,911	163,106	
Agency appropriations:						
Operating expenditures	-		38,200	-	37,900	
Total	39,200	39,200	38,200	1,000	37,900	
Central services:						
Operating expenditures	-	-	626,582	110.997	562,707	
Total	749,088	736,969	626,582	110,387	562,707	
Total general government	6,366,826	6,614,439	5,895,291	719,148	5,627,198	
ublic safety:						
Sheriff:					. =	
Salaries and employee benefits	-	-	4,912,498	-	4,733,833	
Other operating expenditures Capital outlay	-	-	590,976 425,160	-	708,973	
Total	6,307,486	6,307,486	5,928,635	378,851	528,844 5,971,650	
		· · ·				
Jail:						
Salaries and employee benefits	-	-	1,584,472	-	1,528,832	
Other operating expenditures	-	-	443,201	-	442,995	
Capital outlay Total	9 960 E1 /	9 979 699	67,883 2,095,556	178,077	$\frac{41,480}{2,013,307}$	
10(a)	2,268,514	2,273,633	2,090,000	178,077	2,015,307	

	2016				
	Budgeted A Original	mounts Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	Actual
Animal control:					
Salaries and employee benefits	-	-	331,068	-	182,274
Other operating expenditures	-	-	182,420	-	200,394
Capital outlay	-		3,361		28,576
Total	331,824	581,623	516,849	64,774	411,244
·					
Jury commission:					
Operating expenditures	-		2,900		1,750
Total	2,300	2,900	2,900	0	1,750
Emergency medical services:					
Salaries and employee benefits	-	-	5,475,050	-	5,359,129
Other operating expenditures	-	-	566,740	-	613,817
Capital outlay	-		308,279		222,234
Total	6,492,048	6,539,287	6,350,069	189,218	6,195,180
Emergency management:					
Salaries and employee benefits	-	-	146,414	-	128,882
Other operating expenditures	-	-	52,904	-	50,108
Capital outlay	-		36,035	-	12,742
Total	234,167	312,033	235,353	76,680	191,732
Communications:					
Salaries and employee benefits	-	-	723,505	-	686,191
Other operating expenditures	-	-	198,141	-	176,417
Capital outlay	-	-	-	-	1,289
Total	1,021,332	1,021,332	921,646	99,686	863,897
Building inspections:					
Salaries and employee benefits	-	-	543,571	-	409,511
Other operating expenditures	-	-	56,476	-	52,742
Capital outlay			29,896		27,806
Total	691,401	693,755	629,943	63,812	490,058
Fire prevention:					
Salaries and employee benefits	-	-	125,664	-	-
Other operating expenditures	-	-	25,456	-	-
Capital outlay			37,479		-
Total	166,780	232,417	188,599	43,818	-
Volunteer fire departments:					
Carova Beach Volunteer Fire Department	-	-	214,608	-	200,400
Corolla Fire & Rescue Squad	-	-	301,717	-	292,931
Crawford Volunteer Fire Department	-	-	331,459	-	315,675
Lower Currituck Volunteer Fire Department	-	-	$344,\!257$	-	347,031
Knotts Island Volunteer Fire Department	-	-	215,240	-	188,172
Moyock Volunteer Fire Department			228,207		218,191
Total	1,648,830	1,648,830	1,635,487	13,343	1,562,401
Medical examiner:					
Contracted services			23,400		10,350
Total	12,000	24,000	23,400	600	10,350
Total public safety	19,176,682	19,637,296	18,528,436	1,108,860	17,711,568

County of Currituck, North Carolina General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

		2016			2015
	Budgeted A Original	mounts Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	Actual
Transportation:				(=	
Airport:					
Salaries and employee benefits	-	-	47,301	-	53,350
Other operating expenditures	-	-	261,115	-	320,566
Capital outlay Total	505,403	505,403	14,282 322,698	182,705	2,399 376,315
Inter-county transportation: Contracted services		-	35,343		40,39'
Total	64,376	62,144	35,343	26,801	40,397
Total transportation	569,779	567,547	358,041	209,506	416,712
-					- , .
Environmental protection: Forestry:					
Contracted services		-	47,104	-	49,306
Total	76,250	76,250	47,104	29,146	49,306
Soil and water conservation:					100.40
Salaries and employee benefits	-	-	119,938	-	122,43
Other operating expenditures Total	151.765	151,765	12,165 132,103	19.662	10,92 133,35
10tai	101,700	151,705	152,105	19,002	100,00
Total environmental protection	228,015	228,015	179,208	48,807	182,662
Conomic and physical development:					
Cooperative extension:					
Salaries and employee benefits	-	-	108,053	-	119,03
Other operating expenditures Contracted services	-	-	295,093	-	321,01
Capital outlay	-	-	33,773	-	33,37 4,68
Total	488,351	492,226	436,918	55,308	478,10
Economic development:					
Salaries and employee benefits	-	-	151,701	-	131,13
Other operating expenditures	-	-	244,390	-	159,65
Capital outlay	<u> </u>		-		<u> </u>
Total	359,006	444,006	396,091	47,915	290,79
Planning and inspections:					
Salaries and employee benefits	-	-	626,514	-	623,29
Other operating expenditures Capital outlay	-	-	$101,607 \\ 1,898$	-	44,69 2,38
Total	734,546	752,546	730,019	22,527	670,36
Total economic and physical development	1,581,903	1,688,778	1,563,028	125,750	1,439,26
luman services:					
Health:					
Contracted services	-	-	132,639	-	127,000
Total	137,800	137,800	132,639	5,161	127,000
Mental health:					
Contracted services		-	63,155		63,91
Total	61,012	61,012	63,155	(2, 143)	63,914
	·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	·	· · · · · · · · ·	

County of Currituck, North Carolina General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

	2016								
-	Budgeted A Original	mounts Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	Actual				
Social services:	Original	Fillal	Actual	(Negative)	Actual				
Administration:									
Salaries and employee benefits	-	-	2,476,188		2,286,096				
Other operating expenditures	-	-	688,102	-	681,697				
Capital outlay	-	-	55,114	-	88,683				
Total	3,398,814	3,407,228	3,219,404	187,824	3,056,477				
Public Assistance:									
Electronic issuance	-		3,127	-	3,201				
Medical Transportation	-	-	28,399	-	37,350				
TANF	-	-	235	-	(27)				
Special assistance for adults	-		147,517	-	146,454				
Special adoption assistance	-	-	3,195	-	36,040				
State foster care and boarding home payments	-	-	174,564	-	144,008				
Title IV-E foster care	-		74,537	-	45,068				
Special assistance for the blind	-	-	852	-	887				
Title IV-E adoption assistance	-	-	11,643	-	12,159				
Title IV-B adoption assistance	-	-	51,740	-	47,470				
Title IV-B adoption assistance vendor payments	-	-	1,828	-	1,266				
Child daycare	-	-	520,710	-	516,642				
Home care block grant	-	-	45,349	-	62,700				
LINKS special assistance	-	-	2,063	-	2,806				
Other assistance	-	-	108,039	-	112,806				
Total	1,340,614	1,305,925	1,173,798	132,127	1,168,829				
Total social services	4,739,428	4,713,153	4,393,202	319,951	4,225,305				
Juvenile crime prevention control									
Improving outcomes for youth	-	-	-	-	-				
JCPC council	-	-	14,984	-	14,202				
and support services	-	-	72,717	-	74,269				
Restitution	-	-	13,558	-	9,245				
Total	101,879	105,479	101,259	4,220	97,715				
Total human services	5,040,119	5,017,444	4,690,256	327,188	4,513,935				
Cultural and recreational:									
Senior citizens centers:									
Salaries and employee benefits	-	-	196,372	-	189,589				
Other operating expenditures	-	-	140,677	-	132,304				
Capital outlay	-	-	19,419	-	-				
Total	369,097	370,625	356,468	14,157	321,894				
Libraries:									
Salaries and employee benefits	-	-	470,751	-	452,135				
Other operating expenditures	-	-	74,487		89,596				
Total	563,976	563,976	545,238	18,738	541,731				
Parks and Recreation: Salaries and employee benefits	_	-	432,182	_	431,332				
Other operating expenditures	-	-	432,182 258,545	-	431,332 273,736				
Capital outlay	-	-	258,545 284,819	-	41,139				
Total	869,767	1,094,840	975,545	119,295	746,207				
10641	003,101	1,034,040	310,040	113,430	140,201				

County of Currituck, North Carolina General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

			2015		
	Budgeted A Original	Amounts Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	Actual
Rural Center					
Salaries and employee benefits	-	-	136,891	-	127,307
Other operating expenditures	-	-	47,352	-	48,707
Capital outlay	-	410.105	137,345	-	-
Total	204,436	413,185	321,588	91,597	176,014
Total cultural and recreational	2,007,276	2,442,626	2,198,840	243,786	1,785,845
Education:					
Public schools - current	-	-	9,503,189	-	9,353,526
Public schools - capital outlay	-	-	1,000,000	-	1,000,000
Community college		-	190,867	-	144,413
Total education	10,718,189	10,718,189	10,694,056	24,133	10,497,939
Debt service:					
Principal retirement		-	1,569,561	-	2,296,091
Interest and other charges	-	-	133,147	-	196,630
Total debt service	1,702,846	1,702,846	1,702,708	138	2,492,722
Total expenditures	47,391,635	48,617,180	45,809,863	2,807,317	44,667,842
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(7,836,132)	(8,626,188)	(2,930,712)	5,695,476	(3,377,175)
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers to other funds: Special Revenue Funds	-		(121,000)		(121,000)
Capital Projects Funds Enterprise Funds		-	(267,000) (1,107,852)	-	(459,619) (1,095,687)
Total transfers to other funds	(1,504,738)	(1,504,738)	(1,107,852) (1,495,852)	8,886	(1,676,306)
Transfers from other funds:					
Tourism Development Authority	-	-	3,240,277	-	2,856,104
Special Revenue Funds	-	-	670,943	-	678,353
Capital Projects Funds		-	2,681,766	-	3,464,526
Total transfers from other funds	6,395,508	6,719,257	6,592,986	(126,271)	6,998,983
Total other financing sources (uses)	4,890,770	5,214,519	5,097,134	(117,385)	5,322,677
Revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures and other financing uses	(2,945,362)	(3,411,669)	2,166,422	5,578,091	1,945,502
Appropriated fund balance	2,945,362	3,411,669	-	(3,411,669)	-
II F	,	.,		(-,,,,,,,,,,	
Revenues, other sources, and appropriated fund balance over (under) expenditures	<u>\$ </u>	\$	2,166,422	\$ 2,166,422	1,945,502
Fund balances: Beginning of year, July 1			10,274,094		8,328,592
End of year, June 30			\$ 12,440,516		\$ 10,274,094

County of Currituck, North Carolina **Revaluation Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual** For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

			2016	3				 2015
	0	Budgeted riginal	s 'inal	A	actual	wit P	ariance ch Final ositive egative)	Actual
Revenues:								
Investment earnings	\$	-	\$ -	\$	2,696	\$	2,696	\$ 2,113
Expenditures: Current: General government: Contract services Total expenditures		121,000	 121,000				- 121,000	
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(121,000)	 (121,000)		2,696		123,696	 2,113
Other financing sources: Operating transfer in: General Fund		121,000	 121,000		121,000			 121,000
Revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures	\$	-	\$ 		123,696	\$	123,696	123,113
Fund balances: Beginning of year, July 1 End of year, June 30					359,260 482,956			\$ 236,147 359,260

County of Currituck, North Carolina Land Banking Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

		2016										
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Positive (Negative)	Actual							
Revenues:	ф	¢	ф 1 5 5 10	ф 1 7 7 10	¢ 10.001							
Investment earnings Total revenues	\$	<u>\$</u>	\$ 17,718 17,718	\$ 17,718 17,718	\$ 18,621 18,621							
Expenditures:												
Capital outlay	-	-	-	-	-							
Total expenditures	200,000	200,000			-							
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(200,000)	(200,000)	17,718	217,718	18,621							
Other financing sources (uses):												
Transfers to operating fund	-	-	-	-	-							
Transfers to Moyock Central Sewer	-	-	-	-	-							
Transfers from transfer tax fund	200,000	200,000	200,000		200,000							
Revenues and other financing												
sources (uses)	\$ -	\$ -	217,718	\$ 217,718	218,621							
Fund balances:												
Beginning of year, July 1 End of year, June 30			2,738,197 \$ 2,955,915		2,519,576 \$ 2,738,197							

County of Currituck, North Carolina Combining Balance Sheet Non-Major Governmental Funds June 30, 2016

	N	Multi-year Grant Fund		Emergency Telephone System Fund		Guinea Mill Watershed Improvement Fund	og Bridge Ditch Watershed Improvement Fund]	Moyock Watershed Improvement Fund	I	Northwest Watershed mprovement Fund
ASSETS											
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	-	\$	382,674	\$	124,165	\$ 5,541	\$	69,418	\$	22,941
Accounts receivable, net		-		-		-	-		-		-
Taxes receivable, net		-		-		271	46		582		158
Due from other governments		9,754		24,737		246	18		307		45
Total assets	\$	9,754	\$	407,411	\$	124,682	\$ 5,605	\$	70,307	\$	23,144
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES											
Liabilities:											
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	-	\$	21,683	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
Due to operating fund		592		-		-	-		-		-
Total liabilities		592		21,683		-	-		-		-
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES											
Taxes receivable		-		-		271	46		582		158
Total deferred inflows of resources		-		-		271	46		582		158
Fund balances:											
Restricted:											
Stabilization by State Statute		9,162		24,737		517	64		889		203
Emergency Telephone System		-		120,049		-	-		-		-
Watershed Improvements Whalehead Beach Solid Waste		-		-		23,894	495		11,836		3,783
Capital Assets		-		-		-	-		-		-
Committed:											
Fire Equipment		-		-		-	-		-		-
Assigned:											
Subsequent year's expenditures				240,942		100,000	5,000		57,000		19,000
Unassigned		-		-		-	-		-		-
Total fund balances Total liabilities, deferred inflows of		9,162		385,728		124,411	5,559		69,725		22,986
resources and fund balances	\$	9,754	\$	407,411	\$	124,682	\$ 5,605	\$	70,307	\$	23,144

V	Vhalehead Vatershed provement Fund	Whalehead Beach Solid Waste Service District	Special	1	Fire Equipment Replacement Fund	Ir	Capital nprovements Fund		School Capital Fund	N	Total Jon-Major Capital Projects Funds		Total Non-Major Governmental Funds
\$	492,429	\$ 204,463	\$ 1,301,63	1 \$	628,532	¢	2,544,346	\$	2,368,126	\$	5,541,004	¢	6,842,635
φ		φ 20 4,4 03	φ 1,501,0. -	4	- 020,332	ψ	-	φ	-	ψ	-	Ψ	-
	22	68	1,14	.7	_		-		-		_		1,147
	5,070	60	40,23		421		568,567		529,504		1,098,492		1,138,729
\$	497,521		\$ 1,343,02		628,953	\$	3,112,913	\$	2,897,630	\$	6,639,496	\$	7,982,511
\$	88,567	\$ 8,968	\$ 119,2	8 \$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	119,218
	-		59	2	-		-		-		-		592
	88,567	8,968	119,8	0	-						-		119,810
	22	68	1,14	.7	_		_		_		_		1,147
	22	68	1,14		_		-		-		_		1,147
	5,092	128	40,79	2	421		568,567		529,504		1,098,492		1,139,284
	-	-	120,04	.9	-		-		-		-		120,049
	403,840	195,427	443,84 195,42		-		-		-		-		443,848 195,427
	-	-	-		-		2,544,346		2,368,126		4,912,472		4,912,472
	-	-	-		315,546		-		-		315,546		315,546
	-	-	421,94		312,986		-		-		312,986		734,928
	-	-	-		-		-		-		-		-
	408,932	195,555	1,222,05	8	628,953		3,112,913		2,897,630		6,639,496		7,861,554
\$	497,521	\$ 204,591	\$ 1,343,01	5 \$	628,953	\$	3,112,913	\$	2,897,630	\$	6,639,496	\$	7,982,511

County of Currituck, North Carolina Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Multi-year Grant Fund				EmergencyGuinea MillTelephoneWatershedSystemImprovementFundFund					Moyock Watershed nprovement Fund	Northwest Watershed Improvement Fund		
REVENUES Ad valorem taxes	\$		\$		\$	14,140	\$	1,646	\$	18,656	\$	3,069	
Other taxes and licenses Restricted	φ	-	φ	174,236	φ	-	φ	-	φ	-	φ	-	
intergovernmental		216,999		-		-		-		-		-	
Investment earnings		81		2,614		770		31		423		141	
Total revenues		217,080		176,850		14,910		1,677		19,079		3,210	
EXPENDITURES													
Current:													
General government		-		-		-		-		-		-	
Public safety		144,499		289,327		-		-		-		-	
Economic and physical		111056											
development Environmental		144,076		-		-		-		-		-	
protection		-		-		-		-		8,250		-	
Total expenditures		288,575		289,327		-		-		8,250		-	
Issuance of debt Transfers (to) from other		-		-		-		-		-		-	
funds		-		-		-		_		-		-	
Total other financing sources and uses		-		-		-		-		-		-	
Net change in fund balances		(71,495)		(112,477)		14,910		1,677		10,829		3,210	
Fund balances - beginning		80,657		498,205		109,501		3,882		58,896		19,776	
Fund balances - ending	\$	9,162	\$	385,728	\$	124,411	\$	5,559	\$	69,725	\$	22,986	

V	Whalehead Watershed nprovement Fund	Whalehead Beach Solid Waste Service District	Total Non-Major Special Revenue Funds	e Equipment eplacement Fund	In	Capital provements Fund	School Capital Fund	Total Non-major Capital Projects Funds	Total Non-Major Governmental Funds
\$	882,514	\$ 142,421 -	\$ 1,062,446 174,236	\$ -	\$	2,108,559	\$ 1,957,357	\$ - 4,065,916	\$ 1,062,446 4,240,152
	4,193	- 1,332	216,999 9,585	 3,403		- 18,161	- 13,934	- 35,498	216,999 45,083
	886,707	143,753	1,463,266	 3,403		2,126,720	1,971,291	4,101,414	5,564,680
	-	107,622	107,622 433,826	- 136,163		-	-	- 136,163	107,622 569,989
	-	-	144,076	-		-	-	-	144,076
	178,695	-	186,945	-		-	-	-	186,945
	178,695	107,622	872,469	 136,163		-	-	136,163	1,008,632
	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-
	(670,943)	-	(670,943)	267,000		(1,681,766)	(1,000,000)	(2,414,766)	(3,085,709)
	(670,943)	-	(670,943)	 267,000		(1,681,766)	(1,000,000)	(2,414,766)	(3,085,709)
	37,069	36,131	(80,146)	134,240		444,954	971,291	1,550,485	1,470,339
	371,863	159,424	1,302,204	 494,713		2,667,959	1,926,339	5,089,011	6,391,215
\$	408,932	\$ 195,555	\$ 1,222,058	\$ 628,953	\$	3,112,913	\$ 2,897,630	\$ 6,639,496	\$ 7,861,554

County of Currituck, North Carolina Multi-Year Grant Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual From Inception and for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

					Variance				
		Project	Prior	C	urrent	r	Total to	1	Positive
	Aut	horization	Year		Year		Date	(Negative)	
Revenues									
Restricted intergovernmental:									
Hazard Mitigation Elevation Grant	\$	337,710	\$ 15,870	\$	72,500	\$	88,370	\$	(249, 340)
DPR 1 Law Enforcement Info Sharing Grant		150,000	-		144,499		144,499		(5,501)
Investment Earnings		-	1,764		81		1,845		1,845
Total revenues		487,710	 17,634		217,080		234,714		(252, 996)
Expenditures									
Public safety:									
DPR 1 Law Enforcement Info Sharing Grant		150,000	-		144,499		144,499		5,501
Economic and physical development:									
Hazard Mitigation Elevation Grant		337,710	15,850		144,076		159,926		177,784
Total expenditures		487,710	 15,850		288,575		304,425		183,285
Revenues under expenditures	\$	-	\$ 1,784		(71,495)	\$	(69,711)	\$	(69,711)
Fund balance:									
Beginning of year, July 1					80,657				
End of Year, June 30				\$	9,162				

County of Currituck, North Carolina Emergency Telephone System Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

		201	.6		2015
	Budgeted A	Amounts		Variance with Final Positive	
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	Actual
Revenues					
Other taxes and licenses:					
911 system subscriber fees	\$ 174,236	\$ 174,236	\$ 174,236	\$ -	\$ 166,231
Investment earnings	2,000	2,000	2,614	614	3,435
Total revenues	176,236	176,236	176,850	614	169,666
Expenditures					
Public safety	-	-	138,082	-	148,128
Capital Outlay			151,245	-	
Total expenditures	302,900	452,136	289,327	162,809	148,128
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(126,664)	(275,900)	(112,477)	163,423	21,538
Appropriated fund balance	126,664	275,900		(275,900)	
Revenues, other finance sources and appropriated fund balance over (under) expenditures	\$ -	\$ -	(112,477)	\$ (112,477)	21,538
Fund balances: Beginning of year, July 1			498,205		476,667
End of year, June 30			\$ 385,728		\$ 498,205

County of Currituck, North Carolina Guinea Mill Watershed Improvement Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

				2015							
		Budgeted A	Amoun	its			wit	ariance ch Final ositive	Final		
	C	Driginal	Final		Actual		(Ne	egative)		Actual	
Revenues:											
Ad valorem taxes:											
Current year	\$	10,695	\$	10,695	\$	11,986	\$	1,291	\$	11,941	
Prior years		-		-		1,933		1,933		248	
Interest		-		-		221		221		72	
Total ad valorem taxes		10,695		10,695		14,140		3,445		12,261	
Investment earnings		-		-		770		770		802	
Total revenues		10,695		10,695		14,910		4,215		13,063	
Expenditures:											
Current:											
Environmental protection:		10,695		10,695		-		10,695		4,500	
Total expenditures		10,695		10,695		-		10,695		4,500	
Revenues over (under) expenditures	\$	-	\$			14,910	\$	14,910		8,563	
Fund balances:											
Beginning of year, July 1						109,501				100,938	
End of year, June 30					\$	124,411			\$	109,501	

County of Currituck, North Carolina Hog Bridge Ditch Watershed Improvement Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

				201	16					2015
		Budgeted A	moun	ts			wit	riance h Final ositive		
	0	riginal]	Final	A	Actual	(Ne	egative)	A	Actual
Revenues:										
Ad valorem taxes:										
Current year	\$	1,259	\$	1,259	\$	1,537	\$	278	\$	1,295
Prior years taxes		-		-		98		98		7
Interest		-		-		11		11		9
Total ad valorem taxes		1,259		1,259		1,646		387		1,311
Miscellaneous grants		-		-		-		-		10,000
Investment earnings		-		-		31		31		20
Total revenues		1,259		1,259		1,677		418		11,331
Expenditures:										
Current:										
Environmental protection:		1,259		1,259		-		1,259		9,950
Total expenditures		1,259		1,259		-		1,259		9,950
Revenues over (under) expenditures	\$	-	\$	-		1,677	\$	1,677		1,381
Fund balances:										
Beginning of year, July 1						3,882				2,501
End of year, June 30					\$	5,559			\$	3,882

County of Currituck, North Carolina Moyock Watershed Improvement Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

				201	6				2015
		Budgeted A	moun	nts			wi	ariance th Final Positive	
	C	Driginal		Final		Actual	(N	egative)	 Actual
Revenues:									
Ad valorem taxes:									
Current year	\$	16,705	\$	16,705	\$	18,425	\$	1,720	\$ 18,606
Prior years taxes		-		-		174		174	184
Interest		-		-		57		57	57
Total ad valorem taxes		16,705		16,705		18,656		1,951	18,847
Investment earnings		-		-		423		423	473
Total revenues		16,705		16,705		19,079		2,374	 19,320
Expenditures:									
Current:									
Environmental protection:		16,705		16,705		8,250		8,455	14,375
Total expenditures		16,705		16,705		8,250		8,455	 14,375
Revenues over (under) expenditures	\$		\$	-		10,829	\$	10,829	4,945
Fund balances:									
Beginning of year, July 1						58,896			53,951
End of year, June 30					\$	69,725			\$ 58,896

County of Currituck, North Carolina Northwest Watershed Improvement Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

				201	6				 2015
	0	Budgeted A riginal		ts Final	,	Actual	wit Po	riance h Final ositive gative)	Actual
Revenues:		rigiliai		Fillal		Actual	(IVE	gative)	 Actual
Ad valorem taxes:									
Current year	\$	2,645	\$	2,645	\$	2,886	\$	241	\$ 2,882
Prior years taxes		-		-		155		155	1
Interest		-		-		28		28	1
Total ad valorem taxes		2,645		2,645		3,069		424	 2,884
Investment earnings		-		-		141		141	139
Total revenues		2,645		2,645		3,210		565	 3,023
Expenditures:									
Current:									
Environmental protection:		2,645		2,645		-		2,645	-
Total expenditures		2,645		2,645		-		2,645	 -
Revenues over (under) expenditures	¢		¢			3,210	¢	3,210	3,023
Revenues over (under) expenditures	\$	-	ф	-		3,210	\$	3,210	3,023
Fund balances:									
Beginning of year, July 1						19,776			 16,753
End of year, June 30					\$	22,986			\$ 19,776

County of Currituck, North Carolina Whalehead Watershed Improvement Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

		20	016		2015
	Budgetee Original	d Amounts Final	Actual	Variance with Final Positive (Negative)	Actual
Revenues:					
Ad valorem taxes:					
Current year	\$ 866,078	\$ 866,078	\$ 881,323	\$ 15,245	\$ 875,831
Prior year taxes	-	-	-	-	2,056
Interest	-		1,191	1,191	1,124
Total ad valorem taxes	866,078	866,078	882,514	16,436	879,011
Investment earnings	-	-	4,193	4,193	2,023
Total revenues	866,078	866,078	886,707	20,629	881,034
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Operations	-	-	61,494	(61,494)	611,801
Capital outlay	-	-	117,201	(,,	• , • •
Total expenditures	195,134	195,134	178,695	16,439	611,801
Revenues over (under) expenditures	670,944	670,944	708,012	37,068	269,233
Other financing sources (uses):					
Transfers to operating fund	(670, 944)	(670,944)	(670,943)	(1)	(678,353)
Transfers to enterprise fund Issuance of debt	-	-	-		-
Total other financing sources (uses)	(670,944)	(670,944)	(670,943)	(1)	(678,353)
Revenues and other financing sources (uses) over (under) expenditures		<u> </u>	37,069	37,069	(409,120)
Fund balances: Beginning of year, July 1 End of year, June 30			371,863 \$ 408,932		780,983 \$ 371,863

County of Currituck, North Carolina Whalehead Beach Solid Waste Service District Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

		20	016		2015
				Variance with Final	
	-	d Amounts		Positive	
-	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	Actual
Revenues:					
Ad valorem taxes:					
Current year	\$ 139,448	\$ 139,448	\$ 141,853	\$ 2,405	\$ 141,128
Prior year taxes	-	-	365	365	402
Interest	-	-	203	203	191
Total ad valorem taxes	139,448	139,448	142,421	2,973	141,721
Investment earnings	-	-	1,332	1,332	1,249
Total revenues	139,448	139,448	143,753	4,305	142,970
Expenditures:					
Current:					
General government	139,448	139,448	107,622	31,826	115,214
Total expenditures	139,448	139,448	107,622	31,826	115,214
Revenues over (under) expenditures	\$ -	\$-	36,131	\$ 36,131	27,756
Fund balances:					
Beginning of year, July 1 End of year, June 30			159,424 \$ 195,555		131,668 \$ 159,424

County of Currituck, North Carolina Fire Equipment Replacement Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

			20	16		2015
		Budgeted A			Variance with Final Positive	
		Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	Actual
Revenues:						
Investment earnings	\$	-	\$-	\$ 3,403	\$ 3,403	\$ 2,601
Expenditures: Current:						
Debt payment on behalf of Moyock VFD		-	-	30,965	(30, 965)	131,000
Capital outlay		-	-	105,198		
	ſ	356,000	443,986	136,163	307,823	131,000
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(356,000)	(443,986)	(132,760)	311,226	(128,399)
Other financing sources:						
Transfers from general fund		267,000	267,000	267,000		267,000
Revenues and other financing sources over expenditures		(89,000)	(176,986)	134,240	311,226	138,601
Appropriated fund balance		89,000	176,986		(176,986)	
Revenues and other finance sources appropriated fund balance over over (under) expenditures	\$	-	\$	134,240	\$ 134,240	138,601
Fund balances: Beginning of year, July 1 End of year, June 30				494,713 \$ 628,953		356,112 \$ 494,713

County of Currituck, North Carolina Capital Improvements Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

			2016			2015
	Budgete	d Amou	unts		Variance with Final Positive	
	Original		Final	Actual	(Negative)	Actual
Revenues:	 					
Other taxes and licenses:						
Article 40 supplemental sales tax	\$ 867,842	\$	867,842	\$ 1,125,116	\$ 257,274	\$ 1,044,611
Article 42 supplemental sales tax	872,347		872,347	983,443	111,096	929,257
Investment earnings	-		-	18,161	18,161	19,946
Total revenues	 1,740,189		1,740,189	2,126,720	386,531	1,993,814
Expenditures:						
Contingency	58,289		58,289	-	(58, 289)	-
Total expenditures	 58,289		58,289	-	(58,289)	-
Revenues over expenditures	1,681,900		1,681,900	2,126,720	444,820	1,993,814
Other financing uses:						
Transfers to other funds:						
General fund	(1,681,900)		(1,681,900)	(1,681,766)	134	(1,698,026)
County Government Facilities fund	(1,001,000)		(1,001,000)	(1,001,700)	104	(1,050,020)
School Facilities fund	_		-	_	-	-
Total other financing uses	 (1,681,900)		(1,681,900)	(1,681,766)	134	(1,698,026)
Revenues over (under)						
other financing uses	\$ -	\$	-	444,954	\$ 444,954	295,788
Fund balances:	 	<u> </u>				,
Beginning of year, July 1				2,667,959		2,372,171
End of year, June 30				\$ 3.112.913		\$ 2,667,959

County of Currituck, North Carolina School Capital Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

		20)16		2015
	Budgeted Original	l Amounts Final	Actual	Variance with Final Positive (Negative)	Actual
Revenues:	onginar	1 mai	Hobuur	(Hogativo)	Tiotual
Other taxes and licenses:					
Article 40 supplemental sales tax	\$ 391,526	\$ 391,526	\$ 482,193	\$ 90,667	\$ 447,690
Article 42 supplemental sales tax	1,274,878	1,274,878	1,475,164	200,286	1,393,885
Investment earnings	-	-	13,934	13,934	13,263
Total revenues	1,666,404	1,666,404	1,971,291	304,887	1,854,838
Expenditures:					
Contingency	666,404	666,404	_	(666,404)	_
Total expenditures	666,404	666,404		(666,404)	
Total expenditures	000,404	000,404		(000,404)	
Revenues over expenditures	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,971,291	971,291	1,854,838
Other financing uses:					
Transfers to other funds:					
General fund	(1,000,000)	(1,000,000)	(1,000,000)	-	(1,766,500)
School capital projects fund	-	-	-	-	-
Total other financing uses	(1,000,000)	(1,000,000)	(1,000,000)	-	(1,766,500)
Revenues over (under)					
other financing uses	\$ -	\$ -	971,291	\$ 971,291	88,338
Fund balances:					
Beginning of year, July 1			1,926,339		1,838,001
End of year, June 30			\$ 2,897,630		\$ 1,926,339
<i>c</i> ,			. , ,		. , ,

County of Currituck, North Carolina County Government Facilities Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual From Inception and for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

Project Authorization		Prior		Current		Total to]	Positive
Authorization	Y	_						
	Years		Year		Date		(N	Vegative)
\$ 2,057,931	\$	21,614	\$	1,041,362	\$	1,062,976	\$	(994,955)
-		21,314		10,657		31,971		31,971
265,000		-		258,520		258,520		(6,480)
-		-		2,000		2,000		2,000
2,322,931		42,928		1,312,539		1,355,467		(967,464
-		-		121,886		121,886		121,886
2,322,931		42,928		1,434,425		1,477,353		(845,578)
2,500,000		648,378		1,743,337		2,391,715		108,285
268,619		158,901		71,560		230,461		38,158
2,768,619		807,279		1,814,897		2,622,176		146,443
2,154,069		-		1,048,589		1,048,589		1,105,480
103,055		37,255		61,902		99,157		3,898
2,257,124		37,255		1,110,491		1,147,746		1,109,378
150,000		8,200		-		8,200		141,800
2,204,217		128,096		1,796,864		1,924,960		279,257
100,000		14,232		-		14,232		85,768
9,625		-		1,444		1,444		8,181
250,000		-		6,000		6,000		244,000
5,736,663		88,415		2,815,391		2,903,806		2,832,857
3,400,146		3,080,492		80,829		3,161,321		238,825
682,469		668,054		10,000		678,054		4,415
6,500		-		3,000		3,000		3,500
163,000		-		4,500		4,500		158,500
12,702,620		3,987,489		4,718,028		8,705,517		3,997,103
37,185		-		-		-		37,185
37,185		-		-		-		37,185
17,728,363		4,832,023		7,643,416		12,475,439		5,252,924
(15,405,432)	((4,789,095)		(6,208,991)		(10,998,086)		4,407,346
	$\begin{array}{c} 2,322,931\\ \hline 2,322,931\\ \hline 2,322,931\\ \hline 2,322,931\\ \hline 2,500,000\\ 268,619\\ \hline 2,768,619\\ \hline 2,$	2,322,931 2,322,931 2,322,931 2,322,931 2,500,000 268,619 2,768,619 2,768,619 2,768,619 103,055 2,257,124 150,000 2,204,217 100,000 9,625 250,000 5,736,663 3,400,146 682,469 6,500 163,000 12,702,620 37,185 37,185 17,728,363	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $

County of Currituck, North Carolina County Government Facilities Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual From Inception and for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

			Actual		Variance
	Project	Prior	Current	Total to	Positive
	Authorization	Years	Year	Date	(Negative)
Other financing sources (uses):					
Transfers (to) from other funds:					
General fund	268,619	268,619	-	268,619	-
Tourism Development Authority	10,281,820	6,400,145	3,881,675	10,281,820	-
Capital improvements fund	2,699,193	6,425,464	-	6,425,464	3,726,271
Transfer tax capital fund	2,155,800	1,283,927	2,155,800	3,439,727	1,283,927
Total other financing sources (uses)	15,405,432	14,378,155	6,037,475	20,415,630	5,010,198
Revenues and other sources					
over (under) expenditures	\$-	\$ 9,589,060	(171,516)	\$ 9,417,544	\$ 9,417,544
Fund balances:					
Beginning of year, July 1			10,434,638		
End of year, June 30			\$ 10,263,122		

County of Currituck, North Carolina School Capital Projects Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual From Inception and for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

			Actual		Variance
	Project	Prior	Current	Total to	Positive
	Authorization	Years	Year	Date	(Negative)
Revenues					
State Lottery proceeds	\$ 824,810	\$ 534,811	\$ 289,999	\$ 824,810	\$-
Investment earnings	115,305	2,292,165	33,212	2,325,377	2,210,072
Total revenues	940,115	2,826,976	323,211	3,150,187	2,210,072
Expenditures					
Intergovernmental - education:					
Central Elementary School Parking	750,000	686,045	-	686,045	63,955
Central Elementary School Gym Roof	91,043		91,043	91,043	-
Griggs - Upgrade Energy Management	30,000		13,796	13,796	16,204
Moyock Elementary School Gym HVAC	114,828	1,920	95,062	96,982	17,846
Moyock Elementary School Kitchen Roof HVAC	20,000	- -	630	630	19,370
Moyock Elemenary School 2 Cafeteria Split Systems	44,000		630	630	43,370
Moyock Middle - Upgrade Energy Management	38,149				38,149
JPK Gym Roof Replacement	115,172	115,171		115,171	1
JPK Technology Roof Replacement	26,825	26,825		26,825	-
Knotts Island Elementary Gym HVAC	65,000				65,000
Knotts Island Elementary Rooftop HVAC	23,000	-	1,710	1,710	21,290
Currituck Middle School - HVAC lobby	67,967	67,967	-,	67,967	
Currituck Middle School - Auditorium HVAC	95,824	2,240	93,586	95,826	(2)
Currituck High School RTF House HVAC	7,000	2,210	6,907	6,907	93
System-wide Technology	86,000		80,978	80,978	5,022
Total expenditures	1,574,808	900,168	384,342	1,284,510	290,298
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(634,693)	1,926,808	(61,131)	1,865,677	2,500,370
Other financing sources (uses):					
m					
Transfers from		0.40.00		0.40.007	0.40.00 7
General Fund	-	249,295	-	249,295	249,295
School Capital Improvements Fund	-	410,000	-	410,000	410,000
Transfer Tax Capital Fund	719,549	2,630,190	·	2,630,190	1,910,641
	719,549	3,289,485	-	3,289,485	2,569,936
Transfers to					
Governmental Construction Fund	(84,856)	(84,856)		(84,856)	
Total other financing					
sources (uses)	634,693	3,204,629		3,204,629	2,569,936
Revenues and other sources					
over (under) expenditures	\$ -	\$ 5,131,437	(61,131)	\$ 5,070,306	\$ 5,070,306
Fund balances:					
Beginning of year, July 1			5,131,437		
End of year, June 30			\$ 5,070,306		

County of Currituck, North Carolina Transfer Tax Capital Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

		20	16		2015
	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Positive	
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	Actual
Revenues:					
Other taxes and licenses					
Land transfer tax	\$ 2,306,500	\$ 2,629,543	\$ 3,367,062	\$ 737,519	\$ 2,968,642
Investment earnings	50,000	50,000	54,783	4,783	66,909
Total revenues	2,356,500	2,679,543	3,421,845	742,302	3,035,551
Expenditures:					
Fees Paid to Officials	700	700	-	700	-
Contingency	-	-	-	-	-
Total expenditures	700	700	-	700	-
Revenues over (under) expenditures	2,355,800	2,678,843	3,421,845	743,002	3,035,551
Other financing uses:					
Transfers to general fund	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers to County government facilities	(2, 155, 800)	(2, 155, 800)	(2, 155, 800)	-	(1,552,640)
Transfers to school facilities fund	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers to land banking fund	(200,000)	(200,000)	(200,000)	-	(200,000)
Transfers to Mainland water fund	-	(62,000)	(62,000)	-	
Transfers to Moyock central sewer fund	-	(261, 043)	(261,043)	-	(84,500)
Total other financing uses	(2,355,800)	(2,678,843)	(2,678,843)		(1,837,140)
Revenues and other financing uses					
over (under) expenditures	\$ -	\$ -	743,002	\$ 743,002	1,198,411
Fund balances:					
Beginning of year, July 1			8,681,290		7,482,879
End of year, June 30			\$ 9,424,292		\$ 8,681,290

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County of Currituck, North Carolina Tourism Development Authority Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

	2016						
	Budgeted Original	Amounts Final	Actual	Variance with Final Positive (Negative)	Actual		
Revenues:	b	.	A 11.045.040		\$ 10.044.00F		
Occupancy Tax	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 11,065,242	\$ -	\$ 10,844,887		
Insurance Recovery	-	-	-	-			
Co-op Advertising	-	-	-	-			
Grants	-	-	1,882	-	274,269		
Retail sales - Tourism Promotion	-	-	13,235	-	12,959		
Retail sales - Whalehead in Historic Corolla	-	-	10,427	-			
Penalties and interest	-	-	2,200	-	2,382		
Tour operator permits	-	-	12,704	-	28,500		
Whalehead donations	-	-	6,241	-	3,316		
Whalehead events	-	-	72,527	-	13,702		
Whalehead rents	-	-	18,784	-	468		
Whalehead tours	-	-	83,277	-	13,824		
Interest on intra-fund loan		-	55,152	-	86,537		
Sale of capital assets		-	800	-			
Investment earnings	-	-	70,907	-	85,863		
Total revenues	10,497,440	11,010,965	11,413,378	402,413	11,366,70'		
xpenditures:							
Tourism Promotion:							
Salaries		-	631,627	-	574,761		
Operating Expenses			229,275	-	339,948		
Retail merchandise			11,727		16		
Promotions		-	2,242,317		2,056,01		
Capital Outlay		-	21,824		97,66		
Total Tourism Promotions	3,279,377	3,296,502	3,136,770	159,732	3,068,55		
Tourism Related Expenditures:							
Operations:							
Salaries		-	69,263	-			
Operating expenses		-	19,202	-			
Insurance and bonds			-	-	6,03		
Repairs and maintenance			-	-	3,01		
Supplies	-	-			7,34		
Utilities			-	-	6,51		
Contracted services		-	133,404	-	175,08		
Beach nourishment			11,054	-	2,80		
Carova Beach Park			6,174		2,00		
Corolla Wild Horse support			69,200		69,20		
Historic Jarvisburg Colored School operations			2,787		1,06		
	-	-		-	12,33		
Historic preservation Lifeguard services	-	-	102,741 655,490	-	12,33 658,82		
	-	-	655,490 38,254	-			
Outer Banks access ramps	-	-		-	38,43		
Professional services	-	-	178,397	-	14,53		
Signs	•	-	8,455	-	6,79		
Whalehead projects	-		-	-	580,97		
Capital outlay	-	-	373,679	-	227,598		

County of Currituck, North Carolina Tourism Development Authority Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

		20	016	¥7 ·	2015
	Budgeted			Variance with Final Positive	
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	Actual
Whalehead in Historic Corolla Park:			105.050		
Salaries	-	-	427,676		
Operating expenses	-	-	218,166		
Capital outlay	-	-	47,316	51 000	
Total Whalehead in Historic Corolla Park	965,558	765,146	693,158	71,988	-
Total tourism related expenditures	2,147,922	3,039,215	2,361,258	677,957	1,810,551
Total expenditures	5,427,299	6,335,717	5,498,028	837,689	4,879,102
Revenues over (under) expenditures	5,070,141	4,675,248	5,915,350	1,240,102	6,487,605
Other financing sources:					
Transfers (to) from other funds:					
General fund	(3,042,664)	(3, 356, 063)	(3, 240, 277)	115,786	(2,856,104)
Carova Beach Service District Fund	(20,000)	(20,000)	(20,000)	-	
County Governmental Facilities fund	(3, 631, 675)	(3,904,569)	(3, 881, 675)	22,894	(2,052,275
Total other financing uses	(6,694,339)	(7,280,632)	(7,141,952)	138,680	(4,908,379
Revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures and other					
inancing uses	(1,624,198)	(2,605,384)	(1,226,602)	1,378,782	1,579,226
Appropriated fund balance	1,624,198	2,605,384	<u> </u>	(2,605,384)	
Revenues, other financing sources, and					
appropriated fund balance over					
under) expenditures	\$ -	\$ -	(1,226,602)	\$ (1,226,602)	1,579,220
Fund balances:					
Beginning of year, July 1			11,980,625		10,401,399
Fund balance: Tourism promotion			7,274,300		6,772,33
Fund balance: Tourism related expenditures			3,479,723		5,208,290
End of year, June 30			\$ 10,754,023		\$ 11,980,62
A legally budgeted Carova Beach Service District Fund is consolidated in the Tourism Development Authority Fund	l for				
reporting purposes: Revenues			16,319		22
Revenues Transfer-in Tourism Development Authority Fund			20.000		22
Expenditures			(6,500)		(73,04
Expenditures			(0,000)		(13,04
Beginning Fund Balance, Carova Beach Service District F	und		1,909		74,73
Ending Fund Balance Exhibit 4			\$ 10,785,751		\$ 11,982,53

County of Currituck, North Carolina Carova Beach Service District Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

Revenues: Tour operator fees Investment earnings Total revenues Expenditures: Current:	Budgeted Original \$	Amounts Final \$-	Actual \$ 16,234 85 16,319	Variance with Final Positive (Negative) \$ 16,234 85	Actual \$ - 222
Tour operator fees Investment earnings Total revenues Expenditures:	\$ - - -	\$ - -	85	85	
Investment earnings Total revenues Expenditures:	\$ - -	\$ - 	85	85	
Total revenues	<u> </u>				222
Expenditures:	-	-	16,319		
				16,319	222
Current:					
~					
Environmental protection	20,000	20,000	6,500	13,500	73,044
Total expenditures	20,000	20,000	6,500	13,500	73,044
evenues over (under) expenditures	(20,000)	(20,000)	9,819	29,819	(72,822
Other financing sources:					
Transfers from tourism development authority	20,000	20,000	20,000		
Revenues and other financing					
sources over expenditures	\$ -	\$ -	29,819	\$ 29,819	(72,822
Transfers from tourism development authority Revenues and other financing	20,000 \$-	<u>20,000</u> <u>\$</u> -		\$ 29,819	(7:

County of Currituck, North Carolina Combining Statement of Net Position Non-Major Proprietary Funds June 30, 2016

Enterprise Funds

				Enterpri	se F	unds						
										То	tals	
				Maple								
	New	vtown	С	ommerce		Moyock						
	Road	Sewer	Pa	ark Sewer	0	Commons	Wa	Inut Island				
	Fu	und		Fund	S	ewer Fund	Se	wer Fund	Ju	ne 30, 2016	Ju	ne 30, 2015
ASSETS												
Current assets:												
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,329	\$	45	\$	1,853	\$	20,668	\$	24,895	\$	89,038
Restricted cash		· -		-		150		-		150		150
Taxes receivable, net		-		-		-		-		-		2,080
Receivables, net		1,699		2,718		2,021		83.696		90,134		62,153
Total current assets		4,028		2,763		4,024		104,364		115,179		153,421
Noncurrent assets:												
Capital assets:												
Land, improvements, and construction												
in progress		87,000		-		67,625		53,690		208,315		208,315
Other capital assets, net of		01,000				01,020		00,000		200,010		200,010
depreciation		104,550		1,674,954		251,609		3,065,726		5,096,839		5,343,354
Total capital assets		191,550		1,674,954		319,234		3,119,416		5,305,154		5,551,669
Total assets		195,578		1,677,717		323,258		3,223,780		5,420,333		5,705,090
LIABILITIES												
Current liabilities:												
Accounts payable		350		786		-		5.445		6.581		3,313
Customer deposits		-		-		150		-		150		150
Total liabilities		350		786		150		5,445		6,731		3,463
NET POSITION												
		191,550		1,674,954		319.234		3,119,416		5,305,154		5,551,669
Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted		,		1,674,954		319,234		3,119,416 98,919		, ,		, ,
Total net position	¢	3,678 195,228	\$	1,676,931	\$	3,874	\$	3,218,335	\$	108,448 5,413,602	\$	149,958 5,701,627
	\$	190,220	φ	1,070,931	φ	323,100	φ	3,210,335	φ	0,410,002	φ	5,701,027

County of Currituck, North Carolina Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Non-Major Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

				Enter	orise	e Funds				
			Maple					То	tals	
	Newtown	C	Commerce	Moyock						
	Road Sewer	P	ark Sewer	Commons	w	alnut Island				
	Fund		Fund	Sewer Fund	S	Sewer Fund	June 30	, 2016	Jur	ne 30, 2015
OPERATING REVENUES										
Charges for services	\$-	\$	24,859	\$-	\$	158,746	\$ 18	3,605	\$	217,333
Miscellaneous	-		-	-		-		-		1,171
Total operating revenues	-		24,859	-		158,746	18	3,605		218,504
OPERATING EXPENSES										
Administration	845		7,969	-		73,797	8	82,611		87,945
Water and sewer district	-		49,035	2,273		63,268	11	4,576		140,366
Depreciation	16,954		64,421	13,963		151,177	24	6,515		246,515
Total operating expenses	17,799		121,425	16,236		288,242	44	3,702		474,826
Operating income (loss)	(17,799)	(96,566)	(16,236))	(129,496)	(26	60,097)		(256,322)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSE	S)									
Tax revenue			-	521		-		521		462
Grant	-		-	-		-		-		-
Rent	-		3,600	-		-		3,600		1,200
Contributed capital	-		-	-		-		-		-
Sale of capital assets	-		-	-		-		-		-
Interest and investment revenue	3		46	-		283		332		737
Total nonoperating revenue (expenses)	3		3,646	521		283		4,453		2,399
Income (loss) before transfers	(17,796)	(92,920)	(15,715))	(129,213)	(25	5,644)		(253,923)
Transfer	(51,464)	28,165	(9,082))	-	(3	32,381)		16,000
Change in net position	(69,260)	(64,755)	(24,797))	(129,213)	(28	88,025)		(237,923)
Total net position - beginning	264,488		1,741,686	347,905		3,347,548	5,70	1,627		5,939,550
Total net position - ending	\$ 195,228	\$	1,676,931	\$ 323,108	\$	3,218,335	\$ 5,41	3,602	\$	5,701,627

County of Currituck, North Carolina Combining Statement of Cash Flows Non-Major Proprietary Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Newtown	Maple merce Park	loyock mmons	Walnut Island	То	tals
	Road Sewer Fund	 Sewer Fund	Sewer Fund	Sewer Fund	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2015
Cash flows from operating activities:						
Cash received from customers Cash paid for goods and services Other operating revenue	\$ 3,172 (845) -	\$ 24,311 (56,930) -	\$ 3,756 (2,273)	\$ 126,465 (133,871)	\$ 157,704 (193,919) -	\$ 254,938 (296,309) 1,171
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	2,327	 (32,619)	 1,483	(7,406)	(36,215)	(40,200)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:						
Rental income	-	3,600	-	-	3,600	1,200
Tax revenues	-	-	521	-	521	463
Transfer from operating fund	-	28,165	-	-	28,165	16,000
	-	31,765	 521	-	32,286	17,663
Cash flows from capital and related financing act	tivities:					
Transfer (to) enterprise fund	(51,464)	 -	 (9,082)	-	(60,546)	-
Net cash provided by capital and related financing activities	(51,464)	-	(9,082)	-	(60,546)	-
Cash flows from investing activities: Interest on investments	3_	 46	 -	283	332	737
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(49,134)	(808)	(7,078)	(7,123)	(64,143)	(21,800)
Cash and cash equivalents, July 1 Cash and cash equivalents, June 30	51,463 \$ 2,329	\$ 853 45	\$ 9,081 2,003	27,791 \$ 20,668	89,188 \$ 25,045	110,988 \$ 89,188
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:						
Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:	\$ (17,799)	\$ (96,566)	\$ (16,236)	\$ (129,496)	\$ (260,097)	\$ (256,322)
Depreciation Changes in assets and liabilities:	16,954	64,421	13,963	151,177	246,515	246,515
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable Increase (decrease) in accounts	3,172	(548)	3,756	(32,280)	(25,900)	37,605
payable and accrued liabilities	-	74	-	3,193	3,267	(67,998)
Total adjustments	20,126	 63,947	 17,719	122,090	223,882	216,122

County of Currituck, North Carolina Newton Road Sewer Fund Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

			2015			
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Actual	
Revenues:						
Charges for services:						
Sewer charges	\$-	\$-	\$ -	\$-	\$ 9,970	
Penalties and interest, sewer	-	-	-	-	1,580	
Total, sewer operating revenues	-	-	-	-	11,550	
Nonoperating revenues:						
Interest earnings	-		3	3	381	
Total revenues			3	3	11,931	
Appropriated net position	51,464	51,464		(51,464)		
Total revenues						
and appropriated net position	51,464	51,464	3	(51,461)	11,931	
Expenditures:						
Administration:						
Administrative expenses	-		845		2,088	
			845	(845)	2,088	
Sewer treatment operations:						
Contracted services	-	-	-	-	13,322	
Total	-	-	-		13,322	
Total expenditures	-	<u> </u>	845	(845)	15,410	
Revenues and appropriated net position						
over expenditures	51,464	51,464	(842)	(52,306)	(3,479)	
Other financing uses:						
Transfers to Moyock Central Sewer Construction Fund	(51,464)	(51,464)	(51,464)		-	
Revenues and appropriated net assets						
over (under) expenditures and other financing uses	\$ -	\$ -	(52,306)	\$ (52,306)	\$ (3,479)	
Reconciliation from budgetary basis (modified accrual) to full accrual:						
Reconciling items:						
Depreciation			(16,954)		(16,954)	
Total reconciling items			(16,954)		(16,954)	
Change in net position			\$ (69,260)		\$ (20,433)	

County of Currituck, North Carolina Maple Commerce Park Sewer Fund Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

		9	2016		2015
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Actual
Revenues:				(
Charges for services:					
Sewer charges	\$-	\$-	\$ 24,859	\$-	\$ 19,804
Penalties and interest, sewer	-	-		-	223
Total, sewer operating revenues	22,000	22,000	24,859	2,859	20,027
Nonoperating revenues:					
Rent	-	-	3,600	-	1,200
Interest earnings	-		46	46	-
Total, sewer nonoperating revenues	3,600	3,600	3,646	46	1,200
Total revenues	25,600	25,600	28,505	2,905	21,227
Other financing sources (uses):					
Transfer from operating fund	-	-	28,165	-	16,000
	37,051	37,051	28,165	(8,886)	16,000
Total revenues					
and other financing sources	62,651	62,651	56,670	(5,981)	37,227
Expenditures:					
Administration:					
Telephone and postage	-	-	1,108	-	1,529
Dues and subscriptions	-	-	1,310		1,310
Administrative expenses	7,051	8,726	5,551 7,969	- 757	2,839
	7,001	0,720	1,303	101	2,003
Sewer treatment operations:					
Utilities	-	-	5,600	-	7,028
Repairs and maintenance	-	-	6,060	-	263
Lab tests	-	-	7,685	-	8,420
System supplies	-	-	25,880	-	11,994
Contracted services Total	52,000	51,425	3,810 49,035	2,390	6,993 34,698
	<u>_</u>				
Capital outlay Total expenditures	3,600 62,651	2,500 62,651	57,004	2,500 5,647	37,537
	02,001	02,001	01,004	0,011	51,001
Revenues and appropriated net assets					
over (under) expenditures and other financing sources	\$ -	\$ -	(334)	\$ (334)	\$ (310)
Reconciliation from budgetary basis (modified accrual) to full accrual:					
Reconciling items:					
Depreciation			(64,421)		(64,421)
Total reconciling items			(64,421)		(64,421)
Change in net position			\$ (64,755)		\$ (64,731)

County of Currituck, North Carolina Moyock Commons Sewer Fund Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

		2	2016		2015
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Actual
Revenues:					
Charges for services:					
Sewer charges	\$-	\$-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 67,845
Penalties and interest	-	· _	-	-	1,171
Total, sewer operating revenues	-	-			69,016
Nonoperating revenues:					
Tax revenue	-	-	521	-	462
Interest earnings	-	-		-	191
Total nonoperating revenues	-	·	521	521	653
Total revenues	-	-	521	521	69,669
Expenditures:					
Administration:					
Administration	-	-	-	-	7,756
Contracted services	-		2,273	-	51,638
Total expenditures	-	-	2,273	(2,273)	59,394
Revenues over expenditures	-	9,082	(1,752)	(10,834)	10,275
Other financing uses:					
Transfers to Moyock Central Sewer Fund	-	(9,082)	(9,082)		
Revenues and appropriated net position over (under)					
expenditures and other financing uses	\$ -	\$ -	(10,834)	\$ (10,834)	\$ 10,275
Reconciliation from budgetary basis					
(modified accrual) to full accrual:					()
Depreciation			(13,963)		(13,963
Change in net position			\$ (24,797)		\$ (3,688

County of Currituck, North Carolina Walnut Island Sewer Fund Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

		-	2016	16			
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Actual		
Revenues:							
Charges for services:							
Sewer charges	\$-	\$-	\$ 145,532	\$-	\$ 90,687		
Tap fees	-	-	4,204	-	13,100		
Penalties and interest	-	-	9,010	-	14,124		
Total, sewer operating revenues	140,550	141,892	158,746	16,854	117,911		
Nonoperating revenues:							
Interest earnings	-	-	283	-	165		
Total nonoperating revenues		-	283	283	165		
Total revenues	140,550	141,892	159,029	17,137	118,076		
Appropriated net position							
Total revenues and							
other financing sources	140,550	141,892	159,029	17,137	118,076		
Expenditures:							
Administration:			830		1 550		
Telephone and postage Administration	-	-	65,192	-	1,578 65,192		
Supplies	-	-	5,880	-	6,516		
Credit card fees			476		557		
Dues and subscriptions	-	-	1,310	-	1,310		
Software license fees		-	109	-	109		
	77,550	75,561	73,797	1,764	75,262		
Sewer treatment operations:							
Utilities	-	-	21,796	-	19,425		
Repairs and maintenance	-	-	10,540	-	2,283		
Lab tests	-	-	8,340	-	8,530		
Chemicals	-	-	10,115	-	2,990		
Contracted services Total	61,500	66,331	12,477 63,268	3,063	7,480 40,708		
Capital outlay	1,500						
		141.000	105.005	1.005	115.050		
Total expenditures	140,550	141,892	137,065	4,827	115,970		
Revenues over expenditures	\$ -	\$ -	21,964	\$ 21,964	\$ 2,106		
Reconciliation from budgetary basis							
(modified accrual) to full accrual: Depreciation			(151,177)		(151,177)		
Change in net position			\$ (129,213)		\$ (149,071)		

County of Currituck, North Carolina Solid Waste Fund Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures Budget and Actual (Non - GAAP) For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

		20	16		2015
	Original	Final		Variance Positive	
	Budget	Budget	Actual	(Negative)	Actual
Revenues:					
Operating revenues:					
Charges for services:					
Solid waste disposal charges	\$ -	\$-	\$ 2,249,116	\$-	\$ 2,197,334
Recycling	-	-	35,746	-	37,596
Tipping fees	<u> </u>	-	505,069		521,510
Total	2,798,000	2,883,000	2,789,931	(93,069)	2,756,440
Nonoperating revenues:					
Ad valorem taxes	-	-	13,118	-	14,827
White goods tax	-	-	8,529	-	7,800
White goods disposal tax	-	-	72,037	-	69,022
Tire tax		-	33,251	-	31,224
Investment earnings			24,514		29,786
Total	87,000	108,000	151,449	43,449	152,659
Appropriated net assets	530,060	644,060		(644,060)	
Total revenues	3,415,060	3,635,060	2,941,380	(693,680)	2,909,099
Expenditures:					
Solid waste administration:					
Training & Education	-	-	-	-	10
Telephone and postage	-	-	290	-	301
Other administrative expenditures	<u> </u>		181,286		165,883
Total	181,959	181,559	181,576	(17)	166,194
Solid waste operations:					
Utilities	-	-	4,930	-	4,221
Repair and maintenance	-	-	5,305	-	4,676
Rent	-	-	58,200	-	28,200
Gas, oil, etc.	-	-	23	-	-
Supplies	-	-	855	-	3,229
Professional services	-	-	1,840	-	960
Contract services, other	-	-	27,348	-	19,938
Contract services, collection	-	-	1,791,098	-	1,836,228
Contract services, disposal	-	-	1,684,374	-	1,693,904
Site work and landscaping	-	-	19,182	-	16,805
White goods disposal	-	-	44,957	-	27,693
White goods disposal tax	-	-	45,377	-	44,330
Tire disposal	-	-	33,374	-	38,290
Monitoring wells	-	-	4,900	-	4,900
Recycling			344,074		331,434
Total	4,222,788	4,443,188	4,065,837	377,351	4,054,808

County of Currituck, North Carolina Solid Waste Fund Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures Budget and Actual (Non - GAAP) For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

		20	16		2015
	0	E: 1		Variance	
	Original	Final	A strep1	Positive (Negative)	A
Conital outland	Budget 90,000	Budget 90.000	Actual 16,025	(Negative) 73,975	Actual
Capital outlays		/			-
Total expenditures	4,494,747	4,714,747	4,263,438	451,309	4,221,002
Revenues and appropriated net position					
over expenditures	(1,079,687)	(1,079,687)	(1, 322, 058)	(242,371)	(1,311,903)
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers from operating fund	1,079,687	1,079,687	1,079,687		1,079,687
Revenues and appropriated net position over (under) expenditures and other financing uses	\$-	\$-	(242,371)	\$ (242,371)	\$ (232,216)
Reconciliation from budgetary basis (modified accrual) to full accrual:					
Reconciling items: Capital outlays Depreciation Total reconciling items					(35,646) (35,646)
Change in net position			\$ (264,090)		\$ (267,862)

County of Currituck, North Carolina Ocean Sands Water and Sewer Fund Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	2016			2015	
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Actual
Revenues:	Duuget	Duuget	Actual	(Negative)	Actual
Charges for services:					
Water sales	\$-	\$	\$ 584,391	\$ -	\$ 594,685
Water impact fees	-	-	6,000	-	9,000
Water tap fees	-	-	1,800	-	4,000
Penalties and interest, water	-	-	7,027	-	6,784
Other operating revenues, water	-	-	1,458	-	1,908
Total, water operating revenues	588,500	588,500	600,676	12,176	616,377
Sewer charges	-	-	693,978	-	635,083
Sewer impact fees	-	-	6,000	-	9,000
Sewer tap fees	-	-	1,800	-	4,000
Penalties and interest, sewer	-	-	10,395	-	7,963
Other operating revenues, sewer	-		1,458		1,908
Total, sewer operating revenues	658,863	658,863	713,631	54,768	657,954
Total operating revenues	1,247,363	1,247,363	1,314,306	66,943	1,274,330
Nonoperating revenues:					
Tax revenue	-	-	234,682	-	231,269
Unrestricted intergovernmental revenues	-	-	13,621	-	12,444
Insurance recovery	-	-	-	-	16,650
Interest earnings	-	-	12,383	-	15,097
Total nonoperating revenues	270,929	278,235	260,686	(17,549)	275,460
Total revenues	1,518,292	1,525,598	1,574,992	49,394	1,549,790
Appropriated net assets	-	250,000		(250,000)	
Total revenues and appropriated					
net assets	1,518,292	1,775,598	1,574,992	(200,606)	1,549,790
Expenditures:					
Administration:					
Processing fees	-	-	2,637	-	-
Telephone and postage	-	-	751	-	3,180
Data transmission	-	-	881		912
Travel and training	-	-	5,723	-	6,377
Fees paid to officials	-	-	-	-	450
Supplies	-	-	-	-	24,542
Uniforms	-	-	969	-	1,015
Dues and subscriptions	-	-	3,353	-	2,349
Software license fees	-	-	670	-	526
Contract services	102,854	99,787	60,000 74,984	24,803	<u>30,000</u> 69,351
Water treatment operations:					
Water treatment operations: Utilities			4 4 4 1		7,603
Repairs and maintenance	-	-	4,441 4,338	-	630
Lab tests	-	-	4,338	-	
	-	-	1,443 10,845	-	2,548
System supplies Contracted services	-	-	498,102	-	13,043
Professional services	-	-	498,102 17,221	-	409,884
Total	509,676	512,418		(99.079)	433,708
10(a)	009,070	012,418	000,090	(23,972)	455,708

County of Currituck, North Carolina Ocean Sands Water and Sewer Fund Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

		201	6		2015
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Actual
Sewer treatment operations:					
Salaries & benefits	-	-	105,090	-	83,640
Utilities	-	-	64,164	-	79,594
Repairs and maintenance	-	-	41,829	-	51,245
Gas	-	-	5,931	-	3,621
Lab tests	-	-	26,641	-	24,955
System supplies	-	-	50,347	-	17,898
Chemicals	-	-	20,064	-	16,603
Contracted services	-	-	173,965	-	158,214
Professional services	-	-	53,809	-	7,750
Total	543,383	543,584	541,840	1,744	443,520
Capital outlay	92,000	99,430	64,469	34,961	76,468
Total expenditures	1,247,913	1,255,219	1,217,683	37,536	1,023,047
	, ,,	, ,	, ,,,,,,,,	,	
Revenues and appropriated net					
position over expenditures	270,379	520,379	357,309	(163,070)	526,743
Other financing uses:					
Transfer to Ocean Sands Construction	(270, 379)	(520, 379)	(520, 379)		(438,000)
Revenues and appropriated net position over (under) expenditures and other financin uses:	s -	\$ -	\$ (163,070)	\$ (163,070)	\$ 88,743
Reconciliation from budgetary basis modified accrual) to full accrual:					
Reconciling items:					
Reconciling items: Contributions to the pension plan in the					
Contributions to the pension plan in the			_		3 980
Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal year			64 469		3,980 76 468
Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal year Capital outlays			64,469		,
Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal year Capital outlays Accrued salaries			1,999		76,468
Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal year Capital outlays Accrued salaries Accrued vacation			1,999 (660)		76,468
Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal year Capital outlays Accrued salaries Accrued vacation Loss on disposal of assets			1,999 (660) (10,002)		76,468 (988
Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal year Capital outlays Accrued salaries Accrued vacation Loss on disposal of assets Transfer to Ocean Sands Construction			1,999 (660) (10,002) 520,379		76,468 - (988 - 438,000
Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal year Capital outlays Accrued salaries Accrued vacation Loss on disposal of assets Transfer to Ocean Sands Construction Postemployment benefits			1,999 (660) (10,002)		76,468 (988) 438,000 (6,689)
Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal year Capital outlays Accrued salaries Accrued vacation Loss on disposal of assets Transfer to Ocean Sands Construction Postemployment benefits Pension expense			1,999 (660) (10,002) 520,379 (5,729)		76,468 (988 438,000 (6,689 (268
Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal year Capital outlays Accrued salaries Accrued vacation Loss on disposal of assets Transfer to Ocean Sands Construction Postemployment benefits Pension expense Depreciation			1,999 (660) (10,002) 520,379 (5,729) (184,491)		76,468 (988 438,000 (6,689 (268
Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal year Capital outlays Accrued salaries Accrued vacation Loss on disposal of assets Transfer to Ocean Sands Construction Postemployment benefits Pension expense Depreciation Interest income from capital project funds	3		1,999 (660) (10,002) 520,379 (5,729) (184,491) 22,678		76,468 (988 438,000 (6,689 (268)
Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal year Capital outlays Accrued salaries Accrued vacation Loss on disposal of assets Transfer to Ocean Sands Construction Postemployment benefits Pension expense Depreciation Interest income from capital project funds Decrease in net pension asset	3		$1,999 \\ (660) \\ (10,002) \\ 520,379 \\ (5,729) \\ (184,491) \\ 22,678 \\ (6,250) \\ \end{array}$		76,468 (988 438,000 (6,689 (268)
Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal year Capital outlays Accrued salaries Accrued vacation Loss on disposal of assets Transfer to Ocean Sands Construction Postemployment benefits Pension expense Depreciation Interest income from capital project funds Decrease in net pension asset Increase in deferred outfolws of resources	3		1,999 (660) (10,002) 520,379 (5,729) (184,491) 22,678 (6,250) (390)		76,468 - (988) - 438,000 (6,689) (268)
Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal year Capital outlays Accrued salaries Accrued vacation Loss on disposal of assets Transfer to Ocean Sands Construction Postemployment benefits Pension expense Depreciation Interest income from capital project funds Decrease in net pension asset Increase in deferred outfolws of resources Increase in net pension liability			1,999 (660) (10,002) 520,379 (5,729) (184,491) 22,678 (6,250) (390) (4,806)		76,468 - (988) - 438,000 (6,689) (268)
Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal year Capital outlays Accrued salaries Accrued vacation Loss on disposal of assets Transfer to Ocean Sands Construction Postemployment benefits Pension expense Depreciation Interest income from capital project funds Decrease in net pension asset Increase in deferred outfolws of resources			1,999 (660) (10,002) 520,379 (5,729) (184,491) 22,678 (6,250) (390)		76,468 (988)

County of Currituck, North Carolina Ocean Sands Water & Sewer Construction Fund Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) From Inception and for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Actual				Variance	
	Project	Prior	Current	Total to	Positive	
	Authorization	Years	Year	Date	(Negative)	
Revenues						
Intergovernmental revenues:						
Investment earnings	\$ -	\$ 52,283	\$ 22,678	\$ 74,961	\$ 74,961	
Total revenues	-	52,283	22,678	74,961	74,961	
Expenditures						
Contract services	4,298,150	-	2,228,751	2,228,751	2,069,399	
Professional services	440,000	321,330	82,930	404,260	35,740	
Contingency	300,000	-			300,000	
Total expenditures	5,038,150	321,330	2,311,681	2,633,011	2,405,139	
Revenues under expenditures	(5,038,150)	(269,047)	(2,289,003)	(2,558,050)	2,480,100	
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers (to) from other funds:						
Ocean Sands Water & Sewer fund	5,038,150	4,255,312	520,379	4,775,691	(262, 459)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	5,038,150	4,255,312	520,379	4,775,691	(262,459)	
Revenues and other sources						
over (under) expenditures	\$-	\$ 3,986,265	\$ (1,768,624)	\$ 2,217,641	\$ 2,217,641	

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County of Currituck, North Carolina Mainland Water Fund Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

		20	16		2015	
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Actual	
Revenues:						
Charges for services:						
Water sales	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,934,164	\$-	\$ 2,911,883	
Water tap fees		-	624,723	-	595,091	
Reconnection fees	-	-	56,047	-	50,355	
Penalties and interest	-	-	79,102	-	81,887	
Sale of materials	-	-	13,960		30,038	
Total	3,186,342	3,201,170	3,707,996	506,826	3,669,254	
Nonoperating revenues:						
Interest earnings	-	-	18,550	-	11,738	
Insurance recovery	-	-	84,835			
Other nonoperating revenues	-	-	-	-	100	
Total nonoperating revenues	10,000	10,000	103,385	93,385	11,838	
Total revenues	3,196,342	3,211,170	3,811,381	600,211	3,681,092	
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfer from transfer tax capital fund	-	62,000	62,000	-		
Pay-off 1989 debt		-	-	-		
Refunding bonds issued	-	-	-	-		
Premium on debt issued	-	-	-	-		
Sales of capital assets	-	-	-		3,710	
	-	62,000	62,000	-	3,710	
Total revenues and						
other financing sources	3,196,342	3,273,170	3,873,381	600,211	3,684,802	
Expenditures:						
Administration:						
Salaries and benefits	-	-	55,575	-	58,241	
Administrative support	-	-	193,734	-	193,734	
Credit card fees	-	-	17,183	-	18,293	
Telephone and postage	-	-	13,969	-	27,747	
Travel	-	-	2,421	-	2,182	
Training and education	-	-	7,558	-	2,541	
Advertising	-	-	-	-	488	
Supplies	-	-	95,635	-	88,396	
Dues and subscriptions	-	-	7,282	-	5,105	
Software license fees	-	-	5,078	-	2,384	
Other administration			35	-	19	
	378,562	425,545	398,470	27,075	399,130	

County of Currituck, North Carolina Mainland Water Fund Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

		201	16		2015
				Variance	
	Original	Final		Positive	
	Budget	Budget	Actual	(Negative)	Actual
Water treatment operations:					
Salaries and benefits	-	-	639,112	-	660,558
Utilities	-	-	167,449	-	200,063
Repairs and maintenance	-	-	27,729	-	31,187
Fuel	-	-	19,611	-	28,992
Lab tests	-	-	14,723	-	12,942
Chemicals	-	-	46,538	-	43,453
Uniforms	-	-	1,020	-	1,783
Purchase of water from another	-	-	-	-	-
Contracted services	-	-	75,014	-	33,667
Professional services	-	-	17,490	-	85
Total	1,104,303	1,084,531	1,008,686	75,845	1,012,730
Debt service:					
Interest and other charges			469,485		646,194
Debt principal			40 <u>9</u> ,40 <u>9</u> 970,000		930,000
Total	1,439,486	1,439,486	1,439,485	1	1,576,194
10(a)	1,400,400	1,455,460	1,400,400	1	1,070,104
Capital outlay	273,991	323,608	272,506	51,102	228,944
Total expenditures	3,196,342	3,273,170	3,119,147	154,023	3,216,998
Revenues and appropriated net assets					
over (under) expenditures	\$-	s -	754,234	\$ 754,234	467,804
			,-	+,.	,
Reconciliation from budgetary basis (modified accrual) to full accrual:					
Reconciling items:					
Contributions to the pension plan in the current					30,842
fiscal year Capital autleura			979 506		
Capital outlays Debt principal			272,506 970,000		228,944 930,000
			,		
Depreciation Postemployment benefits			(1,923,620)		(1,911,061)
Accrued vacation			(33,852)		(34,577)
			(6,146)		(7,072)
Pension expense Accrued salaries			-		(2,137)
Loss on disposal of assets			(8,397) (38,025)		-
Decrease in net pension asset			(38,023) (49,743)		-
Increase in deferred outflows of resources			(49,743) (2,205)		-
Increase in deterred outflows of resources			(33,996)		-
Decrease in deferred inflows of resources			(33,996) 97,702		-
Decrease in deletted innows of resources			51,102		-
Total reconciling items			(755,776)		(765,061)
Change in net position			\$ (1,542)		\$ (297,257)
- •					

County of Currituck, North Carolina Southern Outer Banks Water System Fund Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

		2016				
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Actual	
Revenues:						
Charges for services:						
Water sales	\$-	\$-	\$ 2,529,155	\$-	\$ 2,718,849	
Water tap fees	-	-	957,630	-	1,022,231	
Administration	-	-	486,330	-	-	
Billing services	-	-	4,085	-	3,780	
Penalties and interest	-	-	27,430	-	33,174	
Other operating revenues	-	-	18,431	-	13,459	
Total, water operating revenues	3,433,244	3,525,133	4,023,061	497,928	3,791,493	
Nonoperating revenues:						
Rent	-	-	167,107	-	159,649	
Insurance recovery	-	-	-	-	-	
Interest earnings	-	-	17,779	-	15,477	
Total nonoperating revenues	185,786	185,786	184,886	(900)	175,126	
Total revenues	3,619,030	3,710,919	4,207,947	497,028	3,966,619	
Other financing sources (uses):						
Loan proceeds from Tourism Development Authority		-	-	-	-	
Transfer to Occupancy Tax fund	-	-	-	-	-	
Transfer to Southern Outer Banks Water						
Construction fund	-	-	(122, 156)	-	(11,043)	
	-	-	(122,156)	(122,156)	(11,043)	
Appropriated net assets	<u> </u>	122,156		(122,156)	-	
Total revenues and						
other financing sources	3,619,030	3,833,075	4,085,791	252,716	3,955,576	
Expenditures:						
Administration:						
Salaries and benefits	-	-	160,602	-	147,172	
Telephone and postage	-	-	4,966	-	12,726	
Travel	-	-	1,939	-	1,686	
Training and education	-	-	3,048	-	1,727	
Data transmission	-	-	3,453	-	3,459	
Advertising	-	-	-	-	77	
Supplies	-	-	41,453	-	45,525	
Credit card fees	-	-	6,043	-	6,580	
Dues and subscriptions	-	-	7,303	-	6,995	
Other administrative expenditures			217,142	-	135,161	
Total administration expenditures	226,346	643,014	445,949	197,065	361,108	

County of Currituck, North Carolina Southern Outer Banks Water System Fund Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

		201	6		2015
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Actual
Water treatment operations:					
Salaries and benefits	-	-	434,369	-	397,771
Utilities	-	-	204,850	-	193,287
Gas, oil, etc	-	-	14,177	-	19,740
Repairs and maintenance	-	-	22,352	-	86,525
Lab tests	-	-	17,300	-	14,588
Chemicals	-	-	118,055	-	116,506
Uniforms	-	-	908	-	1,103
Contracted services	-	-	54,096	-	66,566
Professional services	-	-	29,968		-
Total water treatment operations	1,194,536	902,331	896,075	6,256	896,086
Debt service:					
Interest and other charges	-	-	181,590	-	233,205
Debt principal	-	-	2,136,783	-	1,975,449
Total	2,188,424	2,188,424	2,318,373	(129,949)	2,208,654
Capital outlays	9,724	99,306	96,160	3,146	3,656,947
Total expenditures	3,619,030	3,833,075	3,756,557	76,518	7,122,795
evenues and other financing sources					
over (under) expenditures	\$-	\$-	329,234	\$ 329,234	(3,167,219)
Reconciliation from budgetary basis modified accrual) to full accrual:					
Reconciling items:					
Contributions to the pension plan in the current					
fiscal year					90.994
Conital outlong			-		-
Capital outlays			- 96,160		3,656,947
Debt principal			2,136,783		3,656,947 1,975,449
Debt principal Postemployment benefits			2,136,783 (35,858)		3,656,947 1,975,449 (42,208)
Debt principal Postemployment benefits Change in accrued vacation			2,136,783 (35,858) (2,507)		3,656,947 1,975,449 (42,208 1,818
Debt principal Postemployment benefits Change in accrued vacation Depreciation			2,136,783 (35,858)		3,656,947 1,975,449 (42,208) 1,818 (918,686)
Debt principal Postemployment benefits Change in accrued vacation Depreciation Pension expense			2,136,783 (35,858) (2,507) (1,039,081)		3,656,947 1,975,449 (42,208 1,818 (918,686) (1,678)
Debt principal Postemployment benefits Change in accrued vacation Depreciation Pension expense Transfer to (from) construction fund			2,136,783 (35,858) (2,507) (1,039,081) - 122,156		3,656,947 1,975,449 (42,208 1,818 (918,686) (1,678)
Debt principal Postemployment benefits Change in accrued vacation Depreciation Pension expense Transfer to (from) construction fund Interest income from capital project funds			2,136,783 (35,858) (2,507) (1,039,081) - 122,156 148		3,656,947 1,975,449 (42,208 1,818 (918,686 (1,678
Debt principal Postemployment benefits Change in accrued vacation Depreciation Pension expense Transfer to (from) construction fund Interest income from capital project funds Accrued salaries			$2,136,783 \\ (35,858) \\ (2,507) \\ (1,039,081) \\ - \\ 122,156 \\ 148 \\ (6,849)$		3,656,947 1,975,449 (42,208 1,818 (918,686) (1,678)
Debt principal Postemployment benefits Change in accrued vacation Depreciation Pension expense Transfer to (from) construction fund Interest income from capital project funds Accrued salaries Loss on disposal of assets			$\begin{array}{c} 2,136,783\\ (35,858)\\ (2,507)\\ (1,039,081)\\ \hline\\ 122,156\\ 148\\ (6,849)\\ (104,405)\\ \end{array}$		3,656,947 1,975,449 (42,208 1,818 (918,686) (1,678)
Debt principal Postemployment benefits Change in accrued vacation Depreciation Pension expense Transfer to (from) construction fund Interest income from capital project funds Accrued salaries Loss on disposal of assets Decrease in net pension asset			$\begin{array}{c} 2,136,783\\ (35,858)\\ (2,507)\\ (1,039,081)\\ \hline\\ 122,156\\ 148\\ (6,849)\\ (104,405)\\ (39,064) \end{array}$		3,656,947 1,975,449 (42,208 1,818 (918,686 (1,678
Debt principal Postemployment benefits Change in accrued vacation Depreciation Pension expense Transfer to (from) construction fund Interest income from capital project funds Accrued salaries Loss on disposal of assets Decrease in net pension asset Decrease in deferred outflow of resources			$\begin{array}{c} 2,136,783\\ (35,858)\\ (2,507)\\ (1,039,081)\\ \hline\\ 122,156\\ 148\\ (6,849)\\ (104,405)\\ (39,064)\\ 1,862\\ \end{array}$		3,656,947 1,975,449 (42,208 1,818 (918,686 (1,678)
Debt principal Postemployment benefits Change in accrued vacation Depreciation Pension expense Transfer to (from) construction fund Interest income from capital project funds Accrued salaries Loss on disposal of assets Decrease in net pension asset Decrease in deferred outflow of resources Increase in net pension liability			$\begin{array}{c} 2,136,783\\ (35,858)\\ (2,507)\\ (1,039,081)\\ \hline\\ 122,156\\ 148\\ (6,849)\\ (104,405)\\ (39,064)\\ 1,862\\ (30,149)\\ \end{array}$		(42,208 1,818 (918,686 (1,678
Debt principal Postemployment benefits Change in accrued vacation Depreciation Pension expense Transfer to (from) construction fund Interest income from capital project funds Accrued salaries Loss on disposal of assets Decrease in net pension asset Decrease in deferred outflow of resources			$\begin{array}{c} 2,136,783\\ (35,858)\\ (2,507)\\ (1,039,081)\\ \hline\\ 122,156\\ 148\\ (6,849)\\ (104,405)\\ (39,064)\\ 1,862\\ \end{array}$	-	-

County of Currituck, North Carolina Southern Outer Banks Water Construction Fund Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) From Inception and for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

		Actual			Variance	
	Project	Prior	Current	Total to	Positive	
	Authorization	Years	Year	Date	(Negative)	
Revenues						
Intergovernmental revenues:						
Investment earnings	\$ 3,000	\$ 56,094	\$ 148	\$ 56,242	\$ 53,242	
Total revenues	3,000	56,094	148	56,242	53,242	
Expenditures						
Purchase existing water systems	5,419,385	5,419,384	-	5,419,384	1	
.75 MGD reverse osmosis water treatment	3,641,256	3,641,003	-	3,641,003	253	
1.5 MG water storage	799,774	799,774	-	799,774	-	
Piping/distribution lines	553,460	553,460	-	553,460	-	
Carolina water wells	727,782	707,935	7,750	715,685	12,097	
Paint existing tanks	199,140	199,139	-	199,139	1	
Professional services	633,064	633,064		633,064	-	
Total expenditures	11,973,861	11,953,759	7,750	11,961,509	12,352	
Revenues under expenditures	(11,970,861)	(11,897,665)	(7,602)	(11,905,267)	65,594	
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfers (to) from other funds:						
Southern outer banks water fund	(2, 240, 182)	(2, 240, 182)	-	(2,240,182)	-	
Southern outer banks water fund	5,711,043	5,588,887	122,156	5,711,043	-	
Issuance of debt	8,500,000	8,500,000		8,500,000	-	
Total other financing sources (uses)	11,970,861	11,848,705	122,156	11,970,861	-	
Revenues and other sources						
over (under) expenditures	\$ -	\$ (48,960)	\$ 114,554	\$ 65,594	\$ 65,594	

County of Currituck, North Carolina Moyock Central Sewer Fund Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	2016				2015	
				Variance		
	Original	Final		Positive		
D	Budget	Budget	Actual	(Negative)	Actual	
Revenues: Charges for services:						
Charges for services.						
Administration	\$ -	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ 63,646	
Sewer charges	÷ .	· .	108,148	· -	28,356	
Tap fees	-	-	-		137,500	
Penalties and interest	-	-	1,984	-	-	
Total, sewer operating revenues	342,714	88,936	110,132	21,196	229,502	
Nonoperating revenues:						
Insurance recovery	-	-	11,689		18,790	
Interest earnings			656		574	
Total nonoperating revenues		11,689	12,345	656	19,364	
Total revenues	342,714	100,625	122,477	21,852	248,866	
Total revenues	042,714	100,625	122,477	21,002	240,000	
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfer from Newtown Road sewer fund		9,082	9,082	-		
Transfer from Moyock Commons sewer fund		51,464	51,464	-		
Transfer from Transfer tax capital fund		261,043	261,043	-	84,500	
	-	321,589	321,589		84,500	
Total revenues and other financing sources	342,714	422,214	444,066	21,852	333,366	
Expenditures: Administration:						
			195		421	
Telephone and postage	-	-	135	-		
Administration	-	-	5,000	-	5,000	
Supplies	-	-	2,674	-	8,650	
Credit card fees		-	279	-	252	
Dues and subscriptions		-	3,200	-	1,310	
Software license fees	23,125	16,925	21 11,309	5,616	21 15,654	
	20,120	10,920	11,309	5,616	10,004	
Sewer treatment operations:						
Utilities			18,274	-	17,781	
Data Transmission			147	_	456	
Repairs and maintenance			5,778	_	14,208	
Lab tests			13,145		9,105	
Chemicals			22,919		19,245	
Contracted services	-	-	22,010	-	47,231	
Professional services			-	-	6,196	
Total	74,235	159,935	60,263	99.672	114,222	
1000	. 1,200	100,000	00,200	00,012		
Debt service:						
Interest and other charges	-	-	65,354	-	70,916	
Debt principal	-	-	180,000	-	180,000	
Total	245,354	245,354	245,354		250,916	
Capital outlay			99,732	(99,732)	68,927	
(1 , 1 ,	040 514	499 91 4	410.050		140 510	
Total expenditures	342,714	422,214	416,658	5,556	449,719	
Revenues over expenditures	<u> </u>		27,408	27,408	(116,353)	
Revenues and appropriated net position over (under) expenditures and other financing sources	\$ -	\$ -	27,408	\$ 27,408	(116,353)	
Reconciliation from budgetary basis (modified accrual) to full accrual:						
Capital outlay			99,732		68,927	
Contributed capital						
Debt principal			180,000		180,000	
Depreciation			(317,236)		(313,912)	
· ·						
Change in net position			\$ (10,096)		\$ (181,338)	

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County of Currituck, North Carolina Agency Funds Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Balance June 30 2015	Additions	Deductions	Balance June 30 2016
Social Services				
Assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 7,798	\$ 167,595	\$ 151,467	\$ 23,926
Liabilities:				
Accounts Payable	\$ 7,798	\$ 167,595	\$ 151,467	\$ 23,926
Fines and Forfeitures				
Assets:	Ф	A OFO O1O		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ - 10.075	\$ 250,212	\$ 235,854	\$ 14,358
Due from other governments Total assets	18,275 \$ 18,275	\$ 250,212	18,275 \$ 254,129	\$ 14,358
Total assets	φ 10,275	φ 230,212	φ 254,129	φ 14,500
Liabilities:				
Due to other governments	\$ 18,275	\$ 231,937	\$ 235,854	\$ 14,358
Deed of Trust Fee				
Assets:	ው	¢ 00.007	¢ 90.909	¢ 9.045
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ -	\$ 33,337	\$ 30,392	\$ 2,945
Liabilities:				
Due to other governments	\$ -	\$ 31,112	\$ 28,167	\$ 2,945
Totals - All Agency Funds				
Assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 7,798	\$ 451,144	\$ 417,713	\$ 41,229
Due from other governments	18,275	-	18,275	-
Total assets	\$ 26,073	\$ 451,144	\$ 435,988	\$ 41,229
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	7,798	167,595	151,467	23,926
Intergovernmental payable	18,275	263,049	264,021	17,303
Total liabilities	\$ 26,073	\$ 430,644	\$ 415,488	\$ 41,229

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County of Currituck, North Carolina General Fund Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable June 30, 2016

Fiscal Year	Uncollected Balance June 30, 2015	Additions	Collections And Credits	Uncollected Balance June 30, 2016
$\begin{array}{c} 2015\text{-}2016\\ 2014\text{-}2015\\ 2013\text{-}2014\\ 2012\text{-}2013\\ 2011\text{-}2012\\ 2010\text{-}2011\\ 2009\text{-}2010\\ 2008\text{-}2009\\ 2007\text{-}2008\\ 2006\text{-}2007\\ 2005\text{-}2006 \end{array}$	330,776 112,926 40,045 23,377 16,773 15,046 8,180 6,889 4,953 7,280 566,245	\$28,803,201 (a) 10,123 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	$\begin{array}{c} \$ 28,468,794 (b) \\ 240,479 \\ 67,962 \\ 18,563 \\ 6,562 \\ 3,015 \\ 6,730 \\ 770 \\ 795 \\ 784 \\ 7,280 \\ \hline 28,821,734 \ (d) \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c ccccc} \$ & 334,407 & (c) \\ 100,420 \\ 44,964 \\ 21,482 \\ 16,815 \\ 13,758 \\ 8,316 \\ 7,410 \\ 6,094 \\ 4,169 \\ \hline & - \\ 557,835 \\ \end{array}$
	Less: allowance fo General Fund Ad valorem taxes r	r uncollectible accounts receivable - net:	3:	(17,205) \$ 540,630
	<u>Reconcilement wit</u> Ad valorem taxes -			\$ 28,915,031
	Reconciling item Interest collect	18:		(103,697)

Taxes written off	10,400
Total reconciling items	(93,297)
Total collections and credits	<u>\$ 28,821,734</u> (d)

County of Currituck, North Carolina Analysis of Current Tax Levy County - wide Levy For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

					Total Le	vy
	Cou	ınty - wide	9		Property excluding Registered	Registered
	Property Valuation	Rate	Amount of Levy		Motor Vehicles	Motor Vehicles
Original levy:						
Property taxed at current year's rate Penalties	\$6,001,186,250	0.480	28,805,694 19,304		\$ 27,561,932 19,304	\$1,243,762
Total	6,001,186,250		28,824,998		27,581,236	1,243,762
Discoveries:						
Current year taxes Prior year taxes Penalties	723,298 2,279,622	0.480	3,472 10,629 3,427		3,472 10,629 3,427	-
Total	3,002,920		17,528		17,528	-
Abatements Total property valuation	(8,192,708) \$5,995,996,462		(39,325)		(25,748)	(13,577)
Net levy			28,803,201	(a)	27,573,016	1,230,185
Uncollected taxes at June 30, 2016	i		334,407	(c)	334,407	
Current year's taxes collected			\$28,468,794	(b)	\$ 27,238,609	\$1,230,185
Current levy collection percentage			98.84%	:	98.79%	100.00%

County of Currituck, North Carolina Analysis of Current Tax Levy County - wide Levy For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

Secondary Market Disclosures:

Assessed Valuation:		
Assessment Ratio ¹	100 9	%
Real Property	\$ 5,743,609,971	
Personal Property	$150,\!652,\!634$	
Public Service Companies ²	101,734,121	
Total Assessed Valuation	\$ 5,995,996,726	
Tax Rate per \$100	0.48	
Levy (includes discoveries, releases and abatements) ³	\$ 28,803,201	

In addition to the County-wide rate, the following table lists the levies by the County on behalf of watershed improvement districts, Ocean Sands water and sewer district, and Moyock Commons sewer district for the fiscal year ended June 30:

Guinea Mill watershed improvement district	10,793
Hog Ditch watershed improvement district	1,457
Moyock watershed improvement district	17,053
Northwest watershed improvement district	2,705
Whalehead solid waste district	880,730
Whalehead watershed improvement district	$142,\!054$
Ocean Sands water and sewer district	$232,\!538$
Total	\$ 30,090,531

 1 Percentage of appraised value has been established by statute.

 2 Valuation of railroads, telephone companies and other utilities as determined by the North Carolina Property Tax Commission.

³ The levy includes interest and penalties.

County of Currituck, North Carolina **Ten Largest Taxpayers** For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

Taxpayer	Type of Business	2015 Assessed Valuation	Percentag Total Asse Valuatio	ssed
Dominion Power	Utility	\$ 76,782,410	1.28	%
Coastland Properties I LLC	Land Development	22,087,200	0.37	
Harrison Inn Corolla LLC	Hotel	20,162,651	0.34	
Coastland Corporation	Land Development	16,404,500	0.27	
Pine Island Properties LLC	Land Development	13,687,600	0.23	
Justice Farms of North Carolina LLC	Land Development	13,079,080	0.22	
Northeastern NC Properties Financial Inst.	Financial Institution	11,157,600	0.19	
James C Justice Companies Inc	Agriculture	11,371,449	0.19	
Carolina Telephone & Telegraph Co	Utility	8,375,602	0.14	
Fincher Patruck Weir LLC	Real Estate Investor	8,090,100	0.13	
Total		\$ 201,198,192	3.36	%

County of Currituck, North Carolina Emergency Telephone System Unspent Balance PSAP Reconcilliation June 30, 2016

Amounts reported on the Emergency Telephone System Fund budget to actual are different from the PSAP Revenue-Expenditure Report because: Net Change in Fund Balance, reported on Budget to Actual \$ (112,477) Ineligible Federal Excise Tax on Verizon invoices Emergency Telephone System Fund (51) Beginning Balance, PSAP Revenue-Expenditure Report 498,256 Ending Balance, PSAP Revenue-Expenditure Report \$ 385,728 This page left blank intentionally

Statistical Section

This part of the County of Currituck's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the county's overall financial health.

Financial Trends:

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the county's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

Revenue Capacity:

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the factors affecting the county's ability to generate its property and sales taxes.

Debt Capacity:

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the city's current levels of outstanding debt and the county's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

Demographic and Economic Information:

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the county's financial activities take place and to help make comparisons over time and with other governments.

Operating Information:

These schedules contain information about the county's operations and resources to help the reader understand how the county's financial information relates to the services the county provides and the activities it performs.

Schedule 1 Currituck County, North Carolina Net Position by Component (accrual basis of accounting)

			Fiscal Year							
	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Governmental activities Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted Total governmental activities net position	\$ 51,299,094 - 62,303,803 \$ 113,602,897	\$ 56,558,162 - 62,010,794 \$ 118,568,956	\$ 73,367,483 - 49,182,688 \$ 122,550,171	\$ 74,064,100 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ 81,090,434 15,397,965 29,175,234 \$ 125,663,633	\$ 96,265,950 12,362,081 21,792,937 \$ 130,420,968	\$ 101,478,868 18,056,879 16,509,722 \$ 136,045,469	\$ 104,063,563 21,530,373 13,767,217 \$ 139,361,153	\$ 103,521,339 21,700,488 19,081,705 \$ 144,303,532	\$ 95,026,547 22,905,623 20,283,060 \$ 138,215,230
Business-type activities Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted Total business-type activites net position	\$ 17,290,296 14,601,498 \$ 31,891,794	\$ 22,735,808 11,278,840 \$ 34,014,648	\$ 21,244,084 14,161,517 \$ 35,405,601	\$ 22,524,024 13,704,712 \$ 36,228,736	\$ 23,516,216 13,436,806 \$ 36,953,022	\$ 28,802,477 13,635,970 \$ 42,438,447	\$ 29,352,060 13,550,093 \$ 42,902,153	\$ 28,462,332 14,330,486 \$ 42,792,818	\$ 31,801,937 11,857,259 \$ 43,659,196	\$ 32,769,142 12,082,511 \$ 44,851,653
Primary government Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted Total governmental activities net position	\$ 68,589,390 - 76,905,301 \$ 145,494,691	\$ 79,293,970 - 73,289,634 \$ 152,583,604	\$ 94,611,567 - 63,344,205 \$ 157,955,772	\$ 96,588,124 - 61,932,237 \$ 158,520,361	\$ 104,606,650 15,397,965 42,612,040 \$ 162,616,655	<pre>\$ 125,068,427 12,362,081 35,428,907 \$ 172,859,415</pre>	\$ 130,830,928 18,056,879 30,059,815 \$ 178,947,622	\$ 132,525,895 21,530,373 28,097,703 \$ 182,153,971	\$ 135,323,276 21,700,488 30,938,964 \$ 187,962,728	\$ 127,795,689 22,905,623 32,365,571 \$ 183,066,883

Currituck County, North Carolina Changes in Net Position (accrual basis of accounting)

(accrual basis of accounting)			Fisca	Il Year						
	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Expenses	200.	2000	2000	2010	2011	2012	2010	2011	2010	2010
Governmental activities:										
General government	\$ 5,155,428	\$ 3,230,828	\$ 7,677,910	\$ 8,415,095	\$ 8,369,991	\$ 6,351,749	\$ 7,999,138	\$ 6,607,468	\$ 6,716,864	\$ 7,316,823
Public safety	14,759,626	15,490,648		17,211,595	17,159,996	18,160,689	19,305,733	20,161,974	19,371,231	20,237,291
Transportation	576,920	1,379,504	, ,	783,800	1,726,573	1,222,468	1,079,075	1.000.818	884,955	1,864,818
Economic and physical development	3,430,161	6,176,978		6,713,211	6,469,555	9,094,719	3,531,181	761,700	1,401,180	7,059,866
Environmental protection	303,871	385,879		568,900	424,447	385,902	3,174,699	8,490,835	6,735,282	1,112,071
Human services	4,236,355	4,550,718		4,155,112	4,156,265	4,351,492	4,492,638	4,688,478	4,551,724	4,821,314
Cultural and recreation	376,240	1,523,197		2,577,198	2,094,488	1,939,442	1,982,118	3,131,488	2,945,656	2,337,746
Education	13,869,357	18,420,509	11,758,442	10,330,209	10,098,107	9,810,904	10,100,754	10,782,180	11,099,664	11,078,398
Interest on long-term debt	325,600	418,693		449,982	456,783	359,601	364,671	290,717	196,630	133,147
Total governmental activities expenses	43,033,558	51,576,954		51,205,102	50,956,205	51,676,966	52,030,007	55,915,658	53,903,186	55,961,474
Business-type activities:	4 074 704	0 700 044	0.007.000	4 400 000	4 400 000	4 050 000	4 07 4 0 40	4 405 057	4 050 040	4 005 457
Solid Waste	4,274,781	3,788,615		4,196,020	4,193,309	4,252,922	4,274,049	4,135,657	4,256,648	4,285,157
Water and Sewer	4,761,213	4,844,089		6,398,328	6,519,262	7,466,805	8,295,709	8,437,098	8,528,166	8,669,910
Total business-type activities expenses	9,035,994	8,632,704	9,519,373	10,594,348	10,712,571	11,719,727	12,569,758	12,572,755	12,784,814	12,955,067
Total primary government expenses	\$ 52,069,552	\$ 60,209,658	\$ 59,415,917	\$ 61,799,450	\$ 61,668,776	\$ 63,396,693	\$ 64,599,765	\$ 68,488,413	\$ 66,688,000	\$ 68,916,541
Program Revenues										
Governmental activites:										
Charges for services:										
General government	\$ 610.955	\$ 523,617	\$ 732,634	\$ 953,864	\$ 960,242	\$ 1,406,215	\$ 2,007,829	\$ 1,500,025	\$ 1,377,621	\$ 1,333,039
Public safety	1,074,519	1,250,083		1,013,183	1,392,245	1,417,775	1,906,102	1,495,000	1,788,900	1,779,070
Transportation	282,624	299,781		300,395	400,314	444,744	487,746	461,021	357,148	375,589
Economic and physical development	25,450	93,122		18,570	16,878	37,641	99,060	85,482	-	68,765
Environmental protection	-	-	-	-	-	9,400	80,039	-	86,965	-
Human services	-	-	16,314	-	-	-	-	14,063	4,408	224
Cultural and recreation	48,593	39,457		60,577	188,356	66,700	95,097	72,376	70,492	63,688
Operating grants and contributions:										
General government	898,407	433,683	9,392	854,484	40,909	316.482		154,237	187,442	174,287
Public safety	399,120	284,580		495,545	238,506	810,366	187,756	458,824	564,997	851,728
Transportation	-	262,251			200,000	010,300	107,750	430,024	-	-
Economic and physical development	85,302	141,865		-	_	16,020	33,904	13,547	26,760	-
Environmental protection	27,965	40,683		56,690	-	32,282	-	273,267	20,700	26,629
Human services	2,380,359	2,611,369		2,730,538	2,786,951	2,314,370	2,277,836	2,354,571	2,464,702	2,483,300
Cultural and recreation	21,826	21,345	, ,	28,098	2,.00,00.	22,978		27,206	4,170	_,.00,000
Education	-		-	-	-	-	-	21,200	1,110	
Capital grants and contributions:										
General government										
Public safety	-	-	-	-	-	27,636	2,520	- 41,714	207,170	216,999
Transportation	- 888.757	- 722.136	740,232	-	- 1,016,192	682,120	476,612	73,511	98,700	1,052,019
Economic and physical development	000,101	122,130	- 140,232	-	1,010,192	5,000	500,696	73,511	10,000	1,002,019
Environmental protection	-	-	-	-	- 10,650	5,000			199,869	-
Human services	-	_	-	-		-	-	-	-	_
Cultural and recreation	-	-	-	294,155	288,824	158,156	53,020	50,000	750,000	459,090
Education		660,325	756,356	-	219,962	-	398,560	270,000	240,000	289,999
Total governmental activities program revenues	\$ 6,743,877	\$ 7,384,297	\$ 7,022,389	\$ 6,806,099	\$ 7,560,029	\$ 7,767,885	\$ 8,606,777	\$ 7,422,344	\$ 8,439,344	\$ 9,174,426

				Fiscal `	Year												
	2007	2008		2009		2010		2011		2012	2013		2014		2015		2016
Business-type activities:																	
Charges for services:																	
Solid Waste	\$ 2,792,248	\$ 2,510,093	\$	2,568,346	\$	2,562,992	\$	2,458,693	\$	2,956,155	\$ 2,690,617	\$, .,	\$	2,756,440	\$	2,789,931
Water and Sewer	6,103,389	5,564,520		5,978,335		5,884,552		6,620,476		7,732,900	8,846,411		8,553,691		9,183,083		9,339,100
Operating grants and contributions:																	
Solid Waste	1,992,464	139,856		45,481		57,113		67,716		75,477	55,392		26,860		39,024		41,780
Water and Sewer	39,710	1,046		-		-		940		-	113,475		48,984		12,544		13,621
Capital grants and contributions:																	
Solid Waste	-	-		-		-		-		-	-		-		-		-
Water and Sewer	-	-		-		329,144		540,000		-	206,491		72,527		-		-
Total business-type program revenues	10,927,811	8,215,515		8,592,162		8,833,801		9,687,825		10,764,532	11,912,386		11,417,321	_	11,991,091		12,184,432
Total primary government program revenues	\$ 17,671,688	\$ 15,599,812	<u>\$</u> 1	15,614,551	\$	15,639,900	\$	17,247,854	\$	18,532,417	\$ 20,519,163	\$	18,839,665	\$	20,430,435	\$	21,358,858
Net (Expense)/Revenue																	
Governmental activities	\$ (36,289,681)	\$ (44,192,657)	\$ (4	42,874,155)	\$	(44,399,003)	\$	(43,396,176)	\$	(43,909,081)	\$ (43,423,230)) \$	6 (48,493,314)	\$	(45,463,842)	¢	(46,787,048)
Business-type activities	1,891,817	(417,189)	Ψ (-	(927,211)	Ψ	(1,760,547)	Ψ	(1,024,746)	Ψ	(955,195)	(657,372)		(1,155,434)	Ψ	(793,723)	Ψ	(770,635)
	1,001,017	(411,100)		(027,211)		(1,100,041)		(1,021,140)		(000,100)	(001,012)		(1,100,101)		(100,120)		(110,000)
Total primary government net expense	\$ (34,397,864)	\$ (44,609,846)	\$ (4	43,801,366)	\$	(46,159,550)	\$	(44,420,922)	\$	(44,864,276)	\$ (44,080,602)	\$	6 (49,648,748)	\$	(46,257,565)	\$	(47,557,683)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Ne	et Position																
Governmental activities:																	
Property taxes	\$ 23,582,470	\$ 25,978,670	\$ 2	26,695,743	\$	26,954,749	\$	27,107,432	\$	27,761,231	\$ 27,912,650	\$	3 29,305,427	\$	28,264,857	\$	29,969,020
Intergovernmental	20,677,091	21,148,755	1	19,731,255		19,128,767		20,290,383		21,046,019	21,808,029		22,746,261		24,835,248		24,796,096
Investment earnings	3,475,928	3,795,801		2,141,772		678,816		806,637		537,109	327,131		357,310		386,405		450,673
Miscellaneous	-	-		-		-		-		-	-		-		337,425		679,606
Loss on disposal/sale of capital assets	-	(22,271)		-		-		-		-	(99,618)	1	-		(12,662)		(110,726)
Special item Transfers	-	-		-		(324,419)		-		-	-		-		-		(13,655,028)
Total governmental activities	(281,367) 47,454,122	(1,742,239)		(1,713,400) 46,855,370		(2,297,456) 44,140,457		(1,436,268) 46,768,184		(677,943) 48,666,416	(900,461)		(600,000) 51,808,998		(1,180,187) 52.631.086		(1,430,895) 40,698,746
Total governmental activities	47,434,122	49,130,710		40,000,070		44,140,437		40,700,104		40,000,410	49,047,731		51,808,998		52,031,000		40,098,740
Business-type activities:																	
Property taxes	-	57,943		109,907		138,053		135,889		131,174	116,393		363,067		315,580		320,358
Investment earnings	672,453	746,480		427,232		148,173		176,875		133,045	115,260		83,032		73,409		97,040
Miscellaneous	-	-		-		-		-		-	-		-		196,289		267,231
Loss on disposal/sale of capital assets	-	(6,619)		-		-		-		-	(11,036)	1	-		3,710		(152,432)
Special item	-	-		-		-		-		5,498,458	-		-		-		-
Transfers	281,367	1,742,239		1,713,400		2,297,456		1,436,268		677,943	900,461		600,000		1,180,187		1,430,895
Total business-type activities	953,820	2,540,043		2,250,539		2,583,682		1,749,032		6,440,620	1,121,078		1,046,099		1,769,175		1,963,092
Total primary government	\$ 48,407,942	\$ 51,698,759	\$ 4	49,105,909	\$	46,724,139	\$	48,517,216	\$	55,107,036	\$ 50,168,809	\$	52,855,097	\$	54,400,261	\$	42,661,838
Change in Net Position																	
Governmental activities	\$ 11,164,441	\$ 4,966,059	\$	3,981,215	\$	(258,546)	\$	3,372,008	\$	4,757,335	\$ 5,624,501	\$	3,315,684	\$	7,167,244	\$	(6,088,302)
Business-type activities	2,845,637	2,122,854	- <u> </u>	1,323,328		823,135		724,286		5,485,425	463,706		(109,335)		975,452		1,192,457
Total primary government	\$ 14,010,078	\$ 7,088,913	\$	5,304,543	\$	564,589	\$	4,096,294	\$	10,242,760	\$ 6,088,207	\$	3,206,349	\$	8,142,696	\$	(4,895,845)

Currituck County, North Carolina Fund Balances, Governmental Funds (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	 2007	 2008	 2009	 2010	 2011	 2012	 2013	 2014	 2015	 2016
General Fund										
Reserved	\$ 2,582,266	\$ 2,561,068	\$ 1,761,527	\$ 2,148,111	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Unreserved	21,068,742	22,509,248	8,854,501	6,419,039	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nonspendable	-	-	-	-	982	832	1,257	809	2,067	925
Restricted	-	-	-	-	4,398,634	2,897,830	3,893,453	5,627,104	5,468,650	5,432,591
Committed	-	-	-	-	23,214,936	1,132,486	558,516	720,664	497,191	514,738
Assigned	-	-	-	-	3,794,562	3,526,932	3,457,216	3,078,429	2,802,212	3,031,018
Unassigned	-	-	-	-	1,859,873	2,470,171	2,184,656	1,657,309	4,601,431	6,900,115
Total General Fund	\$ 23,651,008	\$ 25,070,316	\$ 10,616,028	\$ 8,567,150	\$ 33,268,987	\$ 10,028,251	\$ 10,095,098	\$ 11,084,315	\$ 13,371,551	\$ 15,879,387
All Other Governmental Funds						 				
Reserved	\$ 769,510	\$ 1,220,692	\$ 715,021	\$ 941,130	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Designated										
Special revenue funds	2,195,443	1,770,885	10,006,848	9,768,088	-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital project funds	42,182,550	33,655,022	33,931,204	36,934,559	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nonspendable	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	11,685	11,685
Restricted	-	-	-	-	10,999,331	12,749,770	20,971,606	23,082,400	25,046,486	27,366,986
Committed	-	-	-	-	1,704,999	28,090,589	14,086,564	13,186,791	15,735,865	14,759,977
Assigned	-	-	-	-	1,894,695	279,105	1,137,613	1,069,114	1,827,078	1,266,377
Unassigned	-	-	-	-	5,445,286	33,140	-	-	-	-
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 45,147,503	\$ 36,646,599	\$ 44,653,073	\$ 47,643,777	\$ 20,044,311	\$ 41,152,604	\$ 36,195,783	\$ 37,338,305	\$ 42,621,114	\$ 43,405,025

Fiscal Year

Note: Classification of fund balance terminology changed with GASB 54. GASB 54 was implemented with the reporting period ended June 30, 2011.

Currituck County, North Carolina Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	 		Fiscal Year							
	 2007	 2008	 2009	2010	 2011	2012	 2013	 2014	2015	 2016
Revenues										
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 23,611,381	\$ 25,939,378	\$ 26,163,466	\$ 27,292,183	\$ 27,107,432	\$ 27,766,186	\$ 27,989,041	\$ 29,361,207	\$ 29,470,592	\$ 29,977,477
Other taxes and licenses	20,677,091	21,148,755	19,766,673	19,128,767	20,290,383	21,327,091	22,027,710	22,918,114	23,945,444	24,970,332
Inrestricted										
ntergovernmental	380,293	355,499	304,553	237,490	237,129	148,006	138,398	154,237	162,807	160,144
Restricted	0.000.407	4 004 000	0 055 575	0 00 4 750	4 400 000	4 050 070	4 000 000	0 540 040	1 770 510	5 004 050
ntergovernmental	3,903,127	4,681,893	3,855,575	3,804,759	4,496,639	4,052,379	4,398,369	3,512,640	4,778,513	5,031,852
Permits and fees	1,790,528	1,595,122	1,246,366	1,537,842	2,005,998	1,996,886	2,428,470	2,190,793	2,452,641	3,034,476
Sales and services	530,740	648,891	652,366	612,201	617,213	803,419	781,993	841,435	621,183	838,834
nvestment earnings	3,475,928	3,795,801	2,158,155	678,816	806,637	537,109	327,131	357,310	386,404	450,673
Viscellaneous	 205,215	 102,892	 934,262	 661,855	 346,796	 558,250	 639,866	 560,334	 576,849	 609,635
Total revenues	 54,574,303	 58,268,231	 55,081,416	 53,953,913	 55,908,227	 57,189,326	 58,730,978	 59,896,070	 62,394,433	 65,073,423
Expenditures										
General government	5,215,589	5,385,330	5,291,527	5,893,190	5,806,881	5,633,808	5,962,439	5,716,927	5,742,412	6,002,913
Public safety	15,829,185	16,135,119	19,217,793	16,399,211	16,316,596	17,674,735	20,942,919	18,209,467	19,047,590	20,913,322
Transportation	1,049,293	1,077,529	4,081,199	624,425	2,236,988	958,277	1,040,638	522,626	570,173	1,468,532
Environmental protection	302,508	373,132	384,871	1,858,626	598,363	1,408,739	3,150,732	2,021,474	823,289	366.153
Economic and physical	002,000	0.0,102	001,011	1,000,020	000,000	1,100,100	0,100,102	2,02.1,11.1	020,200	000,100
development	11.942.884	8.783.920	6,131,755	6.830.706	6.271.605	10.086.060	8.207.098	7.808.460	6.604.716	7.211.632
Human services	4,187,991	4,503,615	4,385,682	4,108,356	4,100,337	4,312,266	4,236,116	4,416,362	4,513,935	4,690,256
Cultural and recreation	1,429,959	2,021,669	3,387,383	3,462,977	8,552,159	10,573,236	3,393,603	3,744,138	2,749,701	6,916,868
Education	13,869,357	30,841,156	16,974,635	10,330,209	10,098,107	11,461,403	15,859,070	10,782,180	11,099,664	11,078,398
Debt service	,,		,,	,	,,	, ,	,,	,,	,,	,,
Principal	930,000	2,067,425	2,739,907	2,856,949	2,931,769	2,975,701	3,363,205	3,651,980	2,296,344	1,569,561
Interest	325,600	418,693	492,453	449,982	456,783	359,601	364,671	290,717	196,377	133,147
Total expenditures	 55,082,366	 71,607,588	 63,087,205	 52,814,631	 57,369,588	 65,443,826	 66,520,491	 57,164,331	 53,644,201	 60,350,782
	 						 <u> </u>	 		
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(508,063)	(13,339,357)	(8,005,789)	1,139,282	(1,461,361)	(8,254,500)	(7,789,513)	2,731,739	8,750,232	4,722,641
under) expenditures	(508,003)	(13,339,357)	(8,005,789)	1,139,202	(1,401,301)	(0,234,300)	(1,109,513)	2,731,739	0,750,252	4,722,041
Other Financing Sources										
Uses)										
Transfers in	14,868,931	9,736,807	18,415,835	8,427,744	10,949,771	13,216,026	11,303,731	9,360,360	11,469,373	13,097,461
Fransfers out	(4,628,944)	(11,479,046)	(20,129,235)	(10,725,200)	(12,386,039)	(13,893,969)	(12,204,192)	(9,960,360)	(12,649,560)	(14,528,356
nstallment purchase										
proceeds	 -	 8,000,000	 3,271,375	 2,100,000	 -	 6,800,000	 3,800,000	 -	 	 -
Total other financing										
sources (uses)	\$ 10,239,987	\$ 6,257,761	\$ 1,557,975	\$ (197,456)	\$ (1,436,268)	\$ 6,122,057	\$ 2,899,539	\$ (600,000)	\$ (1,180,187)	\$ (1,430,895
Net change in fund										
balances	\$ 9,731,924	\$ (7,081,596)	\$ (6,447,814)	\$ 941,826	\$ (2,897,629)	\$ (2,132,443)	\$ (4,889,974)	\$ 2,131,739	\$ 7,570,045	\$ 3,291,746
Debt service as a percent of noncapital expenditures	2.28%	4.64%	6.93%	6.88%	7.11%	5.98%	6.56%	8.31%	5.67%	3.36%
	2.2070	1.0 1/0	0.0070	0.0070	7.1170	0.0070	0.0070	0.0170	0.0770	0.00

Currituck County, North Carolina Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property

Last Ten Years

Fiscal										Total	Estimated	Assessed
Year	Real P	ropert	у	Persona	l Prop	erty		Less:	Total Taxable	Direct	Actual	Value ¹ as a
Ended	 Residential			 Motor			٦	Tax Exempt	Assessed	Tax	Taxable	Percentage of
30-Jun	 Property		Other	 Vehicles		Other	R	eal Property	 Value	Rate	 Value	Actual Value
2007	\$ 5,573,495,713	\$	1,800,024,666	\$ 231,711,563	\$	153,363,256	\$	13,701,974	\$ 7,744,893,224	0.320	\$ 7,903,781,250	97.99%
2008	5,752,757,371		1,742,428,352	237,046,250		167,481,922		13,614,832	\$ 7,886,099,063	0.320	8,052,933,751	97.93%
2009	5,840,230,099		1,773,215,441	220,186,251		168,836,102		14,565,509	\$ 7,987,902,384	0.320	8,176,639,688	97.69%
2010	5,902,568,741		1,793,244,633	199,934,713		175,941,576		17,655,061	\$ 8,054,034,602	0.320	8,222,673,629	97.95%
2011	5,972,323,154		1,765,141,892	196,550,493		175,340,287		19,135,253	\$ 8,090,220,573	0.320	8,252,612,186	98.03%
2012	6,105,171,914		1,676,677,997	203,493,600		172,347,136		19,235,248	\$ 8,138,455,399	0.320	8,311,802,189	97.91%
2013	6,228,742,953		1,570,488,456	215,634,113		173,676,116		17,785,438	\$ 8,188,541,638	0.320	8,364,320,626	97.90%
2014	5,124,668,989		177,970,988	131,595,145		146,457,691		15,067,910	\$ 5,565,624,903	0.485	5,667,042,041	98.21%
2015	5,218,928,257		257,265,605	235,857,500		152,012,794		16,886,040	\$ 5,864,064,156	0.480	6,229,160,254	94.14%
2016	5,274,539,057		312,917,873	259,117,083		149,422,449		17,194,566	\$ 5,995,996,462	0.480	6,272,888,617	95.86%

Source: Currituck County Tax Department

Note: Property is the county is reassessed every 8 years. Tax rates are per \$100 of assessed value. The last revaluation was effective July 1, 2013. ¹ Includes tax-exempt property.

Currituck County, North Carolina Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates (rate per \$100 of assessed value)

	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
County Direct Rates										
General	0.320	0.320	0.320	0.320	0.320	0.320	0.320	0.485	0.480	0.480
Overlapping Rates ¹										
Guinea Mill Watershed Improvement District	0.010	0.010	0.010	0.010	0.010	0.010	0.010	0.010	0.010	0.010
Hog Ditch Watershed Improvement District	0.010	0.010	0.010	0.010	0.010	0.010	0.010	0.010	0.010	0.010
Moyock Watershed Improvement District	0.015	0.015	0.015	0.015	0.015	0.015	0.015	0.015	0.015	0.015
Northwest Watershed Improvement District	0.020	0.020	0.020	0.020	0.020	0.020	0.020	0.020	0.020	0.020
Whalehead Watershed Improvement District	0.010	0.040	0.040	0.040	0.040	0.090	0.090	0.155	0.155	0.155
Whalehead Beach Solid Waste Collection & Disposal Service District	-	-	-	-	-	0.015	0.015	0.025	0.025	0.025
Ocean Sands Water and Sewer District	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.050	0.050	0.050
Moyock Commons Sewer District	0.245	0.245	0.245	0.245	0.245	0.245	0.200	0.100	-	-
Source: County of Currituck Budget Ordinance										

¹ Overlapping rates are rates that apply specifically to special districts and do not apply to the entire County. Overlapping rates only apply to property located within the special district.

Currituck County, North Carolina Principal Tax Payers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

			Fisc	al Year 2016		Fiscal Year 2007			
Taxpayer	Type of Business		Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total County Taxable Assessed Value		Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total County Taxable Assessed Value
Dominion Power	Utility	\$	76,782,410	1	1.28%	\$	54,809,656	3	0.69%
Coastland Properties 1, LLC	Land Development	Ψ	22,087,200	2	0.37%	Ψ	34,003,030	0	0.0070
Harrison Inn Corolla LLC	Hotel		20,162,561	3	0.34%				
Coastland Corporation	Land Development		16,404,500	4	0.27%		39,312,471	4	0.50%
Pine Island Properties LLC	Land Development		13,687,600	5	0.23%		00,012,111	·	0.0070
Justice Farms of North Carolina LLC	Land Development		13,079,080	6	0.22%				
Northeastern NC Properties	Financial Institution		11,157,600	7	0.19%				
James C Justice Companies Inc			11,371,449	8	0.19%				
Carolina Telephone & Telegraph Co	Utility		8.375.602	9	0.14%				
Fincher Patrick Weir LLC	Real Estate Investor		8,090,100	10	0.13%				
Turnpike Properties	Land Development						99,532,954	1	1.26%
Coastland Properties 1, LLC	Land Development						65,349,000	2	0.83%
Richardson, Ernest	Real Estate Investor						14,045,490	5	0.18%
Tudor, John B	Real Estate Investor						12,633,298	6	0.16%
Coastland Shores Inc	Land Development						12,575,000	7	0.16%
Johnson, James E, Jr.	Real Estate Investor						10,608,449	8	0.13%
Schaeffer, Forrest	Real Estate Investor						9,212,010	9	0.12%
Newman, Brian	Real Estate Investor						8,646,958	10	0.11%
Total		\$	201,198,102		3.36%	\$	326,725,286		4.14%

Source: Currituck County Tax Department

Currituck County, North Carolina Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

						Collected within the Fiscal Year of the Levy					Total Collections to Date			
Fiscal Year	-	axes Levied for the Fiscal Year Driginal Levy)	Adj	ustments	Ad	Total djusted Levy		Amount	Percentage of Original Levy	-	ollections Subsequent Years	 Amount	Percentage of Adjusted Levy	
2007	\$	25,399,676	\$	(105,170)	\$	25,294,506	\$	24,940,030	98.19%	\$	349,523	\$ 25,289,553	99.96%	
2008		26,009,032		(217,325)		25,791,707		25,322,859	97.36%		461,959	25,784,818	99.95%	
2009		26,235,228		(54,150)		26,181,078		25,209,211	96.09%		963,687	26,172,898	99.93%	
2010		26,378,391		(43,113)		26,335,278		25,734,726	97.56%		585,506	26,320,232	99.89%	
2011		26,474,753		(49,868)		26,424,885		25,941,806	97.99%		466,306	26,408,112	99.87%	
2012		26,651,481		(43,200)		26,608,281		26,145,212	98.10%		439,692	26,584,904	99.74%	
2013		26,855,308		(79,538)		26,775,770		26,371,383	98.20%		364,342	26,735,725	99.51%	
2014		28,242,743		(80,317)		28,162,426		27,778,323	98.36%		271,177	28,049,500	98.61%	
2015		28,211,974		(36,893)		28,175,081		27,838,533	98.68%		5,772	27,844,305	98.83%	
2016		28,824,998		(8,220)		28,816,778		28,468,794	98.76%		-	28,468,794	98.79%	

Note: The information in this schedule relates to the county-wide tax levy and does not include special district taxes.

Currituck County, North Carolina Ratios of Debt Outstanding by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

	 Governmen	tal Act	tivities		Business-Type Activities										
Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds		nstallment Purchase Contracts	(General Obligation Bonds		Revenue Bonds		Installment Purchase Contracts		Total Primary Government	Percentage of Personal Income ^a	Percentage of Actual Value ^b of Taxable Property	Bonded Debt Per Capita ^a	Total Debt Per Capita ^a
2007	\$ 6,840,000	\$	-	\$	3,195,000	\$	-	\$	6,748,170	\$	16,783,170	2.09%	0.22%	\$ 423	\$ 707
2008	5,920,000		6,852,575		2,935,000		19,000,000		5,806,155		40,513,730	4.88%	0.51%	1,172	1,704
2009	5,020,000		8,284,043		2,670,000		18,500,000		4,830,977		39,305,020	4.70%	0.49%	1,035	1,553
2010	4,145,000		8,402,094		2,395,000		18,025,000		3,821,469		36,788,563	4.36%	0.46%	1,043	1,562
2011	3,280,000		6,342,471		2,110,000		17,525,000		2,776,422		32,033,893	3.64%	0.40%	971	1,357
2012	2,425,000		11,021,610		1,805,000		17,015,000		10,775,000		43,041,610	4.90%	0.53%	899	1,820
2013	1,575,000		12,308,528		1,490,000		16,475,000		9,745,000		41,593,528	4.47%	0.51%	797	1,697
2014	730,000		9,501,548		1,160,000		15,915,000		8,715,000		36,021,548	3.87%	0.65%	730	1,476
2015	-		7,935,456		815,000		15,330,000		7,685,000		31,765,456	3.28%	0.54%	644	1,267
2016	-		6,365,896		540,000		14,635,000		6,655,000		28,195,896	2.72%	0.47%	601	1,116

Notes: Details regarding the County's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

^aSee Schedule 12 for personal income and population data.

^bSee Schedule 5 for property values.

Currituck County, North Carolina Legal Debt Margin Information, Last Ten Fiscal Years

Last Ten Fiscal Years	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Assessed Value of Property	\$7,903,781,250	\$8,052,933,751	\$8,176,639,688	\$8,222,673,629	\$8,252,612,186	\$8,311,802,189	\$8,188,541,638	\$5,565,624,903	\$5,864,064,156	\$5,995,996,462
Debt Limit, 8% of Assessed Value (Statutory Limitation)	632,302,500	644,234,700	654,131,175	657,813,890	660,208,975	664,944,175	655,083,331	445,249,992	469,125,132	479,679,717
Amount of Debt Applicable to Limit										
General Obligation Bonds Revenue Bonds Installment Purchase Agreements	10,035,000 - 6,748,170	9,923,550 19,000,000 12,658,730	7,690,000 18,500,000 13,115,021	6,540,000 18,025,000 12,230,653	5,390,000 17,525,000 9,118,893	4,230,000 17,015,000 21,796,610	3,065,000 16,475,000 22,053,528	1,890,000 15,915,000 18,216,548	815,000 15,330,000 15,620,456	540,000 14,635,000 13,020,896
Less: General Obligation Bonds paid from Enterprise Funds Revenue Bonds from Enterprise Funds	(3,195,000)	(2,935,000)	(2,670,000)	(2,395,000) (18,025,000)	(2,110,000)	(1,805,000)	(1,490,000)	(1,160,000)	(815,000)	(540,000) (14,635,000)
Total net debt applicable to limit	13,588,170	19,647,280	18,135,021	16,375,653	12,398,893	24,221,610	23,628,528	18,946,548	15,620,456	13,020,896
Legal Debt Margin	\$ 618,714,330	\$ 624,587,420	\$ 635,996,154	\$ 641,438,237	\$ 647,810,082	\$ 640,722,565	\$ 631,454,803	\$ 426,303,444	\$ 453,504,676	\$ 466,658,821
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	0.17%	0.24%	0.22%	0.20%	0.15%	0.29%	0.29%	0.34%	0.27%	0.22%

Note: The legal debt margin is the difference between the debt limit and the county's net debt outstanding applicable to the limit, and represents the county's legal borrowing authority.

Schedule 11 Currituck County, North Carolina Revenue Bond Coverage Mainland Water Revenue Bonds

Water Impact Fees 193,300 336,500 183,500 361,916 199,000 291,013 405,200 5	1,883 \$ 2,934, 5,091 624,7 6,974 \$ 3,558,6
Water Impact Fees 193,300 336,500 183,500 361,916 199,000 291,013 405,200 5	5,091 624,
	· · · · ·
	0,355 \$ 56,0
	1,887 79, ⁻
Sale of materials - 24,595 2,684 16,246 14,245 60,099 15,860 Other - <t< td=""><td>0,038 13,9 100 84,8</td></t<>	0,038 13,9 100 84,8
	1,738 18,5
	4,118 \$ 252,4
	φ 202,
TOTAL REVENUES \$ 2,960,677 \$ 3,232,855 \$ 2,933,019 \$ 3,143,799 \$ 2,949,722 \$ 3,273,122 \$ 3,309,061 \$ 3,6	1,092 \$ 3,811,3
EXPENSES	
Personnel \$ 585,721 \$ 627,810 \$ 610,789 \$ 665,592 \$ 657,654 \$ 647,997 \$ 630,832 \$ 7	8,799 \$ 694,6
Operations 862,531 805,505 673,669 639,345 616,171 786,119 636,330 6	3,061 712,4
	8,944 272,5
TOTAL EXPENSES, EXCLUDING DEBT \$ 1,570,211 \$ 1,483,992 \$ 1,399,000 \$ 1,304,937 \$ 1,308,955 \$ 1,602,721 \$ 1,347,172 \$ 1,6	0,804 \$ 1,679,6
REVENUES AVAILABLE FOR DEBT \$ 1,390,466 \$ 1,748,863 \$ 1,534,019 \$ 1,838,863 \$ 1,640,767 \$ 1,670,401 \$ 1,961,889 \$ 2,0	0,288 \$ 2,131,7
2008 Water Revenue Bonds - 500,000 475,000 500,000 510,000 540,000 560,000 5	5,000 695,0
Interest: 2008 Revenue Bonds - 736,035 756,650 737,223 716,773 695,914 673,828 5	9,609 440,*
TOTAL SENIOR DEBT \$ - \$ 1,236,035 \$ 1,231,650 \$ 1,237,223 \$ 1,226,773 \$ 1,235,914 \$ 1,233,828 \$ 1,1	4,609 \$ 1,135,7
2004 General Obligation Bond Refunding \$ 260,000 \$ 265,000 \$ 275,000 \$ 285,000 \$ 305,000 \$ 315,000 \$ 330,000 \$ 3	5,000 \$ 275,0
	6,585 29,3
TOTAL SUBORDINATE DEBT \$ 391,784 \$ 388,985 \$ 391,035 \$ 390,035 \$ 395,785 \$ 390,535 \$ 389,785 \$ 389,785	1,585 \$ 304,3
MINIMUM 1.15 SENIOR DEBT COVERAGE \$ - \$ 1,421,440 \$ 1,416,398 \$ 1,422,806 \$ 1,410,789 \$ 1,421,301 \$ 1,418,902 \$ 1,3	2,300 \$ 1,305,4
MINIMUM 1.00 SUBORDINANTE DEBT COVERAGE \$ 391,784 \$ 388,985 \$ 391,035 \$ 390,035 \$ 395,785 \$ 390,535 \$ 389,785 \$ 3	1,585 \$ 304,3
SENIOR DEBT SERVICE COVERAGE N/A 1.41 1.25 1.49 1.34 1.35 1.59 1.72	1.88
SUBORDINANT DEBT SERVICE COVERAGE 3.55 1.32 0.77 1.54 1.05 1.11 1.87 2.19	3.27
TOTAL DEBT SERVICE COVERAGE 3.55 1.08 0.95 1.13 1.01 1.03 1.21 1.29	1.48

Note: This is a new schedule required by revenue bond covenants for bonds issued in March 2008.

Currituck County, North Carolina Demographic and Economic Statistics, Last Ten Fiscal Years

 Year	Population ^a	Personal Income (<i>thousands</i> of dollars) ^d	Per Capita Personal Income ^d	Public School Enrollment ^b	Unemployment Rate ^c
2007	23,731	801,923	34,542	4,120	2.80%
2008	23,773	829,566	35,485	4,070	3.60%
2009	25,305	836,773	35,859	3,961	6.20%
2010	23,547	843,783	35,676	3,913	4.90%
2011	23,602	879,091	36,741	4,175	5.60%
2012	23,644	933,022	38,727	3,923	4.70%
2013	24,506	930,872	38,129	4,014	5.80%
2014	24,397	968,064	38,760	3,871	5.60%
2015	25,072	1,036,677	41,035	3,923	5.70%
2016	25,263	*	*	*	4.80%

* Information not yet available

** Projected

Sources:

^a North Carolina Department of Commerce

^b Currituck County Board of Education

^c Bureau of Labor Statistics

^d Bureau of Economic Analysis

Schedule 13

Currituck County, North Carolina

Full-time Equivalent County Government Employees by Function, Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
General government	53.50	56.60	58.00	58.00	59.00	59.00	62.00	62.00	72.00	71.00
Public safety	164.92	181.92	189.92	189.92	189.92	189.92	188.92	192.92	192.67	199.57
Transportation	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	1.40	1.40
Environmental protection	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
Communty development	28.42	27.42	25.42	24.00	24.00	24.00	22.00	22.00	23.00	22.00
Cultural & recreation	17.60	12.85	16.85	19.10	19.10	19.10	19.60	19.60	19.48	20.71
Human services	42.75	43.75	42.75	42.75	42.75	42.75	41.75	41.75	41.75	43.75
Proprietary operations	20.00	22.00	22.00	23.00	23.00	26.00	28.00	28.00	25.00	25.00
_	331.19	348.54	358.94	360.77	361.77	364.77	366.27	370.27	377.30	385.43

Note: A full-time employee is scheduled to work 2,080 hours per year (including vacation and sick leave). Full-time-equivalent is calculated by dividing total labor hours by 2,080.

Source: Currituck County Budget

Currituck County, North Carolina Principal Employers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		2016		2009
<u>Employer</u>	Employees ^a	<u>Rank</u>	<u>Employees^a</u>	<u>Rank</u>
Currituck County Board of Education	500-999	1	500-999	1
County of Currituck	385	2	359	2
Academi Training Center LLC	250-499	3		
Twiddy & Co. of Duck Inc.	250-499	4	50-99	9
Brindley Beach Vacations & Sales	100-249	5		
Food Lion LLC	100-249	8	100-249	5
Coastal Staffing	100-249	8		
Sentara Internal Medicaine Physician	100-249	8	100-249	6
Resort Realty	100-249	9		
Wyndham Vacation Rentals North Am	100-249	10		
Presidential Airways			100-249	4
Southland Trade Corp.			50-99	7
Corolla Classic Vacations			50-99	8
Hardee's			50-99	10
Total	1985-3876		1359-2501	

^a Due to proprietary confidentiality, employment data is available in ranges from the Employment Security Commission of North Carolina.

Currituck County, North Carolina

Operating Indicators by Function	
----------------------------------	--

Function	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Governmental Activities:										
Public Safety Law Enforcement ¹ Deputies	59	59	63	63	63	63	63	63	63	63
Emergency Medical Services ² Emergency Medical Technicians	56	71	71	72	72	72	73	76	76	76
Human Services ³										
Number of Physicians	7	6	*	9	9	10	8	*	*	*
Population/physician ratio	3,396	4,218	*	2,616	2,622	2,650	3,063	*	*	*
Education ⁴										
Schools	8	8	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Teachers	314	315	295	264	264	260	238	248	245	245
Student Enrollment	4,120	4,070	3,961	3,913	4,175	4,175	4,014	3,871	3,923	3,966
SAT Scores	1,466	1,465	1,459	1,414	1,471	1,440	1,434	1,445	1,504	1,469
Enterprise Activities:										
Newtown Road Sewer ⁵										
Treatment capacity (MGD)	0	0.025	0.025	0.025	0.025	0.115	0.115	-	-	-
Annual engineering maximum										
plant capacity (millions of gallons) Amount treated annually	0	0.025	0.025	0.025	0.025	0.115	0.115	-	-	-
(millions of gallons)	*	*	*	3.898	3.898	3.898	3.843	-	-	-
Unused capacity (millions of gallons)	*	*	*	0.014	0.014	0.104	0.104	-	-	-
Percentage of capacity utilized	*	*	*	42.72%	42.72%	9.57%	9.10%	N/A	N/A	N/A
Residential sewer customers	24	28	28	27	27	27	27	27	N/A	N/A
Commercial sewer customers	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	N/A	N/A
Maple Commerce Park Sewer ⁵										
Treatment capacity (MGD)	*	*	*	*	*	*	0.080	0.080	0.080	0.080
Annual engineering maximum										
plant capacity (millions of gallons)	*	*	*	*	*	*	0.080	0.080	0.080	0.080
Amount treated annually										
(millions of gallons)	*	*	*	*	*	*	1.880	1.880	1.540	1.540
Unused capacity (millions of gallons)	*	*	*	*	*	*	0.750	0.750	0.075	0.075
Percentage of capacity utilized	*	*	*	*	*	*	6.00%	6.00%	5.20%	5.20%
Number of residential customers	*	*	*	*	*	*	-	-	-	-
Number of commercial customers	*	*	*	*	*	*	7	8	8	8 continued

Function	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Moyock Commons Sewer ⁵	0	0.040	0.040	0.040	0.040	0.040	0.040	0.040	0.040	0.040
Treatment capacity (MGD)	0	0.040	0.040	0.040	0.040	0.040	0.040	0.040	0.040	0.040
Annual engineering maximum	0	0.040	0.040	0.040	0.040	0.040	0.040	0.040	0.040	0.040
plant capacity (millions of gallons) Amount treated annually	0	0.040	0.040	0.040	0.040	0.040	0.040	0.040	0.040	0.040
(millions of gallons)	*	*	*	3	4.560	3.450	3.450		_	_
Unused capacity (millions of gallons)	*	*	*	0	0.025	0.031	0.031	-	-	-
Percentage of capacity utilized	*	*	*	Ő	37.50%	23.75%	23.75%	N/A	N/A	N/A
Number of residential customers	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	N/A	N/A
Number of commercial customers	23	21	23	23	25	25	25	23	N/A	N/A
Moyock Regional Sewer ⁵										
Treatment capacity (MGD)	*	*	*	*	*	*	0	0.099	0.099	0.099
Annual engineering maximum										
plant capacity (millions of gallons)	*	*	*	*	*	*	0	0.099	0.099	0.099
Amount treated annually										
(millions of gallons)	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	4.790	4.267	4.267
Unused capacity (millions of gallons)	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	0.086	0.087	0.087
Percentage of capacity utilized	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	13.00%	12.00%	12.00%
Number of residential customers	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	-	25	25
Number of commercial customers	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	8	32	32
Walnut Island Sewer ⁵										
Treatment capacity (MGD)	*	*	*	*	*	0	0.120	0.120	0.120	0.120
Annual engineering maximum					*					
plant capacity (millions of gallons)	*	*	*	*	*	0	0.120	0.120	0.120	0.120
Amount treated annually										
(millions of gallons)				*		6.49	4.94	4.84	2.73	2.73
Unused capacity (millions of gallons)	*	*	*	*	*	0 0	0.098	0.106	0.112	0.112
Percentage of capacity utilized Number of residential customers	*	*	*	*	*	257	18.00% 253	11.00% 264	6.00% 258	6.00% 258
Number of commercial customers	*	*	*	*	*	-	-	- 204	-	-
Southern Outer Banks Water ⁵										
Average daily usage (in 1,000 gallons)	240	615	333	437	555	668	623	595	672	672
Water storage capacity (MGD)				2	1.500	4.200	4.200	4.200	4.200	4.200
Number of water pumping stations				1	1	5	5	5	5	5
Number of residential customers	1,181	1,179	1,179	1,183	1,217	3,764	2,905	2,758	2,805	2,805
Number of commercial customers	2	2	20	22	23	200	197	202	179	179
Ocean Sands Water and Sewer ⁵										
Average daily water usage (in 1,000 gallons)	160	180	171	190	189	166	166	161	153	153
Water storage capacity (MGD)	0	0.150	0.150	0.150	0.150	0.150	0.150	0.150	0.150	0.150
Sewer treatmentreatment capacity (MGD)	1	0.600	0.600	0.600	0.600	0.600	0.600	0.600	0.600	0.600
Annual engineering maximum		0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
sewer plant capacity (millions of gallons)	1	0.600	0.600	0.600	0.600	0.600	0.600	0.600	0.600	0.600
Amount sewer treated annually (millions of gallons)	*	*	*	57	59	61	61	59	63	63
Unused sewer capacity (millions of gallons)	*	*	*	57 0	0.100	0.433	0.433	0.438	0.428	0.428
Percentage of sewer capacity utilized	*	*	*	1	83.33%	27.85%	27.85%	27.00%	28.60%	28.60%
Number of residential water customers	954	954	955	954	957	959	975	978	994	994
Number of commercial water customers	-	-	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
Number of residential sewer customers	953	954	955	954	957	959	975	978	994	994
Number of commercial sewer customers	-	-	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
										continued

Function	 2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Mainland Water ⁵										
Water storage capacity (MGD)	*	*	*	4	3.600	3.600	3.600	3.600	3.600	3.600
Residential water customers	4,891	4,559	4,594	4,686	4,686	4,856	4,856	5,165	5,253	5,253
Commercial water customers	*	397	374	385	385	394	394	417	394	394
Solid Waste ⁶										
Total number of households served	13,813	14,176	14,192	14,192	14,362	14,469	14,516	14,624	14,814	15,221
Total tonnage disposed	31,374	26,300	26,977	24,602	22,536	22,531	24,576	20,013	22,231	21,478
Recycling Program:										
Households served by program	13,813	14,176	14,192	14,192	14,362	14,469	14,516	14,624	14,814	15,221
Tonnage recovered	1,516	1,713	1,725	1,849	2,186	2,869	2,540	3,368	2,778	2,914
Mulching/composting program										
Households served by program	10,097	10,462	10,477	10,477	14,362	14,469	14,516	14,624	14,814	15,221
Tonnage recovered	1,746	1,023	1,055	1,335	1,405	2,869	1,206	870	1,076	1,011
Total cost of solid waste program	\$ 3,804,292	\$ 3,521,710	\$ 3,600,877	\$ 3,960,588	\$ 3,742,527	\$ 3,912,428	\$ 3,978,363	\$ 3,790,041	\$ 3,893,336	3,735,002
Cost per household	\$ 377	\$ 337	\$ 344	\$ 378	\$ 261	\$ 270	\$ 274	\$ 259	\$ 256	245
Cost per ton - includes recycling & mulch/compost	\$ 110	\$ 121	\$ 121	\$ 143	\$ 143	\$ 138	\$ 140	\$ 156	\$ 149	174

Sources: ¹Currituck County Sheriff's Department ²Currituck County Emergency Medical Services Department ³NC Department of Commerce ⁴Currituck County Schools ⁵Currituck County Utilities Department ⁶Currituck County Public Works Department ^aThe SAT scores include a new writing test this year. *Data not available

Schedule 16 Currituck County, North Carolina Capital Asset Statistics by Function

Function	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Governmental Activities:										
General Government Buildings ³	54	57	58	61	61	61	61	65	65	65
Public Safety Law Enforcement ¹										
Stations Satellite Stations	1 3	1 3	1 3	1 3	1 3	1 3	1 3	1 3	1 3	1 3
Emergency Medical Services ² Stations	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11
Cultural and Recreation Libraries Parks Community Recreation Facility	2 2	2 2 -	2 3 -	3 3 -	3 3 -	3 3 1	3 3 1	3 3 1	3 3 1	3 3 1
Enterprise Activities:										
Newtown Road Sewer ⁴ Miles of sewer lines Number of treatment plants	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	
Maple Commerce Park Sewer ⁴ Miles of sewer lines Number of treatment plants	*	*	*	*	*	1 1	1.4 1	1.4 1	1.4 1	1.4 1
Moyock Commons Sewer ⁴ Miles of sewer lines Number of treatment plants	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	4 1	8 1	6.9 1	6.9 1	6.9 1	- 1
Moyock Regional Sewer ⁴ Miles of sewer lines Number of treatment plants	*	*	*	*	*	*	1 1	1.2 1	1.2 1	5.9 1 continued

<u>Function</u>	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Walnut Island Sewer ⁴										
Miles of sewer lines	*	*	*	*	2	4	3.6	3.6	3.6	5.2
Number of treatment plants	*	*	*	*	2	1	1	1	1	1
Southern Outer Banks Water ⁴										
Miles of water lines	27	27.07	27.07	27.57	41.75	75.00	75.00	75.00	75.00	75.00
Number of water wells	47	47	47	47	28	113	113	113	113	113
Ocean Sands Water and Sewer ⁴										
Miles of water lines	11	11.09	11.09	11.09	11.09	11.09	11.09	11.09	11.09	11.09
Miles of sewer lines	12	12.40	12.40	12.40	12.40	12.40	12.40	12.40	12.40	12.40
Number of sewer treatment plants	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Mainland Water ⁴										
Miles of water lines	*	*	*	261	261	261	262	262	262	263
Number of water wells	*	*	*	31	31	31	31	31	31	31
Number of water pumping stations	*	*	*	7	7	7	7	7	7	7

Sources:

¹Currituck County Sheriff's Department ²Currituck County Emergency Medical Services Department ³Currituck County Public Works Department

⁴Currituck County Utilities Department *Data not available



Carr, Riggs & Ingram, LLC 3105 Trent Road New Bern, North Carolina 28563

Mailing Address: P.O. Box 1547 New Bern, North Carolina 28563-1547

(252) 633-5821 (252) 633-0199 (fax) www.cricpa.com

Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance and Other Matters Based On An Audit Of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards*

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of County Commissioners Currituck County, North Carolina

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Currituck, North Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprises the County of Currituck's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 30, 2016. Our report includes a reference to other auditors who audited the financial statements of the Currituck County ABC Board and the Whalehead Preservation Trust and the Currituck Wildlife Museum, as described in our report on the County of currituck's financial statements. This report does not include the results of the other auditors' testing of internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters that are reported separately by those auditors. The financial statements of the Currituck County ABC Board and the Whalehead Preservation Trust and the Currituck County ABC Board and the Whalehead Preservation Statements of the Currituck County ABC Board and the Trust and the Currituck County ABC Board and the Whalehead Preservation Trust and the Currituck County ABC Board and the Whalehead Preservation Trust and the Currituck County ABC Board and the Whalehead Preservation Trust and the Currituck County ABC Board and the Whalehead Preservation Trust and the Currituck County ABC Board and the Whalehead Preservation Trust and the Currituck County ABC Board and the Whalehead Preservation Trust and the Currituck Wildlife Museum were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the County of Currituck's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County of Currituck's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting was for limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County of Currituck's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Carr, Riggs & Ingram LLC

New Bern, NC December 30, 2016



Carr, Riggs & Ingram, LLC 3105 Trent Road New Bern, North Carolina 28563

Mailing Address: P.O. Box 1547 New Bern, North Carolina 28563

(252) 633-5821 (252) 633-0199 (fax) www.cricpa.com

Report On Compliance With Requirements Applicable To Each Major Federal Program And Internal Control Over Compliance In Accordance With OMB Uniform Guidance and the State Single Audit Implementation Act

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of County Commissioners Currituck County, North Carolina

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the County of Currituck, North Carolina, compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* and the *Audit Manual for Governmental Auditors in North Carolina*, issued by the Local Government Commission, that could have a direct and material effect on each of the County of Currituck's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2016. The County of Currituck's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the County of Currituck's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance), and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Those standards, the Uniform Guidance, and the State Single Audit Implementation Act require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the County of Currituck's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures, as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the County of Currituck's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the County of Currituck complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2016.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the County of Currituck is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the County of Currituck's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Carr, Riggs & Ingram LLC

New Bern, NC December 30, 2016



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New Bern, North Carolina 28563

Mailing Address: P.O. Box 1547 New Bern, North Carolina 28563

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Report On Compliance For Each Major State Program and Report on Internal Control Over Compliance; In accordance with OMB Uniform Guidance and the State Single Audit Implementation Act

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of County Commissioners Currituck County, North Carolina

Report on Compliance for Each Major State Program

We have audited the County of Currituck, North Carolina, compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *Audit Manual for Governmental Auditors in North Carolina*, issued by the Local Government Commission, that could have a direct and material effect on each of the County of Currituck's major state programs for the year ended June 30, 2016. The County of Currituck's major state programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its state programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the County of Currituck's major state programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and applicable sections of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulation Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance), as described in the *Audit Manual for Governmental Auditors in North Carolina*, and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Those standards, Uniform Guidance, and the State Single Audit Implementation Act require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether

noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major state program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the County of Currituck's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures, as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major state program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the County of Currituck's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major State Program

In our opinion, the County of Currituck complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major state programs for the year ended June 30, 2016.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the County of Currituck is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the County of Currituck's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major state program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance for each major state program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Carr, Riggs & Ingram LLC

New Bern, NC December 30, 2016

CURRITUCK COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Section I	Summary of Auditor's R	esults	
	Financial Statemen	<u>ts</u>		
		port issued on whether the swere prepared in accordance		Unmodified
	Internal control ove	r financial reporting:		
•	Material weakness(Significant deficiend		yes yes	X no X none reported
	Noncompliance ma statements noted	terial to financial	yes	X no
	Federal Awards			
	Internal control ove	r major federal programs		
•	Material weakness(Significant deficiend		yes yes	X no X none reported
	Type of auditor's re for major federal pr	port issued on compliance ograms:		Unmodified
	Any audit findings of required to be repo with 2 CFR 200.516	rted in accordance	yes	X no
	Identification of maj	or federal programs:		
	CFDA Numbers	Names of Federal Program	n or Cluster	
	93.778	Medical Assistance Program		
	93.558 93.596 93.575 93.658	Child Care Cluster		
	93.767	State Children's Insurance- NC Health Choice		
	Dollar threshold use Type A and Type B	ed to distinguish between Programs	\$433,	855
	Auditee qualified as	s low-risk auditee?		yesX no

State Awards

Internal control over major State programs

•	Material weakness(es) Significant deficiencies		yes yes	X no X none reported				
	Type of auditor's report for major State progra	rt issued on compliance ms:		Unmodified				
	Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with the State Single Audit Implementation Act yesX_ no							
	Identification of major	State programs:						
	Program Name							
	State Aid to Airports							
	Section II	Financial Statement F	indings					
	None Reported							
	Section III	Federal Award Findin	ngs and Questio	oned Costs				
	None Reported							
	Section IV	State Award Findings	s and Question	ed Costs				

None Reported

COUNTY OF CURRITUCK SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS

For the Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2016

GRANTOR, PASS THROUGH GRANTOR		AMOUNT	EXPENDED		
PROGRAM TITLE	CFDA	FEDERAL	STATE	COUNTY	
FEDERAL AWARDS -					
U.S. Department of Agriculture					
North Carolina Department of Health Human					
Resources: Division of Social Services					
Food Stamps Administrative Match					
for the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program	10.561	\$ 156,003	\$-	\$-	
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture		156,003	-	-	
U.S. Department of Transportation					
Passed through NC Department of Transportation					
Airport Improvements	20.106	41,944	-	-	
Total U.S. Department of Transportation		41,944	-	-	
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services North Carolina Department of Health and Human Services					
Division of Social Services:					
TANF Benefit Payments	93.558	57,531	-	-	
TANF	93.558	40,838	-	-	
TANF - Work First	93.558	221,698	-	-	
Low Income Home Energy Assistance					
Administration	93.568	9,759	_	_	
Direct Payments	93.568	60.300	_	_	
Crisis Intervention Program	93.568	57,930	-	-	
Family Preservation	93.556	10,154	-	-	
Permanency Planning	93.645	6,454	-	-	
SSBG	93.667	35,456	4,156	-	
LINKS	93.674	4,161	1,040	-	
LINKS - Benefit Payments	93.674	2,634	-	-	
State Childrens Insurance Program - NC Health Choice	93.767	23,276	1,105	-	
Child Support Enforcement - Title IV-D	93.563	123,146	-	-	
Foster Care and Adoption					
Title IV-E Foster Care - Administration	93.658	72,962	18,907	-	
Foster Care - Direct Benefit Payments	93.658	50,632	13,110	-	
Adoption - Administration	93.659	2,584	-	-	
Adoption Assistance - Direct Payments	93.659	46,019	11,906	-	
Total Foster Care and Adoption Cluster	00.000	172,197	43,923	-	
Division of Child Development: <u>Child Care Development Fund Cluster</u> Division of Social Services					
Child Care Development Fund - Administration Division of Child Development:	93.596	79,460	-	-	
Child Care and Development Block Grant	93.575	247,586	-	_	
Child Care and Development Fund - Mandatory	93.575 93.596	83,921	-	-	
Child Care and Development Fund - Mandatory Child Care and Development Fund - Match			-	-	
Total Child Care Development Fund Cluster	93.596	<u>25,083</u> 436,050			
		450,050	-	- continued	

COUNTY OF CURRITUCK SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS

For the Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2016

GRANTOR, PASS THROUGH GRANTOR		AMOUNT EX	KPENDED	
PROGRAM TITLE	CFDA	FEDERAL	STATE	COUNTY
Foster Care Title IV-E	93.658	4,774	2,446	-
TANF	93.558	70,269	-	-
State Appropriations		-	87,258	-
Total Subsidized Child Care		511,093	89,704	-
Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services: Passed-through NC Department of Health and Human Services, Division of Medical Assistance:				
Direct Benefit Payments	93.778	11,771,168	6,274,726	-
Administration	93.778	640,032	1,721	-
State Childrens Insurance Program - NC Health Choice Benefits	93.767	256,248	7,809	
Total U.S. Department of Health	93.707	230,240	7,009	
	-	44.004.075	0 404 404	
and Human Services	-	14,004,075	6,424,184	
U.S. Department of Homeland Security Passed through NC Department of Public Safety Emergency Management	97.042	38,542	_	_
Homeland Security	97.042 97.067	148,764	-	-
	97.007 97.039		-	-
Hazard Mitigation Grant Total U.S. Department of	97.039	72,500	-	-
Homeland Security	-	259,806		
Homeland Security	-	259,606		<u>-</u>
TOTAL FEDERAL AWARDS	-	14,461,828	6,424,184	
	-	14,401,020	0,424,104	
STATE AWARDS - North Carolina Department of Health and Human Services				
Division of Social Services:				
State/County Special Assistance for Adults		-	147,517	-
State Foster Care Benefits		-	32,867	-
State Child Welfare		-	14,835	-
CWS Adoption Subsidy		-	137,258	-
SFHF Maximization		-	46,724	-
Total North Carolina Department				
of Health and Human Services	_	-	379,201	-
NC Department of Public Safety				
Juvenile Crime Prevention Programs		-	85,430	
Total North Carolina Department of Public Safety	-	<u> </u>	85,430	
North Carolina Department of Transportation Public Transportation Division:	-			
DOT-88 - Airport Taxiway		-	399,474	-
Total North Carolina Department				
of Transportation	-		399,474	
	-	<u> </u>	333,474	continued
				continued

COUNTY OF CURRITUCK SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS

For the Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2016

GRANTOR, PASS THROUGH GRANTOR		AMOUNT	EXPENDED	
PROGRAM TITLE	CFDA	FEDERAL	STATE	COUNTY
North Carolina Department of Environmental Quality				
Lottery Fund		-	289,999	
		-	289,999	-
TOTAL STATE AWARDS		-	1,154,104	
TOTAL FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS		\$ 14,461,828	\$ 7,578,288	<u>\$ -</u>

Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Financial Awards

Note 1: Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal and State awards (SEFSA) includes the federal and State grant activity of Currituck County under the program of the federal government and the State of North Carolina for the year ended June 30, 2016. The information in the SEFSA is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 Us Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of Currituck County, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position or cash flows of Currituck County.

Note 2: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported in the SEFSA are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Currituck County has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimus indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

Note 3: Cluster of Programs

The following are clustered by the NC Department of Health and Human Services are treated separately for state audit requirement purposes. Subsidized Child Care and Foster Care and Adoption.

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